

Interim Financial Statements 2Q22

Interim Financial Statement

C&A Modas S.A.

June 30, 2022 and 2021 and the Report of the Independent Auditor

Interim Financial Statement

June 30, 2022 and 2021

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Report of the independent auditor on the review of the quarterly information1

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São Paulo Corporate Towers Av. Presidente Juscelino Kubitschek, 1.909 Vila Nova Conceição 04543-011 - São Paulo - SP - Brasil

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A free translation from Portuguese into English of Independent Auditor's Review Report on Quarterly Information prepared in Brazilian currency in accordance with NBC TG 21 – Interim Financial Reporting and IAS 34 – Interim Financial Reporting, issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB), and the rules issued by the Brazilian Securities and Exchange Commission (CVM) applicable to the preparation of Quarterly Information (ITR)

Independent auditor's review report on quarterly information

The Shareholders and Officers

C&A Modas S.A. Barueri - SP

Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying individual and consolidated interim financial information, contained in the Quarterly Information Form (ITR) of C&A Modas S.A. (the "Company") for the quarter ended June 30, 2022, comprising the statement of financial position as at June 30, 2022 and the related statements of profit or loss and of comprehensive income (loss) for the three and six-month periods then ended, and the statement of changes in equity and cash flows for the six-month period then ended including the explanatory notes.

Management is responsible for preparation of the individual and consolidated interim financial information in accordance with Accounting Pronouncement NBC TG 21 Interim Financial Reporting, and IAS 34 Interim Financial Reporting, issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB), as well as for the fair presentation of this information in conformity with the rules issued by the Brazilian Securities and Exchange Commission (CVM) applicable to the preparation of the Quarterly Information Form (ITR). Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on this interim financial information based on our review.

Scope of review

We conducted our review in accordance with Brazilian and International Standards on Review Engagements (NBC TR 2410 and ISRE 2410 Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity, respectively). A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with auditing standards and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.



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Conclusion on the individual and consolidated interim financial information

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying individual and consolidated interim financial information included in the quarterly information referred to above was not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with NBC TG 21 and IAS 34 applicable to the preparation of Quarterly Information Form (ITR), and presented consistently with the rules issued by the Brazilian Securities and Exchange Commission (CVM).

Other matters

Statements of value added

The above-mentioned quarterly information includes the individual and consolidated statements of value added (SVA) for the six-month period ended as at June 30, 2022, prepared under Company's Management responsibility and presented as supplementary information by IAS 34. These statements have been subject to review procedures performed together with the review of the quarterly information with the objective to conclude whether they are reconciled to the interim financial information and the accounting records, as applicable, and if its format and content are in accordance with the criteria set forth by NBC TG 09 Statement of Value Added. Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that they were not prepared, in all material respects, consistently with the overall individual and consolidated interim financial information.

São Paulo, August 10, 2022.

ERNST & YOUNG Auditores Independentes S.S. CRC-2SP034519/O-6

Flávio Serpejante Peppe Accountant CRC-1SP172167/O-6

Statements of Financial Position On June 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021 (in thousand Reals)

	Note	Parent Company		Conso	lidated
	Note	06/30/2022	12/31/2021	06/30/2022	12/31/2021
Assets					
Current					
Cash and cash equivalents	6	1,089,488	1,003,249	1,113,575	1,050,251
Financial investments	7	4,097	-	4,097	-
Trade receivables	8	1,137,957	1,144,404	1,258,395	1,145,336
Derivatives	30.1.a	282	1,535	282	1,535
Related parties	9	4,184	643	73	504
Inventory	11	961,013	849,269	960,941	849,269
Taxes recoverable	12	959,314	848,803	959,941	849,155
Other Assets	13	77,922	33,337	77,922	33,348
Total current assets		4,234,257	3,881,240	4,375,226	3,929,398
Non-current assets					
Long-term assets					
Financial investments	7	4,096	7,776	4,096	7,776
Taxes recoverable	12	650,877	839,778	650,877	839,778
Deferred taxes	14	475,487	378,365	475,547	378,803
Judicial deposits	23.2	63,223	61,937	63,223	61,937
Related parties	9	104	133	104	133
Other Assets	13	1,886	2,587	1,886	2,587
Total long-term assets		1,195,673	1,290,576	1,195,733	1,291,014
Investments	15	11,377	31,272	-	-
Property and Equipment	16	835,016	836,269	835,016	836,269
Right-of-use assets - leases	18	1,615,411	1,640,290	1,615,411	1,640,290
Intangible assets	17	984,293	975,239	984,703	975,695
Total non-current assets		4,641,770	4,773,646	4,630,863	4,743,268
Total assets		8,876,027	8,654,886	9,006,089	8,672,666

Statements of Financial Position On June 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021 (in thousand Reals)

	Note	Parent C	Company	Conso	lidated
-	Note	06/30/2022	12/31/2021	06/30/2022	12/31/202
Net liabilities and equity					
Current liabilities					
Lease liabilities	18	505,585	471,723	505,585	471,72
Trade payables	19	1,450,604	1,399,676	1,458,552	1,400,73
Loans and debentures	20	801,736	105,108	916,603	121,17
Derivatives	30.1.a	4,797	1,910	4,797	1,91
Labor liabilities	21	127,233	155,470	127,233	155,47
Related parties	9	46,625	59,454	42,443	59,01
Taxes payable	22	88,922	175,352	90,245	176,10
Other liabilities		26,840	28,585	36,901	28,91
Total current liabilities		3,052,342	2,397,278	3,182,359	2,415,05
Non-current liabilities					
Lease liabilities	18	1,310,604	1,342,425	1,310,604	1,342,42
Trade payables	19	13,208	435,060	13,208	435,06
Loans and debentures	20	1,423,975	1,253,648	1,423,975	1,253,64
Labor liabilities		6,402	5,675	6,402	5,67
Provisions for tax, civil and labor risks	23	172,231	169,526	172,276	169,52
Taxes payable	22	12,031	16,212	12,031	16,21
Other liabilities		40,606	40,056	40,606	40,05
Total non-current liabilities		2,979,057	3,262,602	2,979,102	3,262,60
Total liabilities		6,031,399	5,659,880	6,161,461	5,677,65
Equity					
Capital stock	24	1,847,177	1,847,177	1,847,177	1,847,17
Shares in treasury		(4,257)	(1,362)	(4,257)	(1,362
Capital reserve		33,738	27,861	33,738	27,86
Profit reserve		1,121,578	1,121,578	1,121,578	1,121,57
Other comprehensive income (loss)		(2,980)	(248)	(2,980)	(248
Accumulated losses		(150,628)	-	(150,628)	
Total controlling shareholders		2,844,628	2,995,006	2,844,628	2,995,00
Non-controlling interests		-	-	-	:
Total shareholder's equity		2,844,628	2,995,006	2,844,628	2,995,00
Total liabilities and shareholder's equity		8,876,027	8,654,886	9,006,089	8,672,66

Statement of Earnings Quarters and six-month periods ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 (In thousand Reals - R\$, except earnings per share)

Sale of goods and services 1,575,882 2,706,571 1,137,907 1,851,4 Financial Products and Services 32,291 90,528 37,162 98,9 Cost of sales and services rendered 27 (793,645) (1,423,026) (627,154) (1,052,23) Sale of goods and services (793,493) (1,422,701) (626,934) (1,051,77) Financial Products and Services (152) (325) (220) (45) Gross profit 814,528 1,374,073 547,915 898,2 Operating (expenses) income: (168,505) (331,449) (131,239) (208,81) Sales expenses 27 (168,505) (331,449) (131,239) (208,81) Sales expenses 27 (168,505) (331,449) (131,239) (208,81) Sales expenses 27 (168,505) (331,449) (131,239) (208,81) Other net operating income (expenses) 27 (17,167) (19,895) 82 14,688 13,284 125,772 132,1 Operating profit (loss) before finance 89,257 (82,851) 85,759 (83,50)			Company	Parent C			
Quarter Year-to-date previous year Previous year Note 04/01/2022 to 01/01/2022 to 04/01/2021 to 01/01/2021 to 01/01/2021 to 01/01/2021 to 06/30/2021 <td< th=""><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th></td<>							
Note 04/01/2022 to 01/01/2022 to 04/01/2021 to 01/01/2021 to 01/01/2022 to 06/30/2021 06/30/201 06/30/201 06/30/201 06/30/201 06/30/201 06/30/201 06/30/201 06/30/201 06/30/201 06/30/201 06/30/201 06/30/201 06/30/201 06/30/2							
Note 06/30/2022 06/30/2022 06/30/2021 06/30/2021 Net Revenue 26 1,608,173 2,797,099 1,175,069 1,950,4 Sale of goods and services 1,575,882 2,706,571 1,137,907 1,851,4 Financial Products and Services 27 (793,645) (1,423,026) (627,154) (1,052,23) Sale of goods and services 27 (793,493) (1,422,701) (626,934) (1,051,77) Financial Products and Services 27 (152) (325) (220) (45) Gross profit 814,528 1,374,073 547,915 898,2 Operating (expenses) income: 27 (168,505) (331,449) (131,239) (208,81) Sales expenses 27 (168,505) (331,449) (456,771) (905,17) Share of profit of subsidiaries 27 (168,505) (331,449) (131,239) (208,81) Operating profit (loss) before finance 27 (168,505) (331,449) (131,239) (208,81) Operating profit (loss) before finance<							
Net Revenue 26 1,608,173 2,797,099 1,175,069 1,950,4 Sale of goods and services 1,575,882 2,706,571 1,137,907 1,851,4 Financial Products and Services 27 (793,645) (1,423,026) (627,154) (1,052,23) Sale of goods and services 27 (793,443) (1,422,701) (626,934) (1,051,77) Financial Products and Services 27 (152) (325) (220) (45) Gross profit 814,528 1,374,073 547,915 898,2 Operating (expenses) income: 27 (168,505) (331,449) (131,239) (208,81) Sales expenses 27 (1554,287) (1,118,864) (456,771) (905,17) Share of profit of subsidiaries 27 (168,505) (331,449) (131,239) (208,81) Operating profit (loss) before finance 27 (168,805) (321,449) (131,239) (208,81) Operating profit (loss) before finance 27 (168,505) (331,449) (131,239) (208,81)			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • = • = = • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
Sale of goods and services 1,575,882 2,706,571 1,137,907 1,851,4 Financial Products and Services 32,291 90,528 37,162 98,9 Cost of sales and services rendered 27 (793,645) (1,423,026) (627,154) (1,051,77 Sale of goods and services (793,645) (1,422,701) (626,934) (1,051,77 Financial Products and Services (152) (325) (220) (45 Gross profit 814,528 1,374,073 547,915 898,2 Operating (expenses) income: (168,505) (331,449) (131,239) (208,81 Sales expenses 27 (168,505) (331,449) (131,239) (208,81 Sales expenses 27 (168,505) (331,449) (131,239) (208,81 Sales expenses 27 (168,505) (331,449) (131,239) (208,81 Other net operating income (expenses) 27 (17,167) (19,895) 82 1 Operating profit (loss) before finance 89,257 (82,851) 85,759 (83,50 Foreign exchange variation (2,521) 1,228 </th <th>021</th> <th>06/30/202</th> <th>06/30/2021</th> <th>06/30/2022</th> <th>06/30/2022</th> <th>Note</th> <th>-</th>	021	06/30/202	06/30/2021	06/30/2022	06/30/2022	Note	-
Financial Products and Services 32,291 90,528 37,162 98,9 Cost of sales and services rendered 27 (793,645) (1,423,026) (627,154) (1,052,23) Sale of goods and services (793,493) (1,422,701) (626,934) (1,051,777) Financial Products and Services (152) (325) (220) (45) Gross profit 814,528 1,374,073 547,915 898,2 Operating (expenses) income: (168,505) (331,449) (131,239) (208,81) Sales expenses 27 (168,505) (331,449) (131,239) (208,81) Sales expenses 27 (168,505) (331,449) (131,239) (208,81) Share of profit of subsidiaries (17,167) (19,895) 82 14,688 13,284 125,772 132,1 Operating profit (loss) before finance 27 (82,851) 85,759 (83,50) Foreign exchange variation (2,521) 1,228 2,886 1,2 Foreign exchange variation (2,521) 1,228 2,886 1,2 Finance expenses (144,090) <t< td=""><td>433</td><td>1,950,43</td><td>1,175,069</td><td>2,797,099</td><td>1,608,173</td><td>26</td><td>Net Revenue</td></t<>	433	1,950,43	1,175,069	2,797,099	1,608,173	26	Net Revenue
Cost of sales and services rendered 27 (793,645) (1,423,026) (627,154) (1,052,23) Sale of goods and services (793,493) (1,422,701) (626,934) (1,051,77) Financial Products and Services (152) (325) (220) (45) Gross profit 814,528 1,374,073 547,915 898,2 Operating (expenses) income: 814,528 1,374,073 547,915 898,2 Sales expenses 27 (168,505) (331,449) (131,239) (208,81) Sales expenses 27 (554,287) (1,118,864) (456,771) (905,17) Share of profit of subsidiaries (17,167) (19,895) 82 1 Operating profit (loss) before finance 27 14,688 13,284 125,772 132,1 Operating profit (loss) before finance 89,257 (82,851) 85,759 (83,50) Foreign exchange variation (2,521) 1,228 2,886 1,2 Foreign exchange variation (2,521) 1,228 2,886 1,2 Finance expenses (144,090) (253,895) (55,122)	495	1,851,49	1,137,907	2,706,571	1,575,882		Sale of goods and services
Sale of goods and services (1,021)(1,122,701) (626,934) (1,051,77) Financial Products and Services (152) (325) (220) (45 Gross profit 814,528 1,374,073 547,915 898,2 Operating (expenses) income: 814,528 1,374,073 547,915 898,2 General and Administrative expenses 27 (168,505) (331,449) (131,239) (208,81 Sales expenses 27 (168,505) (331,449) (131,239) (208,81 Sales expenses 27 (154,287) (1,118,864) (456,771) (905,17) Share of profit of subsidiaries (17,167) (19,895) 82 1 Other net operating income (expenses) 27 14,688 13,284 125,772 132,1 Operating profit (loss) before finance 89,257 (82,851) 85,759 (83,50) Foreign exchange variation (2,521) 1,228 2,886 1,2 Finance expenses (144,090) (253,895) (55,122) (108,13)	938	98,93	37,162	90,528	32,291		Financial Products and Services
Financial Products and Services (152) (325) (220) (45 Gross profit 814,528 1,374,073 547,915 898,2 Operating (expenses) income: 814,528 1,374,073 547,915 898,2 Operating (expenses) income: (168,505) (331,449) (131,239) (208,81 Sales expenses 27 (554,287) (1,118,864) (456,771) (905,17 Share of profit of subsidiaries (17,167) (19,895) 82 1 Other net operating income (expenses) 27 14,688 13,284 125,772 132,1 Operating profit (loss) before finance 89,257 (82,851) 85,759 (83,50) Foreign exchange variation (2,521) 1,228 2,886 1,2 Finance expenses (144,090) (253,895) (55,122) (108,13)	233)	(1,052,233	(627,154)	(1,423,026)	(793,645)	27	Cost of sales and services rendered
Gross profit 814,528 1,374,073 547,915 898,2 Operating (expenses) income: General and Administrative expenses 27 (168,505) (331,449) (131,239) (208,81 Sales expenses 27 (554,287) (1,118,864) (456,771) (905,17) Share of profit of subsidiaries 27 (17,167) (19,895) 82 12 Other net operating income (expenses) 27 14,688 13,284 125,772 132,1 Operating profit (loss) before finance results 89,257 (82,851) 85,759 (83,505) Foreign exchange variation (2,521) 1,228 2,886 1,2 Finance expenses (144,090) (253,895) (55,122) (108,13)	74)	(1,051,774	(626,934)	(1,422,701)	(793,493)		Sale of goods and services
Operating (expenses) income: General and Administrative expenses 27 (168,505) (331,449) (131,239) (208,81) Sales expenses 27 (554,287) (1,118,864) (456,771) (905,17) Share of profit of subsidiaries (17,167) (19,895) 82 12 Other net operating income (expenses) 27 14,688 13,284 125,772 132,1 Operating profit (loss) before finance results 89,257 (82,851) 85,759 (83,505) Foreign exchange variation Finance expenses (144,090) (253,895) (55,122) (108,13)	59)	(459	(220)	(325)	(152)		Financial Products and Services
General and Administrative expenses 27 (168,505) (331,449) (131,239) (208,81 Sales expenses 27 (554,287) (1,118,864) (456,771) (905,17) Share of profit of subsidiaries (17,167) (19,895) 82 1 Other net operating income (expenses) 27 14,688 13,284 125,772 132,1 Operating profit (loss) before finance results 89,257 (82,851) 85,759 (83,50) Foreign exchange variation Finance expenses (144,090) (253,895) (55,122) (108,13)	200	898,20	547,915	1,374,073	814,528		Gross profit
General and Administrative expenses 27 (168,505) (331,449) (131,239) (208,81 Sales expenses 27 (554,287) (1,118,864) (456,771) (905,17) Share of profit of subsidiaries (17,167) (19,895) 82 1 Other net operating income (expenses) 27 14,688 13,284 125,772 132,1 Operating profit (loss) before finance results 89,257 (82,851) 85,759 (83,50) Foreign exchange variation Finance expenses (144,090) (253,895) (55,122) (108,13)							Operating (expenses) income:
Sales expenses 27 (554,287) (1,118,864) (456,771) (905,17) Share of profit of subsidiaries (17,167) (19,895) 82 1 Other net operating income (expenses) 27 14,688 13,284 125,772 132,1 Operating profit (loss) before finance 89,257 (82,851) 85,759 (83,50) Foreign exchange variation (2,521) 1,228 2,886 1,2 Finance expenses (144,090) (253,895) (55,122) (108,13)	312)	(208.81)	(131,239)	(331,449)	(168,505)	27	
Share of profit of subsidiaries (17,167) (19,895) 82 1 Other net operating income (expenses) 27 14,688 13,284 125,772 132,1 Operating profit (loss) before finance 89,257 (82,851) 85,759 (83,50) Foreign exchange variation (2,521) 1,228 2,886 1,2 Finance expenses (144,090) (253,895) (55,122) (108,13)		(905,179				27	•
Other net operating income (expenses) 27 14,688 13,284 125,772 132,1 Operating profit (loss) before finance results 89,257 (82,851) 85,759 (83,50) Foreign exchange variation Finance expenses (2,521) 1,228 2,886 1,2 (144,090) (253,895) (55,122) (108,13)	133	•	,	• • • •	• • •		•
results89,257(82,851)85,759(83,50)Foreign exchange variation(2,521)1,2282,8861,2Finance expenses(144,090)(253,895)(55,122)(108,13)	150	132,15	125,772	• • •	• • •	27	Other net operating income (expenses)
Foreign exchange variation(2,521)1,2282,8861,2Finance expenses(144,090)(253,895)(55,122)(108,13)		(00 50)	05 750	(00.054)	~~~~		
Finance expenses (144,090) (253,895) (55,122) (108,13	(80	(83,508	85,759	(82,851)	89,257		results
	286	1,28	2,886	1,228			
Finance income 51 439 89 176 70 879 87 2	35)	(108,13	(55,122)	(253,895)	(144,090)		Finance expenses
	204	87,20	70,879	89,176	51,439		Finance income
Finance results 28 (95,172) (163,491) 18,643 (19,64	645)	(19,64	18,643	(163,491)	(95,172)	28	Finance results
Profit (loss) before income taxes (5,915) (246,342) 104,402 (103,15	53)	(103,153	104,402	(246,342)	(5,915)		Profit (loss) before income taxes
Income taxes 14 8,011 95,714 (35,171) 33,8	845	33,84	(35,171)	95,714	8,011	14	Income taxes
Profit (loss) for the period 2,096 (150,628) 69,231 (69,30	808)	(69,308	69,231	(150,628)	2,096		Profit (loss) for the period

Statement of Earnings Quarters and six-month periods ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 (In thousand Reals - R\$, except earnings per share)

			Conso	lidated	
				Same quarter	r
		Current		in the	
		Quarter			rPrevious year
				04/01/2021 a	01/01/2021 to
-	Note	06/30/2022	06/30/2022	06/30/2021	06/30/2021
Net Revenue	26	1,630,240	2,827,264	1,175,590	1,951,666
Sale of merchandise and services		1,575,450	2,706,139	1,137,908	1,851,495
Financial Products and Services		54,790	121,125	37,682	100,171
Cost of sales and services rendered	27	(793,784)	(1,423,389)	(627,154)	(1,052,233)
Sale of merchandise and services		(793,393)	(1,422,601)	(626,934)	(1,051,774)
Financial Products and Services		(391)	(788)	(220)	(459)
Gross Profit		836,456	1,403,875	548,436	899,433
Operating (expenses) income:					
General and administrative expenses	27	(163,228)	(334,644)	(131,697)	(209,757)
Sales expenses	27	(585,481)	(1,149,829)	(456,771)	(905,179)
Share of profit of subsidiaries		(12,192)	(13,386)	-	-
Other net operating income (expenses)	27	13,704	12,300	125,772	132,150
Operating profit (loss) before finance			,	- ,	- ,
results		89,259	(81,684)	85,740	(83,353)
Foreign exchange variation		(2,521)	1,228	2,886	1,286
Finance expenses		(144,805)	(255,137)	(55,123)	(108,137)
Finance income		51,706	89,721	70,879	87,205
Finance results	28	(95,620)	(164,188)	18,642	(19,646)
Profit (loss) before income taxes		(6,361)	(245,872)	104,382	(102,999)
Income taxes	14	8,460	95,241	(35,150)	33,691
Profit (loss) for the period		2,099	(150,631)	69,232	(69,308)
Attributable to the shareholders:					
Non-controlling interests		3	(3)	1	-
Equity holders of the parent		2,096	(150,628)	69,231	(69,308)
		2,099	(150,631)	69,232	(69,308)
Basic profit (loss) per share - in R\$	33	0.0068	(0.4902)	0.2246	(0.2248)
Diluted profit (loss) per share - in R\$	33	0.0067	(0.4902)	0.2245	(0.2248)
		0.0001	(0002)	0.2210	(0.22.10)

Statement of comprehensive income (loss) Quarters and six-month periods ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 (in thousand Reals - R\$)

	Parent Company						
	Current Quarter 04/01/2022 to 06/30/2022	Year-to-date 01/01/2022 to 06/30/2022	Same quarter in the previous year 04/01/2021 to 06/30/2021	Previous year 01/01/2021 to 06/30/2021			
Profit (loss) for the period Other comprehensive results:	2,096	(150,628)	69,231	(69,308)			
Gain (loss) from derivatives Tax effects	24,243 (8,243)	(4,140) 1,408	(10,279) 3,495	742 (252)			
Total comprehensive results to be reclassified to results for the period in subsequent periods, net of taxes	16,000	(2,732)	(6,784)	490			
Total comprehensive results	18,096	(153,360)	62,447	(68,818)			

		Consolio	dated	
	Current Quarter	Year-to-date	Same quarter in the previous year	Previous year
	04/01/2022 to 06/30/2022	01/01/2022 to 06/30/2022	04/01/2021 to 06/30/2021	01/01/2021 to 06/30/2021
Profit (loss) for the period Other comprehensive results:	2,099	(150,631)	69,232	(69,308)
Gain (loss) from derivatives	24,243	(4,140)	(10,279)	742
Tax effects	(8,243)	1,408	3,495	(252)
Total comprehensive results to be reclassified to results for the period in subsequent periods, net of taxes	16,000	(2,732)	(6,784)	490
Total comprehensive results				
Attributable to the shareholders:	18,099	(153,363)	62,448	(68,818)
Non-controlling interests	3	(3)	1	-
Equity holders of the parent	18,096	(153,360)	62,447	(68,818)
	18,099	(153,363)	62,448	(68,818)

Statements of changes in equity Six-month period ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 (in thousand Reals - R\$)

	Note	Share capita	Shares in Treasury	Capita Capital reserve	Il reserve Shares granted	Legal reserve	Profit re Reserves for unrealized gains	Reserve	investmen	Othe comprehens ve income Equity valuation adjustments	i	Total controlling interests	Non- controllir g interests	n Total shareholde r's equity
Balance on December 31, 2020 Equity instruments granted - share- based compensation	10	1,847,177	-	10,516	8,859 3,823	48,600	-	1,874	742,096	(4,324)	-	2,654,798 3,823	2	2,654,800
Destination of earnings: Profit (loss) for the period	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	- (69,308)	(69,308)	-	(69,308)
Reserve for tax incentives Other comprehensive income	24.7			-	-	-	-	4,320	-	- 490	(4,320)	- 490	-	- 490
Balance on June 30, 2021		1,847,177	-	10,516	12,682	48,600	-	6,194	742,096	(3,834)	(73,628)	2,589,803	2	2,589,805
Balance on December 31, 2021 Equity instruments granted - share-		1,847,177	(1,362)	10,516	17,345	65,050	75,720	11,552	969,256	(248)	-	2,995,006	3	2,995,009
based compensation Shares buy-back	10	-	- (2,895)	-	5,877 -	-	-	:	-	-	:	5,877 (2,895)	-	5,877 (2,895)
Destination of earnings: Profit (loss) for the period Reserve for tax incentives	24.7	-	-	-	-	-			-	-	- (150,628) -	- (150,628) -	(3)	- (150,631) -
Other comprehensive income Balance on June 30, 2022		- 1,847,177	- (4,257)	- 10,516	- 23,222	- 65,050	- 75,720	- 11,552	- 969,256	<u>(2,732)</u> (2,980)		(2,732) 2,844,628		(2,732) 2,844,628

Statements of cash flow

Six-month period ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

(in thousand Reals - R\$)

		Parent	Company	Consolidated		
	Note	06/30/2022	06/30/2021	06/30/2022	06/30/2021	
Dperating activities						
ncome (loss) before income tax		(246,342)	(103,153)	(245,872)	(102,999)	
djustments to reconcile income before income taxes to					(, ,	
net cash flows:						
Allowance for (reversal) for expected credit losses	8c	2,458	2,749	15,843	2,749	
Adjustment to present value of trade receivables and						
suppliers		3,589	107	3,589	107	
Expenses with stock-based compensation	10	5,877	3,823	5,877	3,823	
Provisions for inventory losses	11b	26,728	21,603	26,728	21,603	
Gains/Recognition of tax claims	12(i.iv)	(40,972)	(243,554)	(40,972)	(243,554)	
Share of profit of subsidiaries	15	19,895	(133)	-	-	
Depreciation and amortization	16b and 17b	163,507	116,895	163,553	116,895	
Impairment reversal of property and equipment, intangible						
and right-of-use assets		(6,408)	81	(6,408)	81	
Losses from the sale or disposal of property and equipment						
and intangible assets		4,273	4,448	4,273	4,448	
Depreciation of right-of-use	1a	189,726	167,756	189,726	167,756	
Interest on leases	19a	80,129	70,354	80,129	70,354	
Interest on loans	21c	105,489	24,814	118,164	24,814	
Amortization of the transaction costs on loans	21c	1,209	1,332	1,209	1,332	
Provisions (reversal) for tax, civil and labor proceedings	2.0	14,758	6,772	14,803	6,772	
Derivative operations		-	0,112	-	0,112	
Update of judicial deposits		(6,234)	(660)	(6,234)	(660)	
Financial investments income		(417)	(000)	(417)	(000)	
ariations in assets and liabilities:		(417)	-	(417)	-	
		620	210.055	(422.274)	210 110	
Trade receivables		620	210,055	(132,271)	210,119	
Related parties		(16,341)	(12,862)	(16,113)	(13,515)	
Inventory		(138,472)	(242,987)	(138,400)	(242,987)	
Taxes recoverable		119,362	45,807	119,087	45,664	
Other credits		(47,944)	(8,230)	(47.933)	(8,230)	
Judicial deposits		354	3,316	354	3,316	
Trade payables		(249,575)	(321,151)	(242,687)	(320,879)	
Labor liabilities		(27,510)	(4,662)	(27,510)	(4,662)	
Other debits		(1,195)	5,905	8,532	5,905	
Provisions for tax, civil and labor risks		(7,459)	(11,970)	(7,459)	(11,970)	
Taxes payable		(86,145)	(60,626)	(84,948)	(60,535)	
Income Tax and Social Contribution paid		(4,466)	(1,727)	(5,186)	(1,806)	
ash flow originating (invested in) operating activities		(141,506)	(325,897)	(250,543)	(326,058)	
vestment activities						
Purchase of property and equipment		(120,394)	(102,527)	(120,394)	(102,527)	
Purchase of intangible assets		(171,368)	(104,178)	(171,368)	(104,642)	
Receivables from the sale of property and equipment		192	82	192	82	
ash flow used in investment activities		(291,570)	(206,623)	(291,570)	(207,087)	
inancing activities	-	(201,010)	(200,020)	(201,010)	(201,001)	
New loans and debentures issued		850,000	500,000	1,019,294	500,000	
Loan/debenture transaction costs		(5,811)	(3,678)	(5,906)	(3,678)	
Repayment of Ioans Interest paid on Ioans		(21,500)	(362,500)	(104,577)	(362,500) (21,872)	
		(62,432)	(21,872)	(62,432)		
Repayments and interest paid on leases		(238,047)	(209,004)	(238,047)	(209,004)	
Shares buy-back		(2,895)	-	(2,895)	-	
Interest on shareholder's equity and dividends paid	_	-	-	-	(1)	
et cash flows originating from (used by) financing			· · · · · ·		/-	
ctivities		519,315	(97,054)	605,437	(97,055)	
let increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		86,239	(629,574)	63,324	(630,200)	
ash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period		1,003,249	1,507,789	1,050,251	1,509,159	
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period		1,089,488	878,215	1,113,575	878,959	

Statements of value added Six-month period ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 (in thousand Reals - R\$)

	Parent C	ompany	Consolidated			
	06/30/2022	06/30/2021	06/30/2022	06/30/2021		
Revenue						
Sales of goods and services	3,601,365	2,518,041	3,635,832	2,519,336		
Other net operating income (expenses)	19,475	181,341	19,475	181,341		
Provision for/reversal of expected credit losses	(397)	(590)	(13,782)	(590)		
•	3,620,443	2,698,792	3,641,525	2,700,087		
Inputs acquired from third parties						
Cost of merchandise and services sold	(1,391,861)	(1,027,302)	(1,391,760)	(1,027,302)		
Materials, energy, third party services, and others	(526,497)	(441,014)	(538,053)	(441,956)		
Impairment of assets	(10,831)	(12,831)	(10,831)	(12,831)		
	(1,929,189)	(1,481,147)	(1,940,644)	(1,482,089)		
Gross Value Added	1,691,254	1,217,645	1,700,881	1,217,998		
Depreciation and amortization	(163,507)	(116,895)	(163,555)	(116,895)		
Depreciation of right-of-use	(172,727)	(152,829)	(172,727)	(152,829)		
Retentions	(336,234)	(269,724)	(336,282)	(269,724)		
Net value added	1,355,020	947,921	1,364,599	948,274		
	, ,					
Value added received through transfer Share of profit of subsidiaries	(19,895)	133	_			
Finance income	110,735	95.625	- 111,280	- 95.626		
	90,840	95,025	111,280	95,626		
Total value added for distribution	1,445,860	1,043,679	1,475,879	1,043,900		
Distribution of value added						
Distribution of value added	420 667	225 001	454 672	225 004		
Personnel	430,667	335,081	454,673	335,081		
Direct compensation	316,472	244,987	316,472	244,987		
Benefits	79,003	58,621	79,003	58,621		
Severance pay fund (FGTS)	27,169	20,955	27,169	20,955		
Other	8,023	10,518	32,029	10,518		
Taxes and Contributions	769,330	586,363	774,105	586,580		
Federal	202,463	174,019	206,477	174,236		
State	538,950	387,119	539,207	387,119		
Municipal	27,917	25,225	28,421	25,225		
Debt remuneration	396,491	191,543	397,732	191,547		
Rentals	124,851	77,433	124,851	77,433		
Finance expenses	271,640	114,110	272,881	114,114		
Compensation on equity	(150,628)	(69,308)	(150,631)	(69,308)		
Profit (loss) for the period	(150,628)	(69,308)	(150,631)	(69,308)		

Notes to the interim financial statements June 30, 2022 and 2021 (in thousand Reals unless otherwise stated)

1. Operating Context

C&A Modas S.A. (hereafter the "Company" or "Controlling Entity") has its main offices located at Alameda Araguaia, 1,222 - Barueri - São Paulo - Brazil. The Company is a traded company, currently 34.2% of its shares are traded on the B3 Brazilian stock exchange (São Paulo – Brazil) under the ticker "CEAB3". The ultimate parent company is COFRA Holding AG headquartered in Switzerland.

The primary activities of the Company and its subsidiary are:

- Online and B&M retail sales of apparel, footwear, accessories, cell phones, watches, costume jewelry and cosmetics, among others.
- Financial intermediation services in the form of credit to finance purchases, issuing credit cards and personal loans, and intermediation in brokering and promoting the distribution of insurance, capitalization bonds, and related products offered by insurers and other third parties offering of such products
- Proprietary payment institution activities.
- Apparel manufactured by third parties at their own facilities, with C&A supplying the inputs, and products distributed solely to the parent company

The company sells its goods in 329 stores (319 stores and 4 mini-stores on December 31, 2021), supplied by 7 logistics operations and 4 distribution centers located in the states of São Paulo, Rio de Janeiro and Santa Catarina. The Company also sells its goods through numerous forms of e-commerce:

- Deliveries made directly from the distribution center in São Paulo to the customer's location;
- Click-and-collect, where customers choose a store to pick up their goods;
- Ship-from-store, where goods are shipped from one of the stores to the location chosen by the customer.

The non-financial data included in these financial statements, individual and consolidated, such as number of stores and distribution centers, among others, have not been audited nor reviewed by our Independent auditors.

2. Basis of Preparation

The Company's individual and consolidated interim financial statements for the quarter ended June 30, 2022 were prepared based on accounting practices adopted in Brazil, in accordance with Brazilian Accounting Standard NBC TG 21 (R4) - Interim Statement issued by the Federal Accounting Council ("CFC") which is correlated to the international financial reporting standard (IFRS) IAS 34 - Interim Financial Reporting Standards issued by International Accounting Standards Board - IASB, and guidelines from the Brazilian Securities and Exchange Commission ("CVM").

Notes to the interim financial statements June 30, 2022 and 2021 (in thousand Reals unless otherwise stated)

The individual and consolidated financial statements were prepared based on a historical cost basis, except for certain financial instruments measured at fair value, and based on the premise of a going concern of the consolidated entities. All the data relevant to the interim individual and consolidated financial statements, and only this data is disclosed, and corresponds to the data used by Management in managing Company activities, as per Technical Instruction OCP C07.

Management has assessed the Company's ability, and that of its subsidiaries, to continue normal operations, and is convinced they have the resources to remain as a going concern. Furthermore, Management is unaware of any material uncertainty that might create significant questions regarding its ability to remain a going concern. Thus, these interim financial statements were prepared based on an assumption of a going concern.

On August 08, 2022 the Board of Directors authorized the issuing of the individual and consolidated interim financial statements for the period ended June 30, 2022.

The interim financial statements are submitted in thousand Reals (R\$), which is the functional and statement currency of the Company and its subsidiaries. Transactions in foreign currency are initially recorded at the exchange rate of the functional currency in effect on the date of the transaction. Foreign-currency denominated monetary assets and liabilities are converted using the functional currency exchange rate in effect on the date of the Statements of Financial Position. All differences are recorded in the Statement of Operations.

The presentation of the Statement of Added Value (SAV), individual and consolidated, is required by Brazilian Accounting Standard NBC TG 09 - Statement of Added Value - applicable to publicly held companies. IFRS does not require the presentation of this statement. Consequently, by IFRS, this statement is presented as supplementary information, without prejudice to the set of interim financial information. The purpose of the SVA is to demonstrate the wealth created by the company during the period and demonstrate how it was distributed to the various players.

Notes to the interim financial statements June 30, 2022 and 2021 (in thousand Reals unless otherwise stated)

Impact of COVID-19

Following a period of uncertainty regarding the pandemic, the scenario is now stable. All our stores are working normal hours, and sales have consistently recovered. Management is monitoring the situation and from time to time updates its financial projections, which are used to measure and assess the sufficiency of accounting estimates.

When preparing the interim financial statements for the quarter ended June 30, 2022 the Company made no specific assessment for the pandemic situation. However, it is closely following relevant themes such as liquidity, inventory, tax recovery, and expenses in general, which it monitors on a daily basis.

3. Basis for Consolidation

Consolidated interim financial statements include the Company's operations and those of its subsidiaries Orion Companhia Securitizadora de Créditos Financeiros S.A. and Moda Lab Ltda. (known as 'subsidiaries' or "subsidiary", or just Orion or Mode Lab when addressed in isolation).

The Company analyzes whether or not is controls a subsidiary if facts and circumstances indicate that one or more of the following elements of control have changed:

• Power over the subsidiary (e.g. existing rights that ensure the current ability to manage the relevant activities of the subsidiary);

- Exposure or right to variable results as a result of its involvement with the subsidiary;
- The ability to use its power over the subsidiary to impact the value of its returns.

Consolidation of a subsidiary commences at the time the Company has control of the subsidiary and ends when it no longer exercises said control. The assets, liabilities and earnings of a subsidiary that is purchased or sold during the period are included in the consolidated financial statements as of the day the Company obtained control until the date it no longer has control of the subsidiary.

The result of each component of other comprehensive earnings are allocated to the Company's controlling and non-controlling shareholders, even if this means a loss for non-controlling shareholders. The fiscal periods of the subsidiaries coincide with those of the Parent Company, and accounting practices were uniformly applied to the subsidiaries. When necessary, adjustments were made in the subsidiary financial statements to align their accounting policies with those of the Company. Consolidation eliminates any assets, liabilities, earnings, revenue, expenses, and cash flows for the same group that have to do with transactions between members of the same economic group.

Notes to the interim financial statements June 30, 2022 and 2021 (in thousand Reals unless otherwise stated)

A change in equity in the subsidiary without loss of control is booked as an equity transaction.

If the Company loses control over a subsidiary, the subsidiary assets (including any premium) and liabilities are written off at book value on the date control is lost, and the book value of any non-controlling assets on the date on which control is lost (including any components of other comprehensive results attributed to them). Any difference (loss or gain) is booked under earnings. Retained investments are recognized at fair value on the date control is lost.

In the individual interim financial statements, the Company's investments in its subsidiaries are recorded using the equity approach.

At an Extraordinary General Meeting held on February 1, 2021 the shareholders approved a change in the name of Companhia Orion Companhia Securitizadora de Créditos Financeiros S.A. to Orion Instituição de Pagamento S.A. This Company's stated purpose of business was also amended to primarily the development of payment arrangements, payment services as an issuer of electronic currency, an issuer of post-paid payment instruments, accrediting, sub-accrediting, and payment transaction initiator, among other activities inherent to a payment institution.

On May 5, 2022, the company Moda Lab Ltd was created, whose main activity is the manufacture of clothing articles manufactured exclusively by third parties, in their own facilities, by order and by sending inputs, molds, matrices or models. Moda Lab Ltda.'s sales are carried out exclusively to its parent company.

Notes to the interim financial statements June 30, 2022 and 2021 (in thousand Reals unless otherwise stated)

4. Accounting policies

The main accounting policies used to prepare these Individual and Consolidated Interim Financial Statements are consistent with those used and disclosed in Explanatory Note 4, corresponding to the financial statements for the period ending December 31, 2021 and published on March 10, 2022, and therefore, should be read in combination.

4.1. Pronouncements made but not net applicable

New and amended standards and interpretations issued but not yet in effect as of the date of issue of the Company's financial statements are described below. The Company plans to adopt these new and amended standards and interpretations as applicable, on the date they become effective. Changes related to CPC50/IFRS17 do not apply to the Company.

a) IFRS 17 - Insurance Contracts

In May 2017 the IASB issued IFRS 17 - Insurance Contracts (CPC 50 - Insurance Contracts, replacing CPC 11 - Insurance Contracts), a new comprehensive accounting standard for insurance contracts that includes recognition and measurement, submission and disclosure. As soon as it became effective, IFRS 17 (CPC 50) replaced IFRS 4 - Insurance Contracts (CPC 11), issued in 2005. IFRS 17 applies to all sorts of insurance contracts (such as life, property & casualty, direct insurance and reinsurance), regardless of the type of issuing entity, as well as certain guarantees and financial instruments with discretionary participation features. There are some exceptions to the scope. The overall objective of IFRS 17 is to provide an accounting model for insurance contracts that is more useful and consistent for insurers. Unlike the requirements of IFRS 4, which is broadly based on local accounting practices applicable to previous periods, IFRS 17 provides a broad model for insurance contracts that includes all relevant accounting aspects. IFRS 17 is the overall template, and is complemented by:

- Specific adaptations for contracts with direct participation features (variable rate approach).
- A simplified approach (premium allocation approach), primarily for short-term agreements.

IFRS 17 and CPC 50 shall apply to all periods as of January 1, 2023, comparable values must be submitted. Early adoption is allowed if the entity also adopts IFRS 9 and IFRS 15 on or before the date it adopts IFRS 17. This standard does not apply to the Company.

Notes to the interim financial statements June 30, 2022 and 2021 (in thousand Reals unless otherwise stated)

b) Changes in IAS 1: Classification of liabilities as current or non-current

In January 2020, the IASB amended paragraphs 69 through 76 of IAS 1, which corresponds to CPC 26, specifying the requirements for classifying a liability as current or non-current. These amendments clarify:

- What the right to defer settlement means;
- That the right to defer must exist on the effective date of the report;
- That this classification is not affected by the likelihood that an entity will exercise is right to defer;
- The terms of a liability would not impact its classification only if that derivative is embedded into a convertible liability is itself an equity instrument

These amendments shall be effective as of January 1, 2023 and must be applied retrospectively. Currently, the Company analyzes the impact that the changes will have on current practices and if existing loan agreements may require renegotiation.

c) Changes in IAS 8: Definition of accounting estimates

In February 2021 IASM amended IAS 8 (the standard that is equivalent to CPC 23), introducing a definition for 'accounting estimates'. The changes clarify the distinction between changes in accounting estimates, changes in accounting policies, and error correction. They also explain how entities use the measuring techniques, and inputs to develop accounting estimates.

The changes are effective for periods starting on or after January 1, 2023 and apply to changes in policies and accounting estimates during and after this period. Early adoption is allowed if disclosed. These changes are not expected to have a significant impact on the Company's financial statements.

d) Amendments to IAS 1 and IFRS Practice Statement 2: Disclosure of accounting policies

In February 2021 the IASB issued amendments to IAS 1 (the standard corresponding to CPC 26 (R1)) and IFRS Practice Statement 2 Making Materiality Judgements, providing guidelines and examples to help entities apply judgement of materiality when disclosing accounting policies. The goal of the amendments is to help entities disclose accounting policies that are more useful, by replacing the requirement for disclosing significant accounting policies to material accounting policies and adding guidelines as to how entities shall apply the concept of materiality to make decisions regarding the Disclosure of accounting policies.

The amendments to IAS 1 are effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2023. Given that the amendments to *Practice Statement 2* provide non-mandatory guidelines for applying the definition of material as regards accounting policy, a date for adopting this amendment is not necessary.

Notes to the interim financial statements June 30, 2022 and 2021 (in thousand Reals unless otherwise stated)

The Company is currently analyzing the impact of these changing on the accounting policies disclosed.

4.2. New pronouncements or pronouncement reviewed for the first time in 2021

For the first time the Company applied certain standards and amendments that are valid for the annual periods starting on or after January 1, 2021. The Company decided against early adoption of other standards, interpretations, or amendments issued but not yet applicable.

a) <u>Amendments to CPC 06 (R2), CPC 11, CPC 38, CPC 40 (R1) and CPC 48</u>: <u>Revamping</u> <u>the Reference Interest Rate</u>

The amendments to CPC 38 and 48 provide temporary exceptions that address the impact on financial statements when an interbank deposit certificate (CDI) rate is replaced with an alternative at an almost risk-free rate, these changes include the following practical expedients:

- A practical expedient that requires contractual changes or changes in cash flow directly required by the revamp, to be addressed as changes in the floating, interest, equivalent to the fluctuation in a market rate;
- This enables making the changes required in the revamp in hedge designations and documentation, without the need to discontinue the hedge relationship;
- Provides a temporary exception for entities to comply with the separately identifiable requirement when a risk-free rate instrument is designated as the hedge of a risk component.

These amendments do not impact the Company's individual or consolidated financial statements. The Company intends to use the practical expedients in future periods, should they become applicable.

b) <u>Amendments to CPC 06 (R2): Covid-19 Benefits Granted to the Lessees in Lease</u> <u>Agreements extending beyond June 30, 2021.</u>

The amendments include concessions granted to lessees in the enforcement of CPC 06 (R2) guidelines on changes in the lease agreement by including the benefits granted as a direct consequence of the Covid-19 pandemic. As a practical expedient, a lessee may opt not to check if a Covid-19 related benefit granted by the lessor is an amendment to the lease agreement. The lessee who opts for this must book any changes in lease payment resulting from a Covid-19 benefit granted in the lease agreement exactly as it would book the change a by applying CPC 06 (R2) if the change were not an amendment to the lease agreement.

Notes to the interim financial statements June 30, 2022 and 2021 (in thousand Reals unless otherwise stated)

On March 31, 2021 the CPC extended the period for applying this practical expedient to June 30, 2022. This amendment became enforceable for fiscal periods starting on or before January 1, 2021.

5. Significant accounting judgments, estimates and premises

The accounting estimates involved in preparing the interim financial statements are based on objective and subjective factors, which in turn are based on the judgment of Management to determine the appropriate amount to be recognized in the financial statements. The settlement of transactions involving these estimates may result in amounts significantly different from those recorded in the financial statements due to the probabilistic approach inherent to the estimating process. Significant items subject to these estimates and premises include:

- a) Determination of the lifetime of property and equipment and intangible assets;
- b) Impairment analysis of property and equipment, as well as intangible assets;
- c) Allowance for expected credit losses;
- d) Provisions for inventory losses;
- e) Realization of deferred income tax and social contribution;
- f) Rates and timeliness applied when determining adjustment to present value of assets and liabilities;
- g) Provisions for tax, civil and labor risks;
- h) Determination of the fair value of derivative financial instruments;
- i) Provisions for restoring stores to their original condition;
- j) Profit sharing;
- k) Stock-based compensation; and
- I) Determination of incremental interest rates and contract deadlines to be used to book lease liability cash flows.

Provisions for labor claims are determined by applying the historical percent losses to the total value of the claim (which is the maximum exposure to which the Company is subject) for each claim, as informed by the Company's legal advisors.

Notes to the interim financial statements June 30, 2022 and 2021 (in thousand Reals unless otherwise stated)

6. Cash and cash equivalents

	Parent	Company	Consolidated			
	06/30/2022	12/31/2021	06/30/2022	12/31/2021		
Cash	4,467	4,490	4,467	4,490		
Banks	36,568	51,354	56,621	68,182		
Financial investments	1,048,453	947,405	1,052,487	977,579		
	1,089,488	1,003,249	1,113,575	1,050,251		

The Company has cash equivalents in the form of fixed-yield financial investments, indexed to 80% to 107% of the variation in CDI (Interbank Deposit Certificates), which may be redeemed at any time with the issuer of the security with no loss of the contracted yield.

7. Financial investments

		Parent Company		Conso	lidated	
	Index	Rate	06/30/2022	12/31/2021	06/30/2022	12/31/2021
LTF (Brazilian Treasury Notes)	Selic	100%	8,193	7,776	8,193	7,776
			8,193	7,776	8,193	7,776
Current assets			4,097	-	4,097	-
Non-current assets			4,096	7,776	4,096	7,776

The Company has LTFs (Brazilian Treasury Notes), indexed to the variation in the SELIC (Special Custody and Settlement System) rate, which mature in March 2023 and September 2023. As the Company intends to hold onto these bonds until they mature, they are classified under short and long-term assets as amortized cost depending on the maturity date.

Notes to the interim financial statements June 30, 2022 and 2021 (in thousand Reals unless otherwise stated)

8. Trade receivables

a) Breakdown

	Parent Company		Conso	lidated
	06/30/2022	12/31/2021	06/30/2022	12/31/2021
Card operators	901,454	988,865	901,454	988,865
C&A Pay Card - related parties	199,330	96,269	-	-
C&A Pay Card - third parties	-	-	323,440	97,694
Commissions receivable - telephony suppliers	10,248	13,013	10,248	13,013
Commissions receivable - insurers	6,458	6,506	6,458	6,506
Bradescard Partnership	2,365	9,562	2,365	9,562
Raw material sales to suppliers	12,715	29,823	12,715	29,823
Other	22,541	17,334	32,747	17,334
Allowances for expected credit losses	(17,154)	(16,968)	(31,032)	(17,461)
	1,137,957	1,144,404	1,258,395	1,145,336

b) Aging of trade accounts receivable, net of allowance for expected losses

	Parent Co	mpany	Consolidated		
	06/30/2022	12/31/2021	06/30/2022	12/31/2021	
Coming due:					
Up to 30 days	543,546	444,178	480,680	347,368	
31 – 60 days	266,329	291,548	300,977	298,874	
61 – 90 days	154,432	219,878	184,102	235,771	
91 - 120 days	64,926	71,488	87,789	84,130	
121 - 150 days	39,407	48,230	56,009	84,996	
151 - 180 days	24,389	24,805	41,108	30,113	
Longer than 180 days	43,350	43,424	80,127	63,422	
5	1,136,379	1,143,551	1,230,792	1,144,674	
Past due:					
Up to 30 days	152	79	7,031	284	
31 – 60 days	815	24	5,005	23	
61 – 90 days	126	12	6,365	12	
Longer than 90 days	440	738	9,157	246	
	1,533	853	27,558	565	
Trade receivables not recognized by customers (*)	45	-	45	97	
Total	1,137,957	1,144,404	1,258,395	1,145,336	

(*) Includes Banco Bradescard credit card sales unrecognized by the card owners (chargebacks), in the amount of R\$ 2,419 on June 30, 2022, (R\$ 2,233 on December 31, 2021), and thus considered in the provision for expected credit losses. The Company also recognized provisions for expected credit losses for court-blocked amounts in C&A bank accounts, in the amount of R\$ 12,096 on June 30, 2022 (R\$ 12,096 on December 31, 2021), the responsibility for unblocking procedures belongs to Banco Bradescard.

Notes to the interim financial statements June 30, 2022 and 2021 (in thousand Reals unless otherwise stated)

c) Changes in provisions for expected credit losses

	Parent C	Company	Consolidated		
	06/30/2022	06/30/2021	06/30/2022	06/30/2021	
Balance on December 31	(16,968)	(15,102)	(17,461)	(15,102)	
(Provision)/Reversal	(2,458)	(2,749)	(15,843)	(2,749)	
Loss	2,272	2,159	2,272	2,159	
Balance on June 30	(17,154)	(15,692)	(31,032)	(15,692)	

Expected losses from C&A Pay Private Label operations are calculated by the Company based on in-house studies to measure percent loss based on past-due stage and time, bearing in mind the likelihood of exposure to default and the effective loss for each past-due range. Below is a list of the stages and periods considered for each one:

- Stage 1: On time and 1 to 30 days past due
- Stage 2: 31 to 90 days past due
- Stage 3: 91 to 360 days past due

As C&A Pay operations mature, estimates and approaches may be reviewed to adjust provisions to reflect the changes in the macroeconomic scenario and/or changes in customer profiles.

Management believes that the estimates used to make provisions for expected losses are sufficient to cover possible customer portfolio credit losses.

	Ori 06/30	-
	Portfolio	Provisions
Stage 1	288,430	2,273
Stage 2	17,891	2,158
Stage 3	18,160	9,447
Grand Total	324,481	13,878

d) Present value adjustment

The Company discounts its receivables to present value using interest rates directly related to customer credit profiles. The monthly interest rates used to calculate the present value of outstanding receivables on June 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021 were 1.02% and 0.77% respectively. Realization of the present value adjustment is recognized as an offsetting item to sales revenue.

Notes to the interim financial statements June 30, 2022 and 2021 (in thousand Reals unless otherwise stated)

9. Related parties

On June 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021 the outstanding balances in related party transactions were the following:

Assets	Parent C	ompany	Consolidated		
	06/30/2022	12/31/2021	06/30/2022	12/31/2021	
Trade receivables					
Instituto C&A de Desenvolvimento Social (*)	6	13	6	13	
COFRA Latin America (*)	10	435	10	435	
Orion Inst. Pagamento (*)	3,528	6	-	-	
Moda Lab	583	-	-	-	
=	4,127	454	16	448	
Dividends receivable	,				
Orion Inst. Pagamento	-	133	-	-	
-	-	133	-	-	
Prepaid expenses					
C&A Services	161	189	161	189	
-	161	189	161	189	
Total related party assets	4,288	776	177	637	
Related party assets - current	4,184	643	73	504	
Related party assets - noncurrent	104	133	104	133	

(*) COFRA Group companies have an agreement whereby general and administrative expenses are shared.

Liabilities	Parent (Company	Consolidated		
	06/30/2022	12/31/2021	06/30/2022	12/31/2021	
Accounts payable					
C&A Sourcing	41,507	56,660	41,507	56,660	
Cyamprev Soc. Previd. Privada	918	2,337	918	2,337	
COFRA Latin America	18	19	18	19	
Orion Inst. Pagamento	2,040	438	-	-	
Moda Lab	2,142	-	-	-	
	46,625	59,454	42,443	59,016	
Interest on shareholder's equity and dividends					
COFRA Latin America	-	-	-	1	
	-	-	-	1	
Total related party liabilities	46,625	59,454	42,443	59,017	
Related party liabilities - current	46,625	59,454	42,443	59,017	

Notes to the interim financial statements June 30, 2022 and 2021 (in thousand Reals unless otherwise stated)

The relationship between the Company and related parties is the following:

Associate, with no significant influence	Direct Parent Company
C&A Mexico	COFRA Investments
C&A Services	Incas SARL
C&A Sourcing	Indirect Parent Company
COFRA Latin America	C&A & AG
Instituto C&A de Desenvolvimento Social	Subsidiary
	Orion Inst. Pagamento
	Moda Lab
	Associate under direct influence
	Cyamprev Soc. Previd. Privada

Transactions with related parties

	Parent C	ompany	Consolidated		
-	06/30/2022	06/30/2021	06/30/2022	06/30/2021	
Reimbursement for shared					
expenses					
Cyamprev Soc. Prev. Privada	446	810	446	810	
Instituto C&A de Desenvolvimento					
social	-	15	-	15	
COFRA Latin America	50	44	50	44	
Orion Inst. Pagamento	20,664	43	-	-	
	21,160	912	496	869	
Revenue from services rendered					
C&A Mexico	-	4,085	-	4,085	
	-	4,085	-	4,085	
-					
Goods purchased					
C&A Sourcing	(205,005)	(105,341)	(205,005)	(105,341)	
	(205,005)	(105,341)	(205,005)	(105,341)	
Services purchased					
C&A Services	(832)	(654)	(832)	(654)	
COFRA Latin America	(107)	(97)	(107)	(97)	
	(939)	(751)	(939)	(751)	
-					
Pension fund contributions					
Cyamprev Soc. Prev. Privada	(3,726)	(3,236)	(3,726)	(3,236)	
-	(3,726)	(3,236)	(3,726)	(3,236)	

Related party transactions entered into to support the Company's operations in the form of consulting services or importation of goods are performed at specific prices agreed by the parties.

During the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 there was no need to recognize provisions for expected credit losses in related party trade receivables.

Notes to the interim financial statements June 30, 2022 and 2021 (in thousand Reals unless otherwise stated)

Compensation of members of the Board of Directors and Executive Board

Expenses (paid and payable) associated with Officer compensation in the six-month periods ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 were as follows:

	Parent Company and Consolidated		
	06/30/2022	06/30/2021	
Fixed Compensation	6,031	5,410	
Variable Compensation	898	1,183	
Contributions to post-employment plans	197	168	
Long-Term Incentives	3,318	3,667	
Total without social charges	10,444	10,428	
Social Charges	1,688	1,570	
Total with social charges	12,132	11,998	

At the Annual and Extraordinary Shareholders' Meeting held on April 28, 2022, the annual global compensation of the members of the Board of Directors and the Executive Board was approved, for the fiscal year 2022, determined in the amount of up to R\$31,645 (R\$28,283 for the fiscal year of 2021).

10. Stock-based compensation plan

The Company currently has a Stock Option Plan approved at an ordinary meeting of the shareholders on October 2, 2019, which resulted in programs approved by the Board of Directors, with stocks granted to eligible individuals. So far, stock has been granted under programs approved in 2019 and 2021 ("2019 grant" and "2021 grant").

2019 Grants

The first stock-based compensation program was approved at a meeting of the Board of Directors held on October 21, 2019, as per the terms of the Company's Purchase Option Plan. As a result of granting options to purchase stock, 1,148,148 options were given to senior managers in three different batches.

A number of the existing conditions for granting stock options were amended by the Board of Directors at a meeting held on February 18, 2020.

On December 22, 2021 the Board of Directors met and approved a new amendment to the conditions for granting 1,062,037 of the 1,148,148 shares granted. These options now follow the same rules as the "2021 Grants", and for this reason are disclosed together with them. Below are the rules for granting the remaining 86,111 shares currently part of the "2019 Grant".

Notes to the interim financial statements June 30, 2022 and 2021 (in thousand Reals unless otherwise stated)

Ownership of the option to convert stock will be transferred to the participants in identical batches of 33.33% on each anniversary of the plan over a period of three years from the Granting Date.

This transfer will take place regardless of whether the participant remains as a Company employee or officer. It is subject to verification of the following: the average price per share on the Brazilian stock exchange (B3 S.A. – Brasil, Bolsa, Balcão) in the 22 (twenty two) trading sessions that immediately precede the date of exercising the Vested Options must be equal to or larger than the price per share paid by investors in the Initial Public Offering (IPO), corrected according to the IPCA/IBGE less the value per share distributed as dividends distributed and interest on equity, and adjusted to reflect any share bonuses, splits or grouping between the Granting Date and the date of exercise of the Vested Options.

The price of the global exercise payable by the executives for the vested options on each anniversary is R\$ 1.00. Vested options are restricted for three years after each transfer date.

The weighted average contractual term for the stock options remaining on June 30, 2022 was 3.31 years. The weighted average fair value of the options granted during the period is R\$ 8.91 in the original program, and R\$ 2.53 incremental fair value for the options replaced according to the calculation method established in CPC 10. The exercise price shall be adjusted whenever dividends are paid, or stock is grouped or split.

2021 Grants

The Performance Share Units program was approved at a meeting of the Board of Directors on February 24, 2021. The meeting approved granting 1,412,194 options to senior managers in a single batch. A total of 94,508 options were granted in 2021. The meeting of the Board of Directors on December 21, 2021 also approved uniform rules for the 1,062,037 shares of the 2019 grant, bringing them in line with the rules for the 2021 grants. No options were granted in the first half of 2022.

The value of the stock will be paid in a single installment (100% of the batch) at the end of the three-year restriction period.

The price of the global exercise payable by the executives for the vested options on each anniversary is R\$ 1.00. After the transfer date there will be no more restrictions on the vested options.

During the first semester of 2022, 40,893 options prescribed. In 2021 43,133 options prescribed. No options were exercised or matured during the first semester of 2022 nor the fiscal year 2021.

Notes to the interim financial statements June 30, 2022 and 2021 (in thousand Reals unless otherwise stated)

The contractual term for the stock options remaining on June 30, 2022 was 1.65 years. The fair value of the options granted during the period was R\$ 12.45.

2022 Grants

The Performance Share Units program was approved at a meeting of the Board of Directors on May 03, 2022. The meeting approved granting 3,619,618 options to senior managers in a single batch.

The value of the stock will be paid in a single installment (100% of the batch) at the end of the three-year restriction period.

The price of the global exercise payable by the executives for the vested options on each anniversary is R\$ 1.00. After the transfer date there will be no more restrictions on the vested options.

During the first semester of 2022, 91,570 options prescribed. No options were exercised or matured during the first semester of 2022.

The contractual term for the stock options remaining on June 30, 2022 was 2.73 years. The fair value of the options granted during the period was R\$ 5.16.

The exercise price shall be adjusted whenever dividends are paid, or stock is grouped or split.

Changes:

Program	2019 grants 2nd replacement	2019 grants transferred to 2021 grants	2021 Grant	2022 s Grants	Total
Balance on 01/01/2021	1,148,148	-	-	-	1,148,148
Granted	-	-	1,506,702	-	1,506,702
Changes	(1,062,037)	1,062,037	-	-	-
Cancelled	-	-	(43,133)	-	(43,133)
Balance on 12/31/2021	86,111	1,062,037	1,463,569	-	2,611,717
Granted	-	-	25,703	3,619,618	3,645,321
Changes	-	-	-	-	-
Cancelled	-	-	(40,893)	(91,570)	(132,463)
Balance on 06/30/2022	86,111	1,062,037	1,448,379	3,528,048	6,124,575

Notes to the interim financial statements June 30, 2022 and 2021 (in thousand Reals unless otherwise stated)

Premises:

	2019 Grants (original)			2019 Grants (substitution add-ons)			
	Batch 1	Batch 2	Batch 3	Batch 1	Batch 2	Batch 3	
Pricing model	Monte Carlo	Monte Carlo	Monte Carlo	Monte Carlo	Monte Carlo	Monte Carlo	
Dividend yield	1.10%	1.10%	1.10%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	
Risk-free rate	4.41%	4.78%	5.31%	5.63%	5.95%	6.20%	
Share price considered Expected lifetime of	16.50	16.50	16.50	16.89	16.89	16.89	
the options	10/21/2020	10/21/2021	10/21/2022	10/21/2023	10/21/2024	10/21/2025	
Fair value on the date measured Expected annual	8.09	8.45	8.73	4.46	3.11	1.37	
volatility	31.26%	35.73%	36.55%	36.64%	37.79%	37.10%	

	2019 Grants (December 2021 substitution)	2021 Grants	2022 Grants
	Single batch	Single batch	Single batch
Pricing model	Monte Carlo	Monte Carlo	Monte Carlo
Dividend yield	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Risk-free rate	10.92%	6.395%	11.995%
Price per share considered	6.59	11.63	5.23
Expected lifetime of the options	02/24/2024	02/24/2024	03/23/2025
Fair value on the date measured	4.39	12.45	5.16
Expected annual volatility	58.69%	53.92%	56.82%

In the first semester of 2022 the Company recognized expenses of R\$ 5,877, R\$ 649 for the 2019 grants, R\$ 3,584 for the 2021 grants, and R\$ 1,644 for the 2022 grants (R\$ 3,824 in the same period of 2021, R\$ 1,803 for the 2019 grants and R\$ 2,021 for the 2021 grants), with the capital reserve - shares granted as the counterpart. The following expenses will be recognized in subsequent periods.

		Programs			
Year	2019 Grants	2021	2022	Total	
		Grants	Grants		
2022	405	4,206	3,056	7,667	
2023	-	8,344	6,063	14,407	
2024	-	1,257	6,079	7,336	
2025	-	-	1,362	1,362	
	405	13,807	16,560	30,772	

Notes to the interim financial statements June 30, 2022 and 2021 (in thousand Reals unless otherwise stated)

11. Inventory

a) Inventory breakdown

	Parent Company		Consolio	dated
	06/30/2022	12/31/2021	06/30/2022	12/31/2021
Goods for resale	1,011,017	873,953	1,010,945	873,953
Goods sold and in transit for delivery to customers	2,329	1,154	2,329	1,154
Present value adjustment	(15,097)	(11,651)	(15,097)	(11,651)
Provisions for losses	(68,026)	(45,961)	(68,026)	(45,961)
	930,223	817,495	930,151	817,495
Imports in transit	30,790	31,774	30,790	31,774
	961,013	849,269	960,941	849,269

b) Changes in provisions for losses

Changes in the period:

	06/30/2022	06/30/2021
Balance on December 31	45,961	34,108
Addition (reversal)	26,728	21,603
Actual losses	(4,663)	(5,746)
Balance on June 30	68,026	49,965

Changes in the quarter

	06/30/2022	06/30/2021
Balance on March 31	55,166	36,817
Addition (reversal)	15,716	15,256
Actual losses	(2,856)	(2,108)
Balance on June 30	68,026	49,965

Throughout the year, the Company performs periodic physical counts of goods it classifies as high risk of loss; a full physical count of all items is performed once a year. As physical counts are performed, adjustments are recorded as actual losses, consuming provisions for inventory losses booked for this purpose.

Provisions for lost inventory are made in proportion to sales, which is sensitive to the traffic in our B&M stores.

Notes to the interim financial statements June 30, 2022 and 2021 (in thousand Reals unless otherwise stated)

12. Taxes recoverable

	Parent Company		Conso	lidated
	06/30/2022	12/31/2021	06/30/2022	12/31/2021
Previously unused PIS /				
COFINS credit	1,333,520	1,521,074	1,333,520	1,521,074
PIS/COFINS (taxes on				
revenue)	85,139	-	85,176	-
ICMS (ii)	118,633	115,661	118,633	115,661
IT/CSLL	47,868	29,476	48,259	29,820
IRRF (withholding taxes)	9,653	9,664	9,852	9,672
IPI (excise tax)	328	328	328	328
Other	15,050	12,378	15,050	12,378
	1,610,191	1,688,581	1,610,818	1,688,933
Current assets	959,314	848,803	959,941	849,155
Non-current assets	650,877	839,778	650,877	839,778

(i) Previously unused PIS / COFINS credit

(i.i) ICMS on the basis for calculating PIS and COFINS

The Company filed two lawsuits claiming the right to the exclude ICMS from the PIS and COFINS tax base, and to offset the amounts unduly paid in the past. One claim was filed on 01/17/2007 covering the period between 2002 and 2014, and the second, filed on 03/09/2017, for the period between 2015 and 2017.

On February 28, 2019, the favorable final ruling on the injunction for the period between January 2002 and December 2014 was passed, in line with the decision made in leading case RE 574706, judged by the Federal Supreme Court (FSC) in terms of general repercussion, in which it is recognized that the ICMS highlighted in a fiscal document is not part of the calculation basis of the contribution to PIS and COFINS.

Thus, the company recognized a corresponding tax credit in the amount of R\$1,282,030 during the fiscal year 2019. On June 30, 2022 the updated balance of this unused credit was R\$930,052.

On May 13, 2021 the FSC confirmed the exclusion of ICMS from the basis for calculating PIS and COFINS. As result, on June 30, 2021, even though the final ruling has yet to be passed, the Company recognized tax credits relative to the second lawsuit for the period between 2015 and 2017 in the amount of R\$ 234,704. On February 23, 2022 a final unappealable ruling was passed on this case, confirming the right the Company had already recognized at the time. On June 30, 2022 the updated balance of this unused credit was R\$ 260,288.

Management expects that these will be realized before they lapse, given the tax debits generated from normal Company operations, as shown in item (i.iii).

Notes to the interim financial statements June 30, 2022 and 2021 (in thousand Reals unless otherwise stated)

(i.ii) Credit for the Manaus Free Trade Zone (FTZ) Lawsuit

On November 30, 2020 the final unappealable ruling was issued in favor of the Company, which was seeking:

- a) Recognition that all sales of goods to the FTZ (including those originating within thee FTZ) be comparable, for all fiscal purposes, to exports and thus that the non-existence of a legal-tax relationship between the Federal Government and the Company regarding PIS and COFINS levied on the revenue of transactions of this nature and its right to tax credit;
- b) Recognition of the fruition of the REINTEGRA benefits resulting from the sale of domestic goods to the FTZ.

Thus, the assets related to credits in the period 5 years or more prior to the date the claim was filed (March 31, 2016), in the amount of R\$124,657 and R\$10,187 referring to Reintegra were recognized.

On December 31, 2021 R\$ 229 were added to Reintegra for the period between January 2020 and September 2021. The balance of previously unused credit on June 30 was R\$ 143,180. Realizing these credits shall respect the deadlines determined in applicable legislation.

(i.iii)	Expected realization of previously unused PIS/COFINS credits on June 30,
	2022:

Year	R\$
2022	462,444
2023	517,073
2024	199,182
2025	154,821
Total	1,333,520

From the second quarter of 2022, Management has offset the tax debits arising from its operations with PIS AND COFINS credits, without using current credit, which were reclassified to long-term until such a time as the balance of unused credits has been completely offset.

Notes to the interim financial statements June 30, 2022 and 2021 (in thousand Reals unless otherwise stated)

(i.iv) Changes in unused PIS and COFINS credits in the six-month period ended June 30, 2022 and 2021:

	06/30/2022	06/30/2021
Balance on December 31	1,521,074	1,361,210
Recognition	-	173,339
Interest	40,972	70,215
Offset by	(228,526)	(39,021)
Balance on June 30	1,333,520	1,565,743

(ii) Credit on the increase in ICMS on the supply of electricity

On December 17, 2021 the Federal Supreme Court (STF) published its understanding with general repercussion (Extraordinary Appeal 714,139/SC) that the general rate should apply, and not the higher 25% rate as the effective rate for ICMS on electricity and telecommunication services. In 2015 and 2016 the Company filed Ordinary Claims in the states of BA, CE, DF, GO, MG, PA, PE, PR, RJ, RS, and SP regarding ICMS on telecom services, and in AL, AM, BA, CE, DF, ES, GO, MT, PA, PB, PE, PI, PR, RJ, RN, RO, RS, SC, and SE regarding ICMS on electricity, claiming the right to apply the general ICMS rate on electricity and telecom services, given that these states applied the current increased rates.

In light of this, although a final ruling has yet to be made, the Company proceeded to partially record its best estimates for December 31, 2021 in the amount of R\$32,612, and the restated balance on June 30, 2022 is R\$33,768. The amounts for the entire period are being calculated to enable recording supplemental amounts.

The company is waiting for the completion of its claims to start booking these amounts regarding its accessory obligations.

13. Other assets

	Parent Company		Consolidated	
	06/30/2022	12/31/2021	06/30/2022	12/31/2021
Prepaid expenses	57,286	30,697	57,286	30,697
I.P.T.U. (property tax)	10,799	103	10,799	103
Employee loans and advances	5,062	2,021	5,062	2,021
Actuarial assets	1,844	2,552	1,844	2,552
Supplier advances	4,488	-	4,488	-
Other	329	551	329	562
	79,808	35,924	79,808	35,935
Current assets	77,922	33,337	77,922	33,348
Non-current assets	1,886	2,587	1,886	2,587

Notes to the interim financial statements June 30, 2022 and 2021 (in thousand Reals unless otherwise stated)

14. Income Tax and Social Contribution

On September 24, 2021 the Federal Supreme Court (STF) published its understanding that IRPJ and CSLL (taxes on income) shall not apply on arrears interest and monetary correction.

On January 9, 2012 the Company took out a Writ of Mandamus claiming the right to not have IRPJ and CSLL levied on monetary correction, including the Selic rate applied to repeated incidents of tax overpayment that resulted in a favorable ruling of the Company or its successors.

In this scenario and based on the interpretation of ICPC 22 (Uncertainty on the Treatment of Taxes on Profit) and CPC 32 (Taxes on Profit), the Company proceeded to record its best estimate in December 2021. The balance on June 30, 2022 was R\$ 301,192 in deferred assets, and R\$ 27,162 in long-term taxes recoverable.

The Company is waiting for a final ruling on its claims to enable its credits with the Brazilian Federal Revenue Services (FRS) to start offsetting these amounts.

a) Breakdown and changes in deferred taxes

In the period:

		Parent C			
		Increase/(Reduction)			
	Balance on 12/31/2021	in earnings	in shareholder' s equity	Balance on 06/30/2022	
Tax losses carryforward Temporary differences: Provisions for tax, civil and labor	364,017	81,444	-	445,461	
proceedings Provisions for losses in inventories and	86,626	2,482	-	89,108	
trade receivables Provisions for loss of property and	21,534	7,878	-	29,412	
equipment and right-of-use assets	8,498	(2,179)	-	6,319	
Provisions for profit sharing	19,176	(15,095)	-	4,081	
CPC 06 (R2)/IFRS 16 leases	62,451	10,129	-	72,580	
Other	70,062	(6,074)	1,408	65,396	
Deferred tax assets	632,364	78,585	1,408	712,357	
Gains from legal cases	(252,091)	32,710	-	(219,381)	
Present value adjustment	(1,908)	(15,581)	-	(17,489)	
Deferred tax liabilities	(253,999)	17,129	-	(236,870)	
Balance of deferred tax assets (liabilities)	378,365	95,714	1,408	475,487	

Notes to the interim financial statements June 30, 2022 and 2021 (in thousand Reals unless otherwise stated)

		Consolidated		
		Increase/(Reduction)		
	Balance		in	
	on		shareholder'	Balance on
	12/31/2021	in earnings	s equity	06/30/2022
Tay losses and no retive house	264.047	04 504		445 504
Tax losses and negative bases Temporary differences:	364,017	81,504	-	445,521
Provisions for tax, civil and labor				
proceedings	86,626	2,482	-	89,108
Provisions for losses in inventories and		2,.02		,
trade receivables	21,972	7,440	-	29,412
Provisions for loss of property and				
equipment and right-of-use assets	8,498	(2,179)	-	6,319
Provisions for profit sharing	19,176	(15,095)	-	4,081
CPC 06 (R2)/IFRS 16 leases	62,451	10,129	-	72,580
Other	70,062	(6,074)	1,408	65,396
Deferred tax assets	632,802	78,207	1,408	712,417
Gains from legal cases	(252,091)	32,710	-	(219,381)
Present value adjustment	(1,908)	(15,581)	-	(17,489)
Deferred tax liabilities	(253,999)	17,129	-	(236,870)
Balance of deferred tax assets (liabilities)	378,803	95,336	1,408	475,547

		Cons	ompany and <u>olidated</u> (Reduction)	
	Balance on 12/31/2020	in earnings	in shareholder's equity	Balance on 06/30/2021
Tax losses and negative bases Temporary differences: Provisions for tax, civil and labor	265,898	118,219	-	384,117
proceedings Provisions for losses in inventories and	96,667	(1,767)	-	94,900
trade receivables Provisions for loss of property and	16,175	6,470	-	22,645
equipment and right-of-use assets	9,824	28	-	9,852
Provisions for profit sharing	15,976	(8,314)	-	7,662
CPC 06 (R2)/IFRS 16 leases	46,626	8,712	-	55,338
Other	79,369	(13,640)	(252)	65,477
Deferred tax assets	530,535	109,708	(252)	639,991
Gains from legal cases (i)	(456,033)	(69,072)	-	(525,105)
Present value adjustment	(3,010)	(6,530)	-	(9,540)
Adjustment to fair value		-	-	-
Deferred tax liabilities	(459,043)	(75,602)	-	(534,645)
Balance of deferred tax (liabilities) assets	71,492	34,106	(252)	105,346

Notes to the interim financial statements June 30, 2022 and 2021 (in thousand Reals unless otherwise stated)

In the quarter:

		Parent C Increase/(F	. ,	
	Balance on 03/31/2022	in earnings	in shareholder' s equity	Balance on 06/30/2022
Tax losses and negative bases Temporary differences: Provisions for tax, civil and labor	435,820	9,641		445,461
proceedings Provisions for losses in inventories and	88,592	516		89,108
trade receivables Provisions for loss of property and	25,493	3,919		29,412
equipment and right-of-use assets	6,997	(678)		6,319
Provisions for profit sharing	18,156	(14,075)		4,081
CPC 06 (R2)/IFRS 16 leases	67,225	5,355		72,580
Other	71,378	2,261	(8,243)	65,396
Deferred tax assets	713,661	6,939	(8,243)	712,357
Gains from legal cases	(226,617)	7,236	· · ·	(219,381)
Present value adjustment	(11,326)	(6,163)		(17,489)
Deferred tax liabilities	(237,943)	1,073		(236,870)
Balance of deferred tax assets (liabilities)	475,718	8,012	(8,243)	475,487

		Conso	lidated	
		Increase/(F	Reduction)	
	Balance on		in shareholder'	Balance on
	03/31/2022	in earnings	s equity	06/30/2022
Tax losses and negative bases Temporary differences: Provisions for tax, civil and labor	435,820	9,701		445,521
Provisions for tax, civil and labor proceedings Provisions for losses in inventories and	88,592	516		89,108
trade receivables Provisions for loss of property and	25,493	3,919		29,412
equipment and right-of-use assets	6,997	(678)		6,319
Provisions for profit sharing	18,156	(14,075)		4,081
CPC 06 (R2)/IFRS 16 leases	67,225	5,355		72,580
Other	71,378	2,261	(8,243)	65,396
Deferred tax assets	713,661	6,999	(8,243)	712,417
Gains from legal cases	(226,617)	7,236		(219,381)
Present value adjustment	(11,326)	(6,163)		(17,489)
Deferred tax liabilities	(237,943)	1,073		(236,870)
Balance of deferred tax assets (liabilities)	475,718	8,072	(8,243)	475,547

Notes to the interim financial statements June 30, 2022 and 2021 (in thousand Reals unless otherwise stated)

		Parent Cons		
	Balance on 03/31/2021	in earnings	in shareholder's equity	Balance on 06/30/2021
Tax losses and negative bases Temporary differences: Provisions for tax, civil and labor	364,356	19,761	-	384,117
proceedings Provisions for losses in inventories and	82,439	12,461	-	94,900
trade receivables Provisions for loss of property and	18,307	4,338	-	22,645
equipment and right-of-use assets	9,824	28	-	9,852
Provisions for profit sharing	6,339	1,323	-	7,662
CPC 06 (R2)/IFRS 16 leases	51,000	4,338	-	55,338
Other	61,797	185	3,495	65,477
Deferred tax assets	594,062	42,434	3,495	639,991
Gains from legal cases (i)	(451,543)	(73,562)	-	(525,105)
Present value adjustment	(5,758)	(3,782)	-	(9,540)
Adjustment to fair value	-	-	-	-
Deferred tax liabilities	(457,301)	(77,344)	-	(534,645)
Balance of deferred tax (liabilities) assets	136,761	(34,910)	3,495	105,346

b) Expected realization of deferred tax assets on June 30, 2022

	Parent Company	Consolidated
Year	R\$	R\$
2022	147,546	147,606
2023	90,595	90,595
2024	67,991	67,991
2025	84,505	84,505
2026	104,284	104,284
2027 to 2029	190,244	190,244
2030 to 2032	27,192	27,192
-	712,357	712,417

Notes to the interim financial statements June 30, 2022 and 2021 (in thousand Reals unless otherwise stated)

c) <u>Reconciliation of effective rate</u>

	Parent Cor	mpany	Consolid	ated
	06/30/2022	06/30/2021	06/30/2022	06/30/2021
Pre-tax losses	(246,342)	(103,153)	(245,872)	(102,999)
Income tax and social contribution expenses at				
statutory rates - 34%	83,756	35,072	83,596	35,020
Adjustments to reflect the effective rate				
Share of profit of subsidiaries	(6,699)	45	-	-
Unrealized profit on inventories	(65)	-	(65)	-
Non-deductible donations	(1,148)	(829)	(1,148)	(829)
Adjustments in transfer pricing	(660)	(1,175)	(660)	(1,175)
Corporate gifts and non-deductible fines	(305)	-	(927)	-
Investment Subsidies	2,428	1,469	2,428	1,469
IT and SC from previous periods	2,314	(261)	1,782	(261)
Other additions and exclusions	-	(476)	-	(545)
Tax Overpayment	16,093	-	16,093	-
Deferred taxes on temporary differences not			(5.050)	
constituted	-	-	(5,858)	-
Taxes calculated on that portion exempt from the additional 10%	-	-	-	12
Income Tax and Social Contribution on profits	95,714	33,845	95,241	33,691
Querran I		(004)	(05)	
Current	-	(261)	(95)	(415)
Deferred	95,714	34,106	95,336	34,106
	95,714	33,845	95,241	33,691
Effective rate	39%	33%	39%	33%

15. Investments

a) Information on investments in the subsidiary

	06/30/2022											
			Non-		Non-		Gross		Book value	e of Share of profit		
		Current	current	Current	current	Net	Revenue		the	of		
	Shareholding	assets	assets	Liabilities	liabilities	Collection	gross	Profit	investme	nt subsidiaries		
Orion	99.99%	347,899	409	(336,578)	(45)	11,685	36,396	(19,590)	11,684	(19,588)		
Moda Lab	99.00%	2,300	60	(2,475)	-	(115)	2,142	(116)	(307)	(307)		
					12/31/20	21						
			Non-		Net							
	Shareholding	Current assets	currer asset			cti Revenu gross				nare of profit subsidiaries		
Orion	99.8%	145,919	89	95 (115,5	39) 31,2	75 3,855	5 531	31	,272	530		

Notes to the interim financial statements June 30, 2022 and 2021 (in thousand Reals unless otherwise stated)

b) Changes in investment

	Orion	Moda Lab
Balance of investments on December 31, 2020	875	-
Share of profit of subsidiaries	133	-
Balance of investments on June 30, 2021	1,008	-
Balance of investments on December 31, 2021 Share of profit of subsidiaries Inventory adjustments Balance of investments on June 30, 2022 (i)	31,272 (19,588) 11,684	(115) (192) (307)

(i) Until the period ended June 30, 2022, the capital invested in Moda Lab Ltda by the parent company C&A Moda S.A., in the amount of R\$50, had not yet been paid in.

16. Property and Equipment

a) Breakdown of property and equipment (Parent Company and Consolidated)

Property and Equipment	Cost	Accumulated Depreciation	Provision for impairment	June 30, 2022
Machinery and equipment	234,410	(137,069)	(1,279)	96,062
Furniture and fixtures	543,261	(320,453)	(1,750)	221,058
IT Equipment	269,293	(182,005)	(388)	86,900
Vehicles	534	(533)	-	໌ 1
Leasehold improvements	1,339,881	(914,098)	(12,976)	412,807
Land	126	-	-	126
Construction in progress	16,498	-	-	16,498
Provisions for store restorations	2,610	(1,046)	-	1,564
	2,406,613	(1,555,204)	(16,393)	835,016
Property and Equipment	Cost	Accumulated Depreciation	Provision for impairment	December 31, 2021
Machinery and equipment	241,850	(138,214)	(4,772)	98,864
Furniture and fixtures	529,770	(297,884)	(2,117)	229,769
IT Equipment	258,423	(167,970)	(645)	89,808
Vehicles	534	(107,970) (520)	(0+0)	14
Leasehold improvements	1,293,687	(880,584)	(15,189)	397,914
Land	126	(000,00+)	(10,100)	126
Construction in progress	18,291	-	_	18,291
Provisions for store restorations	2,430	(947)	-	1,483
	2,345,111	(1,486,119)	(22,723)	836,269

The company has no property and equipment pledged as collateral.

Notes to the interim financial statements June 30, 2022 and 2021 (in thousand Reals unless otherwise stated)

b) Changes in property and equipment (Parent Company and Consolidated)

	Average annual depreciation rate	Balance on December 31, 2021	Additions (iii)	Depreciation	Write-offs	Transfers	Transfer to intangibles	Reversals (provisions) impairment	Balance on June 30, 2022
Machinery and equipment	8%	98,864	974	(6,359)	(2,817)	1,907	-	3,493	96,062
Furniture and fixtures	15%	229,769	12,386	(25,377)	(356)	4,270	-	366	221,058
IT Equipment	20%	89,808	9,559	(14,832)	(237)	2,345	-	257	86,900
Vehicles	20%	14	-	(13)	-	-	-	-	1
Leasehold improvements (i)	11%	397,914	-	(40,923)	(964)	54,566	-	2,214	412,807
Land	-	126	-	-		-	-	-	126
Construction in progress	-	18,291	61,295	-	-	(63,088)	-	-	16,498
Provisions for store returns (ii)	-	1,483	180	(99)	-	-	-	-	1,564
Total		836,269	84,394	(87,603)	(4,374)	-	-	6,330	835,016
	Average annual depreciation rate	Balance on December 31, 2020	Additions (iii)	Depreciation	Write-offs	Transfers	Transfer to intangibles	Reversals (provisions) impairment	Balance on June 30, 2021
Machinery and equipment	annual depreciation <u>rate</u> 8%	December 31, 2020 63,797	(iii) 19,735	(5,363)	(187)	1,385		(provisions) impairment (3,216)	June 30, 2021 76,151
Furniture and fixtures	annual depreciation rate 8% 11.80%	December 31, 2020 63,797 187,294	(iii) 19,735 14,428	•	(187) (230)	1,385 4,289	intangibles	(provisions) impairment (3,216) 233	June 30, 2021 76,151 184,716
Furniture and fixtures IT Equipment	annual depreciation rate 8% 11.80% 20%	December 31, 2020 63,797	(iii) 19,735	(5,363) (21,298) (10,885)	(187)	1,385	intangibles	(provisions) impairment (3,216)	June 30, 2021 76,151 184,716 64,182
Furniture and fixtures IT Equipment Vehicles	annual depreciation rate 8% 11.80% 20% 20%	December 31, 2020 63,797 187,294 63,014 41	(iii) 19,735 14,428	(5,363) (21,298) (10,885) (14)	(187) (230) (251)	1,385 4,289 101	intangibles	(provisions) impairment (3,216) 233 184	June 30, 2021 76,151 184,716 64,182 27
Furniture and fixtures IT Equipment Vehicles Leasehold improvements (i)	annual depreciation rate 8% 11.80% 20%	December 31, 2020 63,797 187,294 63,014 41 335,581	(iii) 19,735 14,428	(5,363) (21,298) (10,885)	(187) (230)	1,385 4,289	intangibles	(provisions) impairment (3,216) 233	June 30, 2021 76,151 184,716 64,182 27 337,388
Furniture and fixtures IT Equipment Vehicles Leasehold improvements (i) Land	annual depreciation rate 8% 11.80% 20% 20%	December 31, 2020 63,797 187,294 63,014 41 335,581 126	(iii) 19,735 14,428 12,019 - -	(5,363) (21,298) (10,885) (14)	(187) (230) (251)	1,385 4,289 101 - 41,439	intangibles - - - - - - -	(provisions) impairment (3,216) 233 184	June 30, 2021 76,151 184,716 64,182 27 337,388 126
Furniture and fixtures IT Equipment Vehicles Leasehold improvements (i) Land Construction in progress	annual depreciation rate 8% 11.80% 20% 20%	December 31, 2020 63,797 187,294 63,014 41 335,581 126 15,411	(iii) 19,735 14,428 12,019 - - 63,938	(5,363) (21,298) (10,885) (14) (38,689)	(187) (230) (251)	1,385 4,289 101	intangibles	(provisions) impairment (3,216) 233 184	June 30, 2021 76,151 184,716 64,182 27 337,388 126 25,863
Furniture and fixtures IT Equipment Vehicles Leasehold improvements (i) Land Construction in progress Provisions for store returns	annual depreciation rate 8% 11.80% 20% 20%	December 31, 2020 63,797 187,294 63,014 41 335,581 126 15,411 744	(iii) 19,735 14,428 12,019 - -	(5,363) (21,298) (10,885) (14)	(187) (230) (251)	1,385 4,289 101 - - (45,997)	intangibles - - - - - - -	(provisions) impairment (3,216) 233 184	June 30, 2021 76,151 184,716 64,182 27 337,388 126
Furniture and fixtures IT Equipment Vehicles Leasehold improvements (i) Land Construction in progress	annual depreciation rate 8% 11.80% 20% 20%	December 31, 2020 63,797 187,294 63,014 41 335,581 126 15,411	(iii) 19,735 14,428 12,019 - - 63,938	(5,363) (21,298) (10,885) (14) (38,689)	(187) (230) (251)	1,385 4,289 101 - 41,439	intangibles - - - - - - -	(provisions) impairment (3,216) 233 184	June 30, 2021 76,151 184,716 64,182 27 337,388 126 25,863

(i) Leasehold improvements include miscellaneous assets such as civil works, lighting, firefighting, generators, etc. The depreciation rate is defined based on the lifetime of these assets or the lease term, whichever is shortest.

(ii) The Company has 29 lease agreements with fully variable payments. These are linked to provisions for dismantling and returning stores.

(iii) In 1H22 the Company purchased R\$ 84,394 in property and equipment, R\$ 7,700 of which are entered as supplier accounts payable (R\$ 18,450 in 1H21) and R\$ 43,700 were paid out in 2022 for purchases made prior to December 31, 2021 (R\$ 10,497 were disbursed in 1Q21 for 2020).

Notes to the interim financial statements June 30, 2022 and 2021 (in thousand Reals unless otherwise stated)

c) Impairment

The Company considers each store individually to be a cash-generating unit (CGU). CGUs are valued annually to check if the value of their assets in the financial statements does not exceed their recoverable value.

The Company uses the following criteria to identify assets that could show signs of impairment:

Operating profit before financial earnings - In selecting stores for testing, the Company considers those with operating profits lower than the target set by the Company stores that recorded impairment in the previous year. Furthermore, stores must be more than three years old, which is what the Company considers to be a mature store.

The company used after-tax cash flow projections based on financial budgets approved by Management, and consistent with the results presented in the past. The following premises were used to develop the discounted cash flows:

Revenue: projected to the end of the store's lease term

Costs and expenses: projected in the same period as revenue, corrected for an estimated annual inflation of 10% for 2022, and 3.5% for subsequent periods, as per Central Bank estimates; Discount rate: determined bearing in mind the risk-free rate, the business risk, third-party cost of capital and the Company's capital structure. The discount rate used was 11.85% annually. When calculating the discount rate, the Company considers lease liabilities as part of financing activities.

The Company also records provisions for store closing impairment when approved by Management. The provision is made in the estimated amount of the assets to be written off and reversed when the actual write-off is taken.

On the base date of June 30, 2022, the company had provisions for asset impairment in the amount of R\$ 17,257 (R\$ 22,723 on December 31, 2021), of which R\$ 16,145 referred to the impairment test (R\$ 15,941 on December 31, 2021) and R\$ 1,112 to provisions for asset write-offs resulting from store revamps and closures (R\$ 6,782 on December 31, 2021).

Notes to the interim financial statements June 30, 2022 and 2021 (in thousand Reals unless otherwise stated)

17. Intangibles

a) Breakdown of intangibles:

_		06/30/2	2022		12/31/2021			
Parent Company	Ompany Accumulated amortization Provision for impairment Accountin g Balance Accumulated amortization Provision for impairment Accounting g Balance 980,108 (497,559) (115) 482,434 787,579 (423,041) (163) 36 70,446 (51,097) (750) 18,599 70,387 (49,993) (761) 1 gibles 415,000 - - 68,260 - - 68,260 - - 415,000 - - 44 1,533,814 (548,656) (865) 984,293 1,449,197 (473,034) (924) 97 idated Accumulated 2080,572 Accumulated 407,613) Provision for impairment Accumulate Balance Accumulate 2788,043 Provision for impairment Accumulate Balance 980,572 (497,613) (115) 482,844 788,043 (423,049) (163) 36 70,387 (49,993) (761) 1 443 1 443 1 443,049 1633 36	Accounting Balance						
Software	980,108	(497,559)	(115)	482,434	787,579	(423,041)	(163)	364,375
Goodwill	70,446	(51,097)	(750)	18,599	70,387	(49,993)	(761)	19,633
Other intangibles	415,000	-	-	415,000	415,000	-	-	415,000
Intangibles in process	68,260	-	-	68,260	176,231	-	-	176,231
Total	1,533,814	(548,656)	(865)	984,293	1,449,197	(473,034)	(924)	975,239
Consolidated	Cost			•	Cost			Accounting Balance
Software	980,572	(497,613)	(115)	482,844	788,043	(423,049)	•	364,831
Goodwill	70,446	(51,097)	(750)	18,599	70,387	(49,993)	(761)	19,633
Other intangibles	415,000	-	-	415,000	415,000	-	-	415,000
Intangibles in process	68,260	-	-	68,260	176,231	-	-	176,231
Total	1,534,278	(548,710)	(865)	984,703	1,449,661	(473,042)	(924)	975,695

b) Changes in intangibles:

		Parent Company								
	Average annual amortization rate (%)	Balance on December 31, 2021	Additions (i)	Amortization	Write- offs	Transfers	Property and equipment transfers	Reversals (provisions) impairment	Balance on June 30, 2022	
Software	17%	364,375	-	(74,549)	(80)	192,639	-	49	482,434	
Goodwill	10%	19,633	-	(1,355)	(11)	321	-	11	18,599	
Other intangibles	-	415,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	415,000	
Intangibles in process	-	176,231	84,989	-	-	(192,960)	-	-	68,260	
Total		975,239	84,989	(75,904)	(91)	-	-	60	984,293	
	Average annual amortization rate (%)	Balance on December 31, 2020	Additions	Amortization	Write- offs	Transfers	Property and equipment transfers	Reversals (provisions) Impairment	Balance on June 30, 2021	
Software	13%	233,622	-	(39,227)	(22)	61,648	7,489	-	263,510	
Goodwill	10%	10,469	-	(1,352)	-	10,900	-	-	20,017	
Intangibles in process	-	50,869	101,997	-	-	(72,548)	-	-	80,318	
Total		294,960	101,997	(40,579)	(22)	-	7,489	-	363,845	

Notes to the interim financial statements June 30, 2022 and 2021 (in thousand Reals unless otherwise stated)

		Consolidated								
	Average annual amortization rate (%)	Balance on December 31, 2021	Additions (i)	Amortization	Write- offs	Transfers	Property and equipment transfers	Reversals (provisions) impairment	Balance on June 30, 2022	
Software	17%	364,831	-	(74,595)	(80)	192,639	-	49	482,844	
Goodwill	10%	19,633	-	(1,355)	(11)	321	-	11	18,599	
Other intangibles		415,000	-	-	• -	-	-	-	415,000	
Intangibles in process	-	176,231	84,989	-	-	(192,960)	-	-	68,260	
Total		975,695	84,989	(75,950)	(91)	-	-	60	984,703	
	Average annual amortization rate (%)	Balance on December 31, 2020	Additions	Amortization	Write- offs	Transfers	Property and equipment transfers	Reversals (provisions) Impairment	Balance on June 30, 2021	
Software	13%	233,622	-	(39,227)	(22)	61,648	7,489	-	263,510	
Goodwill	10%	10,469	-	(1,352)	-	10,900	-	-	20,017	

(i) In the first quarter of 2022 the company added R\$ 84,989 to the intangibles line, of which R\$ 10,469 are booked as supplier trade receivables, and R\$ 96,848 were spent in 2022 for purchases made prior to December 31, 2021.

(40.579)

(22)

(72, 548)

7,489

50,869

294,960

102,461

102,461

c) Impairment

Intangibles in process

Total

Intangible assets, software and trade fund are also subject to the impairment test. The approach is the same used for property and equipment (note 16.c)

d) Acquisitions during the period

On November 8, 2021, through a combination of transactions, the Company acquired the right to explore financial services, heretofore explored by Banco Bradesco. According to the terms of the agreement between the parties, the company acquired the right to explore this new business as of December 1, 2021. This date was defined as the date of purchase according to a specific requirement in CPC 15. There is no fixed period for exploring this business. The transaction was registered at the cost of acquisition, measured as the sum of the counterpart to be transferred, which is valued based on the fair value on the date of acquisition, or R\$ 415,000. This transaction had no premium, but as it relates to an intangible asset with no defined lifetime, an annual recoverability test will be run.

80,782

364,309

Notes to the interim financial statements June 30, 2022 and 2021 (in thousand Reals unless otherwise stated)

18. Leases

Based on a Review of Technical Pronouncement 16/2020, which clarifies Technical Pronouncement CPC 06 (R2)/IFRS16 regarding Covid-19-related benefits granted to the lessors in Lease Agreements, the Company analyzed its leases together with its partner Lessors and concluded that the lease negotiations resulting from COVID-19 do not constitute a contractual amendment and thus have no impact on re-measurement of the leases. The net tax discount obtained from negotiations in 1H22 was R\$ 17,672 (R\$ 25,932 in 1H21), net of PIS/COFINS, recorded under results for the period, occupancy costs. The company also has payable leases related to the pandemic, which should be settled in full by July 2022. Deferred payments with no further burden to the Company added up to R\$ 194 on June 30, 2022 (R\$ 971 on December 31, 2021) and are booked under lease liabilities until they are settled.

Following the guidelines in CVM/SNC/SEP Memo 01/2020, the Company considers the cash flows of future payments without deducting potential PIS and Cofins credits, discounting them using a nominal incremental interest rate. This methodology agrees with CPC06 (R2) /IFRS16.

The Company estimated the incremental borrowing rate, based on the Brazil risk-free interest rates for similar periods to its lease agreements, adjusted to the Company's credit situation (credit spread). Spreads were obtained from the spreads observed for debt securities issued by comparable Brazilian companies (debentures). Rates are updated for each new lease agreement.

Incremental rates for contractual terms practiced in the period ended June 30, 2022				
Contractual terms	Actual rate (% per year)	Nominal rate (% per year)		
5 to 6 years 6 to 10 (or more) years	4.0 – 7.5 6.2 - 7.3	9.1 – 14.3 11.8 - 14.3		

Incremental rates based on lease terms practiced in the period ended December 31, 2021

onada Bo					
Contractual terms	Actual rate (% per year)	Nominal rate (% per year)			
0 to 3 years	1.6 - 8.8	4.0 - 14.9			
3 to 5 years	2.2 - 7.7	5.4 - 14.3			
5 to 6 years	2.2 – 7.2	5.6 – 13.7			
6 to 10 (or more) years	3.2 - 7.2	6.8 - 14.1			

Notes to the interim financial statements June 30, 2022 and 2021 (in thousand Reals unless otherwise stated)

a) a) Changes in the balance of lease right-of-use assets and liabilities (Parent Company and Consolidated)

	F	Right-of-use asset		
	Real Estate	Equipment	Total	Lease liabilities
Balance on December 31, 2021	1,635,512	4,778	1,640,290	(1,814,148)
Amortization (i)	(188,132)	(1,594)	(189,726)	-
Financial charges	· · · ·	-	-	(80,129)
Payments made	-	-	-	238,047
Provisions for dismantling costs	810	-	810	-
Prepayments	590	-	590	-
Impairment	18	-	18	-
New/renewed/closed Agreements (ii)	47,169	3,427	50,596	(47,126)
Re-measurements (iii)	112,425	408	112,833	(112,833)
Balance on June 30, 2022	1,608,392	7,019	1,615,411	(1,816,189)
Current liabilities		•		(505 585)

Non-current liabilities

In this table, amortization has not been corrected in the amount of R\$ 21,207 for PIS/COFINS credits on lease payments, nor (i) R\$ 4,207 in interest, recorded directly as a reduction of amortization and interest expenses in the statements of operation.

This refers to 13 new store agreements and 2 closed agreements. (ii)

(iii) Refers to the annual re-measurement inflation adjustments on minimal lease payments as per the respective agreements and lease renewals.

	F	Right-of-use asset		
	Real Estate	Equipment	Total	Lease liabilities
Balance on December 31, 2020	1,507,566	6,872	1,514,438	(1,654,796)
Amortization	(166,843)	(913)	(167,756)	-
Financial charges	-	-	-	(70,354)
Payments made	-	-	-	209,004
Provisions for dismantling costs	810	-	810	-
Impairment	(179)	-	(179)	-
New/renewed/closed Agreements (ii)	47,118	-	47,118	(44,854)
Re-measurements	97,989	(248)	97,741	(99,804)
Balance on June 30, 2021	1,486,461	5,711	1,492,172	(1,660,804)
Current liabilities				(435,780)
Non-current liabilities				(1,225,024)

b) Comparison of lease projections in the different scenarios

In compliance with CVM guidelines and in order to provide the market with a comprehensive view of the different effects of applying models, with and without inflation, on the flow of minimum lease payments using a given discount rate (4.0% to 14.3%), below is a comparative list of the right-of-use lease liabilities, financial expenses and amortization expenses for the current and coming years in the following scenarios:

Scenario	Incremental rate	Future payments flow
1	Nominal	Including projections for inflation
2	Nominal	No projection for inflation (book
		value)

(1,310,604)

Notes to the interim financial statements June 30, 2022 and 2021 (in thousand Reals unless otherwise stated)

The Company adopted scenario 2 for the period ended June 30, 2022, as determined by CPC06(R2) / IFRS16. The comparative balances of lease liabilities are submitted below:

	06/30/2022	12/31/2021
Lease liabilities		
Scenario 1	2,037,796	2,143,756
Scenario 2 (book value)	1,816,189	1,814,148
Financial Charges		
Scenario 1	88,800	164,441
Scenario 2 (book value)	80,129	107,753
Depreciation Expenses		
Scenario 1	208,271	376,522
Scenario 2 (book value)	189,726	252,435
Total Expenses		
Scenario 1	297,071	540,963
Scenario 2 (book value)	269,855	360,188

c) <u>Minimum future payments and potential PIS and COFINS rights (Parent Company and Consolidated)</u>

Minimum future lease payments, according to the terms of the lease agreements, plus the fair value of the minimum lease payments are as follows:

	06/30	/2022	12/31	/2021
		Potential PIS/COFINS		Potential PIS/COFINS
Coming due in	Payments	Rights	Payments	Rights
Less than 1 year	487,170	(43,582)	450,798	(41,351)
One to five years	1,471,575	(131,943)	1,448,274	(131,105)
Over five years	460,518	(41,644)	483,982	(44,351)
Total minimum payments	2,419,263	(217,169)	2,383,054	(216,807)
Minimum payments discounted to present				
value	(603,074)	70,529	(568,906)	52,047
Present value of the minimum payments	1,816,189	(146,640)	1,814,148	(164,760)
Current Liabilities	505,585		471,723	
Non-current Liabilities	1,310,604		1,342,425	

Potential PIS/COFINS rights refer to the amount the Company will have a right to recover if the expected future lease payments happen.

During the period ended June 30, 2022, the expense associated with the 17 variable lease agreements was R\$ 2,408 (17 agreements in the period ended December 31, 2021, or R\$ 4,167). Management believes it would not be appropriate to project minimum payments, given the nature of these expenses. Expenses associated with short-term leases and low-value assets totaled R\$ 10,512 (R\$ 19,619 in the period ended December 31, 2021) and refer to leasing printers and forklifts. Because of limited relevance, future commitments with minimum lease payments of low-value assets and short-term contracts are not presented, nor is any sensitivity analysis of variable expenses with leases and the factors that impact this variation.

Notes to the interim financial statements June 30, 2022 and 2021 (in thousand Reals unless otherwise stated)

The Company does not pledge real estate as collateral in any of its transactions.

d) Impairment

Right-of-use assets are also subject to the impairment test. The approach is the same used for property and equipment (note 16.c)

19. Suppliers

	Parent Company		Consoli	dated
	06/30/2022	12/31/2021	06/30/2022	12/31/2021
Goods suppliers	584,964	668,457	586,669	668,457
Balcão Bradesco Supplier	436,702	415,000	436,702	415,000
Materials, asset and service suppliers	204,857	374,977	211,100	376,037
Agreement suppliers - drawee risk	237,289	376,302	237,289	376,302
	1,463,812	1,834,736	1,471,760	1,835,796
Current liabilities	1,450,604	1,399,676	1,458,552	1,400,736
Non-current liabilities	13,208	435,060	13,208	435,060

In November 2021 C&A formalized the purchase of balcão Bradesco for R\$ 415 million, to be settled in January 2023. In December 2021 this amount was recorded as long-term suppliers and was considered as a current liability as of first quarter of 2022. This amount is updated monthly, and monetary correction is booked against financial expenses in the sub-group "supplier interest" (note 28). On June 30, 2022 the corrected amount was R\$ 437 million.

The Company offers advanced receivables at a discount over the face value to suppliers who sign a term agreeing with the Company's terms and conditions. This transaction may take place directly with the Company or thorough agreements with financial institutions.

Under these agreements, the financial institution advances a given amount to the supplier and, when this amount comes due, it is paid back by the Company. The decision to subscribe to this type of transaction is solely the supplier's. The agreement does not change the commercial conditions, terms and prices previously agreed between the Company and its supplier. For this reason, the balances payable were kept under the item "suppliers". In second quarter of 2022 the company received commissions related to such transactions amounting to R\$ 1,894 (R\$ 1,806 in the same period as 2021).

Notes to the interim financial statements June 30, 2022 and 2021 (in thousand Reals unless otherwise stated)

During the second quarter of 2022 the monthly discount rate ranged from 1.28% to 1.78% (0.75% and 1.21% in 2Q21).

In the six-month period ended June 30, 2022 the Company advanced R\$ 87 to suppliers, which generated an income of R\$ 1.00, recognized as financial income, net of funding costs (in the same period of 2021 no advances were made and there was no income generated).

The company discounts the current balance of trade receivables at interest rates close to market rates. The monthly interest rates used for the calculation of present value of outstanding payables on June 30, 2022 and 2021 were 1.02% and 0.31% respectively. The matching entry to the present value adjustment is made on inventories and the interest is recognized on a pro rata die basis in financial expenses.

20. Loans and debentures

a) Breakdown of the loans and debentures

			Parent C	Company	Conso	lidated
Descriptions	Annual rates	Maturity	06/30/2022	12/31/2021	06/30/2022	12/31/2021
Promissory notes (i)	100% CDI+ 1.09%	2022 a 2023	499,782	494,905	499,782	494,905
CCB (ii)	100% CDI+ 2.95%	2023	230,000	230,107	230,000	230,107
CCB (ii)	100% CDI+ 2.90%	2022 a 2024	127,009	132,227	127,009	132,227
Debentures - Issue 1 - Single Series	100% CDI+ 2.15%	2024 a 2025	507,941	505,940	507,941	505,940
Structured Commercial Notes - single series, issue 1 (iv)	100% CDI + 2.45%	2026 a 2027	260,048	-	260,048	-
Debentures 2 nd issue Series 1 (v)	100% CDI + 2.10%	2025	251,557	-	251,557	-
Debentures 2 nd issue Series 2 (v)	100% CDI + 2.40%	2028	358,399	-	358,399	-
Guaranteed Accounts (vi)	100% CDI+ 1.70%	2022	-	-	114,961	16,070
(-) Transaction costs to appropriate			(9,025)	(4,423)	(9,119)	(4,423)
Total			2,225,711	1,358,756	2,340,578	1,374,826
Current liabilities			801,736	105,108	916,603	121,178
Non-current liabilities			1,423,975	1,253,648	1,423,975	1,253,648

i. On April 3, 2020, the Company issued its first Promissory Notes in 6 series for public distribution with limited effort (CVM 476), in the amount of R\$ 500,000 with a ticket equivalent to 100% of the accumulated variation in the daily DI rate plus a 1.09% annual surcharge payable in 3 years. Payment of the interest and amortization of the principal are made every 6 months, with the first due in October 2020 and the final in April 2023. The costs associated with the first issue of promissory notes, including taxes, commissions and other costs totaled R\$ 1,432 and are being recorded as deductions from liabilities and added to results monthly during the debt term. The amount appropriated in the six-month period ended June 30, 2022 was R\$ 239 (R\$ 477 in 2021).

Notes to the interim financial statements June 30, 2022 and 2021 (in thousand Reals unless otherwise stated)

- ii. On June 30, 2020 the company issued two CCBs:
 - The first, in the amount of R\$ 230,000 paying the equivalent of 100% of the accumulated variation in the average daily DI rate, plus an annual surcharge of 2.95% and half-yearly interest payments in 6 installments, with amortization of the principal on the maturity date in 2023.
 - The second, in the amount of R\$ 120,000 paying the equivalent to 100% of the accumulated variation in the average daily DI rate, plus an annual surcharge of 2.90% and half-yearly interest payments in 6 installments of R\$ 20,000, the first due in January 2022 and the last in June 2024.

The costs associated with the first and second CCBs, including taxes, commissions and other costs totaled R\$ 3,647 and are being recorded as deductions from liabilities and added to results monthly during the debt term. The amount appropriated in the six-month period ended June 30, 2022 was R\$ 232 (R\$ 1,216 in 2021).

- iii. On May 20, 2021 the Company issued its first series of simple, non-secured, non-convertible debentures for public distribution with limited effort (CVM n. 476), in the amount of R\$ 500,000 with a yield of 100% of the DI, plus an annual surcharge of 2.15% effective for 4 (four) years and amortized annually in 2 (two) installments as of year 3 from the date of issue of the debentures. The first installment, equivalent to 50% of the nominal unit amount due on May 20, 2024 and the last on the maturity date of May 20, 2025. The costs associated with the first issue of debentures notes, including taxes, commissions and other costs totaled R\$ 3,619 and are being recorded as deductions from liabilities and added to results monthly during the debt term. The amount appropriated in the six-month period ended June 30, 2022 was R\$ 452 (R\$ 528 in 2021).
- iv. On March 18, 2022 the Company issued its first Commercial Notes ("Commercial Notes" and "Issue") for public distribution with limited effort as per law 14,195 of August 26, 2021, as amended ("Law 14,195") and CVM Instruction n. 476, in the amount of R\$ 250,000 with a yield of 100% of the DI, plus an annual surcharge of 2.45% for settlement on March 18, 2027. The net funds captured by the Issue will be used to reinforce the Company's cash position and extend the average term of the Issuer's debt.
- v. On April 8, 2022 the Company issued its second series of simple, non-secured, non-convertible debentures for public distribution with limited effort in two series, in the amount of R\$ 600,000 (six hundred million), R\$ 247,500 (two hundred and forty-seven, five hundred thousand Reals) refer to debentures int he first series, and R\$ 352,500 (three hundred and fifty-two million, six hundred thousand Reals) refer to the second series. The first series will have a yield of 100% of the DI, plus an annual surcharge of 2.10%, while the second will have a yield of 100% of the DI, plus an annual surcharge of 2.40%. The first series debentures will mature in 42 (forty-two) months from the date of issue, or November 13, 2025 ("maturity date of the first series debentures), while the second series shall mature in 72 (seventy-two) months from the date of issue, or May 13, 2028 ("maturity date of the second series debentures). The costs

Notes to the interim financial statements June 30, 2022 and 2021 (in thousand Reals unless otherwise stated)

incurred, including taxes, commissions and other cost, totaled R\$4,204 and are being recorded as deductions from liabilities and added to results monthly during the debt term, in the period ended June 30, 2022 were appropriated R\$151.

vi. Since December 1, 2021 the Company has been capturing funds through its subsidiary Orion Instituição de Pagamentos. The position on June 30, 2022 was R\$ 102,013 with a yield of 100% of the CDI plus an annual surcharge of 1.70%, to be settled on November 29, 2022. The purpose of this is to settle the funding of with-interest installment portfolios, past-due accounts, withdrawals and refinancing of the new C&A Pay card operations.

These funds were captured to reinforce working capital and no guarantee was put up by the Company.

b) Forecast of Payments

The following is a forecast of the payment of long-term loans on June 30, 2022:

	Parent	
Maturity	Company	Consolidated
2022	80,342	195,303
2023	740,335	740,241
2024	307,883	307,883
2025	584,118	584,118
2026	212,408	212,408
2027	212,637	212,637
2028	87,988	87,988
	2,225,711	2,340,578

Notes to the interim financial statements June 30, 2022 and 2021 (in thousand Reals unless otherwise stated)

c) Changes in loans

Changes in third party loans break down as follows:

	Parent Company		Consoli	dated
	06/30/2022	06/30/2021	06/30/2022	06/30/2021
Balance on December 31	1,358,756	1,211,252	1,374,826	1,211,252
New loans/debentures	850,000	500,000	1,019,294	500,000
Interest	105,489	24,814	105,844	24,814
Interests to pass along	-	-	12,320	-
Funding cost	(5,811)	(3,678)	(5,906)	(3,678)
Cost amortization	1,209	1,332	1,209	1,332
Payment of the principal	(21,500)	(362,500)	(104,577)	(362,500)
Interest payment	(62,432)	(21,872)	(62,432)	(21,872)
Balance on June 30	2,225,711	1,349,348	2,340,578	1,349,348

d) <u>Restrictive covenants</u>

Based on the clauses of current agreements, the company must fulfill the following financial covenants, measured once a year on December 31:

 Maintain a Net Debt (comprised of loans and debentures plus or minus the balance of derivatives less cash and cash equivalents) over Adjusted EBITDA (comprised of EBITDA plus revenue discounting suppliers less non-operating results, define as the sale of assets, contingency provisions/reversals, impairment, and restructuring clauses) ratio at less than or equal to 3.0x, to be calculated each year based on the consolidated financial statements. For this calculation Adjusted EBITDA for the past 12 (twelve) months is used, and the effects brought on by adopting CPC06/IFRS16 are ignored.

From time to time, the Company monitors financial indicators that may impact the covenants. The covenants are the normal ones for transactions of this nature and so far, have not limited limit the Company's ability to conduct its business in any way.

Notes to the interim financial statements June 30, 2022 and 2021 (in thousand Reals unless otherwise stated)

21. Labor liabilities

	Parent Company and Consolidated		
	06/30/2022	12/31/2021	
Salaries, profit sharing and payroll charges	34,900	93,586	
Vacation, 13th salary and payroll charges	98,735	67,559	
	133,635	161,145	
Current liabilities	127,233	155,470	
Non-current liabilities	6,402	5,675	

22. Taxes payable

	Parent Company		Consolidated	
	06/30/2022	12/31/2021	06/30/2022	12/31/2021
ICMS	57,594	118,561	57,743	118,561
PIS/COFINS	32,633	62,882	33,402	63,031
Other	10,726	10,121	11,131	10,723
	100,953	191,564	102,276	192,315
Current liabilities	88,922	175,352	90,245	176,103
Non-current liabilities	12,031	16,212	12,031	16,212

23. Provisions for tax, civil and labor risks, and judicial deposits

23.1. Provisions for tax, civil and labor risks (Consolidated)

The Company is a party in administrative and judicial claims of tax, civil and labor natures. On the advice of its legal advisors, Management believes it should create provisions to cover likely and reasonably estimable losses where disbursement of financial resources by the Company is likely. The balance of provisions is as follows:

	12/31/2021	Addition (reversal)	Payments	Update	06/30/2022
Tax	220,978	2,498	-	5,487	228,963
Labor 23.1 (iv)	30,095	2,590	(5,358)	2,142	29,469
Civil	3,710	1,822	(2,101)	264	3,695
Provisions for tax, civil and labor risks	254,783	6,910	(7,459)	7,893	262,127
Judicial deposits with a corresponding liability	(85,257)	-	-	(4,594)	(89,851)
Net provisions for judicial deposits	169,526	6,910	(7,459)	3,299	172,276

Notes to the interim financial statements June 30, 2022 and 2021 (in thousand Reals unless otherwise stated)

	31/12/2020	Addition (reversal)	Payments	Update	06/30/2021
Tax	200,437	36,371	(1,021)	1,989	237,776
Labor	74,994	(40,125)	(6,483)	3,931	32,317
Civil	8,884	3,835	(4,466)	771	9,024
Provisions for tax, civil and labor risks	284,315	81	(11,970)	6,691	279,117
Judicial deposits with a corresponding					
liability	(54,191)	(30,191)	-	(295)	(84,677)
Net provisions for judicial deposits	230,124	(30,110)	(11,970)	6,396	194,440

Tax provisions refer substantially to discussions regarding the following taxes:

(i) <u>PIS/COFINS</u>

On June 30, 2022 the company had provisions for PIS and COFINS risks in the amount of R\$ 126,047 (R\$ 122,405 on December 31, 2021). The most significant values are associated with credits used with inputs for its end-activity, in the amount of R\$ 77,538 (R\$ 64,998 on December 31, 2021), and Cofins Import credits, in the amount of R\$ 40,728 (R\$ 40,077 on December 31, 2021). For the latter case, on June 30, 2022 the Company had an updated deposit balance in the amount of R\$ 41,324 (R\$ 37,773 on December 31, 2021).

(ii) ICMS (State Value Added Tax)

On June 30, 2022 the Company had provisions for ICMS risks in the amount of R\$ 39,025 (R\$ 36,069 on December 31, 2021). The most significant values are associated with themes related to credit taken on trade payables to suppliers considered unqualified by the tax authorities, in the amount of R\$ 10,663 (R\$ 10,499 on December 31, 2021), and discussions regarding ICMS rates on energy, in the amount of R\$ 22,097 (R\$ 19,424 on December 31, 2021).

(iii) Other taxes

On June 30, 2022 the Company had provisions for tax risks related to other taxes in the amount of R\$ 63,892 (R\$ 62,505 on December 31, 2021). The most significant amounts were related FGTS in the amount of R\$ 16,768 (R\$ 16,748 on December 31, 2021) and CPRB (social security on gross income) regarding the case in which exclusion of ICMS and ISS from the basis for calculation is being discussed, in the amount of R\$ 39,348 (R\$ 38,268 on December 31, 2021).

(iii.i) ISS and ICMS on the basis for calculation – CPRB

On August 28, 2013 the Company filed a claim to exclude ICMS and ISS from the basis for calculating CPRB - Social Security on Gross Revenue. Between January 2014 and November 2015, the Company opted to make monthly payments of CPRB in the form of judicial deposits.

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On June 30, 2022, the updated amount of this deposit was R\$ 31,841 (R\$ 30,798 on December 31, 2021). The Company has booked provisions of R\$ 39,348 (R\$ 38,268 on December 31, 2021) for this.

(iv) Civil and labor

Provisions for labor claims are obtained by applying the historical percent losses to the total value of the claim (which is the maximum exposure to which the Company is subject) for each claim, as informed by the Company's legal advisors. This measurement is reviewed every six months, most recently in September 2021.

(v) Judicial deposits with a corresponding liability

1% additional COFINS for imports

On March 7, 2013, the Company filed a lawsuit claiming the right to credit for the 1% COFINS surtax levied on the import of some of its goods and obtained a preliminary injunction allowing it to take credit for such COFINS import surtax. On March 26, 2018, said injunction was revoked. As such, the Company offered a judicial deposit to guarantee suspension of enforceability and thus continue the legal discussion in the courts. On June 30, 2022, the updated amount of this deposit was R\$ 41,324 (R\$ 37,773 on December 31, 2021). For this situation the Company has booked provisions in the amount of R\$ 40,728 (R\$ 40,077 On December 31, 2021).

23.2. Judicial deposits

The Company is contesting the payment of certain taxes, contributions and labor obligations, and has made judicial deposits to ensure that court discussions proceed, either because said deposits are required by the courts, or because of a strategic decision by Management to protect its cash position. Thus, the updated amount of the company's judicial deposits is:

The balance of judicial deposits recorded in assets by nature of the discussion is as follows:

	Parent Cor Consol	
	06/30/2022	12/31/2021
Tax	33,969	31,064
Labor and Civil	29,254	30,873
Total	63,223	61,937

There is no provision for the judicial deposits mentioned above, based on the judgment of Management supported by its legal advisors.

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23.3. Non-provisioned contingencies

On June 30, 2022 the Company had an updated amount of R\$ 333,602 (R\$ 315,978 on December 31, 2021) associated with judicial and/or administrative claims where it is considered possible that the Company will lose, and for this reason accounting provisions are not made, as per the relevant accounting standards.

Below is a summary of the main claims, with the amount of the principal plus interest and fines that our legal advisors believe we may lose:

	Parent Com Consolidated	pany and
	06/30/2022	12/31/2021
PIS and COFINS - rate of zero on the sale of electronics	183,310	176,798
Social Security on Medical and Hospital Care (b)	9,148	7,980
Non-cumulative PIS/COFINS (c)	25,509	25,561
Import Taxes on Royalties (d)	18,072	17,572
Social security credits	21,224	16,445
Other demands	76,339	71,622
	333,602	315,978

- (a) Reestablishment of the benefit of Law No. 11,196/05 ("Lei do Bem" tax relief law) suspending the enforcement of PIS and COFINS levy on the sale of electronic goods. On October 7, 2019 the company obtained an injunction after putting up a bond.
- (b) Notice of violation demanding the payment of social security contributions supposedly levied on the amounts paid as Medical and Hospital care to its insured employees for the period between December 12, 1997 and February 28, 2005. In February 2020, based on the favorable decision issued by the appeals power, part of the amount was reversed.
- (c) Notice of violation disallowing PIS and COFINS credits on expenses classified as inputs by the Company in 2012 and 2014.
- (d) Notice of violation demanding the payment of Import Taxes as well as PIS/PASEP and COFINS on imports, due to failure to include royalties paid for the use of licensed brands in the basis for calculating taxes levied on imported goods.
- (e) Administrative proceedings discussing the non-homologation of requests for compensation.

Regarding civil and labor claims, because of the diverse nature and features of these claims, Management believes that the amounts provisioned are those that best represent the Company's risks regarding such matters. The Company does not believe it is feasible to determine the amount of non-provisioned labor and civil contingencies (involving possible but

Notes to the interim financial statements June 30, 2022 and 2021 (in thousand Reals unless otherwise stated)

not probable loss) because, as a rule, the amount of the original claim is quite a bit different from the final amounts paid or settled.

Due to external factors not under the Company's control, it is not feasible to determine when the associated cash disbursements, if any, will be made in the event the Company loses any such claims.

24. Shareholder's Equity

24.1 <u>Share capital</u>

On June 30, 2022, the capital stock no amount de R\$ 1,847,177 represented by 308,245,068 fully paid-in common shares, 105,329,635 in free-float (106,164,435 common shares on December 31, 2021).

On June 30, 2022 the ownership of Company shares broke down as follows:

	06/30/2022		12/31/2021		
	Number of shares	%	Number of shares	%	
COFRA SARL Investments	100,363,049	32.56%	100,363,049	32.56%	
Incas SARL	100,939,166	32.75%	100,939,166	32.75%	
COFRA Latin America	17,121	0.01%	17,121	0.01%	
Directors	614,797	0.20%	546,797	0.17%	
Treasury	981,300	0.32%	214,500	0.07%	
Free Float	105,329,635	34.16%	106,164,435	34.44%	
Total	308,245,068	100%	308,245,068	100%	

According to the Bylaws, the Company is authorized to increase capital by as many as 135,000,000 new common shares, up to a limit of 443,245,068 common shares, regardless of any statutory reform, as per article 168 of Law 6,404 of December 15, 1976, as amended ("Brazilian Corporate Law").

The increase in share capital within the authorized limits shall be completed by issuing shares, convertible debentures or subscription warrants, as decided by the Board of Directors, which is responsible for setting the issuing terms, including price and form of payment. If payment takes the form of assets, the General Meeting shall be responsible for increasing the share capital, with input from the Fiscal Board, if any.

24.2 Shares in treasury

In December 2021 the Company spent R\$ 1,362 to purchase 214,500 of its own shares. In June 2022 the Company spent another R\$ 2,895 to acquire 766,800 of its own shares, for a total of R\$ 4,257 (981,300 shares), which for now will be kept in treasury.

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24.3 Capital reserve – shares granted

This refers to the reserve for options granted according to the stock-based compensation plan. See Note 10 for further details.

24.4 Legal reserve

The Company Bylaws stipulate that 5% of net profit will be taken as legal reserves, to the limit of 20% of the capital stock.

24.5 Reserve for unrealized profits

On December 31, 2021 the company set aside R\$ 75,720 as a reserve for unrealized gains.

24.6 <u>Reserve for investments</u>

The purpose of this reserve is to reinforce the Company's working capital and activities. The balance of this reserve, plus the balance of other profit reserves with the exception of contingency reserves, reserves for tax incentives and reserves for future profits may not exceed 100% (one hundred percent) of the share capital. Once this threshold is reached, and pursuant to article 199 of Law 11,638/07, the General Meeting shall determine how to distribute any surplus and shall use it to pay in or increase the capital stock or distribute dividends.

On April 28, 2022 the General Shareholder's Meeting decided to set aside R\$227,160 of the income 2021 profit as a reserve for investments.

24.7 <u>Reserve for tax incentives</u>

The Company has ICMS tax incentives in the form of presumed credits due to its operations in the state of Santa Catarina. Thus, it recognizes the impact as credit on the statement of earnings in those periods in which it recognizes the related costs. Management set aside the amounts of these incentives as tax incentive reserves. On December 30, 2021, the total reserve for tax incentives was R\$ 11,552.

24.8 Equity valuation adjustments

This refers to the effective portion of financial instruments designated as cash flow hedge, as per Note 30.

Notes to the interim financial statements June 30, 2022 and 2021 (in thousand Reals unless otherwise stated)

25. Dividends and interest on shareholder's equity payable

As stipulated in the Company Bylaws, each period the Company shareholders have the right to receive the minimum mandatory 25% of net profits for the period, less legal reserves and plus the reversal of previous reserves, as dividends.

26. Net revenue

	Parent Company		Conso	lidated
-	06/30/2022	06/30/2021	06/30/2022	06/30/2021
Sale of goods Cancellations, exchanges and vouchers Sales taxes	3,730,807 (235,043) (799,671)	2,619,262 (212,656) (564,281)	3,730,807 (235,043) (800,102)	2,619,262 (212,656) (564,281)
Net revenue from the sale of goods	2,696,093	1,842,325	2,695,662	1,842,325
Commission revenue from the sale of financial services - Bradescard partnership Commission revenue from the sale of partner insurance	78,758 11,701	91,931 16,688	78,758 11,701	91,931 16.688
Commission revenue from other services rendered	12,417	11,319	12,417	11,319
Net revenue from credit securitization Revenue from financial products	- 10,048	- -	1,353 43,162	1,296
Taxes on commissions and services Net revenue from services rendered	(11,918) 101,006	(11,830) 108,108	(15,789) 131,602	<u>(11,893)</u> 109,341
=	2,797,099	1,950,433	2,827,264	1,951,666

Notes to the interim financial statements June 30, 2022 and 2021 (in thousand Reals unless otherwise stated)

27. Earnings by nature

27.1 Classified by function

	Parent Company		Consol	idated
_	06/30/2022	06/30/2021	06/30/2022	06/30/2021
Cost of sales and services rendered	(1,423,026)	(1,052,233)	(1,423,389)	(1,052,233)
General and administrative	(331,449)	(208,812)	(334,644)	(209,757)
Sales	(1,118,864)	(905,179)	(1,149,829)	(905,179)
Net credit losses	-	-	(13,386)	-
Other operating income (expenses) net	13,284	132,150	12,300	132,150
	(2,860,055)	(2,034,074)	(2,908,948)	(2,035,019)

27.2 Cost of sales by nature

	Parent Co	Parent Company		dated
	06/30/2022	06/30/2021	06/30/2022	06/30/2021
Cost of goods sold	(1,394,051)	(1,031,165)	(1,393,950)	(1,031,165)
Cost of services rendered	(325)	(459)	(325)	(459)
Cost of financial services	-	-	(464)	-
Other	(28,650)	(20,609)	(28,650)	(20,609)
	(1,423,026)	(1,052,233)	(1,423,389)	(1,052,233)

27.3 General and administrative expenses by nature

	Parent Company		Consoli	dated
	06/30/2022	06/30/2021	06/30/2022	06/30/2021
Personnel	(148,749)	(121,546)	(151,722)	(121,546)
Third party materials/services	(63,050)	(55,690)	(63,240)	(56,632)
Depreciation and amortization	(84,530)	(46,673)	(84,576)	(46,673)
Depreciation of right-of-use	(13,313)	(10,731)	(13,313)	(10,731)
Occupancy	(4,629)	(1,710)	(4,629)	(1,710)
Other (b)	(17,178)	27,538	(17,164)	27,535
	(331,449)	(208,812)	(334,644)	(209.757)

(a) The Company chose to adopt the practical expedient in CPC06 (R2) and consider lease discounts due to the pandemic, in the amount of R\$ 195 on June 30, 2022 (R\$ 369 in the same period in 2021) as a deduction of occupancy costs.

(b) 2021 includes the reversal of labor provisions in the amount of R\$ 41,418 (Note 23.1.iv)

Notes to the interim financial statements June 30, 2022 and 2021 (in thousand Reals unless otherwise stated)

27.4 Selling expenses by nature

	Parent Company		Consolid	ated
	06/30/2022	06/30/2021	06/30/2022	06/30/2021
Personnel	(343,236)	(260,161)	(360,890)	(260,161)
Third party materials/services	(157,334)	(145,811)	(167,728)	(145,811)
Depreciation of right-of-use	(159,414)	(142,098)	(159,414)	(142,098)
Depreciation and amortization	(78,977)	(70,222)	(78,977)	(70,222)
Occupancy	(182,177)	(119,376)	(182,177)	(119,376)
Advertising and promotions	(99,965)	(105,422)	(99,965)	(105,422)
Other (b)	(97,761)	(62,089)	(100,678)	(62,089)
	(1,118,864)	(905,179)	(1,149,829)	(905,179)

(a) The Company chose to adopt the practical expedient in CPC06 (R2) and consider lease discounts due to the pandemic, in the amount of R\$ 18,339 on June 30, 2022 (R\$ 26,828 in the same period in 2021) as a deduction of occupancy costs.

(b) The increase in 2022 is due to card fees of R\$46,741 on June 30, 2022 (R\$26,890 In June 2021).

27.5 Other net Operating (expenses) income by nature

	Parent Company		Conso	lidated
	06/30/2022	06/30/2021	06/30/2022	06/30/2021
Results from asset write-offs	(4,274)	(3,588)	(4,274)	(3,588)
Reversals (provisions) for impairment:				
Store/DC closures/revamps	5,669	(2,102)	5,669	(2,102)
Impairment test	738	2,021	738	2,021
Recovery of tax credits (a)	22,063	177,697	22,063	177,697
Reversal (provision) for tax contingencies	(778)	(35,295)	(778)	(35,295)
Strategy consulting services	(7,284)	(7,147)	(7,284)	(7,147)
Other	(2,850)	564	(3,834)	564
	13,284	132,150	12,300	132,150

(a) Credit recovery is booked net of attorney, consulting, and auditing expenses.

Notes to the interim financial statements June 30, 2022 and 2021 (in thousand Reals unless otherwise stated)

28. Finance results

	Parent Company		Consolidated	
	06/30/2022	06/30/2021	06/30/2022	06/30/2021
Exchange variation				
Exchange variation - Purchases	1,228	1,286	1,228	1,286
-	1,228	1,286	1,228	1,286
Finance expenses				
Interest on loans	(105,456)	(24,814)	(105,456)	(24,814)
Interest on leases	(75,921)	(66,280)	(75,921)	(66,280)
Supplier financial expenses - PVA	(38,688)	(7,656)	(38,688)	(7,656)
Interest com trade receivables	(21,702)	-	(21,702)	-
Interest on taxes and contingencies	(8,663)	(7,062)	(8,663)	(7,062)
Bank expenses and IOF	(954)	(905)	(957)	(907)
Other	(2,511)	(1,418)	(3,750)	(1,418)
	(253,895)	(108,135)	(255,137)	(108,137)
Finance income				
Interest and monetary adjustment	50,067	70,220	50,011	70,221
Interest on financial investments	34,449	10,963	35,050	10,963
Supplier financial income	4,656	5,964	4,656	5,964
Other	4	57	4	57
	89,176	87,204	89,721	87,205
Net financial results	(163,491)	(19,645)	(164,188)	(19,646)

Notes to the interim financial statements June 30, 2022 and 2021 (in thousand Reals unless otherwise stated)

29. Information by segment

The Company's Management defined the reportable operating segments based on the reports used to make strategic decisions. The businesses were classified into two segments, retail and financial services, and the main characteristics for each of the divisions are:

- (i) Retail: sale of clothing, perfumery, cosmetics, watches, cell phones in physical stores and ecommerce.
- (ii) Financial products and services: consumer credit operations and intermediation of insurance sales with our partners or own operations with the C&A Pay card.

	Retail		Financial	Services	Consolidated	
	06/30/2022	06/30/2021	06/30/2022	06/30/2021	06/30/2022	06/30/2021
Net Operating Revenue Cost of sales and services	2,706,140	1,851,495 (1,051,774)	121,124 (789)	100,171 (459)	2,827,264 (1,423,389)	1,951,666 (1,052,233)
rendered Gross Profit	1,283,540	799,721	120,335	99,712	1,403,875	899,433
Sales General and administrative	(824,882) (231,218)	(640,038) (151,408)	(86,557) (5,536)	(52,821) (945)	(911,439) (236,754)	(692,859) (152,353)
Net credit losses Earnings by segment (excluding depreciation)	- 12,299	- 132,142	(13,386)	- 8	(13,386) 12,300	- 132,150
	239,739	140,417	14,857	45,954	254,596	186,371
Depreciation and amortization Finance results Income taxes	(328,404) (163,491) 95,774	(266,581) (19,647) 33,845	(7,876) (697) (533)	(3,143) 1 (154)	(336,280) (164,188) 95,241	(269,724) (19,646) 33,691
Net income (loss) for the period	(156,382)	(111,966)	5,751	42,658	(150,631)	(69,308)

Notes to the interim financial statements June 30, 2022 and 2021 (in thousand Reals unless otherwise stated)

30. Financial instruments and capital management

30.1 Financial risk management

The activities of the Company and its subsidiaries expose them to a few financial risks, such as market risk (including exchange and interest rate risks), credit risk, and liquidity risk Financial risks are assessed and managed carefully, using the limits and procedures defined in the Company's financial policy. The Auditing Committee is responsible for monitoring and ensuring compliance with the Financial Policy.

a) Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of the future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to market prices. Market prices include three types of risk: interest rate risk, exchange risk and price risk, which can be commodities or shares, among others. Financial instruments affected by market risk includes loans and financing, cash equivalents and other financial assets, investments in debt and equity instruments, and derivative financial instruments.

Interest rate risk

The Company is exposed to the risk of changes in interest rate that could impact returns on its short-term assets and financial liabilities indexed to the CDI.

The company attempts to keep the interest rate indicators for its assets and liabilities equal to reduce the impact of a risk in a fluctuation in interest rates. Currently all our loans are fixed rate and indexed to the CDI.

Management continuously analyzes its exposure to interest rates, comparing the contracted rates to current market rates and simulating refinancing scenarios and the impact on results.

The Company ran tests using scenarios for the next disclosure to demonstrate how fluctuations in this index impact results. Interest rates for the likely scenario were taken from the reference rates published on the B3 site on June 30, 2022 (annualized CDI of 13.61% and 6.59% for the six-month period)

Notes to the interim financial statements June 30, 2022 and 2021 (in thousand Reals unless otherwise stated)

			Parent Company					
					Increasing interest		Decreasing interest	
	Risk	Balance on 06/30/2022	Rate	Likely scenario	Possible scenario + 25%	Remote scenario + 50%	Possibl e scenari o - 25%	Remote scenario - 50%
Financial investments (i)	Lower CDI	1,056,646	CDI	67,906	84,883	101,859	50,929	33,953
Loans and debentures	Higher CDI	(2,225,711)	CDI	(146,674)	(183,343)	(220,011)	(110,005)	(73,337)
Net exposure/Impact on prior to IT/SC	earnings	(1,169,065)		(78,768)	(98,460)	(118,152)	(59,076)	(39,384)
Impact on earnings, net of	IT/SC			(51,987)	(64,984)	(77,980)	(38,990)	(25,993)

 (i) Financial revenue stated net of 4.65% PIS and COFINS. For financial investments we considered an average yield of 102.29% of the CDI.

		Consolidated						
					Increasing	g interest	Decreasing interest	
	Risk	Balance on 06/30/2022	Rate	Likely scenario	Possible scenario + 25%	Remote scenario + 50%	Possibl e scenari o - 25%	Remote scenario - 50%
Financial investments (ii)	Lower CDI	1,060,680	CDI	68,166	85,208	102,249	51,124	34,083
Loans and debentures	Higher CDI	(2,340,578)	CDI	(154,244)	(192,805)	(231,366)	(115,683)	(77,122)
Net exposure/Impact on e prior to IT/SC Impact on earnings, net of	U	(1,279,898)		(86,078) (56,811)	(107,597) (71,014)	(129,117) (85,217)	(64,559) (42,609)	(43,039) (28,406)

(i)

Financial revenue stated net of 4.65% PIS and COFINS. For financial investments we considered an average yield of 102.29% of the CDI.

Foreign exchange risk

Foreign currency exchange risk exists in future commercial transactions, primarily those associated with US-Dollar denominated imports. The foreign currency risk management policy is defined by Management and approved by the Auditing and Risk Management Committee.

The Company hedges against exchange variations in the outstanding balance of its imports by entering into Non-Deliverable Forward Contracts (NDFs) for highly probable budgeted purchases. Contracts based on the FOB value of the goods limits the exchange exposure and its effect on price composition. As soon as goods are nationalized, taxes must be paid that are not included in the hedge defined when contracting the NDF. These taxes amount to 36% of the value of the order.

The table below shows exposure to exchange variation related to orders issued and not covered by the hedge, and non-recoverable customs clearance taxes for which the Company is not hedged. The company shows sensitivity to possible changes in the range

Notes to the interim financial statements June 30, 2022 and 2021 (in thousand Reals unless otherwise stated)

of 25% to 50%, indicating a deteriorating financial situation for the Company due to increases in the US Dollar exchange rate.

The US Dollar exchange rate used in the sensitivity analysis was taken from the FOCUS report published by the Brazilian Central Bank on June 30, 2022. Scenario estimates were adopted according to CVM Instruction 475/08.

					Negative scenari	os
		Risk		Scenario Likely USD 1 = R\$ 5.10	Possible scenario +25% USD 1 = R\$ 6.38	Scenario Remote scenario +50% USD 1 = R\$ 7.65
Hedge object	Purchasing orders for imported goods and imports in transit	Increase in the USD exchange	(34,799)	4,802	(39,741)	(83,935)
Hedge	Hedge	Decrease in the USD exchange	17,613	(2,431)	20,114	42,482
	Net exposure of import orders		(17,186)	2,371	(19,627)	(41,453)
Non-recoverable taxes (36%)		(12,528)	1,729	(14,307)	(30,217)	
	Total net exposure		(29,714)	4,100	(33,934)	(71,670)
Impact on earnings, net of IT/SC USD on 06/30/2022 = B\$ 5.23		200	(19,611)	2,706	(22,396)	(47,302)

USD on 06/30/2022 = R\$ 5.2380

Financial instruments designated for hedge accounting

To handle its market risks, the Company manages its foreign currency exposure related to the purchase of goods by contracting derivative financial instruments pegged to the US dollar, considering the expected entry of the goods in the Company's inventory in the Company's official budget.

As of October 2016, the Company formally adopted cash flow hedge accounting for derivative instruments to cover its highly likely future imports, in order to hedge against oscillations in the cost of goods entered in inventories during periods of unfavorable exchange rates.

The hedging structure consists of hedging a highly likely transaction whereby imported goods to be sold by the Company will enter the inventory in USD, against the risk of variations in the US\$ vs. R\$ exchange rate, using derivative financial instruments such as NDFs as hedging instruments, in amounts, maturities and currencies equivalent to import budget in US\$.

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Transactions for which the Company uses hedge accounting are highly likely and are exposed to variations in cash flow that could impact profit and loss and are highly effective in achieving exchange rate fluctuations or cash flow attributable to the hedged risk.

The following is a list of the hedge accounting instruments and expected periods for the import cash flow:

	US\$ thousand			US\$ thousand
Date Expected	Budget (hedged)	Maturity	Counterparty	NDF reference value
Jul/22	(1,151)	Jul/22	Bradesco	1,151
Jul/22	(3,021)	Jul/22	Itaú	3,021
Jul/22	(1,641)	Jul/22	Santander	1,641
Aug/22	(272)	Aug/22	Bradesco	272
Aug/22	(1,430)	Aug/22	Itaú	1,430
Aug/22	(674)	Aug/22	Santander	674
Sep/22	(1,869)	Sep/22	Bradesco	1,869
Oct/22	(1,417)	Oct/22	Itaú	1,417
Nov/22	(914)	Nov/22	Bradesco	914
Nov/22	(603)	Nov/22	Itaú	603
Dec/22	(615)	Dec/22	Bradesco	615
Dec/22	(922)	Dec/22	Santander	922
Jan/23	(714)	Jan/23	Itaú	714
Feb/23	(905)	Feb/23	Bradesco	905
Mar/23	(1,465)	Mar/23	Itaú	1,465
Total	(17,613)			17,613

Financial instruments are measured at fair value in Level 2, which uses valuation techniques for which the lowest significant level of information for fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable.

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The following table shows the outstanding positions by maturity date of the forward contracts (Non-Deliverable Forwards - NDF) used to hedge exchange rate risk on June 30, 2022:

			Date	Maturity	Reference (notional) value -	
Derivative	Position	Contract	contracted	date	USD	Fair value
Term	Purchased	NDF	08/30/2021	07/17/2022	420	(132)
Term	Purchased	NDF	06/14/2022	07/20/2022	2,601	56
Term	Purchased	NDF	02/22/2022	07/20/2022	751	(50)
Term	Purchased	NDF	01/26/2022	07/20/2022	1,567	(716)
Term	Purchased	NDF	12/30/2021	07/20/2022	400	(269)
Term	Purchased	NDF	11/05/2021	07/20/2022	74	(51)
Term	Purchased	NDF	02/22/2022	08/17/2022	674	(55)
Term	Purchased	NDF	01/26/2022	08/17/2022	103	(49)
Term	Purchased	NDF	12/30/2021	08/17/2022	169	(117)
Term	Purchased	NDF	01/31/2022	08/17/2022	1,030	(369)
Term	Purchased	NDF	11/05/2021	08/17/2022	400	(286)
Term	Purchased	NDF	02/22/2022	09/21/2022	1,125	(115)
Term	Purchased	NDF	03/24/2022	09/21/2022	226	45
Term	Purchased	NDF	11/05/2021	09/21/2022	518	(383)
Term	Purchased	NDF	02/22/2022	01/19/2022	856	(93)
Term	Purchased	NDF	1105/2021	01/19/2022	561	(418)
Term	Purchased	NDF	02/22/2022	11/16/2022	914	(112)
Term	Purchased	NDF	12/30/2021	11/16/2022	603	(443)
Term	Purchased	NDF	02/22/2022	12/21/2022	922	(129)
Term	Purchased	NDF	12/30/2021	12/21/2022	615	(461)
Term	Purchased	NDF	01/26/2022	01/18/2023	714	(388)
Term	Purchased	NDF	02/22/2022	02/15/2023	905	(159)
Term	Purchased	NDF	03/24/2022	03/15/2023	1,465	179
					17,613	(4,515)
Current as Current Lia						282 (4,797)

Derivative financial instruments are entered at fair value. Thus, at the inception of the hedge transaction the book value and fair value are the same.

On June 30, 2022, non-settled NDF transactions had an outstanding balance net of tax effects in the amount of R\$ 2,980 (net outstanding credit of R\$ 248 on December 31, 2021), recorded as other comprehensive income.

The amount in the statements of comprehensive income refers to the variation between operations not settled in December 2021 and March 2022 (between December 2020 and March 2021). In the period ended June 30, 2022, the cost of goods sold was negatively impacted by the in NDF transactions in the amount of R\$ 11,176 (gain of R\$ 505 in the same period of 2021).

During the six-month period ended June 30, 2022, NDF hedge transactions used to hedge the cash flow risk of import orders were effective, based on the rules set forth by

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CPC 48/IFRS 9. To test effectiveness, the Company compares changes in the value of the hedge instrument to changes in value of the item protected attributable to the risk covered. Should the transaction become ineffective, the ineffective portion is recognized directly in the earnings of the period in which this takes place. Ineffectiveness can be the result of differences in timing of the cash flows of the protected items and the hedge instruments. There were no ineffective portions in the periods ending June 30, 2022 and 2021.

b) Credit risk

i) Cash and Cash Equivalents

In accordance with the Company's policy, cash and cash equivalents must be invested in financial institutions rated as having low credit risk.

ii) Receivables

The Company, through its subsidiary Orion, has been operating its own C&A Pay cards since December 2021. This operation is recent, and Management organized itself to control credit risk by continuously monitoring the portfolio.

Expected losses from C&A Pay Private Label operations are calculated by the Company based on in-house studies to measure percent loss based on past-due stage and time, bearing in mind the likelihood of exposure to default and the effective loss for each past-due range.

As C&A Pay operations mature, estimates and approaches may be reviewed to adjust provisions to reflect the changes in the macroeconomic scenario and/or changes in customer profiles.

Management considers that the estimates used to make provisions for expected losses are sufficient to cover possible customer portfolio credit losses.

For other operations, the Company's credit risk is minimized to the extent that assets represented by receivables from the sale of goods and services are intermediated by Bradescard and credit card companies. In the case of credit card companies, the risk is fully transferred to them, and the Company remains only with the risk of non-recognition of purchase by customers (chargebacks) for which an allowance for impairment is measured and recognized. For transactions intermediated by Banco Bradescard, there is a potential loss, contractually limited to 50% of the net doubtful receivables registered with that institution, in addition to customer chargebacks. Historically, credit losses resulting from the agreement with Banco Bradescard are smaller than the gains.

Notes to the interim financial statements June 30, 2022 and 2021 (in thousand Reals unless otherwise stated)

c) Liquidity risk

Based on the operation's cash cycle, Management approved a minimum cash policy to:

i) Protect itself in times of uncertainty;

ii) Ensure execution of its investment and expansion strategy;

iii) Ensure that a dividend distribution policy is maintained.

Management constantly monitors the expectation on the Company's liquidity and that of its subsidiary to ensure they have sufficient cash to meet their operational needs, investment plans and financial obligations.

The Company invests excess cash in financial assets with floating interest rates and daily liquidity (CDBs and LCAs of financial institutions that comply with the investment policy approved by Management). In 2021 the company also invested in treasury notes (LTFs) (Note 7), which it intends to keep until they mature, booked at amortized cost.

The following table summarizes the maturity profile of the Company's financial liabilities:

	Less than 1		More than 5	
On June 30, 2022	year	1 to 5 years	years	Total
Lease liabilities	505,585	942,730	367,874	1,816,189
Loans	916,603	1,423,975	-	2,340,578
Suppliers	1,458,552	13,208	-	1,471,760
Total	2,880,740	2,379,913	367,874	5,628,527

30.2. Capital management

The goal of the Company's capital management is to ensure a financing structure is maintained for its operations.

The Company manages its capital structure by making suitable adjustments to changes in economic conditions. To keep this structure adjusted, the Company may make dividend payments and take out loans. There were no changes in the capital structure objectives, policies or processes in the period ended June 30, 2022.

	Parent C	ompany	Consolidated	
Net Debt excluding Lease Liabilities	06/30/2022	12/31/2021	06/30/2022	12/31/2021
Short and long-term loans and debentures	2,225,711	1,358,756	2,340,578	1,374,826
Cash and cash equivalents	(1,089,488)	(1,003,249)	(1,113,575)	(1,050,251)
Financial investments	(8,193)	(7,776)	(8,193)	(7,776)
Net debt (cash)	1,128,030	347,731	1,218,810	316,799
Non-controlling interests	-	-	-	3
Total shareholder's equity	2,844,628	2,995,006	2,844,628	2,995,009
Financial leverage index	40%	12%	43%	11%

Notes to the interim financial statements June 30, 2022 and 2021 (in thousand Reals unless otherwise stated)

On June 30, 2022, the balance of lease liabilities was R\$ 1,816,189 (R\$ 1,814,148 On December 31, 2021). If lease liabilities are included in the capital management calculations, leverage would be 104%, as follows.

Parent C	ompany	Consolidated	
06/30/2022	12/31/2021	06/30/2022	12/31/2021
1,128,030	347,731	1,218,810	316,799
1,816,189	1,814,148	1,816,189	1,814,148
2,944,219	2,161,879	3,034,999	2,130,947
2,844,628	2,995,006	2,844,628	2,995,009
104%	72%	107%	71%
	06/30/2022 1,128,030 1,816,189 2,944,219 2,844,628	1,128,030 347,731 1,816,189 1,814,148 2,944,219 2,161,879 2,844,628 2,995,006	06/30/2022 12/31/2021 06/30/2022 1,128,030 347,731 1,218,810 1,816,189 1,814,148 1,816,189 2,944,219 2,161,879 3,034,999 2,844,628 2,995,006 2,844,628

Notes to the interim financial statements June 30, 2022 and 2021 (in thousand Reals unless otherwise stated)

30.3. Financial instruments - classification

On June 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, the financial instruments can be summarized and classified as follows:

Parent Company

Total on December 31, 2021

Cost comprehensive income Total Financial assets 1,089,488 - 1,089,488 Cash and cash equivalents 1,089,488 - 1,089,488 Financial investments 8,193 - 8,193 Trade receivables 1,137,957 - 1,137,957 Derivatives - 282 282 Related parties 4,288 - 4,288 Judicial deposits 63,223 - 63,223 Financial liabilities (1,816,189) - (1,816,189) Lease liabilities (1,463,812) - (1,463,812) Loans and debentures (2,225,711) - (2,225,711) Derivatives (2,225,711) - (2,225,711) Derivatives (46,625) - (46,625) Total on June 30, 2022 (3,249,188) (4,515) (3,253,703) Financial assets 1,003,249 - 1,003,249 Cash and cash equivalents 1,03,249 - 1,032,49 Financial investme		Amortized	Fair value through other	
Financial assets 1,089,488 - 1,089,488 Financial investments 8,193 - 8,193 Trade receivables 1,137,957 - 1,137,957 Derivatives 4,288 - 4,282 Related parties 4,288 - 4,288 Judicial deposits 63,223 - 63,223 Financial liabilities (1,463,812) - (1,463,812) Lease liabilities (1,463,812) - (1,463,812) Loans and debentures (2,225,711) - (2,225,711) Derivatives - (46,625) - (46,625) Total on June 30, 2022 (3,249,188) (4,515) (3,253,703) Financial investments 7,776 7,776 7,776 Trade receivables 1,144,404 - 1,03,249 Financial investments 7,776 7,776 7,776 Cash and cash equivalents 1,03,249 - 1,03,249 Financial investments 7,776 7,776 7,776 <th></th> <th>cost</th> <th>comprehensive</th> <th></th>		cost	comprehensive	
Cash and cash equivalents 1,089,488 - 1,089,488 Financial investments 8,193 - 8,193 Trade receivables 1,137,957 - 1,137,957 Derivatives - 282 282 Related parties 4,288 - 4,288 Judicial deposits 63,223 - 63,223 Financial liabilities (1,816,189) - (1,816,189) Lease liabilities (1,816,189) - (1,816,189) Suppliers (1,463,812) - (1,463,812) Loans and debentures (2,225,711) - (2,225,717) Derivatives - (4,797) (4,797) (4,797) Related parties (46,625) - (46,625) Total on June 30, 2022 (3,249,188) (4,515) (3,253,703) Financial assets - 1,003,249 - 1,003,249 Gash and cash equivalents 1,003,249 - 1,003,249 - Grade receivables 1,144,404	On June 30, 2022		income	Total
Financial investments 8,193 - 8,193 Trade receivables 1,137,957 - 1,137,957 Derivatives - 282 282 Related parties 4,288 - 4,288 Judicial deposits 63,223 - 63,223 Financial liabilities (1,816,189) - (1,816,189) Lease liabilities (1,463,812) - (1,463,812) Loans and debentures (2,225,711) - (2,225,711) Derivatives - (46,625) - (46,625) Total on June 30, 2022 (3,249,188) (4,515) (3,253,703) Financial assets 1,003,249 - 1,003,249 Cash and cash equivalents 1,003,249 - 1,003,249 Financial investments 7,776 7,776 7,776 Trade receivables 1,144,404 - 1,144,404 Derivatives - 1,535 1,535 Related parties 776 - 776 Judicial deposits 61,937 - 61,937 Financial liab	Financial assets			
$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	Cash and cash equivalents	1,089,488	-	1,089,488
Derivatives - 282 282 Related parties 4,288 - 4,288 Judicial deposits 63,223 - 63,223 Financial liabilities (1,816,189) - (1,816,189) Lease liabilities (1,463,812) - (1,463,812) Loans and debentures (2,225,711) - (2,225,711) Derivatives - (4,797) (4,797) Related parties (46,625) - (46,625) Total on June 30, 2022 (3,249,188) (4,515) (3,253,703) Financial assets 1,003,249 - 1,003,249 Cash and cash equivalents 1,003,249 - 1,003,249 Financial investments 7,776 7,776 7,776 Trade receivables 1,144,404 - 1,144,404 Derivatives - 1,535 1,535 Related parties 776 - 776 Judicial deposits 61,937 - 61,937 Financial liabilities		,	-	,
Related parties 4,288 - 4,288 Judicial deposits 63,223 - 63,223 Financial liabilities (1,816,189) - (1,816,189) Suppliers (1,463,812) - (1,463,812) Loans and debentures (2,225,711) - (2,225,711) Derivatives - (4,797) (4,797) Related parties (46,625) - (46,625) Total on June 30, 2022 (3,249,188) (4,515) (3,253,703) Financial assets (3,249,188) (4,515) (3,253,703) Financial assets 1,003,249 - 1,003,249 Cash and cash equivalents 1,003,249 - 1,003,249 Financial investments 7,776 7,776 Trade receivables 1,144,404 - 1,144,404 Derivatives - 1,535 1,535 Related parties 776 - 776 Judicial deposits 61,937 - 61,937 Financial iabilities (1,814,148) - (1,814,148) Lease liabilitities	Trade receivables	1,137,957	-	1,137,957
Judicial deposits 63,223 - 63,223 Financial liabilities (1,816,189) - (1,816,189) Suppliers (1,463,812) - (1,463,812) Loans and debentures (2,225,711) - (2,225,711) Derivatives - (4,797) (4,797) Related parties (46,625) - (46,625) Total on June 30, 2022 (3,249,188) (4,515) (3,253,703) Financial assets (3,249,188) (4,515) (3,249,188) Cash and cash equivalents 1,003,249 - 1,003,249 Financial investments 7,776 7,776 7,776 Trade receivables 1,144,404 - 1,144,404 Derivatives - 1,535 1,535 Related parties 776 776 776 Judicial deposits 61,937 - 61,937 Judicial deposits 61,937 - 61,937 Judicial deposits (1,814,148) - (1,814,148) Su		-	282	
$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	1	,	-	,
Lease liabilities (1,816,189) - (1,816,189) Suppliers (1,463,812) - (1,463,812) Loans and debentures (2,225,711) - (2,225,711) Derivatives - (4,797) (4,797) Related parties (46,625) - (46,625) Total on June 30, 2022 (3,249,188) (4,515) (3,253,703) Fair value through other comprehensive income On December 31 2021 cost Total Fair value through other comprehensive income Cash and cash equivalents 1,003,249 - 1,003,249 Financial investments 7,776 7,776 7,776 Trade receivables 1,144,404 - 1,144,404 Derivatives - 1,535 1,535 Related parties 776 - 776 Judicial deposits 61,937 - 61,937 Financial liabilities (1,814,148) - (1,814,148) Lease liabilities (1,834,736) - (1,358,756) Lease liabilities (1,358,756) - <td< td=""><td>Judicial deposits</td><td>63,223</td><td>-</td><td>63,223</td></td<>	Judicial deposits	63,223	-	63,223
Suppliers (1,463,812) - (1,463,812) Loans and debentures (2,225,711) - (2,225,711) Derivatives - (4,797) (4,797) Related parties (46,625) - (46,625) Total on June 30, 2022 (3,249,188) (4,515) (3,253,703) Financial on June 30, 2022 (3,249,188) (4,515) (3,253,703) Financial assets - (46,625) - (46,625) Cash and cash equivalents 1,003,249 - 1,003,249 Financial investments 7,776 7,776 7,776 Trade receivables 1,144,404 - 1,144,404 Derivatives - 1,535 1,535 Related parties 776 - 776 Judicial deposits 61,937 - 61,937 Financial liabilities (1,814,148) - (1,814,148) Lease liabilities (1,834,736) - (1,358,756) Derivatives - (1,358,756) - <	Financial liabilities			
Loans and debentures (2,225,711) - (2,225,711) Derivatives - (4,797) (4,797) Related parties (46,625) - (46,625) Total on June 30, 2022 (3,249,188) (4,515) (3,253,703) Fair value Fair value through other comprehensive Total On December 31 2021 cost income Total Financial assets 1,003,249 - 1,003,249 Cash and cash equivalents 1,103,249 - 1,003,249 Financial investments 7,776 7,776 7,776 Trade receivables 1,144,404 - 1,144,404 Derivatives - 1,535 1,535 Related parties 776 - 776 Judicial deposits 61,937 - 61,937 Financial liabilities (1,814,148) - (1,814,148) Lease liabilities (1,834,736) - (1,358,756) Derivatives - (1,910) (1,910) (1,910)	Lease liabilities	(1,816,189)	-	(1,816,189)
Derivatives - (4,797) (4,625) - (46,625) - (46,625) (3,253,703) (4,797) (4,797) (4,797) (4,797) (4,625) (4,797) (4,625) (4,625) (4,625) (4,625) (4,625) (4,625) (4,625) (4,625) (4,625) (4,797) (4,625) (3,253,703) (3,253,703) (3,253,703) (3,253,703) (3,253,703) (3,253,703) (3,253,703) (5,10) (5,10) (5,10) (5,10) (5,10) (4,797) (4,797) (4,625) (5,10) (5,10) (7,76) (7,76) (7,776 (7,776) (7,776) (7,776) (7,776) (7,776) (7,776) (7,776) (7,776)	Suppliers	(1,463,812)	-	(1,463,812)
Related parties (46,625) - (46,625) Total on June 30, 2022 (3,249,188) (4,515) (3,253,703) Fair value through other comprehensive income Total Financial assets Total Total Cash and cash equivalents 1,003,249 - 1,003,249 Financial investments 7,776 7,776 7,776 Trade receivables 1,144,404 - 1,144,404 Derivatives 776 776 776 Judicial deposits 61,937 61,937 61,937 Financial liabilities Lease liabilities (1,814,148) - (1,814,148) Suppliers (1,834,736) - (1,834,736) Loans and debentures (1,358,756) - (1,910) (1,910)	Loans and debentures	(2,225,711)	-	(2,225,711)
Total on June 30, 2022 (3,249,188) (4,515) (3,253,703) Fair value through other comprehensive income Fair value through other comprehensive income Total Financial assets 1,003,249 - 1,003,249 Cash and cash equivalents 7,776 7,776 Financial investments 7,776 7,776 Trade receivables 1,144,404 - Derivatives - 1,535 Related parties 776 - Judicial deposits 61,937 - Financial liabilities (1,814,148) - Lease liabilities (1,834,736) - Loans and debentures (1,358,756) - Derivatives - (1,910)	Derivatives	-	(4,797)	(4,797)
On December 31 2021Amortized costFair value through other comprehensive incomeTotalFinancial assets1,003,249-1,003,249Cash and cash equivalents7,7767,776Trade receivables1,144,404-1,144,404Derivatives-1,5351,535Related parties776-776Judicial deposits61,937-61,937Financial liabilities(1,814,148)-(1,814,148)Lease liabilities(1,834,736)-(1,834,736)Loans and debentures(1,358,756)-(1,910)Derivatives-(1,910)(1,910)	Related parties	(46,625)	-	(46,625)
On December 31 2021 Amortized cost through other comprehensive income Total Financial assets 1,003,249 - 1,003,249 Cash and cash equivalents 1,003,249 - 1,003,249 Financial investments 7,776 7,776 Trade receivables 1,144,404 - 1,144,404 Derivatives - 1,535 1,535 Related parties 776 - 776 Judicial deposits 61,937 - 61,937 Financial liabilities (1,814,148) - (1,814,148) Suppliers (1,834,736) - (1,834,736) Lease liabilities (1,358,756) - (1,358,756) Derivatives - (1,910) (1,910)	Total on June 30, 2022	(3,249,188)	(4,515)	(3,253,703)
On December 31 2021 cost income Total Financial assets - 1,003,249 - 1,003,249 Cash and cash equivalents 1,003,249 - 1,003,249 Financial investments 7,776 7,776 Trade receivables 1,144,404 - 1,144,404 Derivatives - 1,535 1,535 Related parties 776 - 776 Judicial deposits 61,937 - 61,937 Financial liabilities (1,814,148) - (1,814,148) Suppliers (1,834,736) - (1,834,736) Loans and debentures (1,358,756) - (1,910)				
Financial assets 1,003,249 - 1,003,249 Financial investments 7,776 7,776 7,776 Trade receivables 1,144,404 - 1,144,404 Derivatives - 1,535 1,535 Related parties 776 - 776 Judicial deposits 61,937 - 61,937 Financial liabilities (1,814,148) - (1,814,148) Suppliers (1,834,736) - (1,834,736) Loans and debentures (1,358,756) - (1,910)		Amortized	through other	
Financial investments 7,776 7,776 Trade receivables 1,144,404 - 1,144,404 Derivatives - 1,535 1,535 Related parties 776 - 776 Judicial deposits 61,937 - 61,937 Financial liabilities (1,814,148) - (1,814,148) Suppliers (1,834,736) - (1,834,736) Loans and debentures (1,358,756) - (1,910)	On December 31 2021		through other comprehensive	Total
Financial investments 7,776 7,776 Trade receivables 1,144,404 - 1,144,404 Derivatives - 1,535 1,535 Related parties 776 - 776 Judicial deposits 61,937 - 61,937 Financial liabilities (1,814,148) - (1,814,148) Suppliers (1,834,736) - (1,834,736) Loans and debentures (1,358,756) - (1,910)			through other comprehensive	Total
Derivatives - 1,535 1,535 Related parties 776 - 776 Judicial deposits 61,937 - 61,937 Financial liabilities (1,814,148) - (1,814,148) Lease liabilities (1,834,736) - (1,834,736) Loans and debentures (1,358,756) - (1,358,756) Derivatives - (1,910) (1,910)	Financial assets	cost	through other comprehensive	
Related parties 776 - 776 Judicial deposits 61,937 - 61,937 Financial liabilities (1,814,148) - (1,814,148) Lease liabilities (1,834,736) - (1,834,736) Loans and debentures (1,358,756) - (1,358,756) Derivatives - (1,910) (1,910)	Financial assets Cash and cash equivalents	cost 1,003,249	through other comprehensive	1,003,249
Judicial deposits 61,937 - 61,937 Financial liabilities (1,814,148) - (1,814,148) Lease liabilities (1,834,736) - (1,834,736) Loans and debentures (1,358,756) - (1,358,756) Derivatives - (1,910) (1,910)	Financial assets Cash and cash equivalents Financial investments	cost 1,003,249 7,776	through other comprehensive	1,003,249 7,776
Financial liabilities (1,814,148) - (1,814,148) Lease liabilities (1,834,736) - (1,834,736) Suppliers (1,358,756) - (1,358,756) Derivatives - (1,910) (1,910)	Financial assets Cash and cash equivalents Financial investments Trade receivables	cost 1,003,249 7,776	through other comprehensive income -	1,003,249 7,776 1,144,404
Lease liabilities (1,814,148) - (1,814,148) Suppliers (1,834,736) - (1,834,736) Loans and debentures (1,358,756) - (1,358,756) Derivatives - (1,910) (1,910)	Financial assets Cash and cash equivalents Financial investments Trade receivables Derivatives	cost 1,003,249 7,776 1,144,404	through other comprehensive income -	1,003,249 7,776 1,144,404 1,535
Suppliers(1,834,736)-(1,834,736)Loans and debentures(1,358,756)-(1,358,756)Derivatives-(1,910)(1,910)	Financial assets Cash and cash equivalents Financial investments Trade receivables Derivatives Related parties	cost 1,003,249 7,776 1,144,404 - 776	through other comprehensive income -	1,003,249 7,776 1,144,404 1,535 776
Loans and debentures (1,358,756) - (1,358,756) Derivatives - (1,910) (1,910)	Financial assets Cash and cash equivalents Financial investments Trade receivables Derivatives Related parties Judicial deposits	cost 1,003,249 7,776 1,144,404 - 776	through other comprehensive income -	1,003,249 7,776 1,144,404 1,535 776
Derivatives - (1,910) (1,910)	Financial assets Cash and cash equivalents Financial investments Trade receivables Derivatives Related parties Judicial deposits Financial liabilities	cost 1,003,249 7,776 1,144,404 776 61,937	through other comprehensive income -	1,003,249 7,776 1,144,404 1,535 776 61,937
Derivatives - (1,910) (1,910)	Financial assets Cash and cash equivalents Financial investments Trade receivables Derivatives Related parties Judicial deposits Financial liabilities Lease liabilities	cost 1,003,249 7,776 1,144,404 - 776 61,937 (1,814,148)	through other comprehensive income -	1,003,249 7,776 1,144,404 1,535 776 61,937 (1,814,148)
Deleted nertice (FO 4F4) (FO 4F4)	Financial assets Cash and cash equivalents Financial investments Trade receivables Derivatives Related parties Judicial deposits Financial liabilities Lease liabilities Suppliers	<u>cost</u> 1,003,249 7,776 1,144,404 776 61,937 (1,814,148) (1,834,736)	through other comprehensive income -	1,003,249 7,776 1,144,404 1,535 776 61,937 (1,814,148) (1,834,736)
Related parties (59,454) - (59,454)	Financial assets Cash and cash equivalents Financial investments Trade receivables Derivatives Related parties Judicial deposits Financial liabilities Lease liabilities Suppliers Loans and debentures	<u>cost</u> 1,003,249 7,776 1,144,404 776 61,937 (1,814,148) (1,834,736)	through other comprehensive income - - 1,535 - - - - - - - - -	1,003,249 7,776 1,144,404 1,535 776 61,937 (1,814,148) (1,834,736) (1,358,756)

(375)

(2,849,327)

(2,848,952)

Notes to the interim financial statements June 30, 2022 and 2021 (in thousand Reals unless otherwise stated)

Consolidated

	Amortized	Fair value through other comprehensive	
On June 30, 2022	Cost	income	Total
Financial assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	1,113,575	-	1,113,575
Financial investments	8,193	-	8,193
Trade receivables	1,258,395	-	1,258,395
Derivatives	-	282	282
Related parties	177	-	177
Judicial deposits	63,223	-	63,223
Financial liabilities			
Lease liabilities	(1,816,189)	-	(1,816,189)
Trade receivables	(1,471,760)	-	(1,471,760)
Loans and debentures	(2,340,578)	-	(2,340,578)
Derivatives	-	(4,797)	(4,797)
Related parties	(42,443)	-	(42,443)
Total on June 30, 2022	(3,227,407)	(4,515)	(3,231,922)

		Fair value through other		
On December 31, 2021	Amortized Cost	comprehensive income	Total	
Financial assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	1,050,251	-	1,050,251	
Financial investments	7,776		7,776	
Trade receivables	1,145,336	-	1,145,336	
Derivatives	-	1,535	1,535	
Related parties	637	-	637	
Judicial deposits	61,937	-	61,937	
Financial liabilities				
Lease liabilities	(1,814,148)	-	(1,814,148)	
Suppliers	(1,835,796)	-	(1,835,796)	
Loans and debentures	(1,374,826)	-	(1,374,826)	
Derivatives	-	(1,910)	(1,910)	
Related parties	(59,017)	-	(59,017)	
Total on December 31, 2021	(2,817,850)	(375)	(2,818,225)	

The fair value of the Company's assets and liabilities were measured on June 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021 using Level 2 hierarchy, which corresponds to significant observable data.

Notes to the interim financial statements June 30, 2022 and 2021 (in thousand Reals unless otherwise stated)

30.4 Changes in liabilities associated with consolidated Company financing activities

				Re- measurements		
	December 31, 2021	Cash flows	Interest incurred	of lease liabilities	Other	June 30, 2022
Leases (i)	1,814,148	(238,047)	80,129	112,833	47,126	1,816,189
Loans and debentures	1,374,826	846,379	118,164	-	1,209	2,340,578
Total	3,188,974	608,332	198,293	112,833	48,335	4,156,767

				Re-		
				measurements		
	December	Cash	Interest	of lease		June 30,
	31, 2020	flows	incurred	liabilities	Other	2021
Leases	1,654,796	(209,004)	70,354	97,741	46,917	1,660,804
Loans and debentures	1,211,252	111,950	24,814	-	1,332	1,349,348
Total	2,866,048	(97,054)	95,168	97,741	48,249	3,010,152

31. Insurance

The Company has a policy of keeping insurance coverage in the amount that Management considers appropriate to cover possible risks to its property and equipment (basic coverage: fire, lightning, explosion and other property and equipment policy coverage), inventories, civil liability and transportation of goods. Below is the maximum indemnity limit for each coverage:

	Conso	Consolidated		
	06/30/2022	12/31/2021		
Civil Liability and D&O	290,781	239,674		
Property and Inventory	633,230	600,010		
Shipping	69,942	80,684		
	993,953	920,368		

Notes to the interim financial statements June 30, 2022 and 2021 (in thousand Reals unless otherwise stated)

32. Retirement plan

Together with other related companies, the Company participates as a sponsor of Cyamprev -Sociedade de Previdência Privada, to provide private pension plans to supplement the general social security system. The benefit plans are structured in the form of Defined Contribution (DC), and the amount of monthly income is linked to the financial amount of the accumulated contributions on behalf of each participant. After payments start, the monthly income is updated on an annual basis based on the participant's updated balance. Pension plan contributions are made by active participants and/or the sponsor. The plans guarantee a minimum benefit equivalent to three monthly salaries of each participant, calculated in proportion to their length of service and paid out in a single installment at the end of their employment link and eligibility for retirement. Contributions to the plans for this minimum benefit are made exclusively by the Company.

In the first half of 2022 the Company contributed R\$ 3,593 (R\$ 4,515 in 1H21) to the plans, entered as an expense in the earnings for the period. The total number of participating employees on June 30, 2022 was 6,867 (8,055 on December 31, 2021), with 200 participants under care (199 on December 31, 2021).

In accordance with CPC 33/IAS19, approved by CFC Resolution 1,193/09, the Company recognizes an actuarial asset when: (a) the Company controls a resource, which is the ability to use the surplus to generate future benefits, (b) that control is a result of past events (contributions paid by the Company and service rendered by the employee), and (c) future economic benefits are available to the Company in the form of a reduction in future contributions.

On June 30, 2022 the fair value of the plan assets related to the minimum benefit described above, exceeded the actuarial present value of the accumulated benefit obligations by approximately R\$ 1,844 (R\$ 2,552 on December 31, 2021).

Notes to the interim financial statements June 30, 2022 and 2021 (in thousand Reals unless otherwise stated)

33. Earnings per share

The following chart shows the determination of net profit available to the holders of common shares, and the weighted average of outstanding common shares used to calculate basic and diluted earnings (loss) per share in each period, already considering retrospective adjustment for share grouping:

Basic earnings per share	06/30/2022	06/30/2021
Net income (loss) for the period	(150,628)	(69,308)
Weighted average of the number of common shares	307,263,768	308,245,068
Basic profit (loss) per share - in R\$	(0.4902)	(0.2248)
Diluted earnings per share	06/30/2022	06/30/2021
Net income (loss) for the period	(150,628)	(69,308)
Weighted average of the number of outstanding common shares	307,263,768	308,245,068
Weighted average of the options granted as part of the stock-based		
compensation plan	-	-
Weighted average of the diluted number of common shares	307,263,768	308,245,068
Diluted profit (loss) per share - R\$	(0.4902)	(0.2248)

The only financial instrument providing dilution is the stock-based compensation plan, described in detail in Note 10.

On June 30, 2022 and 2021, considering the fair value of the Company's common shares and the average share price in the period, the compensation plan would provide an anti-dilution effect, which is why it was not considered in the calculation shown above