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São Paulo, April 28, 2025 - Gerdau S.A. (B3: GGBR / NYSE: GGB) announces its results for the first quarter of 2025. The consolidated financial statements of the Company are presented in Brazilian Reais (R\$), in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) and the accounting practices adopted in Brazil. The information in this report does not include the data of associates and jointly controlled entities, except when stated otherwise.

IN 1025, SHIPMENTS UPTURN IN NORTH AMERICA CONTRIBUTED TO THE RESILIENCE OF THE COMPANY'S RESULTS, HIGHLIGHTING THE RELEVANCE OF GEOGRAPHICAL DIVERSIFICATION

HIGHLIGHTS



Steel shipments of **2.9 million** tonnes in 1025, up 5.1% from 4024;

Net sales totaled **R\$ 17.4 billion** in 1025, up 3.3% from 4024;

Adjusted EBITDA of R\$ 2.4 billion in 1025, in line with 4024;

Earnings per share of R\$0.37 in 1025, R\$0.22 higher than in 4024;

Investments (CAPEX) of R\$1.4 billion in 1025. For 2025, the CAPEX plan is estimated at R\$6.0 billion.



Based on the 1025 results, the Company has approved **R\$243.5** million as dividends (R\$0.12 per share), to be paid as of May 19, 2025;

In 1025, the Company repurchased 9.4 million shares of Gerdau S.A., approximately 15.0% of its 2025 Share Buyback Program;

In March 2025, the Company launched the expansion of the hot-rolled coil mill at Ouro Branco unit (MG);



Accident frequency rate of 0.61 in 1025, reflects our ongoing commitment to people's safety;

Gerdau's **Mining** operation in the district of **Miguel Burnier**, in Ouro Preto (MG), received recognition from the **IRMA** (Initiative for Responsible Mining Assurance) standard, one of the world's most rigorous and prestigious **sustainability** certifications.



MAIN INDICATORS

CONSOLIDATED	1025	4024	Δ	1024	Δ
Shipments of steel (1,000 tonnes)	2,858	2,719	5.1%	2,724	4.9%
Net sales ¹ (R\$ million)	17,375	16,822	3.3%	16,210	7.2%
Adjusted EBITDA ² (R\$ million)	2,402	2,391	0.4%	2,813	-14.6%
Adjusted EBITDA margin² (%)	13.8%	14.2%	-0.4 p.p	17.4%	-3.5 p.p
Adjusted net income ² (R\$ million)	758	666	13.7%	1,244	-39.0%
Earnings per share (R\$) ³	0.37	0.15	149.1%	0.97	-61.6%
Net debt/Adjusted EBITDA	0.69x	0.48x	0.21x	0.40x	0.29x
Free cash flow (R\$ million)	(1,252)	427	(1,679)	(610)	(642)
EXCHANGE RATE (USD x BRL)					
Average USD	5.8522	5.8369	0.3%	4.9515	18.2%
USD at the end of the period	5.7422	6.1923	-7.3%	4.9962	14.9%

- 1 Includes iron ore sales.
- 2 Non-accounting measurement calculated by the Company. The Company presents adjusted EBITDA to provide additional information on cash generated in the period.
- $\ensuremath{\mathtt{3}}$ Measurement calculated based on the Company's net income.



MESSAGE FROM MANAGEMENT

On January 16, Gerdau celebrated 124 years of history. Throughout its history, Gerdau has become a benchmark in delivering innovative products, solutions, and services, meeting its customers' needs and creating value for all stakeholders. We believe in shaping the future by connecting our products to the evolving demands of the steel value chain, combining sustainable growth with a strong commitment to being part of the solutions to society's challenges.

Regarding operating and financial results, despite a challenging and volatile macroeconomic scenario, we ended 1025 with an Adjusted EBITDA of R\$2.4 billion, in line with 4024. This result was primarily driven by enhanced performance of North America operations, which mitigated the decline in Brazil's operating results. It is imperative to reiterate the significance of the Company's geographical diversification, particularly during periods of greater market volatility.

The North America Segment (which as of 1025 includes the special steel operation in the United States) ended the quarter with shipment volumes 14.7% higher than in 4024. This growth is partly due to the typical seasonal upturn, but also to the reaction of customers to changes in US trade policy. The reapplication of Section 232 tariffs has led to a significant increase in demand, due to a rebalancing of supply and stocking within the sector. In addition, we saw greater demand for higher value-added products, leading to improved sales mix in the period. Despite the still uncertain scenario regarding the US economy, we saw our order backlog rise, ending the quarter above 70 days, the highest level since 2022.

In the Brazil Segment (which as of 1025 also includes the special steel operation in this country), we ended the quarter with stable shipment volumes compared to 4024. This result was a reflection of lower flat steel shipments in the domestic market due to the scheduled shutdown anticipating the inauguration of the expansion of the hot-rolled coil mill in Ouro Branco (MG), offset by the recovery in long steel volumes. The import penetration rate remained at high levels, ending 1025 at 22.0%, 3.7 p.p. higher than 1024, further intensifying unfair competition in the domestic market.

In the South America Segment, the 1025 result came lower than in 4024, influenced by lower shipment volumes in Peru and reduced prices in Argentina (due to still weak demand in the domestic market and greater availability of imported steel in the country). In Uruguay, the interruption of public works may begin to affect steel demand.

We invested R\$1.4 billion in CAPEX in 1025, approximately 70% of which was allocated to Brazil. We highlight the significant advance on the Itabiritos Project to expand the Miguel Burnier Mine in Ouro Preto (MG), which ended 1025 with 65% physical advance. In addition, we took another step on the journey to producing value-added steel in Brazil by launching the expansion of the hot-rolled coil mill at the Ouro Branco (MG) industrial unit. With the new rolling mill start-up, we will have additional capacity of 250,000 tonnes of hot coils to serve the domestic market, as well as enhance our operational efficiency.

Based on the 1025 results, we approved the distribution of dividends in the amount of R\$0.12 per share, totaling R\$243.5 million. In addition, we are consistently executing the share buyback program, approved on January 20, 2025, in which we repurchased 9.4 million shares (GGBR3, GGBR4 and/or GGB) in 1025, approximately 15% of the total program and 0.5% of the Company's outstanding shares.

Once again, we would like to thank our employees, customers, suppliers, partners, shareholders and other stakeholders for their trust and support in building our history and continuously creating value.

THE MANAGEMENT

"I would like to highlight the completion of the expansion of the hot-rolled coil mill in Ouro Branco, launched in March, which aims at enhancing our competitiveness and has the potential to generate incremental annual EBITDA of nearly R\$400 million".

Rafael Japur, Gerdau's CFO and IRO



CONSOLIDATED RESULTS

OPERATING PERFORMANCE

PRODUCTION & SHIPMENTS

CONSOLIDATED	1025	4024	Δ	1024	Δ
Volumes (1,000 tonnes)					
Crude steel production	2,985	2,718	9.8%	3,090	-3.4%
Shipments of steel	2,858	2,719	5.1%	2,724	4.9%

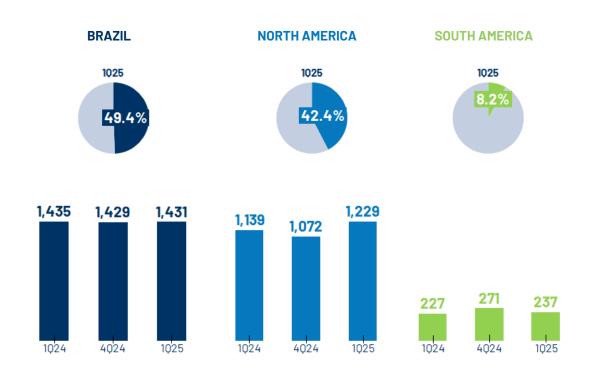
The first quarter of 2025 was marked by greater volatility in the markets, due to the challenging environment between steel supply and demand and the unfolding of the United States' tariff policy. Amid a series of uncertainties surrounding the dynamics of global trade, the steel industry continues to be pressured by overcapacity, especially from China, whose surplus production is being allocated to other markets.

According to the Brazil Steel Institute (IABR, in Portuguese), apparent demand for steel in Brazil remained robust in the first three months of the year, while the steel supply, driven mainly by imports, remained high. The imported steel penetration rate reached 22.0% in 1025, still well above the historical average, which heated up unfair competition in the local market.

In the United States, higher demand compared to 4024 is partly due to the typical seasonal upturn, but also customers' reaction to changes in US trade policy, increasing inventory levels and favoring the purchase of domestically produced steel. President Trump's announcements in recent months have had a positive impact on steel demand in the short term.

In 1025, the Company's crude steel production came 9.8% higher than in 4024, driven by the seasonal upturn in the period. Year-over-year, production came 3.4% lower due to scheduled shutdowns at Gerdau industrial units. The utilization of crude steel production capacity was 76% in 1025, up 7 p.p. from 4024 and down 1 p.p. from 1024. Steel shipments totaled 2.9 million tonnes in 1025, up 5.1% and up 4.9% from 4024 and 1024, respectively, boosted by higher volumes in North America in both comparisons.

STEEL SHIPMENTS BY SEGMENT





FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

GROSS PROFIT

CONSOLIDATED	1025	4024	Δ	1024	Δ
Results (R\$ million)					
Net sales	17,375	16,822	3.3%	16,210	7.2%
Cost of goods sold	(15,429)	(14,802)	4.2%	(13,791)	11.9%
Gross profit	1,947	2,020	-3.6%	2,420	-19.6%
Gross margin	11.2%	12.0%	-0.8 p.p	14.9%	-3.7 p.p

Net sales totaled R\$17.4 billion in 1025, up 3.3% from 4024, fueled by higher shipment volume in North America. Year-over-year, Net sales grew 7.2%, mainly bolstered by the U.S. dollar appreciation against Brazilian real (+18.2%) and higher volumes in North America.

Costs of goods sold totaled R\$15.4 billion in 1025, 4.2% higher than in 4024, also driven by higher shipment volume, as explained above. Year-over-year, Costs of goods sold came 11.9% higher, mainly due to the Brazilian real devaluation against the U.S. dollar when converting the foreign operations' costs.

As a result, Gross profit totaled R\$1.9 billion in 1025, 3.6% lower than in 4024 and 19.6% over 1024.



SELLING, GENERAL & ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

CONSOLIDATED	1025	4024	Δ	1024	Δ
Results (R\$ million)					
SG&A	(543)	(586)	-7.4%	(501)	8.4%
Selling expenses	(194)	(199)	-2.7%	(183)	6.0%
General and admininstrative expenses	(349)	(387)	-9.9%	(318)	9.7%
%SG&A/Net Sales	3.1%	3.5%	-0.4 p.p	3.1%	-

Selling, General & Administrative (SG&A) expenses totaled R\$543 million in 1025, down 7.4% from 4024, mainly reflecting lower expenses in the Brazil and South America Segments. Year-over-year, SG&A came 8.4% higher, due to the effect of Brazilian real devaluation against the U.S. dollar on the foreign operations results, which offset reductions reported by operations. As a percentage of Net sales, SG&A expenses went down 0.4 p.p. from 4024 and came in line with 1024, reflecting net sales growth in the quarter.



ADJUSTED EBITDA AND ADJUSTED EBITDA MARGIN

BREAKDOWN OF CONSOLIDATED EBITDA - (R\$ million)	1025	4024	Δ	1024	Δ
Net income	758	323	134.4%	2,053	-63.1%
Net financial result	308	628	-50.9%	476	-35.3%
Provision for income and social contribution taxes	320	43	649.0%	224	43.1%
Depreciation and amortization	874	833	4.9%	726	20.3%
EBITDA - CVM Instruction ¹	2,260	1,826	23.7%	3,479	-35.1%
Equity in earnings of unconsolidated companies	(9)	(79)	-88.2%	(79)	-88.3%
Proportional EBITDA of associated companies and jointly controlled entities (a)	147	202	-27.0%	202	-27.0%
Losses due to non-recoverability of financial assets	4	2	156.9%	20	-80.3%
Non-recurring items	-	440	-	(808)	-
Credit recovery / Provisions (b)	-	440	-	-	-
Result from operations with jointly controlled entities	-	-	-	(808)	-
Adjusted EBITDA ²	2,402	2,391	0.4%	2,813	-14.6%
Adjusted EBITDA margin	13.8%	14.2%	-0.4 p.p	17.4%	-3.5 p.p
CONCILIATION OF CONSOLIDATED EBITDA - (R\$ million)	1025	4024	Δ	1024	Δ
EBITDA - CVM Instruction ¹	2,260	1,826	23.7%	3,479	-35.1%
Depreciation and amortization	(874)	(833)	4.9%	(726)	20.3%
OPERATING INCOME BEFORE FINANCIAL RESULT AND TAXES	1,386	994	39.5%	2,752	-49.6%

^{1 -} Non-accounting measurement calculated in accordance with CVM Resolution No. 156 of June 23, 2022.

Gerdau ended 1025 with an Adjusted EBITDA of R\$2.4 billion and Adjusted EBITDA Margin of 13.8%. Quarter-over-quarter, EBITDA came in line due to: (i) improved results of North America Segment, driven by higher shipment volumes; (ii) lower costs of goods sold in South America; and (iii) the SG&A decline across all Segments. These effects were offset by the weaker performance in Brazil due to price pressure on some product lines, higher costs related to the scheduled shutdown for the implementation of the new hot-rolled coil mill, as well as lower prices in South America. Year-over-year, Adjusted EBITDA went down 14.6%, influenced by the lower result in North America, reflecting the reductions in steel prices over the course of 2024, partially offset by the higher shipment volume and the exchange variation.

QUARTERLY CHANGE IN ADJUSTED EBITDA (R\$ MILLION)



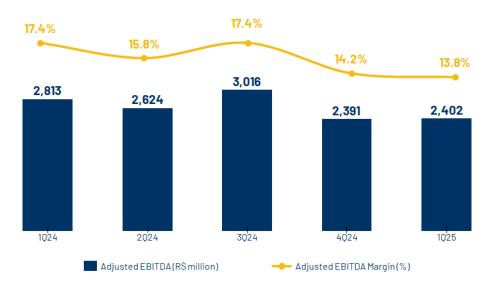
^{2 -} Non-accounting measurement reconciled with information stated in the Company's Financial Statements, as set forth by CVM Resolution No. 156 of June 23, 2022.

(a) Amounts composed of the lines "Proportional operating income before financial result and taxes of associated companies and jointly controlled entities" and "Proportional depreciation and ortization of associated companies and jointly controlled entities" in Note 22 to the Company's Financial Statements.

⁽b) Amounts composed of the "Credit recovery / provisions" line in Note 22 to the Company's Financial Statements.



ADJUSTED EBITDA (R\$ MILLION) AND ADJUSTED EBITDA MARGIN (%)



FINANCIAL RESULT

CONSOLIDATED (R\$ million)	1025	4024	Δ	1024	Δ
Financial Result	(308)	(628)	-50.9%	(476)	-35.3%
Financial income	(308)	198	-22.1%	175	-12.0%
Financial expenses	(437)	(434)	0.7%	(344)	27.0%
Exchange variation (USD x BRL)	84	(114)	-173.5%	(11)	-870.6%
Exchange variation (other currencies)	(8)	81	-109.9%	(20)	-60.0%
Inflation adjustments in Argentina	(69)	(178)	-61.2%	(290)	-76.2%
Gains on financial instruments, net	(32)	(180)	-82.2%	14	-328.6%

The Financial Result was negative R\$308 million in 1025, primarily due to the effect of the U.S. dollar devaluation against the Brazilian real (-7.3%) and other currencies in the countries where we operate and inflation adjustments to non-monetary items¹ of the subsidiaries in Argentina.



 $^{^{1} \, \}text{Non-monetary items are mostly composed of property, plant, and equipment and shareholders' equity} \, .$



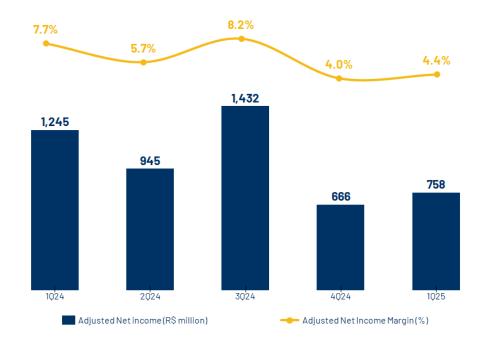
ADJUSTED NET INCOME

CONSOLIDATED (R\$ million)	1025	4024	Δ	1024	Δ
Operating Income before Financial Result and Taxes ¹	1,386	994	39.5%	2,752	-49.6%
Financial result	(308)	(628)	-50.9%	(476)	-35.3%
Income before taxes ¹	1,078	366	194.5%	2,276	-52.6%
Income and social contribution taxes	(320)	(43)	649.0%	(224)	43.1%
Exchange variation	(83)	138	-	40	-
Other lines	(237)	(278)	-14.7%	(264)	-10.1%
Non-recurring items	-	97	_	-	-
Net income ¹	758	323	134.4%	2,052	-63.1%
Non-recurring items	-	343	-	(808)	-
Credit recovery/provisions	-	440	-	-	-
Result from operations with jointly controlled entities	-	-	-	(808)	-
Income tax and social contribution - non-recurring items	-	(97)	-	-	-
Adjusted net income ²	758	666	13.7%	1,244	-39.0%
Earnings per share ³	0.37	0.15	149.1%	0.97	-61.6%

 $^{1\}hbox{--} Accounting measurement disclosed in the Company's Income Statement.\\$

Adjusted Net Income totaled R\$758 million (R\$0.37 per share) in 1025, up 13.7% from 4024 and down 39.1% from 1024. Both variations are explained by the dynamics of the Company's operating results, as detailed above in the Adjusted EBITDA discussion.

ADJUSTED NET INCOME (R\$ MILLION) AND ADJUSTED NET MARGIN (%)



^{2 -} Non-accounting measurement calculated by the Company to state the Net income adjusted for non-recurring items that influenced results. 3 - Measurement calculated based on Net income of Gerdau S.A.



CAPITAL STRUCTURE AND INDEBTEDNESS

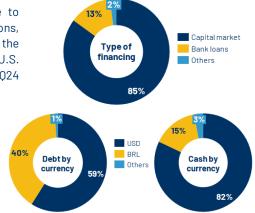
DEBT BREAKDOWN (R\$ million)	1025	4024	Δ	1024	Δ
Short term	2,255	735	206.8%	1,711	31.8%
Long term	12,252	12,901	-5.0%	9,329	31.3%
Gross debt	14,507	13,637	6.4%	11,040	31.4%
Gross debt / Total capitalization ¹	20.6%	19.0%	1.6 p.p	17.6%	3.0 p.p
Cash, cash equivalents and short-term investments	6,870	8,277	-17.0%	5,941	15.6%
Net debt	7,637	5,360	42.5%	5,099	49.8%
Net debt ² (R\$) / Adjusted EBITDA ³ (R\$)	0.69x	0.48x	0.21x	0,40x	0.29x

- 1- Total capitalization = shareholders' equity + gross debt interest on debt.
- 2- Net debt = gross debt interest on debt cash, cash equivalents, and financial investments.
- 3- Adjusted EBITDA in the last 12 months.

On March 31, 2025, Gross debt totaled R\$14.5 billion, up 6.4% from 4024 due to approximately R\$1.2 billion bilateral loans contracted with first-tier financial institutions, offset by Brazilian real appreciation against the U.S. dollar (+7.3%). Year-over-year, the Gross debt came 31.4% higher due to debentures issued in 2024 and the effect of U.S. dollar appreciation against the Brazilian real (+14.9%). Higher Net debt compared to 4024 was also driven by a R\$1.4 billion reduction in cash position in 1025.

At quarter-end, the Gross debt exposure was nearly 59% denominated in U.S. dollars, 40% in Brazilian reais and 1% in other currencies. In relation to the average payment term, we ended at 6.4 years and the weighted average nominal cost was 5.5% per annum for U.S. dollar-denominated debts and 103.9% of the CDI rate per annum for Brazilian reais-denominated debts.

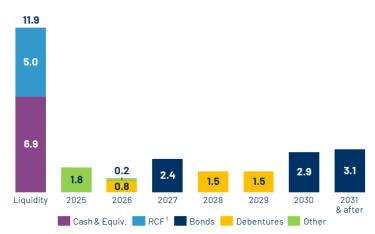
On March 31, 2025, the Company's Global Revolving Credit Facility (RCF), totaling US\$875 million (equivalent to R\$5.0 billion), was fully available.



DEBT (R\$ BILLION) & LEVERAGE RATIO

0.69x 0.53x0.40x0.48x0.32x14.5 13.6 12.5 12 5 11.0 6.9 8.3 6.6 5.9 8.8 7.6 5.9 5 4 5.1 3.7 1024 2024 3024 1025 4024 ■ Net debt ■ Cash ■ Gross debt → Net debt/Adjusted EBITDA

LIQUIDITY POSITION AND DEBT AMORTIZATION (R\$ BILLION)



¹ Global Revolving Credit Facility



The Net Debt/Adjusted EBITDA ratio ended the quarter at 0.69x, a healthy leverage level, reiterating the Company's capacity to execute its Capex commitments necessary for its business' development.



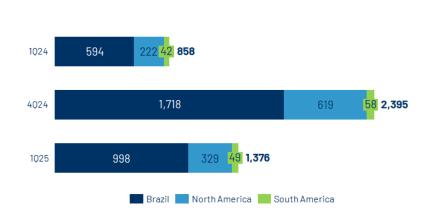
INVESTMENTS (CAPEX)

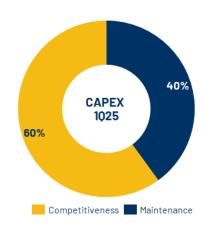
CAPEX totaled nearly R\$1.4 billion in 1025, of which 40% was allocated to Maintenance and 60% to Competitiveness, reinforcing the Company's Strategic CAPEX advances. For 2025, the Board of Directors of Gerdau S.A. approved on February 19, 2025, its CAPEX 2 plan totaling R\$6.0 billion.

In March 2025, the flat steel rolling capacity expansion project was launched, which will add a production capacity of 250,000 tonnes/year of hot coils. The project's ramp-up is progressing as expected and should reach full production capacity by the second half of 2025. The project, in addition to adding volume of higher value-added products, brings productivity gains and cost savings, and has the potential to generate incremental annual EBITDA of nearly R\$400 million.

In addition, the Itabiritos Project, which will add 5.5 million tonnes of iron ore production capacity, has reached approximately 65% physical advance and 50% financial advance and is in its assembly phase. The Itabiritos Project's start-up is estimated for December 2025, with the ramp-up expected to be completed in approximately 12 months.

TOTAL CAPEX (R\$ MILLION)





WORKING CAPITAL & CASH CONVERSION CYCLE

Working Capital totaled R\$16.4 billion in 1025, up 2.6% from 4024, reflecting shipment volumes growth in the same period (+5.1%). Year-over-year, working capital came 7.7% higher, mainly impacted by the Brazilian real devaluation in the period (-14.9%), hindering action plans to adjust working capital and cash conversion cycle. The Cash Conversion Cycle (Working capital divided by Net sales in the quarter) remained consistent in 85 days, supported by net sales growth in 1025.

Detailed information on Working capital accounts is presented in Notes 5, 6, and 11 to the Financial Statements.

CASH CONVERSION CYCLE (IN DAYS) & WORKING CAPITAL (R\$ BILLION)

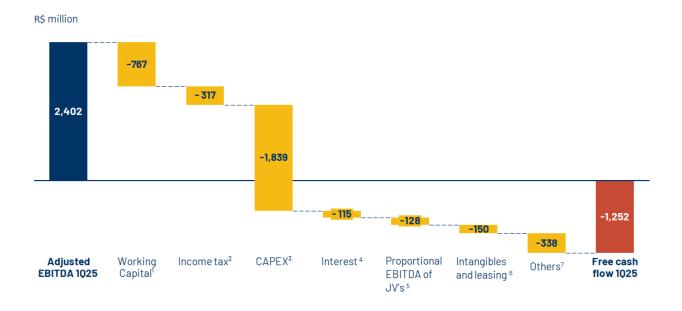


² The CAPEX investment plan does not include contributions made by Gerdau Next to other companies since, as set forth by international financial reporting standards (IFRS), only subsidiaries are consolidated in the Company's financial statements.



FREE CASH FLOW

Free cash flow was negative R\$1.3 billion in 1025, nearly R\$1.6 billion lower than in 4024, primarily driven by (i) CAPEX cash effect, which in addition to the payments related to the ongoing investment plan, it also disbursed approximately R\$462 million referring to the previous period; and (ii) the volumes upturn in the first quarter, which is typically a period that consumes working capital.



- 1- Includes the cash effect of customers, inventories, and suppliers accounts.
- 2- Includes the cash effect of income tax on the Company's several subsidiaries, as well as the portion accrued in previous periods and due in the current period.
- 3- Includes the addition of R\$1.4 billion in CAPEX investments in 1025, adjusted for the cash effect of the change in accounts payable to property, plant, and equipment suppliers in the amount
- of R\$462 million, related to acquisitions from previous periods paid in the current period.
- 4- Includes the payment of interest on loans and financing and interest on lease.
 5- Proportional EBITDA of the joint ventures net of dividends received from these joint ventures.
- 6- Disbursements for other intangible assets and lease payments.
- 7- Other changes include the Other Assets and Liabilities accounts.

RECONCILIATION OF FREE CASH FLOW WITH THE CASH FLOW STATEMENT

CONSOLIDATED (R\$ million)	1025	4024	Δ	1024	Δ
Free cash flow ¹	(1,252)	427	(1,679)	(610)	(642)
(+) Purchases of property, plant and equipment	1,839	1,867	(28)	1,083	756
(+) Additions in other intangibles	33	44	(11)	26	7
(+) Leasing payment	117	131	(14)	107	10
(-) Short-term investments	(137)	(15)	(123)	(369)	232
(+) Proceeds from maturities and sales of short-term investments	302	332	(30)	594	(292)
Net cash provided by operating activities ²	902	2,787	(1,885)	831	71

- 1 Non-accounting measurement calculated by the Company to state Free cash flow.
- 2 Accounting measurement disclosed in the Company's Cash Flow Statement.



RETURN TO SHAREHOLDERS

DIVIDENDS

On April 28, 2025, the Board of Directors of Gerdau S.A. approved the distribution of dividends in the amount of R\$0.12 per share, equivalent to R\$243.5 million. The payment will be made on May 19, 2025, based on shareholders of record on May 8, 2025, with exdividend date on May 9, 2025.

The Company has maintained its policy of distributing the minimum amount of 30% of parent company Gerdau S.A.'s corporate annual Net Income after recording the reserves provided for in its Bylaws.

SHARE BUYBACK PROGRAM

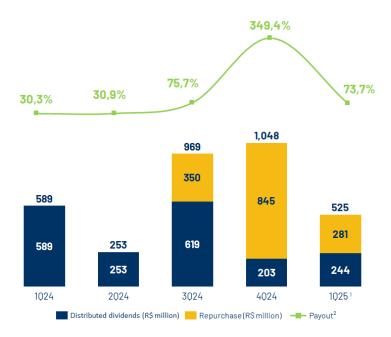
As released in the Material Fact of January 20, 2025, the Board of Directors approved a new buyback program ("2025 Share Buyback Program") of shares issued by Gerdau S.A., with a quantity to be acquired of up to 63,000,000 preferred shares, representing nearly 5% of preferred shares (GGBR4) and/or ADRs backed by outstanding preferred shares (GGB) and up to 1,500,000 common shares, representing 10% of outstanding common shares (GGBR3).

Until March 31, 2025, the Company had acquired 445,300 common shares and 8,946,900 preferred shares referring to 2025 Share Buyback Program, equivalent to R\$159.8 million. In addition, during April³, the Company repurchased 72,300 common shares and 19,030,400 preferred shares, equivalent to R\$284.3 million. Thus, Gerdau S.A. reached approximately 44% of the 2025 Share Buyback Program, repurchasing approximately 28.5 million shares (GGBR3, GGBR4 and GGB), equivalent to R\$444.1 million. Management points out that the current share buyback plan remains in place.

In addition, on April 28, 2025, the Board of Directors approved the cancellation, with no par value and no reduction in the amount of capital, of 517,600 common shares (GGBR3) and 24,000,000 preferred shares (GGBR4) issued by the Company. As a result of this cancellation, the Company's capital is now divided into 718,346,219 common shares and 1,309,848,730 preferred shares, with no par value.

Maintaining the consistency of return to shareholders and, through the payment of dividends in line with the policy and the consistent execution of the buyback program, the Company distributed R\$525 million in 1025, or a payout of 73.7%.

RETURN TO SHAREHOLDERS



^{1 –} Dividends consider the amounts resolved to be paid on May 19, 2025. Buyback considers the amount of R\$121 million from the "2024 Share Buyback Program" + R\$160 million from the "2025 Share Buyback Program".

²⁻ Measurement calculated considering payout and shares repurchased divided by the parent company's corporate net income after recording the reserves provided for in its Bylaws.

³ Considers repurchases made by April 11, 2025.



CAPITAL MARKETS

On March 31, 2025, Gerdau S.A. shares were priced at R\$16.18/share (GGBR4), R\$15.36/share (GGBR3) and US\$2.84/share (GGB). The Company voluntarily complies with the standards of the Level 1 Corporate Governance listing segment of B3 S.A., the Brazilian stock exchange, where its shares are traded, with high standards in information disclosure, transparency, and corporate governance. In the U.S. market, Gerdau S.A. shares have been traded in the New York Stock Exchange since 1999 through the issuance of Level II ADRs, which requires compliance with all the registrations set forth in the Securities Act, of 1933, and information disclosure requirements in the Securities Exchange Act, of 1934.

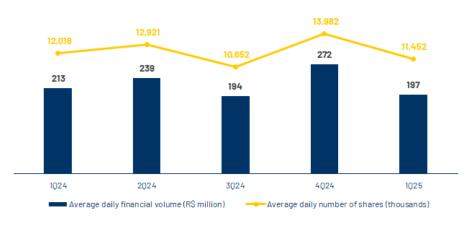
SHARE PERFORMANCE VS. IBOVESPA

(BASE 100)



Source: Economatica

GGBR4 LIQUIDITY



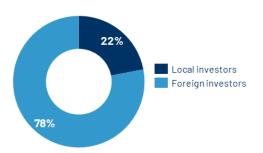
Source: Economatica

On March 31, 2025, the Company's share capital comprised 718,863,819 common shares and 1,333,848,730 preferred shares, of which 445,300 common shares and 23,248,554 preferred shares were held in treasury. On the same date, Gerdau S.A.'s market cap totaled R\$32.6 billion. In the first quarter of 2025, the free float of common and preferred shares accounted for nearly 62.8% of total shares, reaching 1,289,369,527 shares.



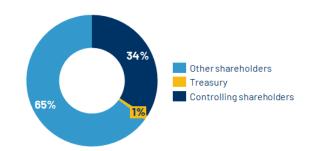
FREE FLOAT DISTRIBUTION (GGBR4): B3 + NYSE

REFERENCE DATE 03/31/2025



OWNERSHIP STRUCTURE (GGBR3 + GGBR4)

REFERENCE DATE 03/31/2025



RATINGS

AGENCY	NATIONAL SCALE	GLOBAL SCALE	OUTLOOK	LAST UPDATE
Standard & Poors	brAAA	BBB	Stable	October, 2024
Fitch Ratings	brAAA	BBB	Stable	October, 2024
Moody's	-	Baa2	Stable	October, 2024

Uredit Rating Agencies Report





PERFORMANCE BY BUSINESS SEGMENT

As of the release of the results for the first quarter of 2025, Gerdau now discloses the information and results of its Segments as follows*:

BRAZIL - includes the long, flat, and special steel operations and the iron ore operation located in Brazil;

NORTH AMERICA – includes the long and special steel operations in Canada and United States, as well as the jointly controlled company in Mexico;

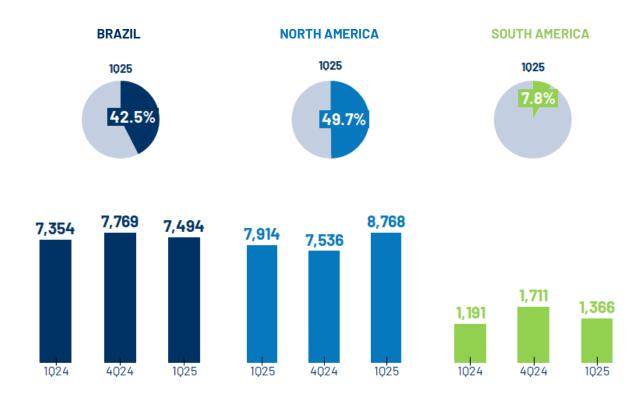
SOUTH AMERICA – includes the operations in Argentina, Peru, and Uruguay.

* The comparative information for the segments has been adjusted to reflect this new composition.



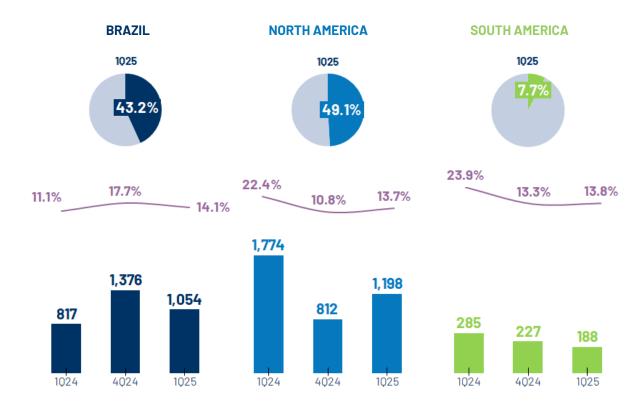


NET SALES (R\$ MILLION)





ADJUSTED EBITDA4 (R\$ MILLION) AND ADJUSTED EBITDA MARGIN (%)



BRAZIL

PRODUCTION & SHIPMENTS

BRAZIL	1025	4024	Δ	1024	Δ
Volumes (1,000 tonnes)					
Production of crude steel	1,445	1,495	-3.3%	1,518	-4.8%
Shipments of steel	1,431	1,429	0.2%	1,435	-0.2%
Domestic market	1,079	1,068	0	1,165	(0)
Exports	352	360	(0)	270	0
Shipments of long steel	972	979	-0.7%	987	-1.5%
Domestic market	781	719	0	742	0
Exports	192	261	(0)	245	(0)
Shipments of flat steel	459	449	2.1%	447	2.6%
Domestic market	298	349	(0)	423	(0)
Exports	160	100	1	24	6

- According to IABR data, apparent steel consumption in the Brazilian market grew 13.3% in 1025 versus 1024, boosted by higher long and flat steel consumption. Demand for steel on the domestic market continues to benefit from the construction, machinery, and agricultural implements sectors. However, the pressure of steel imports into Brazil continues to be a major concern for the sector. In 1025, imports of rolled steel returned to high levels, 34.0% higher than in 1024, reinforcing that the current quota tariff system continues to be ineffective in defending the trade in the Brazilian steel industry;
- At Brazil Segment, lower crude steel production in 1025 versus 4024 and 1024 was driven by scheduled maintenance shutdowns at

16

⁴ Non-accounting measurement calculated by the Company. The Company states Adjusted EBITDA to provide additional information on cash generation in the period. The percentage of Adjusted EBITDA from business divisions is calculated considering the total Adjusted EBITDA of the three business divisions.



the melt shop of 4 industrial units, affecting the production of long and special steel;

• In 1025, total shipments came in line with 4024. Despite the lower volume of flat steel shipments in the domestic market, due to the scheduled shutdown in Ouro Branco (MG) for the start-up of the hot coil expansion project, the long steel shipment volumes upturn mitigated this effect. Year-over-year, the total shipments stability is explained by exports growth, offsetting the decline seen in the domestic market, impacted mainly by the high imported steel penetration.

OPERATING RESULT

BRAZIL	1025	4024	Δ	1024	Δ
Results (R\$ million)					
Net sales ¹	7,494	7,769	(0)	7,354	0
Domestic market	6,177	6,408	(0)	6,478	(0)
Exports	1,317	1,361	(0)	876	1
Cost of goods sold	(6,699)	(6,513)	0	(6,712)	(0)
Gross profit	795	1,256	-36.7%	642	23.8%
Gross margin (%)	10.6%	16.2%	-5.6 p.p	8.7%	1.9 p.p
Adjusted EBITDA ²	1,054	1,376	-23.4%	817	29.0%
Adjusted EBITDA margin²(%)	14.1%	17.7%	-3.6 p.p	11.1%	2.9 p.p

¹⁻ Includes iron ore sales.

- In 1025, net sales per tonne came 3.7% lower than in 4024, due to the tougher competitive environment in the domestic market, considering the advance of imports and the entry of capacity from other players, causing downward pressure on prices in the long steel segment, particularly in rebar. This effect was partially offset by better prices in other product lines. Year-over-year, net sales per tonne grew 2.2%, fueled by improved price scenario in the domestic market and the Brazilian real devaluation, benefiting exports profitability;
- In 1025, the cost of goods sold per tonne came 2.7% higher than in 4024, mainly influenced by scheduled shutdown of Ouro Branco industrial unit for expansion of the hot-rolled coil mill, as explained earlier. This increase was partially offset by a reduction of approximately 10% in raw material costs, such as scrap and electricity. Year-over-year, the cost of goods sold per tonne came in line, reinforcing the initiatives carried out in 2024 to cut costs and expenses, neutralizing increases due to inflation and exchange rates:
- The Adjusted EBITDA came 23.4% lower than in 4024 and 29.0% higher than in 1024, reflecting the operating results explained above. In addition, in 1025, the Adjusted EBITDA partially benefited from lower SG&A, which fell by approximately 10% compared to 1024 and 4024, reflecting the Company's discipline in sustaining its expenses at healthy levels.

NORTH AMERICA

PRODUCTION & SHIPMENTS

NORTH AMERICA	1025	4024	Δ	1024	Δ
Volumes (1,000 tonnes)					
Production of crude steel	1,395	1,072	30.1%	1,410	-1.1%
Shipments of steel	1,229	1,072	14.7%	1,139	7.9%
Bars	512	468	9.3%	470	8.8%
Shapes	663	561	18.1%	625	6.0%
Downstream	54	42	28.6%	43	25.2%

[•] In 1025, crude steel production and shipments came higher compared to 4024, driven by seasonal upturn and higher customer inventory levels amid changes in the US trade policy. Year-over-year, production came slightly lower, while shipment grew by 7.9%, influenced by the redefinition of Section 232 tariffs, favoring the consumption of steel produced by the local industry;

²⁻ Non-accounting measurement reconciled with information stated in Note 22 to the Company's Financial Statements, as set forth by CVM Resolution 156, of June 23, 2022.



• During 1025, North America order backlog recorded significant growth, ending the quarter above 70 days, in addition to the higher shipment volume of higher value-added products. Improved product mix is the result of resilient demand in the non-residential construction and solar energy sectors, the latter favored by the market's preference for domestic products over imported ones.

OPERATING RESULT

NORTH AMERICA	1025	4024	Δ	1024	Δ
Results (R\$ million)					
Net sales	8,768	7,536	16.4%	7,914	10.8%
Cost of goods sold	(7,773)	(6,964)	11.6%	(6,379)	21.9%
Gross profit	995	571	74.1%	1,536	-35.2%
Gross margin (%)	11.3%	7.6%	3.8 p.p	19.4%	-8.1 p.p
Adjusted EBITDA ²	1,198	812	47.4%	1,774	-32.5%
Adjusted EBITDA margin²(%)	13.7%	10.8%	2.9 p.p	22.4%	-8.8 p.p

²⁻ Non-accounting measure reconciled with information stated in Note 22 to the Company's Financial Statements, as set forth by CVM Resolution 156, of June 23, 2022.

- In 1025, net sales per tonne in U.S. dollars came 1.5% higher than in 4024, partly due to price increases announced in the main product lines, but mainly due to the better mix of products sold in the quarter. Year-over-year, in Brazilian reais, Net sales was influenced by the effect of U.S. dollar appreciation against the Brazilian real (+14.9%), which offset lower market prices;
- In 1025, the cost of goods sold per tonne in U.S. dollars came 2.9% lower than in 4024 driven by greater dilution of fixed costs due to higher shipments, partially offset by the scrap price increase over the quarter. Compared to 1024, the cost of goods sold per tonne in U.S. dollars came 4.2% lower, mainly driven by efforts to control fixed costs and operational efficiency;
- The recovery of Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA Margin from 4Q24, reflects the improved demand and prices, as mentioned earlier. In addition, the solid market share, and the reinforcement of partnerships with our customers sustain our results resilience.

SOUTH AMERICA

PRODUCTION & SHIPMENTS

SOUTH AMERICA	1025	4024	Δ	1024	Δ
Volumes (1,000 tonnes)					
Production of crude steel	144	151	-4.3%	162	-10.6%
Shipments of steel ¹	237	271	-12.6%	227	4.5%

¹⁻ Includes resale of products imported from the Brazil Segment.

- In 1025, capacity utilization in the South America was 63%, 3 p.p. and 8 p.p. lower than in 4024 and 1024, respectively, driven by still weak demand in Argentina and the slight reduction in steel production in Peru, reflecting the anticipation of orders in 4024;
- Steel shipments came 12.6% lower than in 4024, mainly influenced by lower shipments in Peru. Compared to 1024, shipments grew 4.5%, boosted by the slight recovery in Argentina after the economic measures announced by the government by late 2023 that began to show signs of recovery for the country.



OPERATING RESULT

SOUTH AMERICA	1025	4024	Δ	1024	Δ
Results (R\$ million)					
Net sales	1,366	1,711	-20.2%	1,191	14.7%
Cost of goods sold	(1,206)	(1,528)	-21.1%	(937)	28.7%
Gross profit	160	183	-12.5%	254	-37.0%
Gross margin (%)	11.7%	10.7%	1.0 p.p	21.3%	-9.6 p.p
Adjusted EBITDA ²	188	227	-16.9%	285	-33.9%
Adjusted EBITDA Margin² (%)	13.8%	13.3%	0.5 p.p	23.9%	-10.1 p.p

²⁻ Non-accounting measurement reconciled with information stated in Note 22 to the Company's Financial Statements, as set forth by CVM Resolution 156, of June 23, 2022

- In 1025, Net sales came 20.2% lower than in 4024 due to a decline in steel prices in Argentina of approximately US\$90 per tonne, as a result of weakened demand and greater competition in the local market. Year-over-year, net sales in U.S. dollar per tonne went down 7%, offset by the U.S. dollar appreciation against the Brazilian real (+18.2%);
- Cost of goods sold came 21.1% lower than in 4024 on the back of lower maintenance costs, especially in Argentina, after the scheduled shutdowns in 4024. In the year-over-year comparison, higher Costs of goods sold in 1025 reflects the Brazilian real devaluation against the U.S. dollar and the impact of lower production volumes on the industrial units operating costs;
- Adjusted EBITDA went down 16.9% and 33,9% from 4024 and 1024, respectively, driven by weakened operating results and exchange rate effects.





APPENDICES

ASSETS

GERDAU S.A.

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

In thousands of Brazilian reais (R\$)

	March 31, 2025	December 31, 2024
CURRENT ASSETS		2024
Cash and cash equivalents	6,479,544	7,767,813
Short-term investments	390,335	509,030
Trade accounts receivable	6,252,231	5,176,958
Inventories	16,558,443	16,504,911
Tax credits	1,105,684	1,153,122
Income and social contribution taxes recoverable	837,011	914,395
Dividens receivable	3,703	125
Fair value of derivatives	15,791	16,921
Other current assets	551,122	626,148
	32,193,864	32,669,423
NON-CURRENT ASSETS		
NON-CURRENT ASSETS Tax credits	1,832,802	1,744,387
	1,832,802 2,310,174	1,744,387 2,427,648
Tax credits		
Tax credits Deferred income taxes	2,310,174	2,427,648
Tax credits Deferred income taxes Judicial deposits	2,310,174 338,205	2,427,648 332,560
Tax credits Deferred income taxes Judicial deposits Other non-current assets	2,310,174 338,205 303,278	2,427,648 332,560 358,806
Tax credits Deferred income taxes Judicial deposits Other non-current assets Prepaid pension cost	2,310,174 338,205 303,278 10,024	2,427,648 332,560 358,806 9,716
Tax credits Deferred income taxes Judicial deposits Other non-current assets Prepaid pension cost Fair value of derivatives	2,310,174 338,205 303,278 10,024 24,586	2,427,648 332,560 358,806 9,716 35,947
Tax credits Deferred income taxes Judicial deposits Other non-current assets Prepaid pension cost Fair value of derivatives Investments in associates and joint ventures	2,310,174 338,205 303,278 10,024 24,586 3,863,770	2,427,648 332,560 358,806 9,716 35,947 4,222,317
Tax credits Deferred income taxes Judicial deposits Other non-current assets Prepaid pension cost Fair value of derivatives Investments in associates and joint ventures Goodwill	2,310,174 338,205 303,278 10,024 24,586 3,863,770 12,873,421	2,427,648 332,560 358,806 9,716 35,947 4,222,317 13,853,114
Tax credits Deferred income taxes Judicial deposits Other non-current assets Prepaid pension cost Fair value of derivatives Investments in associates and joint ventures Goodwill Leasing	2,310,174 338,205 303,278 10,024 24,586 3,863,770 12,873,421 1,371,473	2,427,648 332,560 358,806 9,716 35,947 4,222,317 13,853,114 1,168,694
Tax credits Deferred income taxes Judicial deposits Other non-current assets Prepaid pension cost Fair value of derivatives Investments in associates and joint ventures Goodwill Leasing Other Intangibles	2,310,174 338,205 303,278 10,024 24,586 3,863,770 12,873,421 1,371,473 388,147	2,427,648 332,560 358,806 9,716 35,947 4,222,317 13,853,114 1,168,694 400,567



LIABILITIES

GERDAU S.A. CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

In thousands of Brazilian reais (R\$)

	March 31, 2025	December 31, 2024
CURRENT LIABILITIES	/ 077 777	7,000,000
Trade accounts payable - domestic market	4,637,773	3,892,296
Trade accounts payable - debtor risk	448,278	459,899
Trade accounts payable - imports	1,347,230	1,365,909
Short-term debt	2,096,638	697,049
Debentures	158,467	37,988
Taxes payable	444,668	411,420
Income and social contribution taxes payable	244,377	346,208
Payroll and related liabilities	585,815	918,612
Leasing payable	468,594	430,727
Employee benefits	-	186
Environmental liabilities	247,184	245,429
Fair value of derivatives	11,453	1,747
Other current liabilities	1,502,550	2,043,921
	12,193,027	10,851,391
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Long-term debt	8,460,758	9,110,972
Debentures	3,790,567	3,790,475
Deferred income taxes	110,692	163,138
Provision for tax, civil and labor liabilities	2,358,663	2,328,849
Environmental liabilities	386,658	413,653
Employee benefits	483,211	545,206
Leasing payable	1,019,044	849,942
Other non-current liabilities	554,100	587,081
	17,163,693	17,789,316
EQUITY		
Capital	24,273,225	24.273.225
Capital reserves	11,597	11.597
Treasury stocks	(469,345)	(734.278
Retained Earnings	24,287,700	24.238.217
Other Reserves	7,913,900	10.159.998
EQUITY ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE PARENT	56,017,077	57,948,759
NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS	202,373	225,027
EQUITY	56,219,450	58,173,786
TOTAL LIADULITICS AND FOURTY	AF 550 450	20.04/ 12-
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	85,576,170	86,814,493



INCOME STATEMENT

GERDAU S.A.

CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT

In thousands of Brazilian reais (R\$)

For the three-month period ended

March 31, 2025 March 31, 2024

NET SALES	17,375,336	16,210,263
Cost of sales	(15,428,783)	(13,790,544)
GROSS PROFIT	1,946,553	2,419,719
Selling expenses	(193,912)	(183,007)
General and administrative expenses	(348,958)	(317,929)
Other operating income	24,375	44,996
Other operating expenses	(47,474)	(78,856)
Result from operations with jointly controlled entities	-	808,367
Losses impairment of financial assets	(3,948)	(20,094)
Equity in earnings of unconsolidated companies	9,270	79,116
INCOME BEFORE FINANCIAL INCOME (EXPENSES) AND TAXES	1,385,906	2,752,312
Financial income	154,082	174,674
Financial expenses	(436,649)	(343,198)
Exchange variations, net	6,241	(320,635)
Gains (Losses) on financial instruments, net	(31,562)	13,412
INCOME BEFORE TAXES	1,078,018	2,276,565
Current	(274,820)	(350,028)
Deferred	(45,394)	126,335
Income and social contribution taxes	(320,214)	(223,693)
NET INCOME	757,804	2,052,872
(-) Result in operations with subsidiary and joint ventures	-	(808,367)
(=) Total of extraordinary items	-	(808,367)
ADJUSTED NET INCOME ¹	757,804	1,244,505

¹⁻ Adjusted net income is a non-accounting measurement prepared by the Company, reconciled with its financial statements, and consists of net income for the period adjusted for non-recurring events that impacted net income.



CASH FLOW

GERDAU S.A. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

In thousands of Brazilian reais (R\$)

III tilousalius of Brazillati teals (R\$)	For the three-m March 31, 2025	onth period ended March 31, 2024
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net income for the period	757,804	2,052,872
Adjustments to reconcile net income for the period to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	873,836	725,785
Equity in earnings of unconsolidated companies	(9,270)	(79,116)
Exchange variation, net	(6,241)	320,635
Losses on derivative financial instruments, net	31,562	(13,412)
Post-employment benefits	78,045	65,942
Long-term incentive plans	40,902	35,464
Income tax	320,214	223,693
Losses on disposal of property, plant and equipment	8,591	4,545
Result from operations with jointly controlled entities	-	(808,367)
Impairment of financial assets	3,948	20,094
Provision of tax, civil, labor and environmental liabilities, net	27,617	38,493
Interest income on short-term investments	(41,991)	(89,420)
Interest expense on debt and debentures	258,940	184,715
Interest on loans with related parties	33,165	33,575
(Reversal) Provision for net realizable value adjustment in inventory, net	2,527	(28,397)
	2,379,649	2,687,101
CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES		
Increase in trade accounts receivable	(1,195,268)	(526,959)
Increase in inventories	(504,059)	
Increase in trade accounts payable	931,867	(619,124)
Increase in other assets		68,478
Decrease in other liabilities	(5,185)	(24,932)
Dividends from associates and joint ventures	(458,587)	(301,178)
Purchases of short-term investments	19,617	13,608
Proceeds from maturities and sales of short-term investments	(137,299)	(368,919)
Cash provided by operating activities	301,593 1,332,328	593,420 1,521,495
Interest paid on loans and financing		
Interest paid on lease liabilities	(81,935)	(87,838)
Income and social contribution taxes paid	(33,165)	(33,575)
Net cash provided by operating activities	(316,368) 900,860	(568,792) 831,290
The country of the co	555,555	33.7233
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Purchases of property, plant and equipment	(1,838,720)	(1,083,069)
Proceeds from sales of property, plant and equipment, investments and other intangibles	13,779	1,503,968
Additions in other intangibles	(33,388)	(26,432)
Payment in the acquisition of company control	(433,179)	-
Capital increase in joint ventures	(88,800)	(31,832)
Net cash generated (applied) in investing activities	(2,380,308)	362,635
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Purchases of treasury shares	(280,892)	-
Dividends and interest on capital paid	(202,632)	(174,660)
Proceeds from loans and financing	1,249,234	421,596
Repayment of loans and financing	(54,516)	(656,342)
Leasing payment	(116,783)	(106,846)
Intercompany loans, net	-	183
Net cash generated (applied) by financing activities	594,411	(516,069)
Exchange variation on cash and cash equivalents	(403,232)	59,622
Increase in cash and cash equivalents	(1 200 250)	777 / 70
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	(1,288,269) 7,767,813	737,478 3,005,645
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the period	6,479,544	3,743,123



WHO WE ARE

LARGEST BRAZILIAN STEEL PRODUCER

With 124 years of history, Gerdau is Brazil's largest producer of steel, a leading supplier of long steel in the Americas, and special steel globally. In Brazil, Gerdau also produces flat steel and iron ore for own consumption.

The Company is dedicated to empowering individuals to shape the future. With a global presence in multiple countries, it employs over 30,000 people directly and indirectly. Recognized as the largest recycler in Latin America, Gerdau utilizes scrap as a significant raw material, with nearly 70% of its steel production derived from scrap. Annually, it transforms more than 10 million tonnes of scrap into a diverse range of steel products.

The Company is also the world's largest charcoal producer, with more than 250,000 hectares of forest base in the state of Minas Gerais. As a result of its sustainable production matrix, Gerdau currently has one of the lowest average greenhouse gases (CO_2e) emissions, at 0.91 tonnes of CO_2e per tonne of steel, which is approximately half the global average for the sector, of 1.91 tonnes of CO_2e per tonne of steel (Worldsteel). By 2031, Gerdau's goal is to reduce carbon emissions to 0.82 tonnes of CO_2e per tonne of steel.

Gerdau shares are listed on the São Paulo (B3) and New York (NYSE) stock exchanges.

For more information, visit the Investor Relations website: https://ri.gerdau.com/





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