

Unipar*, the leader in chlorine and caustic soda production, and one of the largest PVC producer in South America, recorded net revenue of R\$2.0 billion and EBITDA of R\$ 861 million in 2Q22

*(B3: UNIP3, UNIP5 and UNIP6), (Fitch Ratings: AA+(bra)) (Unipar Carbocloro S.A) ("Unipar", "Company")

OPERATIONAL AND FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- **Consolidated NET REVENUE** in 2Q22 was R\$2,0 billion, 5.9% higher than in 1Q22 and 72.3% higher than in 2Q21. Year-to-date revenue was R\$3,9 billion, 57.0% higher than 1H21
- **Consolidated EBITDA** was R\$860.9 million in 2Q22 and R\$1,686.8 million in 1H22, up 70.3% over 1H21
- **Consolidated NET INCOME** reached R\$ 539.2 million in 2Q22 and R\$ 988.2 million year-to-date
- The average utilization rate of **INSTALLED PRODUCTION CAPACITY** of the three plants was 87% in 2Q22, sustaining the solid performance of the previous quarter, one of the highest levels in recent years
- As part of Unipar's geographic expansion strategy, in June 2022, the Company announced its first **GREENFIELD PROJECT** at the Camaçari Petrochemical Complex - State of Bahia
- On July 13, Frank Geyer Abubakir, Unipar's controlling shareholder, completed the succession process in the company's management and appointed Mr. Bruno Soares Uchino, who has been a member of the Company's **BOARD OF DIRECTORS** since 2017, to take office as Chairman of the Board
- As announced in a Material Fact disclosed on August 9, 2022, Unipar established a joint venture with Atlas Lar do Sol for the generation of **SOLAR ENERGY** in Pirapora/MG
- On August 11, 2022, the Company's Board of Directors resolved and approved the payment of interim **DIVIDENDS**, in the total amount of R\$500.0 million, to be rectified by the Shareholders' Meeting. With the amounts paid in early August 2022 and in April 2022, the Company distributed a total of R\$875.0 million in dividends in the year
- In July 2022, the remaining shares of the share bonus held in April 2022 were auctioned at B3, and payment was made in August 2022
- Progress in the **SUSTAINABILITY** agenda: Unipar received the Great Place To Work certificate in its first participation and was recognized as an Excellent Place to Work, both in Brazil and Argentina. In the social area, the 2nd Class of the *Pescar* Project graduated in July and, in 2Q22, we announced the sponsoring of five projects focused on culture, in addition to supporting actions that directly affect the communities around our plants

Financial Highlights - Consolidated (R\$ thousand)	2Q22 (A)	1Q22 (B)	2Q21 (C)	Chg. (A)/(B)	Chg. (A)/(C)	1H22 (D)	1H21 (E)	Chg. (D)/(E)
Net Revenue	2,001,140	1,890,469	1,161,490	5.9%	72.3%	3,891,609	2,478,106	57.0%
EBITDA¹	860,879	825,932	425,771	4.2%	102.2%	1,686,810	990,489	70.3%
Net Income (Loss)	539,150	449,030	246,971	20.1%	118.3%	988,180	527,782	87.2%
Net Debt	(662,164)	(432,940)	(316,451)	-	-	(662,164)	(316,451)	-

¹ calculated pursuant to CVM Resolution 156/22

EARNINGS CONFERENCE CALL (Portuguese with simultaneous translation into English)

Date: August 12, 2022 (Friday) Time: 2:00 pm (BRT) / 1:00 pm (EST)

Access via Webcast

Portuguese Webcast ([link](#)) English Webcast ([link](#))

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CLOSING PRICES ON JUNE 30, 2022:

(adjusted by earnings)

UNIP3 ON = R\$83.20

UNIP5 PREF "A" = R\$92.31

UNIP6 PREF "B" = R\$89.79

B3 MARKET CAP (ex-treasury shares) on June 30, 2022:

R\$9,192 million

1. ECONOMIC SCENARIO

In terms of growth and inflation, the behavior of the global economy has been inspiring less than optimistic expectations for 2022. Much of it is due to the effects of the Ukraine war that overlapped with the pandemic, from which countries were still recovering. The increase and persistence of inflation has led to the tightening of monetary policy in several countries, making it difficult for companies and consumers to access credit. The reduction in the supply of some products due to the war adds inflationary pressure on the economy. This can be evidenced by the commodities market, which recorded even higher prices.

It should be noted that, in China, the Covid Zero policy based on strict lockdowns caused sharp drops in economic indicators. In 2Q22, growth in the Chinese economy slowed sharply, registering a growth of just 0.4% year-on-year, the worst performance for the world's second-largest economy since the beginning of the data series in 1992. The Chinese government outlines domestic actions seeking recovery. However, such actions, such as easing credit access, collide with the likely consequence of an increase in local inflation, which has remained somewhat under control.

Against this backdrop, the World Bank has revised its estimate for global economic growth in 2022 from 4.1% to 2.9%. In the US, although economic indicators performed better, notably those pertaining to the labor market, the projection for local GDP growth was also revised downwards by the World Bank, from 3.73% to 2.46%.

Brazil

The Brazilian Institute of Applied Economic Research (Ipea) recently released a 1.8% growth forecast for the Gross Domestic Product (GDP) in 2022. The highlight goes to the service sector, with an estimate of a 2.8% increase, while the agribusiness and industrial sectors should show relative stability.

For 2Q22, Ipea's expectations point to growth in the industrial, commerce and services sectors. The evolution of these activities' indicators is in line with the performance of the labor market. Recent data show that the recovery pace has intensified over the last three months, combining a strong expansion of the employed population and a significant reduction in the unemployment rate.

In the industrial segment, data published by the CNI – Brazilian National Confederation of Industries indicate a 1.8% growth in the industrial production average index in 2Q22 compared to the previous quarter. In 2Q22, the installed capacity utilization rate stood at 69.5%, showing a recovery compared to the 67% registered in 1Q22. With regard to the occupation of labor by the industry, there was a recovery of 2.6% throughout 2Q22, reaching a year-high level in June/22.

For the second half of this year, a slowdown in economic activity is expected, considering both external and internal factors. External aspects point to lower growth and greater uncertainty, given the increase in observed and expected inflation rates in most countries, and the persistence of the war between Russia and Ukraine - which should draw out current issues in production chains, in addition to further increasing commodity prices. In terms of internal factors, the persistence of high inflation rates, in addition to inhibiting consumption through the reduction of real family income, has led to the tightening of monetary policy in the country, whose effects also influence the credit market.

As for inflation, the Extended National Consumer Price (IPCA) index reached 2.22% in the quarter or 5.49% year to date. Expectations from several financial institutions indicate that inflation in 2022 should range between 6% and 7%, well above the Central Bank's target of 3.5%, albeit lower than the 10.1% recorded in 2021.

The R\$/US\$ exchange rate showed a growth trend of 10.6% throughout the quarter, reaching R\$ 5.2380 at the end of June. However, in 2Q22, the average rate stood at R\$4.9208, down 6.0% from the previous quarter.

The basic interest rate (SELIC) ended 1H22 at 13.75%, maintaining the upward trend seen throughout this year, acting as an instrument to control inflation. The B3 index reached 98,541 points at the end of June, recording a drop of 17.9% in 2Q22 and a decrease of 6% YTD. This performance reflects the uncertainty in the international market, mainly due to the duration of the conflict between Russia and Ukraine.

It is important to note that on August 4, 2022, GECEX Resolution 381, which establishes the inclusion of PVC-S in the list of exceptions to the Mercosur Common External Tariff (LETEC), reduced the import rate for this product, from 11.2% to 4.4% for ex-Mercosur origins, during a 1-year period as of August 5, 2022. The measure, taken unilaterally, occurred during a period of slowdown in consumption and lower international prices, contributing negatively to the competitiveness of local industry.

Argentina

Forecasts from most local financial institutions point to an economic growth of 3% in 2022, far below the 10.4% recorded in 2021.

As in the international market, the local economy has been suffering the impacts of the uncertainty scenario regarding the duration of the conflict in Ukraine, the rise in commodity prices (especially electricity) and inflationary pressure.

In the case of Argentina, the internal situation is aggravated by a combination of extremely low foreign exchange reserves and political uncertainties with a change in command in the Ministry of Economy.

Inflation has already reached 60% and forecasts from local institutions point to levels above 70% in 2022. The official exchange

rate of the US dollar reached AR\$127 at the end of 2Q22 and future devaluations of the peso are expected by the end of the year, in a scenario of very high inflation.

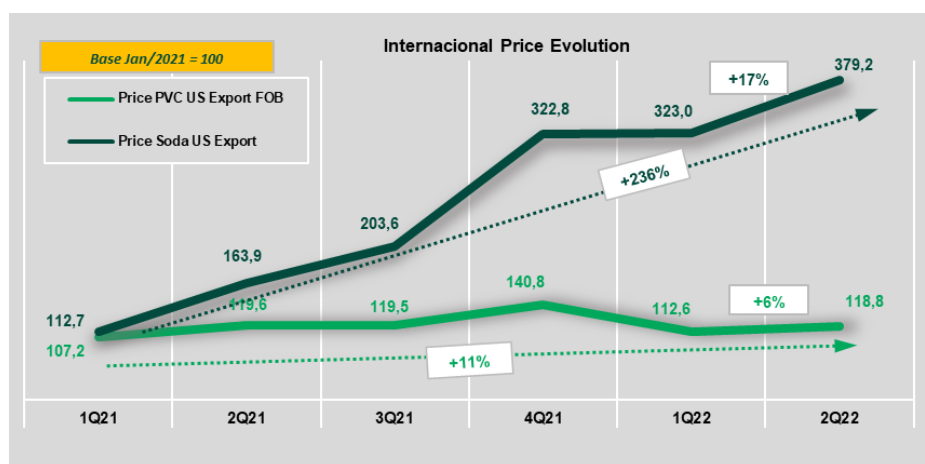
The new leadership of the Economy has already made it a priority to increase the inflow of dollars into the economy and restrict imports. In this sense, main government leaders discuss a specific program to promote exports and implement greater barriers to imports. Other moves have been announced, such as a future freeze on hiring by government agencies. There are also expectations in the domestic market regarding the dialogue with the International Monetary Fund - IMF. However, there is an urgent need to implement some of these measures, in order to facilitate the resumption of negotiations with the IMF.

As positive points, the performance of the industrial segment stands out with an expected growth ranging 3%, which contributed to the reduction of the unemployment rate from 8.8% at the beginning of the year to the current 8.2%.

2. OPERATING MARKET

According to data released by Abiclor (Brazilian Association for the Chlor-Alkali and Derivatives Industry), installed capacity utilization rate of associated chlorine/soda producers reached 75% in the January-May period, higher than the industry's average of 67%, as published by the CNI (National Confederation of Industries).

In terms of international prices, the average export price of liquid soda (US Gulf Coast, spot) in 2Q22 was 17% higher than the average price recorded in 1Q22. Local demand for caustic soda was Strong. This timely "mismatch" between supply and demand enables prices at higher levels.. In a market with good demand, such restricted supply led to an increase in soda prices in the international market. For PVC (US Gulf Coast, spot, export), we observed a downward trend throughout 2Q22, especially in June, when there was a 10% reduction in the average price. This trend reflected a more moderate behavior of demand, especially in the civil construction segment, although the average price in 2Q22 showed a slight increase compared to 1Q22 (+6%).



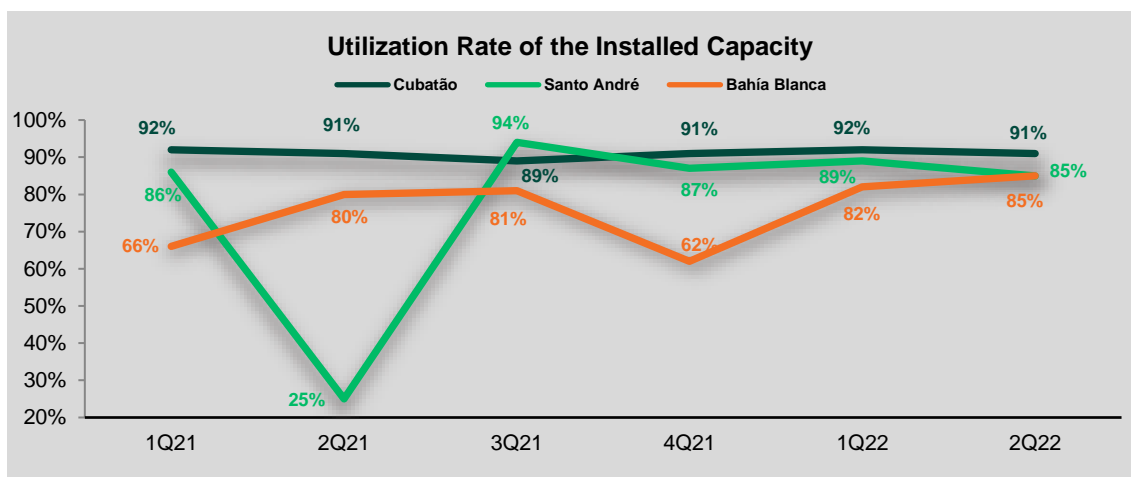
3. OPERATING PERFORMANCE

INSTALLED CAPACITY

Products / Services (thousand t/year)	Cubatão	Santo André	Bahía Blanca	Total
Liquid Chlorine	355	160	165	680
Liquid and Scale Caustic Soda	400	180	186	766
PVC (Polyvinyl Chloride)	-	300	240	540
VCM (MVC - Vinyl Chloride)	-	317	248	565
EDC Ethylene Dichloride	140	406	431	977
Hydrochloric Acid	630	37	-	667
Sodium Hypochlorite	400	60	12	472

UTILIZATION RATE OF THE INSTALLED CAPACITY

The average utilization rate of the three plants stood at 87% in 2Q22, sustaining the solid performance of the previous quarter (88%), one of the highest levels in recent years. In 2Q22, the utilization rate of installed capacity at the Cubatão plant was 91%, sustaining the performance observed in previous quarters. The Santo André plant suffered a reduction of 4 p.p. from the previous quarter, reaching 85%, offset by an increase of 3 p.p. at the Bahía Blanca plant, which reached 85%, corresponding to one of the best quarterly performances in recent years.

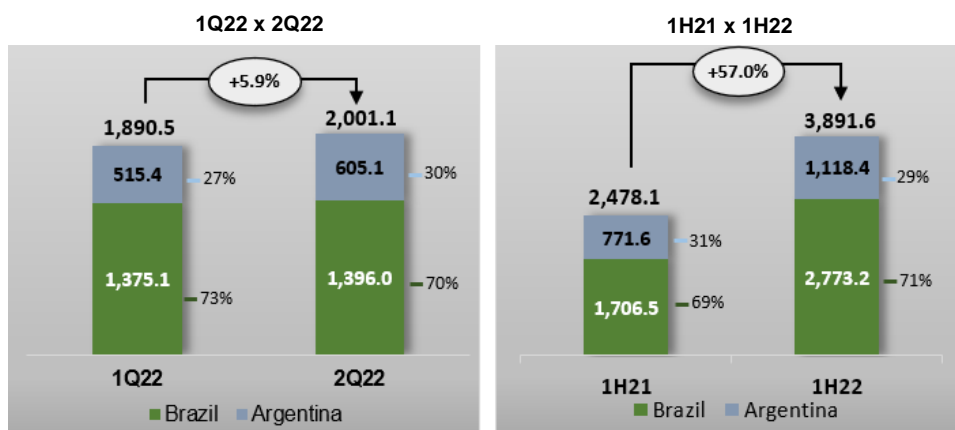


4. FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

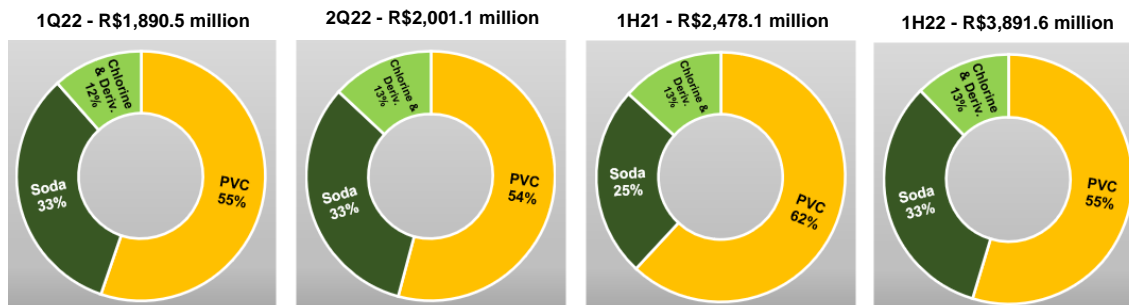
4.1 NET OPERATING REVENUE

Consolidated Net Operating Revenue was R\$2,001.1 million in 2Q22, 5.9% higher QoQ, mainly influenced by the increase in international caustic soda and PVC prices in the period, and 72.3% higher YoY due to the rise in the international price of caustic soda and increased sales volume. Year-to-date growth was 57.0%, driven by the rise in international PVC and caustic soda prices and higher product sales volume.

Consolidated Net Operating Revenue (R\$ million)

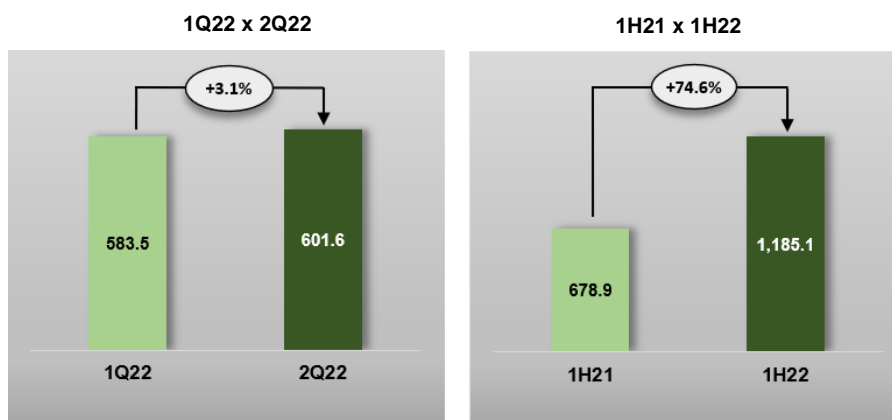


Consolidated Net Operating Revenue By Product



In 2Q22 Parent Company's Net Operating Revenue totaled R\$601.6 million, 3.1% up on 1Q22 and 59.3% up on 2Q21; Year-to-date growth was 74.6% due to the increase in the international price of caustic soda in the period and the growth in sales volume.

Parent Company's Net Operating Revenue (R\$ million)

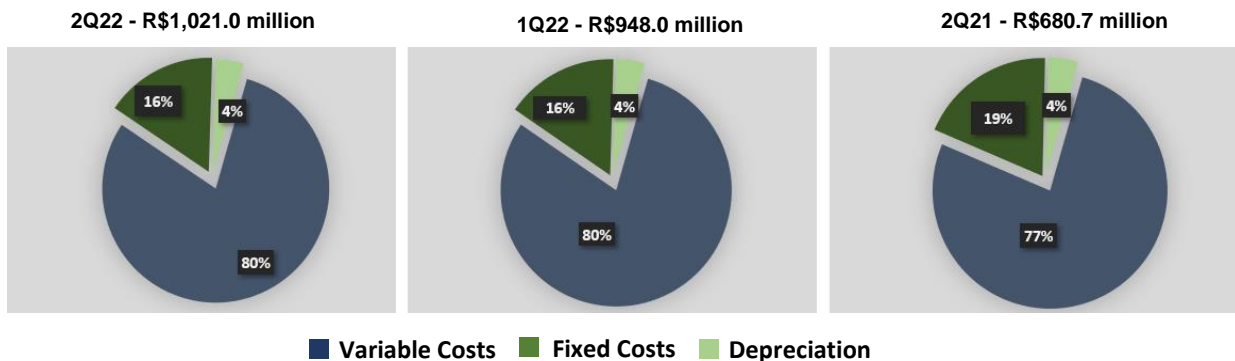


4.2 COGS (COST OF GOODS SOLD)

In 2Q22, Consolidated COGS was R\$1,021.0 million, 7.7% higher QoQ and 50.0% YoY. Year-to-date growth was 44.8%, mainly due to higher input costs, notably: ethylene, electricity and natural gas.

Gross Profit and Gross Margin Consolidated (R\$ thousand)	2Q22 (A)	1Q22 (B)	2Q21 (C)	Chg. (A)/(B)	Chg. (A)/(C)	1H22 (D)	1H21 (E)	Chg. (D)/(E)
Net Revenue	2,001,140	1,890,469	1,161,490	5.9%	72.3%	3,891,609	2,478,106	57.0%
COGS	(1,021,013)	(947,967)	(680,728)	7.7%	50.0%	(1,968,980)	(1,359,758)	44.8%
Gross Profit	980,127	942,502	480,762	4.0%	103.9%	1,922,629	1,118,348	71.9%
Gross Margin	49.0%	49.9%	41.4%	-0.9 p.p.	7.6 p.p.	49.4%	45.1%	4.3 p.p.

GOGS Consolidated



In 2Q22, the Parent Company's COGS was R\$219.0 million, a reduction of 1.6% compared to 1Q22 but an increase of 19.0% compared to 2Q21. Growth was 27.3% YTD due to the increase in volume and prices of the main inputs.

Gross Profit and Gross Margin Parent Company (R\$ thousand)	2Q22 (A)	1Q22 (B)	2Q21 (C)	Chg. (A)/(B)	Chg. (A)/(C)	1H22 (D)	1H21 (E)	Chg. (D)/(E)
Net Revenue	601,563	583,509	377,691	3.1%	59.3%	1,185,072	678,907	74.6%
COGS	(219,043)	(222,495)	(184,064)	-1.6%	19.0%	(441,538)	(346,963)	27.3%
Gross Profit	382,520	361,014	193,627	6.0%	97.6%	743,534	331,944	124.0%
Gross Margin	63.6%	61.9%	51.3%	1.7 p.p.	12.3 p.p.	62.7%	48.9%	13.8 p.p.

4.3 EXPENSES AND EQUITY INCOME

SELLING EXPENSES

Consolidated Selling Expenses totaled R\$66.0 million in 2Q22, down by 2.6% from 1Q22 and up by 62.4% on 2Q21. Growth stood at 68.5% YTD as a result of higher sales volume, in addition to increased freight costs. The Parent Company's Selling Expenses totaled R\$22.8 million in 2Q22 and R\$45.6 million in 1H22, a 38.2% growth compared to 1H21, also due to higher sales volume and freight costs.

GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

Consolidated General and Administrative Expenses totaled R\$104.3 million in 2Q22, up by 19.1% QoQ and 31.2% YoY. Year-to-date growth was 24.6%, mainly due to the advance of adjustments in the Profit Sharing Distribution provision and strategic consulting. The Parent Company expenses stood at R\$46.4 million in 2Q22 and R\$88.9 million in 1H22.

EQUITY INCOME

The Consolidated Equity Income, referring to the equity pickup in energy companies Solalban and Tucano Holdings III, was R\$4.0 million in 2Q22 and R\$1.8 million in 1H22. The Parent Company's Equity Income was positive by R\$333.0 million in 2Q22 and by R\$630.7 million in 1H22.

OTHER OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES), NET

In 2Q22, Consolidated Other Net Operating Income (Expenses) corresponded to an expense of R\$14.5 million, in line with 1Q22. In 1H22, it came to an expense of R\$29.1 million, compared to the income that had been recorded in 1H21, as it had included part of the ICMS exclusion credit from the PIS/COFINS calculation basis. The Parent Company's other net operating revenues (expenses) was an expense of R\$7.3 million in 2Q22.

4.4 NET FINANCIAL RESULT

Consolidated Net Financial Result was positive by R\$29.9 million in 2Q22, while it had been negative in 1Q22, mainly due to income from cash equivalents and financial investments. Year to date, there was an expense of R\$38.2 million. The Parent Company's net financial result was a positive R\$164 thousand in 2Q22, versus negative R\$75.0 million in 1H22.

Consolidated Net Financial Result (R\$ thousand)	2Q22 (A)	1Q22 (B)	2Q21 (C)	Chg. (A)/(B)	Chg. (A)/(C)	1H22 (D)	1H21 (E)	Chg. (D)/(E)
Net Financial Result	29,896	(68,109)	76,147	-	-60.7%	(38,213)	(8,952)	326.9%
Financial Revenue	169,922	9,975	83,207	1603.5%	104.2%	179,897	148,770	20.9%
Financial Expense	(140,026)	(78,084)	(7,060)	79.3%	1883.4%	(218,110)	(157,722)	38.3%

Parent Company Net Financial Result (R\$ thousand)	2Q22 (A)	1Q22 (B)	2Q21 (C)	Chg. (A)/(B)	Chg. (A)/(C)	1H22 (D)	1H21 (E)	Chg. (D)/(E)
Net Financial Result	164	(75,129)	11,021	-	-98.5%	(74,965)	20,917	-
Financial Revenue	53,234	(30,150)	36,750	-	44.9%	23,084	64,715	-64.3%
Financial Expense	(53,070)	(44,979)	(25,729)	18.0%	106.3%	(98,049)	(43,798)	123.9%

The Company believes that its operations are backed by foreign currency, mainly the US dollar, since around 87% of its operating revenue is referenced to prices in the international market, as well as 39% of COGS in 1H22. Any fast and significant fluctuations in the exchange rate on liabilities in foreign currency are usually offset by the result of operations.

4.5 NET INCOME

In 2Q22, Unipar recorded a Consolidated Net Income of R\$539.2 million, 20.1% higher QoQ and 118.3% higher YoY. Growth was 87.2% YTD reflecting the sales volume and international prices. In the Parent Company, we recorded Net Income of R\$534.6 million in 2Q22, 20.0% higher QoQ and 118.1% higher YoY. In 1H22, net income totaled R\$980.0 million, growing 87.5% over 1H21.

4.6 EBITDA (calculates pursuant to CVM Resolution 156/22)

In 2Q22, Consolidated EBITDA was R\$860.9 million, in line with the previous quarter, while there was a growth of 102.2% compared to 2Q21. Year to date, EBITDA came to R\$1,686.8 million, with a 70.3% increase over 1H21. The Parent Company's EBITDA totaled R\$662.9 million in 2Q22 and R\$1,279.1 million in 1H22.

EBITDA – Consolidated (R\$ thousand)	2Q22 (A)	1Q22 (B)	2Q21 (C)	Chg. (A)/(B)	Chg. (A)/(C)	1H22 (D)	1H21 (E)	Chg. (D)/(E)
Net Income	539,150	449,030	246,971	20.1%	118.3%	988,180	527,782	87.2%
Income Tax and Social Contribution	290,134	253,220	205,326	14.6%	41.3%	543,354	354,321	53.4%
Net Financial Result	(29,896)	68,109	(76,147)	-	-60.7%	38,213	8,952	326.9%
Depreciation and Amortization	61,491	55,573	49,621	10.6%	23.9%	117,063	99,434	17.7%
EBITDA	860,879	825,932	425,771	4.2%	102.2%	1,686,810	990,489	70.3%
<i>EBITDA Margin</i>	43.0%	43.7%	36.7%	-0.7 p.p.	6.3 p.p.	43.3%	40.0%	3.3 p.p.

EBITDA – Parent Company (R\$ thousand)	2Q22 (A)	1Q22 (B)	2Q21 (C)	Chg. (A)/(B)	Chg. (A)/(C)	1H22 (D)	1H21 (E)	Chg. (D)/(E)
Net Income	534,570	445,396	245,073	20.0%	118.1%	979,966	522,620	87.5%
Income Tax and Social Contribution	104,551	71,919	60,750	45.4%	72.1%	176,470	92,522	90.7%
Net Financial Result	(164)	75,129	(11,021)	-	-98.5%	74,965	(20,917)	-
Depreciation and Amortization	23,931	23,756	21,699	0.7%	10.3%	47,687	43,401	9.9%
EBITDA	662,888	616,200	316,501	7.6%	109.4%	1,279,088	637,626	100.6%
<i>EBITDA Margin</i>	110.2%	105.6%	83.8%	4.6 p.p.	26.4 p.p.	107.9%	93.9%	14.0 p.p.

4.7 INDEBTEDNESS AND AMORTIZATION FLOW

On June 30, 2022, the Company had no Consolidated Net Debt and the balance was negative by R\$662.2 million. In 1H22, gross debt decreased by 4.0% compared to December 31, 2021, with emphasis on the final amortization of the 2nd series of the 4th debenture issue, according to the original schedule. In this period, capital was allocated to the share buyback program in the amount of R\$29.4 million.

Indebtedness - Consolidated (R\$ thousand)	Currency	June 30, 2022	December 31, 2021	Chg.
Debentures	R\$	1,107,311	1,157,764	-4.4%
Promissory Notes	R\$	226,627	210,640	7.6%
Working Capital	R\$	37,652	62,706	-40.0%
Working Capital	AR\$	2	2	-
BNDES	R\$	43,830	43,717	0.3%
Gross Debt		1,415,985	1,474,829	-4.0%
Cash, Cash Equivalents and Financial Investments		2,078,149	1,622,449	28.1%
Net Debt		(662,164)	(147,620)	348.6%
EBITDA ltm¹		3,860,163	3,163,842	22.0%

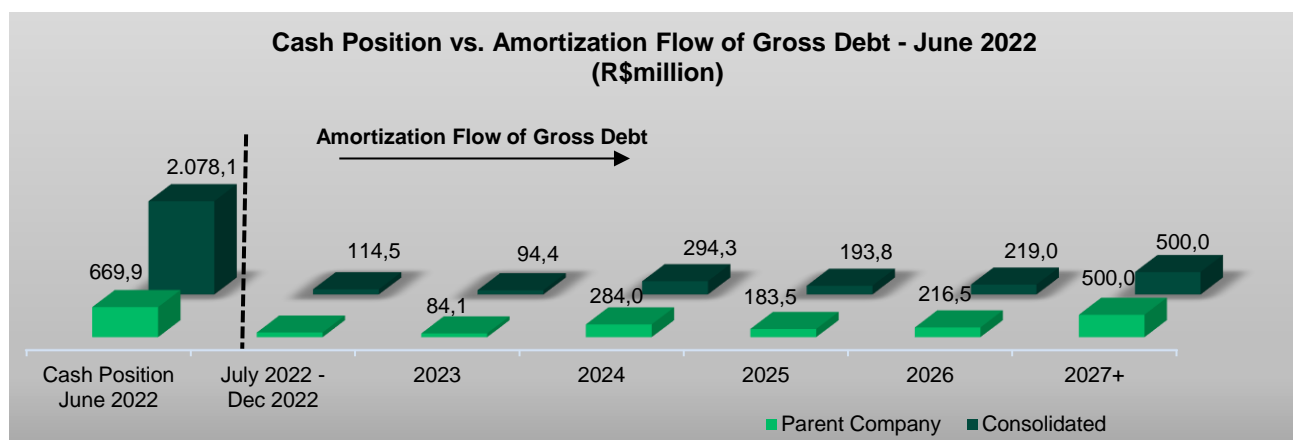
¹ Calculated pursuant to CVM Resolution 156/22; ltm = last twelve months.

On June 30, 2022, the Parent Company's Net Debt balance was R\$702.6 million, 19.4% lower than on December 31, 2021, with emphasis on the final amortization of the 2nd series of the 4th debenture issue, in accordance with the original schedule.

Indebtedness - Parent Company (R\$ thousand)	Currency	June 30, 2022	December 31, 2021	Chg.
Debentures	R\$	1,107,311	1,157,764	-4.4%
Promissory Notes	R\$	226,627	210,640	7.6%
Working Capital	R\$	37,652	62,706	-40.0%
Gross Debt		1,371,590	1,431,110	-4.2%
Cash, Cash Equivalents and Financial Investments		668,941	558,867	19.7%
Net Debt		702,649	872,243	-19.4%
EBITDA LTM¹		3,075,491	2,434,029	26.4%
Net Debt / EBITDA¹		0.23x	0.36x	-

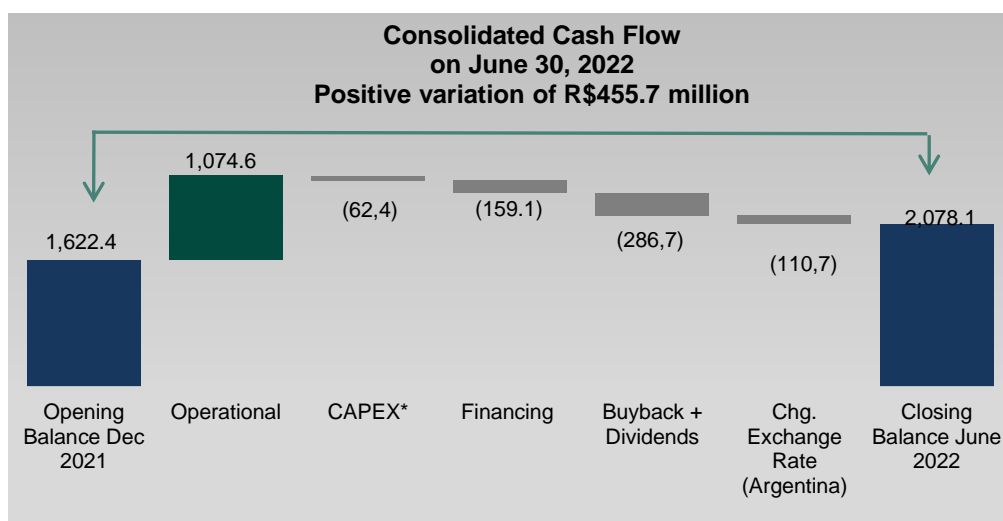
¹ Calculated pursuant to CVM Resolution 156/22; ltm = last twelve months.

The chart below shows the amortization schedule of the Company's gross bank and capital market debt as of July/2022 against the cash balance on June 30, 2022.



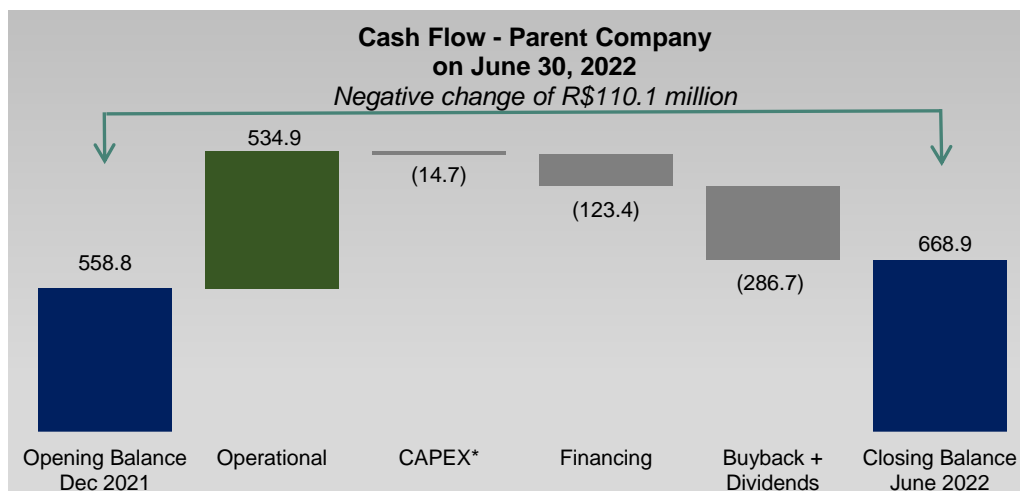
4.8 CASH FLOW

The balance of cash and cash equivalents, and financial investments totaled R\$2,078.1 million on June 30, 2022, and the changes from December 31, 2021, are shown in the chart below.



* CAPEX includes acquisition and investment in the joint venture with AES Brasil

The balance of cash and cash equivalents, and financial investments totaled R\$668.9 million on June 30, 2022, and the changes from December 31, 2021, are shown in the chart below.



* CAPEX includes acquisition and investment in the joint venture with AES Brasil

5. SUSTAINABILITY INITIATIVES

Below are some of the Company's most recent actions that are part of its Sustainability context.

PEOPLE

- Unipar was certified with the GPTW (Great Place to Work) seal, one of the most important certificates in the country with regard to people management. For the first time, Unipar was evaluated through a survey that measures the employees' favorability index towards the company, in the units located in Brazil and Argentina.

CERTIFICATIONS

- In June/2022, the Santo André plant was revalidated on the EcoVadis platform, improving from silver to gold its result compared to the previous year. EcoVadis is a widely recognized assessment framework, which aims to develop CSR (Corporate Social Responsibility) practices based on its influence on global supply chains.

GOVERNANCE

- On July 13, Frank Geyer Abubakir resigned as member and chairman of the Board of Directors, thus completing an important cycle in Unipar's leadership. Bruno Soares Uchino was appointed as chairman of the Board. He has been a member of the Board since November 2017. Sergio Machado Terra was appointed for the vacant seat. Changes in the Board of Directors do not lead to changes in its shareholding control nor in the strategic direction and conduct of Unipar's business.

COMMUNITY

- During 2Q22, in support of actions focused on culture and social impact, Unipar became a Sponsor of MAM – SP and of the institution's Thematic Axis for Art and Ecology. As the Sponsor of MASP's Cultural Project, we will support the expansion of the 3X3 Basketball Project in Santo André. The Company also sponsors the Imperial Museum and the *Olhar Germanico* Exhibition in Petrópolis. In Argentina, it sponsors the Food Education Project for a Healthy Childhood of the Cecília Grierson Foundation.
- Unipar continues to support the Basic Sanitation Diagnosis Project in the Jardim Encantado Community, in Santo André, and it was also present at the *Mempodera* Festival, held in Cubatão. Furthermore, the Company renovated a day care center in the municipality of Caldas do Jorro – Bahia, in partnership with AES, and it also held, in July, the graduation of the 2nd Class of Projeto *Pescar*, which aims to improve the skills of youth entering the labor market.

6. PROFILE

UNIPAR CARBOCLORO S.A. (B3: UNIP3, UNIP5 and UNIP6), (Fitch Ratings: AA+(bra)) ("Unipar", "Company") is a Brazilian company incorporated on May 28, 1969, with operations in the chemical and petrochemical segments through three production units strategically located in Cubatão (SP/Brazil), Santo André (SP/Brazil) and Bahía Blanca (Argentina), to meet the demand from Brazil and other countries. Unipar also holds interest in Solalban, a power generation company in Argentina, Tucano Holding, a wind power generation company, and Lar do Sol, a solar power generation company in Brazil.

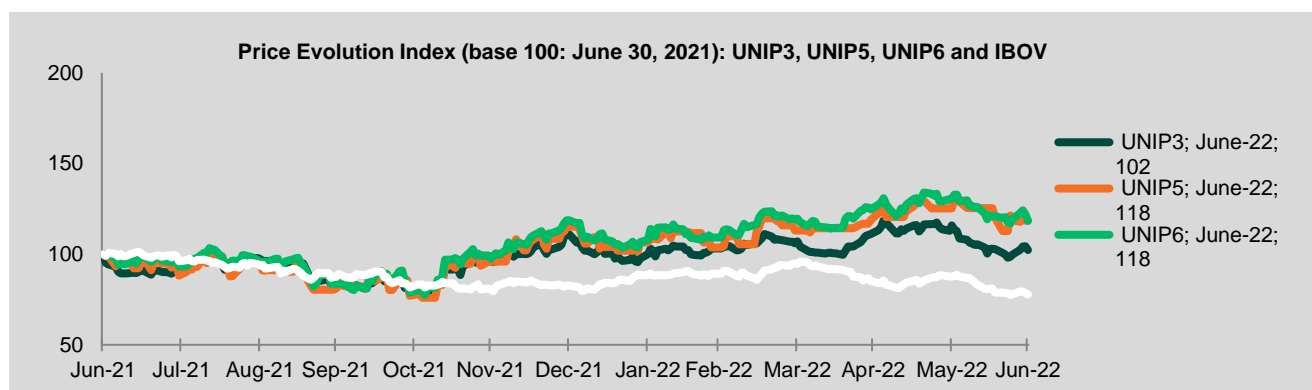
Working in capital-intensive segments, since its creation, Unipar contributes to the industrial development of Brazil, has access to the capital and banking market as fundraising sources and continuously seeks to generate value for its shareholders and other stakeholders. The company stand out as the largest producer of chlorine/soda in South America and the second largest producer of PVC (Polyvinyl Chloride), also produces sodium hypochlorite, hydrochloric acid and dichloroethane, the basic raw materials to produce PVC. Unipar's products are used as inputs in the textile, pulp and paper, food, beverage, medicine, and construction industries, among others.

The company has approximately 1,400 employees and holds the international certifications ISO 9001, ISO 14001, ISO 45001, and Responsible Care® in the three units, pioneering in safety and environment protection matters. The Company has the purpose of ensuring transparency and equity in the disclosure of its information and is committed to good practices of corporate governance.

The financial information reported refers to the second quarter of 2022 (2Q22) and first six months of 2022 (1S22) and are presented in accordance with the international standard IAS 34 - "Interim Financial Reporting", issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB), whose correlate in Brazil is the technical pronouncement CPC 21 (R1) - "Interim Financial Reporting", issued by the CPC (Accounting Pronouncements Committee) and approved by CVM. "Parent Company" refers to the results of Unipar Carbocloro S.A. and "Consolidated" refers to the joint results of Unipar Carbocloro S.A. and Unipar Indupa S.A.I.C. ("Unipar Indupa").

7. SHARE PERFORMANCE

On June 30, 2022, common shares (UNIP3), class A preferred shares (UNIP5) and class B preferred shares (UNIP6) were listed at R\$83.20, R\$92.31 and R\$89.79 (adjusted by earnings), varying by +2.3%, +18.4% and +18.3% from June 30, 2021, while the Ibovespa had a variation of -22.3% in the same period.

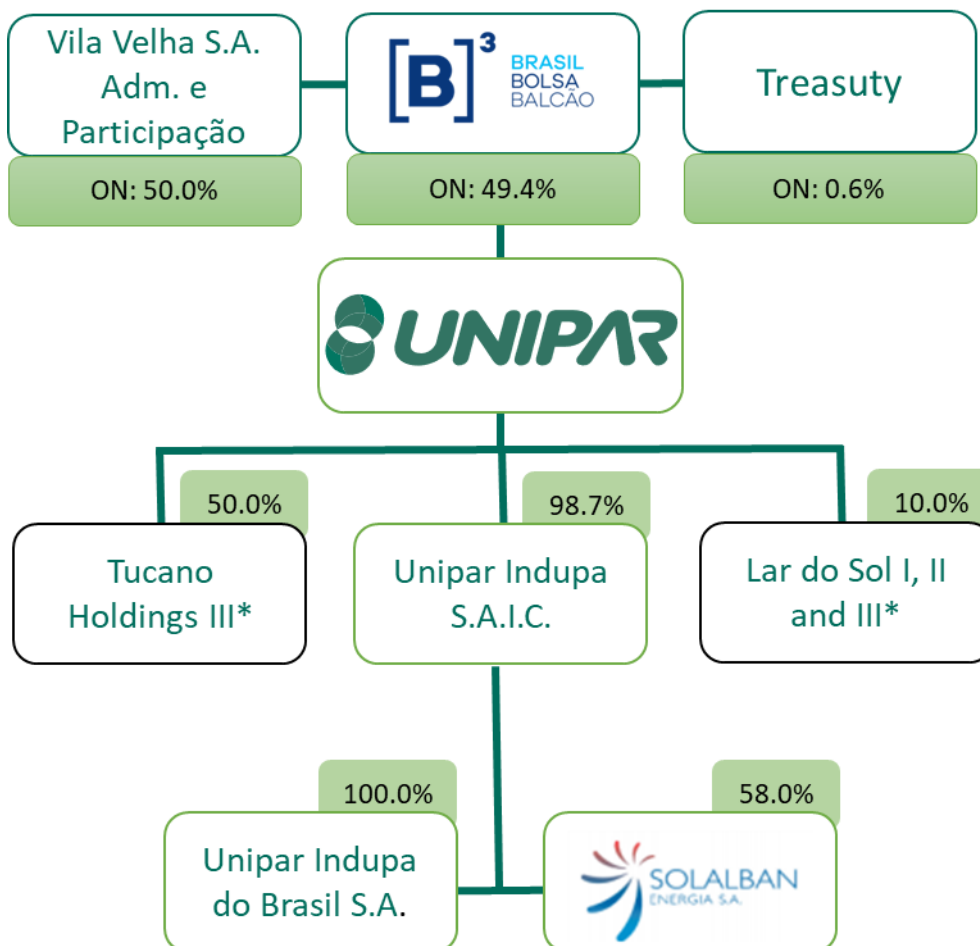


Share Performance	1H22	1H21	Chg.
Closing Share Price¹			
UNIP3 Common Shares	R\$83.20	R\$81.31	2.3%
UNIP5 Class A Preferred Shares	R\$92.31	R\$77.95	18.4%
UNIP6 Class B Preferred Shares	R\$89.79	R\$75.90	18.3%
Average Daily Traded Volume (R\$'000)	38,703	38,019	1.8%
UNIP3 Common Shares	3,172	3,602	-11.9%
UNIP5 Class A Preferred Shares	22	90	-75.5%
UNIP6 Class B Preferred Shares "	35,509	34,326	3.4%
Market Cap (R\$ thousand) ²	9,191,567	9,473,126	-3.0%

¹ adjusted by earnings; ² ex-treasury; Source: Bloomberg and B3

8. SHAREHOLDING STRUCTURE

Unipar's capital stock is composed of 36,308,767 common shares, 2,252,912 class A preferred shares and 65,314,479 class B preferred shares. The shareholders' structure for the common shares are presented below:



* Energy self-production (stake in total capital)

Data base August/2022

EXHIBIT I – Income Statements

Income Statement - Consolidated (R\$ thousand)	2Q22 (A)	1Q22 (B)	2Q21 (C)	Chg. (A)/(B)	Chg. (A)/(C)	1S22 (D)	1S21 (E)	Chg. (D)/(E)
Net Operating Revenue	2,001,140	1,890,469	1,161,490	5.9%	72.3%	3,891,609	2,478,106	57.0%
Cost of Goods Sold	(1,021,013)	(947,967)	(680,728)	7.7%	50.0%	(1,968,980)	(1,359,758)	44.8%
Gross Profit	980,127	942,502	480,762	4.0%	103.9%	1,922,629	1,118,348	71.9%
Selling Expenses	(65,953)	(67,711)	(40,617)	-2.6%	62.4%	(133,664)	(79,340)	68.5%
Administrative Expenses	(104,325)	(87,614)	(79,496)	19.1%	31.2%	(191,939)	(154,060)	24.6%
Equity Income	4,049	(2,245)	(616)	-	-	1,804	(1,222)	-
Other Operating Revenues (Expenses), Net	(14,510)	(14,573)	16,117	-0.4%	-	(29,083)	7,329	-
Profit before Financial Income (Loss), Income Tax and Social Contribution	799,388	770,359	376,150	3.8%	112.5%	1,569,747	891,055	76.2%
Net Financial Result	29,896	(68,109)	76,147	-	-60.7%	(38,213)	(8,952)	326.9%
Financial Revenues	169,922	9,975	83,207	1603.5%	104.2%	179,897	148,770	20.9%
Financial Expenses	(140,026)	(78,084)	(7,060)	79.3%	1883.4%	(218,110)	(157,722)	38.3%
Profit before Income Tax and Social Contribution	829,284	702,250	452,297	18.1%	83.3%	1,531,534	882,103	73.6%
(Current) Deferred Income Tax and Social Contribution	(290,134)	(253,220)	(205,326)	14.6%	41.3%	(543,354)	(354,321)	53.4%
Net Income (Loss) for the Period	539,150	449,030	246,971	20.1%	118.3%	988,180	527,782	87.2%

Income Statement - Parent Company (R\$ thousand)	2Q22 (A)	1Q22 (B)	2Q21 (C)	Chg. (A)/(B)	Chg. (A)/(C)	1S22 (D)	1S21 (E)	Chg. (D)/(E)
Net Operating Revenue	601,563	583,509	377,691	3.1%	59.3%	1,185,072	678,907	74.6%
Cost of Goods Sold	(219,043)	(222,495)	(184,064)	-1.6%	19.0%	(441,538)	(346,963)	27.3%
Gross Profit	382,520	361,014	193,627	6.0%	97.6%	743,534	331,944	124.0%
Selling Expenses	(22,814)	(22,746)	(18,659)	0.3%	22.3%	(45,560)	(32,964)	38.2%
Administrative Expenses	(46,401)	(42,467)	(39,347)	9.3%	17.9%	(88,868)	(73,514)	20.9%
Equity Income	332,953	297,700	126,925	11.8%	162.3%	630,653	340,258	85.3%
Other Operating Revenues (Expenses), Net	(7,301)	(1,057)	32,256	590.7%	-	(8,358)	28,501	-
Profit before Financial Income (Loss), Income Tax and Social Contribution	638,957	592,444	294,802	7.9%	116.7%	1,231,401	594,225	107.2%
Net Financial Result	164	(75,129)	11,021	-	-98.5%	(74,965)	20,917	-
Financial Revenues	53,234	(30,150)	36,750	-	44.9%	23,084	64,715	-64.3%
Financial Expenses	(53,070)	(44,979)	(25,729)	18.0%	106.3%	(98,049)	(43,798)	123.9%
Profit before Income Tax and Social Contribution	639,121	517,315	305,823	23.5%	109.0%	1,156,436	615,142	88.0%
(Current) Deferred Income Tax and Social Contribution	(104,551)	(71,919)	(60,750)	45.4%	72.1%	(176,470)	(92,522)	90.7%
Net Income (Loss) for the Period	534,570	445,396	245,073	20.0%	118.1%	979,966	522,620	87.5%

EXHIBIT II – Balance Sheets

Assets - Consolidated (R\$ thousand)	June 30, 2022	VA	December 31, 2021	VA	Chg.
Total Assets	6,875,187	100%	6,248,208	100%	10.0%
Current Assets	3,551,202	52%	2,842,827	45%	24.9%
Cash and Cash Equivalents	547,658	8%	331,177	5%	65.4%
Investments	1,530,491	22%	1,291,272	21%	18.5%
Accounts Receivable	798,636	12%	676,256	11%	18.1%
Inventories	499,658	7%	442,130	7%	13.0%
Taxes Recoverable	126,361	2%	68,187	1%	85.3%
Prepaid Expenses	21,271	-	3,113	-	583.3%
Other Current Assets	27,127	-	30,692	-	-11.6%
Non-Current Assets	3,323,985	48%	3,405,381	55%	-2.4%
Long-term Receivables	758,091	11%	832,583	13%	-8.9%
Inventories	71,337	1%	62,657	1%	13.9%
Court Deposits	35,102	1%	34,232	1%	2.5%
Taxes Recoverable	615,188	9%	693,891	11%	-11.3%
Others	36,464	1%	41,803	1%	-12.8%
Investments	107,644	2%	104,995	2%	2.5%
Property, Plant & Equipment	2,155,841	31%	2,159,924	35%	-0.2%
Intangible Assets	302,409	4%	307,879	5%	-1.8%

Liabilities - Consolidated (R\$ thousand)	June 30, 2022	VA	December 31, 2021	VA	Chg.
Total Liabilities	6,875,187	100%	6,248,208	100%	10.0%
Current Liabilities	1,468,784	21%	1,796,221	29%	-18.2%
Social and Labor Obligations	128,658	2%	160,472	3%	19.8%
Suppliers	326,074	5%	391,762	6%	-16.8%
Tax Obligations	432,285	6%	420,958	7%	2.7%
Loans and Financing	181,367	3%	161,824	3%	12.1%
Other Obligations	371,142	5%	630,214	10%	-41.1%
Provisions	29,258	-	30,991	-	-5.6%
Non-Current Liabilities	2,146,667	31%	2,130,550	34%	0.8%
Loans and Financing	1,234,618	18%	1,313,005	21%	-6.0%
Other Obligations	85,917	1%	91,269	1%	-5.9%
Deferred Taxes	721,185	10%	631,290	10%	14.2%
Provisions	104,947	2%	94,986	2%	10.5%
Shareholders' Equity	3,259,736	47%	2,321,437	37%	40.4%
Realized Share Capital	927,877	13%	699,002	11%	32.7%
Shares in Treasury	(30,802)	-	(1,401)	-	2,098.6%
Profit Reserves	919,223	13%	1,147,566	18%	-19.9%
Accumulated Profits (Losses)	979,966	14%	-	-	-
Other Comprehensive Income	424,284	6%	443,576	7%	-4.3%
Interest of Non-Controlling Shareholders	39,188	1%	32,694	1%	19.9%

EXHIBIT II – Balance Sheets (cont.)

Assets - Parent Company (R\$ thousand)	June 30, 2022	VA	December 31, 2021	VA	Chg.
Total Assets	5,586,281	100%	4,979,306	100%	12.2%
Current Assets	1,060,951	19%	929,758	19%	14.1%
Cash and Cash Equivalents	219,529	4%	156,135	3%	40.6%
Investments	449,412	8%	402,732	8%	11.6%
Accounts Receivable	197,369	4%	220,848	4%	-10.6%
Inventories	76,764	1%	79,609	2%	-3.6%
Taxes Recoverable	97,648	2%	55,676	1%	75.4%
Prepaid Expenses	7,610	-	1,192	-	538.4%
Other Current Assets	12,619	-	13,566	-	-7.0%
Non-Current Assets	4,525,330	81%	4,049,548	81%	11.7%
Long-term Receivables	360,440	6%	468,951	9%	-23.1%
Accounts Receivable	275,896	5%	284,275	6%	-2.9%
Inventories	27,046	-	25,700	1%	5.2%
Court Deposits	35,058	1%	34,192	1%	2.5%
Taxes Recoverable	7,723	-	104,729	2%	-92.6%
Others	14,717	-	20,055	-	-26.6%
Investments	3,031,061	54%	2,433,484	49%	24.6%
Property, Plant & Equipment	851,052	15%	863,044	17%	-1.4%
Intangible Assets	282,777	5%	284,069	6%	-0.5%

Liabilities - Parent Company (R\$ thousand)	June 30, 2022	VA	December 31, 2021	VA	Chg.
Total Liabilities	5,586,281	100%	4,979,306	100%	12.2%
Current Liabilities	656,021	12%	884,841	18%	-25.9%
Social and Labor Obligations	39,762	1%	52,550	1%	-24.3%
Suppliers	51,092	1%	68,822	1%	-25.8%
Tax Obligations	202,987	4%	137,775	3%	47.3%
Loans and Financing	169,220	3%	151,226	3%	11.9%
Other Obligations	190,855	3%	472,769	9%	-59.6%
Provisions	2,105	-	1,699	-	23.9%
Non-Current Liabilities	1,709,712	31%	1,805,722	36%	-5.3%
Loans and Financing	1,202,370	22%	1,279,884	26%	-6.1%
Other Obligations	26,705	-	29,596	1%	-9.8%
Deferred Taxes	447,227	8%	468,997	9%	-4.6%
Provisions	33,410	1%	27,245	1%	22.6%
Shareholders' Equity	3,220,548	58%	2,288,743	46%	40.7%
Realized Share Capital	927,877	17%	699,002	14%	32.7%
Shares in Treasury	(30,802)	-1%	(1,401)	-	2098.6%
Profit Reserves	919,223	16%	1,147,566	23%	-19.9%
Accumulated Profits (Losses)	979,966	18%	-	-	-
Other Comprehensive Income	424,284	8%	443,576	9%	-4.3%

EXHIBIT III – Cash Flow Statements

Statements of Cash Flow (R\$ thousand)	Parent Company		Consolidated	
	1S22	1S21	1H22	1H21
Cash Flow from Operating Activities				
Profit before Income Tax and Social Contribution	1,156,436	615,142	1,531,534	882,103
Adjustments to Profit				
Depreciation and Amortization	47,687	43,401	117,063	99,435
Effect of the Adoption of IAS 29 (Hyperinflation)	-	-	3,917	30,527
Provision of receivables from repayable credits	-	(5,968)	-	(5,968)
Write-Off of Assets	79	-	502	72
Provision (Reversal) for Lawsuits	5,801	8,480	10,617	14,612
Provision for Interest, Exchange Variation and Other Charges on Loans	113,349	34,621	181,380	61,976
Provision (Reversal) of Environmental Contingencies	1,078	-	3,848	2,039
Provision (Reversal) for Doubtful Debts	(57)	(332)	2,181	652
Provision for Inventory Adjustment	-	-	(181)	11
Equity Income	(630,653)	(340,258)	(1,804)	1,222
PIS/COFINS Credit (Exclusion of ICMS from calculation basis)	-	-	(18,402)	-
	693,720	355,086	1,830,655	1,086,681
Changes in Assets and Liabilities				
Accounts Receivable from Clients	(16,349)	(32,026)	(124,518)	(49,645)
Taxes Recoverable	59,206	(89,983)	43,102	(77,095)
Inventories	1,498	(18,637)	(60,701)	(207,435)
Other Assets	(5,492)	(9,349)	(14,654)	(36,825)
Suppliers	(23,935)	7,298	(79,501)	34,664
Salaries and Social Security Charges	(11,176)	(7,075)	(30,096)	(18,057)
Taxes, Charges and Contributions	197	2,607	(13,596)	(37,086)
Income Tax and Social Contribution	(41,456)	(2,562)	(203,567)	(53,618)
Employee Benefit Liabilities	177	6	(170)	845
Other Liabilities	(25,333)	9,813	(8,303)	(9,618)
	(62,663)	(139,908)	(492,004)	(453,870)
Paid Income Tax and Social Contribution	(96,187)	(67,163)	(264,044)	(175,290)
Net Cash from Operating Activities	534,871	148,015	1,074,607	457,521
Cash Flow from Investing Activities				
Financial Investments, Net of Redemptions	(46,679)	(39,607)	(239,218)	(135,751)
Purchase of Property, Plant & Equipment and Intangible Assets	(14,357)	(20,665)	(62,037)	(102,910)
Acquisition of interest in a jointly controlled company	-	(8,769)	-	(8,769)
Acquisition of interest in a controlled company	(329)	-	(329)	-
Capital contribution in investee	-	(22,500)	-	(22,500)
Cash Inflow (Outflow) from Investment Activities	(61,365)	(91,541)	(301,584)	(269,930)
Cash Flow from Financing Activities				
Amortization of Loans / Debentures	(94,175)	(299,736)	(96,082)	(306,440)
Payment of Interest and Other Charges on Loans	(62,972)	(19,930)	(63,622)	(20,653)
Dividends Paid	(257,272)	(352,710)	(257,272)	(352,710)
Borrowing	-	350,001	562	350,001
Repurchase of Shares in Treasury	(29,400)	(248)	(29,400)	(248)
Credits with related companies	33,707	-	-	-
Net Cash Inflow (Outflow) from Operating Activities	(410,112)	(322,623)	(445,814)	(330,050)
Exchange Rate Change on Cash and Cash Equivalents	-	-	(110,728)	(22,043)
Increase (Decrease) of Cash and Cash Equivalents, net	63,394	(266,149)	216,481	(164,502)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the Beginning of the Year	156,135	371,734	331,177	924,852
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the End of the Period	219,529	105,585	547,658	760,350