

(A free translation of the original in Portuguese)

Celulose Irani S.A.

Quarterly information (ITR)
at March 31, 2019 and
report on review of
quarterly information

(A free translation of the original in Portuguese)

(Unaudited)

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Company Information/Capital Composition

Number of shares (In Thousands)	Current Quarter 03/31/2019
Paid Up Capital	
Common Shares	153,910
Preferred Shares	12,810
Total	166,720
Treasury Shares	
Common	24
Preferred	2,352
Total	2,376

Parent Company Financial Statements Balance Sheet - Assets**(All amounts in Thousands of Reais)**

Code	Description	Current Quarter 03/31/2019	Previous Year 12/31/2018
1	Total Assets	1,509,737	1,535,722
1.01	Current Assets	328,037	383,460
1.01.01	Cash and Cash Equivalents	40,607	130,778
1.01.03	Accounts Receivable	185,897	167,058
1.01.03.01	Trade Receivables	185,897	167,058
1.01.04	Inventories	81,429	71,799
1.01.06	Recoverable Taxes	5,959	5,017
1.01.08	Other Current Assets	14,145	8,808
1.02	Non-current Assets	1,181,700	1,152,262
1.02.01	Long - term receivables	57,551	53,649
1.02.01.03	Accounts Receivable	4,766	4,868
1.02.01.03.01	Trade Receivables	2,066	2,168
1.02.01.03.02	Other accounts receivable	2,700	2,700
1.02.01.05	Biological Assets	47,237	44,030
1.02.01.09	Other Non-current assets	5,548	4,751
1.02.01.09.03	Recoverable Taxes	4,418	3,793
1.02.01.09.04	Judicial deposits	1,130	958
1.02.02	Investments	233,552	229,680
1.02.02.01	Equity Investments	214,071	210,149
1.02.02.02	Investment Properties	19,481	19,531
1.02.03	Property, plant and equipment	754,204	738,742
1.02.03.01	Property, plant and equipment in operation	729,556	738,742
1.02.03.02	Property, plant and equipment lease	24,648	0
1.02.03.02.01	Right to use assets	24,648	0
1.02.04	Intangible assets	136,393	130,191
1.02.04.01	Intangible assets	136,393	130,191

Parent Company Financial Statements Balance Sheet - Liabilities**(All amounts in Thousands of Reais)**

Code	Description	Current Quarter 03/31/2019	Previous Year 12/31/2018
2	Total Liabilities	1,509,737	1,535,722
2.01	Current Liabilities	480,988	474,511
2.01.01	Social and labor obligations	21,123	30,107
2.01.01.01	Social Obligations	21,123	30,107
2.01.01.01.01	Social security obligations	21,123	30,107
2.01.02	Suppliers	113,570	118,983
2.01.03	Tax obligations	25,139	22,053
2.01.03.01	Federal tax obligations	16,954	15,679
2.01.03.01.02	Tax paid in stallments	6,587	6,493
2.01.03.01.03	Other federal taxes	10,367	9,186
2.01.03.02	State tax obligations	8,132	6,314
2.01.03.02.02	Value-added Tax on Sales and Services (ICMS) payable	8,132	6,314
2.01.03.03	City tax obligations	53	60
2.01.04	Debt	295,178	287,342
2.01.04.01	Debt	295,178	287,342
2.01.05	Other obligations	25,978	16,026
2.01.05.02	Other current liabilities	25,978	16,026
2.01.05.02.01	Dividends and interest on capital payable	3,769	3,769
2.01.05.02.04	Other accounts payable	11,121	10,862
2.01.05.02.05	Advances from customers	7,259	1,395
2.01.05.02.06	Lease liabilities	3,829	0
2.02	Non-current liabilities	719,061	752,051
2.02.01	Debt	480,902	537,533
2.02.01.01	Debt	480,902	537,533
2.02.02	Other obligations	53,213	33,894
2.02.02.02	Other non-current liabilities	53,213	33,894
2.02.02.02.03	Installment taxes	21,408	22,725
2.02.02.02.04	Other taxes payable	10,109	10,731
2.02.02.02.05	Other accounts payable	515	438
2.02.02.02.06	Lease liabilities	21,181	0
2.02.03	Deferred income tax and social contribution	162,994	157,642
2.02.04	Provisions	21,952	22,982
2.02.04.01	Provisions for tax, social security, labor and civil contingencies	21,952	22,982
2.03	Equity	309,688	309,160
2.03.01	Paid-up share capital	161,895	161,895
2.03.02	Capital reserves	960	960
2.03.04	Profit reserves	63,272	67,399
2.03.06	Equity in the results of subsidiaries	83,561	78,906

Parent Company Financial Statements - Statement of Profit (loss)**(All amounts in thousands of Reais)**

Code	Description	Accumulated Year 01/01/2019 - 03/31/2019	Accumulated Year 01/01/2018 - 03/31/2018
3.01	Revenue from sales of goods and/or services	228,293	222,286
3.02	Cost of sales	-165,384	-160,837
3.02.01	Changes in the fair value of biological assets	2,273	1,579
3.02.02	Cost of goods sold	-167,657	-162,416
3.03	Gross Profit	62,909	61,449
3.04	Operating income (expenses)	-31,662	-37,674
3.04.01	Selling Expenses	-21,153	-20,897
3.04.02	General and administrative expenses	-14,235	-12,675
3.04.03	Losses in Asset impairment	0	-230
3.04.04	Other operating revenue	659	477
3.04.05	Other operating expenses	-855	-7,932
3.04.06	Equity from subsidiaries	3,922	3,583
3.05	Income before interest and Taxes	31,247	23,775
3.06	Interest loss	-35,807	-21,574
3.06.01	Financial revenues	7,046	4,933
3.06.02	Interest expenses	-42,853	-26,507
3.07	Earnings (loss) before income tax	-4,560	2,201
3.08	Income tax and social contribution	-1,803	-7,457
3.08.02	Differed	-1,803	-7,457
3.09	Income (loss) from continuing operations	-6,363	-5,256
3.11	Profit (loss) for the period	-6,363	-5,256
3.99	Earnings (loss) per share - (reais / share)		
3.99.01	Basic earnings (loss) per share		
3.99.01.01	Common shares	-0.03870	-0.03190
3.99.01.02	Preferred shares	-0.03870	-0.03190

Consolidated financial statements / Statement of comprehensive income (loss)**(All amounts in thousands of Reais)**

Code	Description	Accumulated Year 01/01/2019 - 03/31/2019	Accumulated Year 01/01/2018 - 03/31/2018
4.01	Income (loss) for the period	-6,363	-5,256
4.02	Other comprehensive income (loss)	6,891	-1,002
4.02.01	Cash flow hedge	10,441	-1,518
4.02.02	Income tax and social contribution - cash flow hedges	-3,550	516
4.03	Comprehensive income (loss) for the period	528	-6,258

Parent Company financial statements / Statement of cash flows - indirect method**(All amounts in thousands of Reais)**

Code	Description	Accumulated Year 01/01/2019 - 03/31/2019	Accumulated Year 01/01/2018 - 03/31/2018
6.01	Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	-17,759	2,324
6.01.01	Cash from operations	41,269	38,230
6.01.01.01	Profit (loss) before income tax and social contribution	-4,560	2,201
6.01.01.02	Change in Fair Value of Biological Assets	-2,273	-1,579
6.01.01.03	Depreciation, amortization and depletion	16,650	12,546
6.01.01.05	Proceeds from sales of permanent assets	605	387
6.01.01.06	Equity in the results of subsidiaries	-3,922	-3,583
6.01.01.07	Changes in the provision for civil, labor and tax contingencies	567	8,491
6.01.01.08	Provision for impairment of trade receivables	0	230
6.01.01.12	Monetary variations and taxes	34,202	19,537
6.01.02	Variations in assets and liabilities	-59,028	-35,906
6.01.02.01	Trade receivables	-18,737	-615
6.01.02.02	Inventory	-9,630	-2,467
6.01.02.03	Recoverable taxes	-1,567	-1,773
6.01.02.04	Other assets	-5,509	-2,066
6.01.02.06	Suppliers	-5,413	-3,899
6.01.02.07	Social security obligations	-8,984	-7,188
6.01.02.08	Advances from customers	5,864	610
6.01.02.09	Tax obligations	1,146	650
6.01.02.10	Payment of interest on debt	-14,325	-16,616
6.01.02.12	Other payables	-1,873	-2,542
6.02	Net cash provided by use in investing activities	-14,181	-6,685
6.02.01	Purchases of property, plant and equipment	-6,763	-13,885
6.02.02	Purchases of biological assets	-934	-1,131
6.02.03	Purchases of intangible assets	-6,705	-137
6.02.06	Proceeds from sales of assets	221	-264
6.02.12	Banks - restricted account	0	8,732
6.03	Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	-58,231	14,457
6.03.04	Received capital from borrowings	10,000	51,155
6.03.05	Paid debt	-68,231	-36,698
6.05	Increase (decrease in cash and cash equivalents)	-90,171	10,096
6.05.01	Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period	130,778	75,896
6.05.02	Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	40,607	85,992

Parent Company Financial Statements / Statement of changes in Equity / 01/01/2019 - 03/31/2019**(All amounts in thousands of Reais)**

Code	Description	Paid up share Capital	Capital share options and treasury shares	reserves, and	Profit reserves	Retained Earnings/ accumulated deficit	Other comprehensive income (loss)	Equity
5.01	Opening balance	161,895		960	67,399	0	78,906	309,160
5.03	Adjusted opening balance	161,895		960	67,399	0	78,906	309,160
5.05	Total comprehensive income (loss)	0		0	0	-4,127	4,655	528
5.05.01	Profit (loss) for the period	0		0	0	-6,363	0	-6,363
5.05.02	Other comprehensive income (loss)	0		0	0	2,236	4,655	6,891
5.05.02.06	Achieving Assigned Cost	0		0	0	2,236	-2,236	0
5.05.02.08	Cash flow hedges	0		0	0	0	6,891	6,891
5.06	Internal changes in equity	0		0	-654	654	0	0
5.06.04	Realized profit reserve - biological assets	0		0	-550	550	0	0
5.06.05	Realized profit reserve - biological assets (subsidiaries)	0		0	-104	104	0	0
5.07	Closing Balance	161,895		960	66,745	-3,473	83,561	309,688

Parent Company Financial Statements / Statement of changes in Equity / 01/01/2018 - 03/31/2018**(All amounts in thousands of Reais)**

Code	Description	Paid up share Capital	Capital share options and treasury shares	Reserves, and	Profit reserves	Retained earnings/ accumulated deficit	Other comprehensive income (loss)	Equity
5.01	Opening balance	161,895		960	59,186	0	118,672	340,713
5.03	Adjusted opening balance	161,895		960	59,186	0	118,672	340,713
5.05	Total comprehensive income (loss)	0		0	0	-3,019	-3,239	-6,258
5.05.01	Profit (loss) for the period	0		0	0	-5,256	0	-5,256
5.05.02	Other comprehensive income (loss)	0		0	0	2,237	-3,239	-1,002
5.05.02.06	Achieving Assigned Cost	0		0	0	2,237	-2,237	0
5.05.02.08	Cash flow hedges	0		0	0	0	-1,002	-1,002
5.06	Internal changes in equity	0		0	-977	977	0	0
5.06.04	Realized profit reserve - biological assets	0		0	-825	825	0	0
5.06.05	Realized profit reserve - biological assets (subsidiaries)	0		0	-152	152	0	0
5.07	Closing Balance	161,895		960	58,209	-2,042	115,433	334,455

Parent Company Financial Statements / Statement of Added Value**(All amounts in thousands of Reais)**

Code	Description	Accumulated Year 01/01/2019 - 03/31/2019	Accumulated Year 01/01/2018 - 03/31/2018
7.01	Revenues	299,955	281,638
7.01.01	Sales of goods and/or services	296,406	281,391
7.01.02	Other revenues	3,549	477
7.01.04	Provision for impairment of trade receivables	0	-230
7.02	Inputs purchased from third parties	-174,252	-174,283
7.02.01	Cost of sales	-123,806	-142,078
7.02.02	Materials, electricity, outsourced services and other	-50,446	-32,205
7.03	Gross value added	125,703	107,355
7.04	Retentions	-14,377	-10,967
7.04.01	Depreciation, amortization and depletion	-16,650	-12,546
7.04.02	Other	2,273	1,579
7.04.02.01	Changes in the fair value of biological assets	2,273	1,579
7.05	Net value added generated	111,326	96,388
7.06	Value added received through transfer	10,968	8,516
7.06.01	Equity in the results of subsidiaries	3,922	3,583
7.06.02	Financial income	7,046	4,933
7.07	Total value added to be distributed	122,294	104,904
7.08	Value added distributed	122,294	104,904
7.08.01	Personnel	43,071	41,199
7.08.01.01	Direct remuneration	33,736	32,114
7.08.01.02	Benefits	7,397	7,218
7.08.01.03	Government Severance Indemnity Fund for Employees	1,938	1,867
7.08.02	Taxes, fees and contributions	38,426	37,328
7.08.02.01	Federal	24,548	21,524
7.08.02.02	State	13,305	15,379
7.08.02.03	Municipal	573	425
7.08.03	Remuneration of third-party capital	44,270	28,996
7.08.03.01	Interest	42,853	26,519
7.08.03.02	Rentals	1,417	2,477
7.08.04	Remuneration of own capital	-3,473	-2,619
7.08.04.03	Retained earnings/accumulated deficit	-3,473	-2,619

Consolidated Financial Statements - Assets Balance Sheet**(All amounts in thousands of Reais)**

Code	Description	Current Quarter 03/31/2019	Previous Year 12/31/2018
1	Total assets	1,494,508	1,526,664
1.01	Current assets	331,453	386,646
1.01.01	Cash and cash equivalents	41,962	132,219
1.01.03	Accounts receivable	187,712	168,705
1.01.03.01	Trade receivables	187,712	168,705
1.01.04	Inventory	81,607	71,859
1.01.06	Recoverable taxes	5,961	5,018
1.01.08	Other current assets	14,211	8,845
1.02	Non-current assets	1,163,055	1,140,018
1.02.01	Long term receivables	198,083	196,541
1.02.01.03	Accounts receivable	4,793	4,895
1.02.01.03.01	Trade receivables	2,066	2,168
1.02.01.03.02	Other receivables	2,727	2,727
1.02.01.05	Biological assets	187,447	186,600
1.02.01.09	Other non-current assets	5,843	5,046
1.02.01.09.03	Recoverable taxes	4,418	3,793
1.02.01.09.04	Judicial deposits	1,425	1,253
1.02.02	Investment	3,321	3,398
1.02.02.02	Investment properties	3,321	3,398
1.02.03	Property, plant and equipment	824,502	809,353
1.02.03.01	Property, plant and equipment in operation	799,854	809,353
1.02.03.02	Property, plant and equipment lease	24,648	0
1.02.03.02.01	Right to use assets	24,648	0
1.02.04	Intangible assets	137,149	130,726
1.02.04.01	Intangible assets	137,149	130,726

Consolidated Financial Statements - Liabilities Balance Sheet**(All amounts in thousands of Reais)**

Code	Description	Current Quarter 03/31/2019	Previous Year 12/31/2018
2	Total Liabilities	1,494,508	1,526,664
2.01	Current Liabilities	452,499	452,167
2.01.01	Social and Labor Obligations	21,924	30,583
2.01.01.01	Social obligations	21,924	30,583
2.01.01.01.01	Social Security Obligations	21,924	30,583
2.01.02	Suppliers	82,930	95,085
2.01.03	Tax Obligations	25,864	22,892
2.01.03.01	Federal Tax Obligations	17,657	16,481
2.01.03.01.01	Income tax and social contribution payable	6,587	0
2.01.03.01.02	Taxes payable in stallments	11,070	6,493
2.01.03.01.03	Other federal taxes	0	9,988
2.01.03.02	State taxes payable	8,138	6,339
2.01.03.02.02	Value-added Tax on Sales and Services (ICMS) payable	8,138	6,339
2.01.03.03	Municipal taxes payable	69	72
2.01.04	Debt	295,218	287,378
2.01.04.01	Debts	295,218	287,378
2.01.05	Other obligations	26,563	16,229
2.01.05.02	Other liabilities	26,563	16,229
2.01.05.02.01	Dividends and interest on capital payable	3,769	3,769
2.01.05.02.04	Other payables	11,678	11,061
2.01.05.02.05	Advances from customers	7,287	1,399
2.01.05.02.06	Lease liabilities	3,829	0
2.02	Non-current assets	732,313	765,329
2.02.01	Debt	480,945	537,588
2.02.01.01	Debts	480,945	537,588
2.02.02	Other obligations	53,213	33,894
2.02.02.02	Other liabilities	53,213	33,894
2.02.02.02.03	Installment taxes	21,408	22,725
2.02.02.02.04	Other taxes payable	10,109	10,731
2.02.02.02.05	Other payables	515	438
2.02.02.02.06	Lease liabilities	21,181	0
2.02.03	Deferred taxes	175,888	170,541
2.02.03.01	Deferred income tax and social contribution	175,888	170,541
2.02.04	Provisions	22,267	23,306
2.02.04.01	Provisions for tax, social security, labor and civil contingencies	22,267	23,306
2.03	Consolidated equity	309,696	309,168
2.03.01	Realized capital	161,895	161,895
2.03.02	Capital reserves	960	960
2.03.04	Profit reserves	63,272	67,399
2.03.06	Carrying value adjustments	83,561	78,906
2.03.09	Non-controlling interests	8	8

Consolidated Financial Statements - Statement of Profit (Loss)**(All amounts in thousands of Reais)**

Code	Description	Accumulated Year 01/01/2019- 03/31/2019	Accumulated Year 01/01/2018-03/31/2018
3.01	Revenue from sales of goods and/or services	231,024	225,357
3.02	Cost of sales	-163,226	-159,900
3.02.01	Changes in the fair value of biological assets	2,607	817
3.02.02	Cost of goods sold	-165,833	-160,717
3.03	Gross Profit	67,798	65,457
3.04	Operating revenue (expenses)	-36,481	-41,647
3.04.01	Selling expenses	-21,904	-20,897
3.04.02	General and administrative expenses	-14,417	-13,058
3.04.03	Losses in Asset impairment	0	-230
3.04.04	Other operating revenue	685	485
3.04.05	Other operating expenses	-845	-7,947
3.05	Income before interest and taxes	31,317	23,810
3.06	Interest loss	-35,801	-21,565
3.06.01	Financial revenues	7,057	4,943
3.06.02	Interest expenses	-42,858	-26,508
3.07	Earnings (loss) before income tax	-4,484	2,245
3.08	Income tax and social contribution	-1,879	-7,501
3.08.01	Current	-81	-98
3.08.02	Deferred	-1,798	-7,403
3.09	Profit (loss) from continuing operations	-6,363	-5,256
3.11	Consolidated profit (loss) for the period	-6,363	-5,256
3.11.01	Attributable to owners of the Parent Company	-6,363	-5,256
3.99	Earnings (loss) per share - (reais / share)		
3.99.01	Basic earnings (loss) per share		
3.99.01.01	Common shares	-0.03870	-0.03190
3.99.01.02	Preferred shares	-0.03870	-0.03190

Consolidated financial statements / Statement of comprehensive income (loss)**(All amounts in thousands of Reais)**

Code	Description	Accumulated Year 01/01/2019 - 03/31/2019	Accumulated Year 01/01/2018 - 03/31/2018
4.01	Consolidated profit (loss) for the period	-6,363	-5,256
4.02	Other comprehensive income (loss)	6,891	-1,002
4.02.01	Cash flow hedges	10,441	-1,518
4.02.02	Income tax and social contribution - cash flow hedges	-3,550	516
4.03	Consolidated comprehensive income (loss) for the period	528	-6,258
4.03.01	Attributable to owners of the Parent Company	528	-6,258

Consolidated financial statements / Statement of cash flows - indirect method**(All amounts in thousands of reais)**

Code	Description	Accumulated Year 01/01/2019 - 03/31/2019	Accumulated Year 01/01/2018 - 03/31/2018
6.01	Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	-16,478	3,425
6.01.01	Cash from operations	49,097	47,916
6.01.01.01	Profit (loss) before income tax and social contribution	-4,484	2,245
6.01.01.02	Changes in the fair value of biological assets	-2,607	-817
6.01.01.03	Depreciation, amortization and depletion	20,597	17,831
6.01.01.05	Proceeds from sales of permanent assets	831	387
6.01.01.07	Changes in the provision for civil, labor and tax contingencies	558	8,503
6.01.01.08	Provision for impairment of trade receivables	0	230
6.01.01.12	Monetary variations and taxes	34,202	19,537
6.01.02	Variations in assets and liabilities	-65,575	-44,491
6.01.02.01	Trade receivables	-18,905	-1,469
6.01.02.02	Inventory	-9,748	-2,368
6.01.02.03	Recoverable taxes	-1,568	-1,773
6.01.02.04	Other assets	-5,538	-2,186
6.01.02.06	Suppliers	-12,155	-12,561
6.01.02.07	Social security obligations	-8,659	-6,723
6.01.02.08	Advances from customers	5,888	963
6.01.02.09	Tax obligations	951	692
6.01.02.10	Payment of interest on debt	-14,325	-16,616
6.01.02.12	Other payables	-1,516	-2,450
6.02	Net cash provided by use in investing activities	-15,540	-7,651
6.02.01	Purchases of property, plant and equipment	-6,792	-13,909
6.02.02	Purchases of biological assets	-2,064	-2,072
6.02.03	Purchases of intangible assets	-6,926	-137
6.02.06	Proceeds from sales of assets	242	-265
6.02.12	Banks - restricted account	0	8,732
6.03	Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	-58,239	14,457
6.03.04	Received capital from borrowings	10,000	51,155
6.03.05	Paid debt	-68,239	-36,698
6.05	Increase (decrease in cash and cash equivalents)	-90,257	10,231
6.05.01	Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period	132,219	76,949
6.05.02	Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	41,962	87,180

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Consolidated financial statements / statement of changes in equity - 1/1/2019 to 3/31/2019**(All amounts in thousands of reais)**

Code	Description	Paid-up share capital	Capital reserves, share options and treasury shares	Profit reserves	Retained Earnings/ accumulated deficit	Other comprehensive income/ loss	Equity	Non-controlling interests	Consolidated Equity
5.01	Opening balance	161,895	960	67,399	0	78,906	309,160	8	309,168
5.03	Adjusted opening balance	161,895	960	67,399	0	78,906	309,160	8	309,168
5.05	Total comprehensive income (loss)	0	0	0	-4,127	4,655	528	0	528
5.05.01	Profit (loss) for the period	0	0	0	-6,363	0	-6,363	0	-6,363
5.05.02	Other comprehensive income (loss)	0	0	0	2,236	4,655	6,891	0	6,891
5.05.02.06	Achieving Assigned Cost	0	0	0	2,236	-2,236	0	0	0
5.05.02.08	Cash flow hedges	0	0	0	0	6,891	6,891	0	6,891
5.06	Internal changes in equity	0	0	-654	654	0	0	0	0
5.06.04	Realized profit reserve - biological assets	0	0	-550	550	0	0	0	0
5.06.05	Realized profit reserve - biological assets (subsidiaries)	0	0	-104	104	0	0	0	0
5.07	Closing Balance	161,895	960	66,745	-3,473	83,561	309,688	8	309,696

Quarterly information (ITR) - 3/31/2019 - CELULOSE IRANI S.A.

Consolidated financial statements / statement of changes in equity - 1/1/2018 to 3/31/2018**(All amounts in thousands of reais)**

Code	Description	Paid-up share Capital	Capital reserves, share options and treasury shares	Profit reserves	Retained Earnings/ accumulated deficit	Other comprehensive income/ loss	Equity	Non-controlling Interests	Consolidated Equity
5.01	Opening balance	161,895	960	59,186	0	118,672	340,713	8	340,721
5.03	Adjusted opening balance	161,895	960	59,186	0	118,672	340,713	8	340,721
5.05	Total comprehensive income (loss)	0	0	0	-3,019	-3,239	-6,258	0	-6,258
5.05.01	Profit (loss) for the period	0	0	0	-5,256	0	-5,256	0	-5,256
5.05.02	Other comprehensive income (loss)	0	0	0	2,237	-3,239	-1,002	0	-1,002
5.05.02.06	Achieving Assigned Cost	0	0	0	2,237	-2,237	0	0	0
5.05.02.08	Cash flow hedges	0	0	0	0	-1,002	-1,002	0	-1,002
5.06	Internal changes in equity	0	0	-977	977	0	0	0	0
5.06.04	Realized profit reserve - biological assets	0	0	-825	825	0	0	0	0
5.06.05	Realized profit reserve - biological assets (subsidiaries)	0	0	-152	152	0	0	0	0
5.07	Closing balance	161,895	960	58,209	-2,042	115,433	334,455	8	334,463

Consolidated Financial Statements - Statement of Added Value**(All amounts in Thousands of Reais)**

Code	Description	Accumulated Year	Accumulated Year
		01/01/2019 - 03/31/2019	01/01/2018 - 03/31/2018
7.01	Revenues	302,832	285,132
7.01.01	Sales of goods and/or services	299,257	284,877
7.01.02	Other revenues	3,575	485
7.01.04	Provision for impairment of trade receivables	0	-230
7.02	Inputs purchased from third parties	-165,874	-164,292
7.02.01	Cost of sales	-114,421	-130,779
7.02.02	Materials, electricity, outsourced services and other	-51,453	-33,513
7.03	Gross value added	136,958	120,840
7.04	Retentions	-17,990	-17,013
7.04.01	Depreciation, amortization and depletion	-20,597	-17,831
7.04.02	Other	2,607	818
7.04.02.01	Changes in the fair value of biological assets	2,607	818
7.05	Net value added generated	118,968	103,827
7.06	Value added received through transfer	7,057	4,943
7.06.02	Financial revenue	7,057	4,943
7.07	Total value added to be distributed	126,025	108,770
7.08	Value added distributed	126,025	108,770
7.08.01	Personnel	45,539	43,523
7.08.01.01	Direct remuneration	35,502	33,700
7.08.01.02	Benefits	7,989	7,869
7.08.01.03	Government Severance Indemnity Fund for Employees	2,048	1,954
7.08.02	Taxes, fees and contributions	39,681	38,867
7.08.02.01	Federal	25,669	22,940
7.08.02.02	State	13,334	15,485
7.08.02.03	Municipal	678	442
7.08.03	Remuneration of third-party capital	44,278	28,999
7.08.03.01	Interest	42,858	26,520
7.08.03.02	Rentals	1,420	2,479
7.08.04	Remuneration of own capital	-3,473	-2,619
7.08.04.03	Retained earnings/accumulated deficit	-3,473	-2,619

Comments on Company performance**COMMENTS ON THE COMPANY'S PERFORMANCE IN THE FIRST QUARTER OF 2019**

The following information is presented on a consolidated basis. The amounts are presented in compliance with the standards issued by the Brazilian Securities and Exchange Commission (CVM) applicable to the preparation of quarterly information, including CVM Instruction 469.

Irani presents adjusted EBITDA of R\$ 49.7 million in 1Q19 with margin of 21.5% and growth of 17.4% in relation to 1Q18

MAIN INDICATORS - CONSOLIDATED	1Q19	4Q18	1Q18	Change 1Q19/4Q18	Change 1Q19/1Q18	UDM19	UDM18	Change UDM19/UDM18
Economic and Financial (R\$ thousand)								
Net operating revenue	231,024	240,606	225,357	-4.0%	2.5%	938,484	889,189	5.5%
Domestic market	190,329	195,686	189,627	-2.7%	0.4%	763,408	762,497	0.1%
Foreign market	40,695	44,920	35,730	-9.4%	13.9%	175,076	126,692	38.2%
Gross profit (inclusive*)	67,798	52,471	65,457	29.2%	3.6%	265,456	248,619	6.8%
(*) Change in fair value of biological assets	2,607	(10,451)	817	-	219.1%	422	(4,866)	-
Gross margin	29.3%	21.8%	29.0%	7,5p.p.	0,3p.p.	28.3%	28.0%	0,3p.p.
Operating income (loss) before taxes and interest	(4,484)	(18,424)	2,245	-75.7%	-299.7%	8,894	(79,894)	
Operating margin	-1.9%	-7.7%	1.0%	5,8p.p.	-2,9p.p.	0.9%	-9.0%	9,9p.p.
Net Income (Loss)	(6,363)	(19,032)	(5,256)	-66.6%	21.1%	1,904	(99,294)	-
Net margin	-2.8%	-7.9%	-2.3%	54P-P.	-0,5p.p.	0.2%	-11.2%	11,4p.p.
Adjusted EBITDA ¹	49,721	43,319	42,341	14.8%	17.4%	185,736	167,575	10.8%
Adjusted EBITDA Margin	21.5%	18.0%	18.8%	3,5p.p.	2,7p.p.	19.8%	18.8%	1,0p.p.
Net debt (R\$ million)	734.2	692.7	703.8	6.0%	4.3%	734.2	703.8	4.3%
Adjusted Net debt/EBITDA (x)	3.95	3.88	4.20	1.8%	-6.0%	3.95	4.20	-6.0%
Net debt/pro forma adjusted EBITDA (x) ²	3.12	2.96	3.49	5.4%	-10.6%	3.12	3.49	-10.6%
Operating Data (t)								
Corrugated Cardboard Packaging (PO)								
Production/Sales	42,803	45,380	46,757	-5.7%	-8.5%	178,355	194,676	-8.4%
Packaging Paper								
Production	71,714	71,599	69,478	0.2%	3.2%	281,346	287,756	-2.2%
Sales	25,319	26,451	22,213	-4.3%	14.0%	99,064	89,850	10.3%
RS Forest and Resins								
Production	3,733	2,727	3,745	36.9%	-0.3%	13,459	11,976	12.4%
Sales	3,084	3,053	3,667	1.0%	-15.9%	12,572	12,207	3.0%

¹ EBITDA (income before interest, taxes, depreciation, amortization and depletion) see the chapter in this release.

² Excluding from the Net Debt the exchange-rate change recorded as *hedge accounting*.

- Net revenue in 1Q19 recorded increase of 2.5% when compared to 1Q18 and decrease of 4.0% in relation to 4Q18, mainly reflecting the good sales performance of the Packaging Paper Segment when compared to 1Q18, as well as the improvement in prices of the Corrugated Cardboard Packaging Segment in both comparative periods.
- The sales volume of the Corrugated Cardboard Packaging Segment decreased 8.5%, when compared to 1Q18 and 5.7%, when compared to 4Q18, totaling 42.8 thousand tons in 1Q19. The reduction was caused by the end of a production shift in the SP Vila Maria Packaging unit. The Packaging Paper Segment totaled 25.3 thousand tons, recording an increase of 14.0% when compared to 1Q18 and 4.3% decrease in relation to 4Q18. The increase in relation to 1Q18 was caused by the greater sale of paper to

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Quarterly information (ITR) – 3/31/2019 - CELULOSE IRANI S.A.

Comments on Company performance

the market due to the closing of a production shift in the Packaging plant of the municipality of Vila Maria, in the State of São Paulo. The RS Forest and Resins segment had a decrease of 15.9% as compared to the 1Q18 and 1.0% increase in relation to 4Q18, reaching 3.1 thousand tons. The decrease in relation to 1Q18 was caused by the lower availability of inventory of products at the end of 2018 for shipment in 1Q19, compared to the availability of existing inventory at the end of 2017 for shipment in 1Q18.

- Gross income for 1Q19 increased 3.6% compared to 1Q18 and 29.2% when compared to 4Q18, mainly reflecting the good performance of revenues and costs recorded in the period. The change in relation to 4Q18 also reflects the change in the fair value of biological assets that had been negative in that period.
- Sales expenses in 1Q19 totaled R\$ 21.9 million, an increase of 3.7% when compared to the same quarter of previous year, and stable in relation to 4Q18, (including accounts receivable impairment losses), representing 9.5% of consolidated net revenue and 9.4% in 1Q18. Administrative expenses in 1Q19 totaled R\$ 14.4 million, an increase of 10.4% when compared to the same quarter of previous year, and a decrease of 14.6% in relation to 4Q18, representing 6.2% of consolidated net revenue, slightly higher than the 5.8% in 1Q18.
- The net income (loss) was R\$ 6.4 million (negative) in 1Q19, against R\$ 5.2 million (negative) in 1Q18 and R\$ 19.0 million negative in 4Q18. The main impact on net income, when compared to 4Q18, was the negative change in the fair value of biological assets recorded in that period.
- The adjusted EBITDA in 1Q19 was R\$ 49.7 million, 17.4% higher than in 1Q18, which was R\$ 42.3 million, and 14.8% higher than in 4Q18, which was R\$ 43.3 million, mainly due to the better performance of margins and costs in 1Q19 compared to 1Q18 and 4Q18.
- The Net Debt/EBITDA ratio was 3.95 times in March 2019. Excluding from the net debt the exchange-rate change recorded as hedge accounting, the net debt/EBITDA ratio would be 3.12x.
- The cash position at the end of March 2019 was R\$ 42.0 million and 62% of the debt is in the long term.

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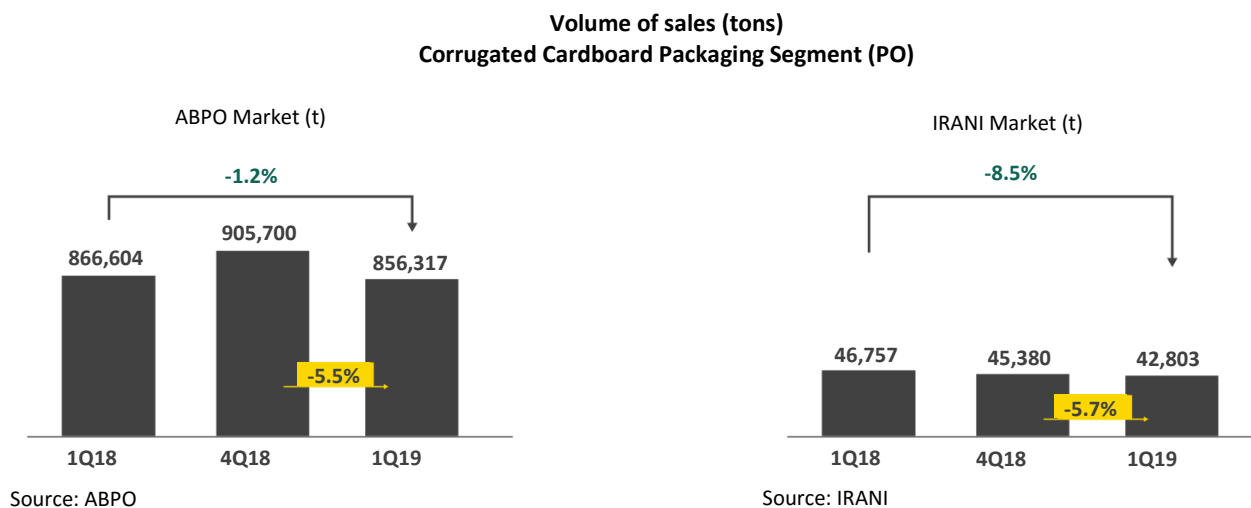
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Highlights of the 1Q19

The Brazilian economy continues evolving at a lower than expected pace, impacted by factors such as unemployment and uncertainty regarding the approval of the social security reform. The Central Bank's Index of Economic Activity registered a 0.73% drop in February when compared to January. On the international scenario, the IMF published a projection reducing the world GDP growth forecast to 3.3% this year. This is mainly due to trade tensions and the economic slowdown in some countries.

The Brazilian Association of Corrugated Cardboard (ABPO) recorded a 1.2% decrease in the shipment in tons of corrugated cardboard in 1Q19, compared to 1Q18, while the sales volume of Irani Market decreased 8.5% in 1Q19, due to the end of a production shift in the SP Vila Maria Packaging plant. Compared to 4Q18, ABPO Market decreased 5.5%, while Irani Market decreased 5.7%. In tons, Irani's market share in the Corrugated Cardboard Packaging Segment was 5.0% in 1Q19, as well as in 4Q18 and 5.4% in 1Q18.



In square meters (m²) the sales volume of corrugated cardboard packaging of the ABPO Market presented a decrease of 1.4% in 1Q19 when compared to 1Q18, when Irani Market recorded decrease of 9.5%. Compared to 4Q18, ABPO Market presented decrease of 5.6% as well as Irani Market recorded decrease of 7.3%. In square meters, Irani's market share was 5.5% in 1Q19, 6.0% in 1Q18 and 5.6% in 4Q18.

The Corrugated Cardboard Packaging Segment (PO) represented in 1Q19 59% of Irani's net revenue, the Packaging Paper Segment represented 31% and the RS Forest and Resins Segment, 10%. In turn, the

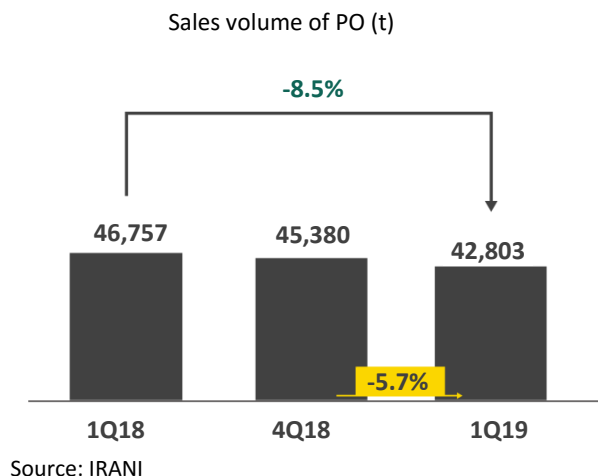
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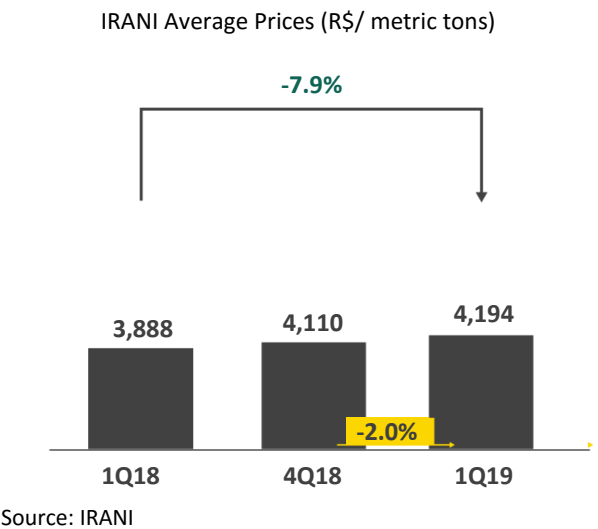
Comments on Company performance

SC Campina da Alegria Packaging plant recorded sales volume of 11,659 tons of boxes and 2,607 tons of plates in 1Q19 (against 11,747 tons of boxes and 2,843 tons of plates in 1Q18).

SP Vila Maria Packaging plant recorded sales volume of 6,158 tons of boxes and 4,150 tons of plates in 1Q19 (against 8,537 tons of boxes and 5,444 tons of plates in 1Q18).



Irani's average price (CIF) per ton recorded increase of 7.9% in 1Q19 when compared to 1Q18 and 2.0% increase in relation to the 4Q18, as shown below:



Note on methodology: Irani's prices exclude IPI, but include PIS, COFINS and ICMS and are adjusted according to the mix of market boxes and plates.

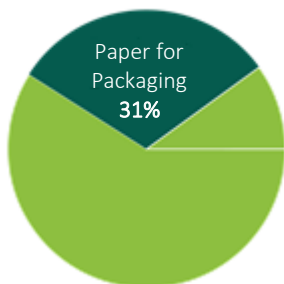
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Comments on Company performance

1.2 Packaging Paper Segment

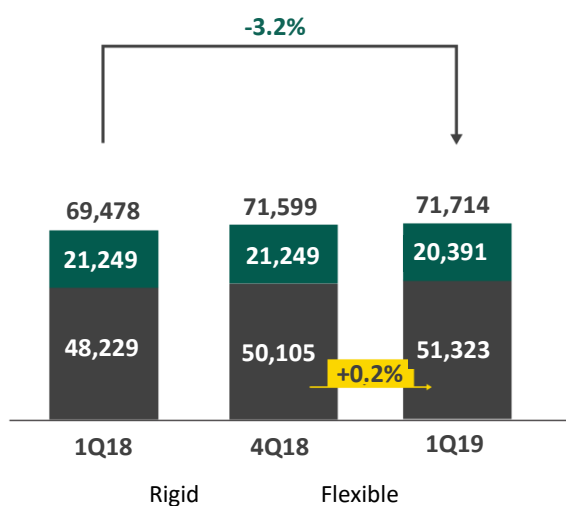
Contribution in revenue 1Q19



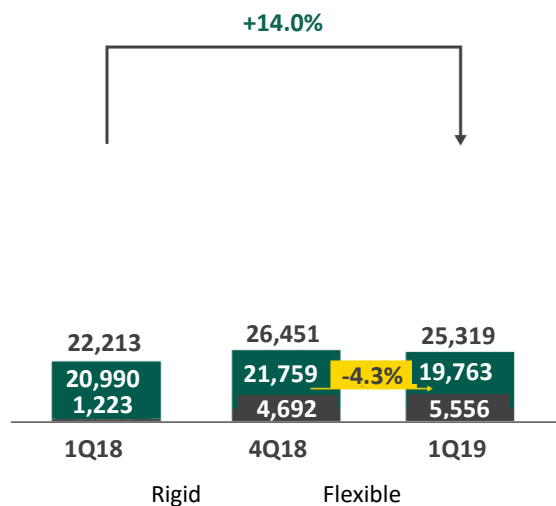
Irani operates in the Packaging Paper Segment, in the markets of papers for rigid packaging (Corrugated Cardboard) as well as for flexible packaging (bagging).

The Company's total production of Packaging Paper in the quarter was 3.2% greater when compared to 1Q18, and stable in relation to 4Q18. Sales increased 14.0% when compared to 1Q18, and 4.3% lower in relation to 4Q18.

Total Production of Packaging Paper (t)



Total Sales of Packaging Paper (t)



In 1Q19, internal transfers of paper for rigid packaging (Corrugated Cardboard) totaled 46,232 tons (48,475t in 1Q18 and 43,482t in 4Q18) to packaging plant SP Indaiatuba reached 17,609 tons (17,415t in 1Q18 and 17,378t in 4Q18) to SP Vila Maria Packaging plant, 12,496 tons were transferred (15,149t in 1Q18 and 11,021t in 4Q18) and to SC Campina Packaging plant and 16,127 tons in 1Q19 (15,911t in 1Q18 and 15,083t in 4Q18) transferred. Of total internal transfers, 38% were made to SP Indaiatuba Packaging plant, 35% to SC Campina da Alegria Packaging plant and 27% to SP Vila Maria Packaging plant.

Papers for rigid packaging, whose sales volume is not significant (only 5,556 tons in 1Q19, as shown in the graph above) and whose price is lower than the price of other papers traded by the Company,

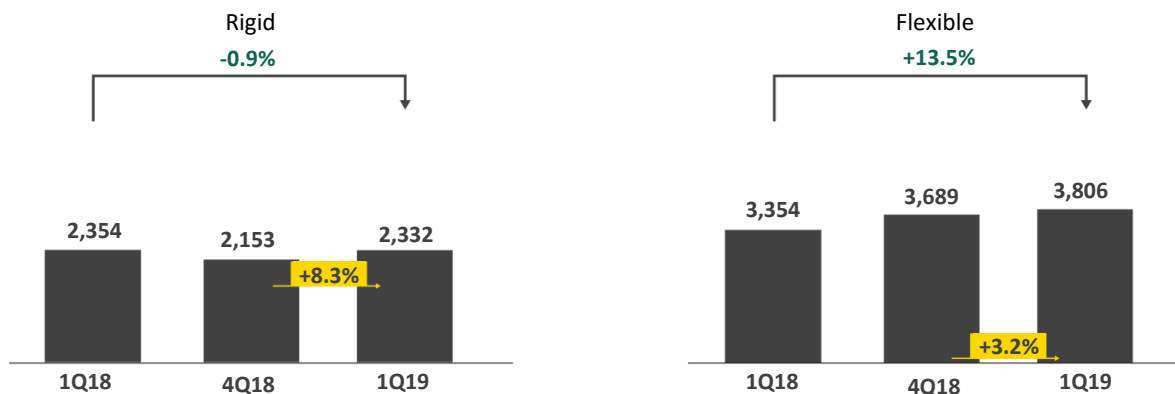
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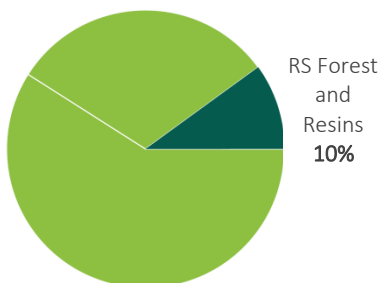
recorded a price stable in 1Q19 when compared to those practiced in 1Q18, and an increase of 8.3% when compared to 4Q18. Papers for flexible packaging increased 13.5% when compared to 1Q18 and 3.2% in 4Q18 due to foreign exchange rate and implementation of price readjustment.

Average Prices of Packaging Paper (R\$/t)



1.3 RS Forest and Resins Segment

Contribution in revenue 1Q19



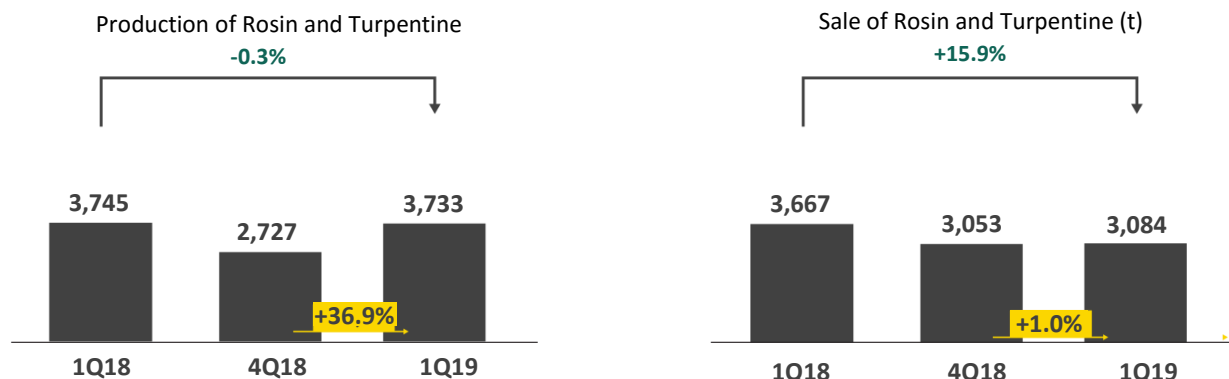
The Forestry segment of Rio Grande do Sul produced and sold in 1Q19 29 thousand square meters of pine logs to the domestic market (34 thousand square meters in 1Q18) and provided 1,078 tons of resins *in natura* to be used in the industrial process of production of rosin and turpentine.

The production volume in the RS Balneário Pinhal Resin unit in 1Q19 presented stability when compared to 1Q18, and increase of 36.9% when compared to 4Q18. The sales volume presented a 15.9% decrease when compared to 1Q18, and 1.0% increase in relation to 4Q18.

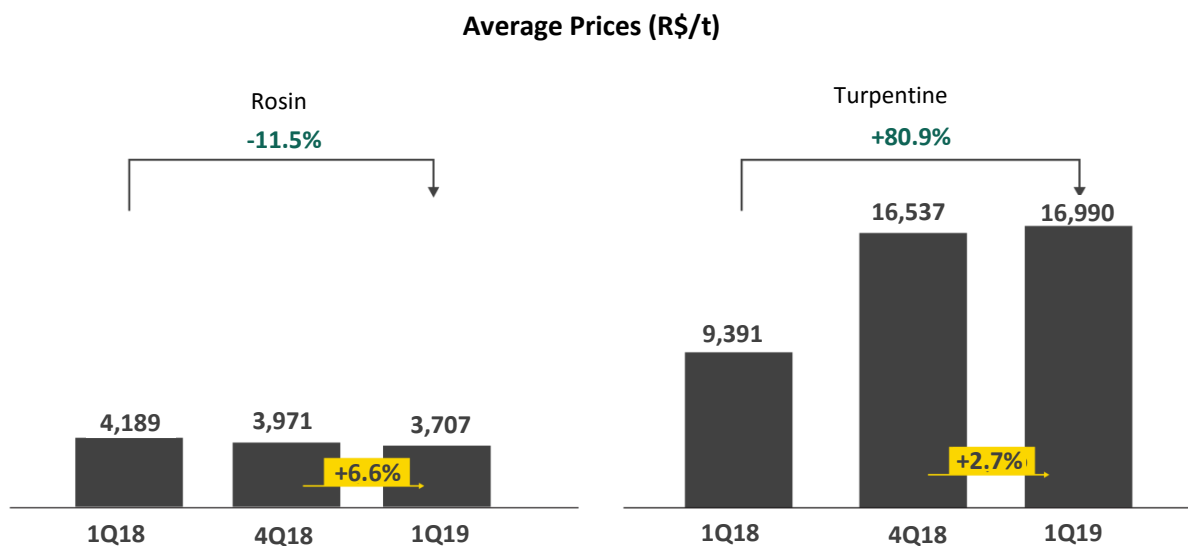
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In 1Q19, the average gross price of Breu was 11.5% lower than in 1Q18 and 6.6% when compared to 4Q18. Turpentine increased 80.9% when compared to 1Q18 and 2.7% in relation to 4Q18. The price of these products changes according to the foreign market and exchange rate.



2. ECONOMIC AND FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

2.1 Net operating revenue

The net operating revenue for 1Q19 was R\$ 231,024 thousand, a growth of 2.5% when compared to 1Q18 and a decrease of 4.0% when compared to 4Q18, mainly due to the good sales performance of the Packaging Paper segment in relation to 1Q18, and to the improvement of prices in the Corrugated Cardboard Packaging segment in both comparative periods.

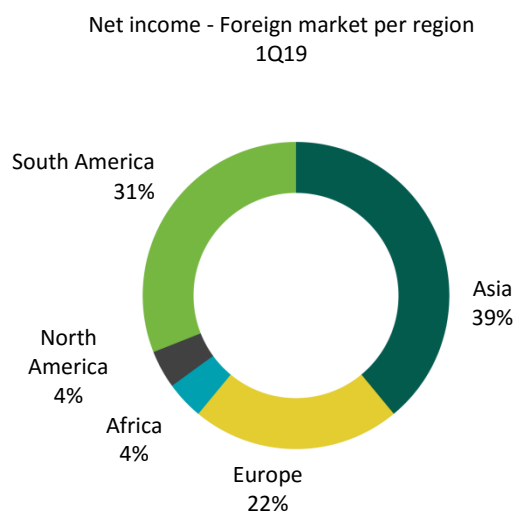
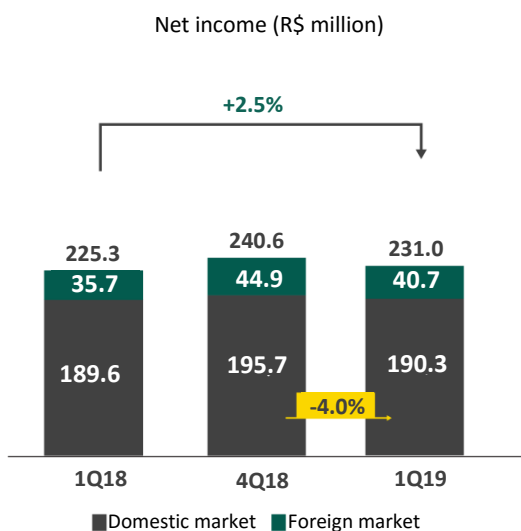
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Comments on Company performance

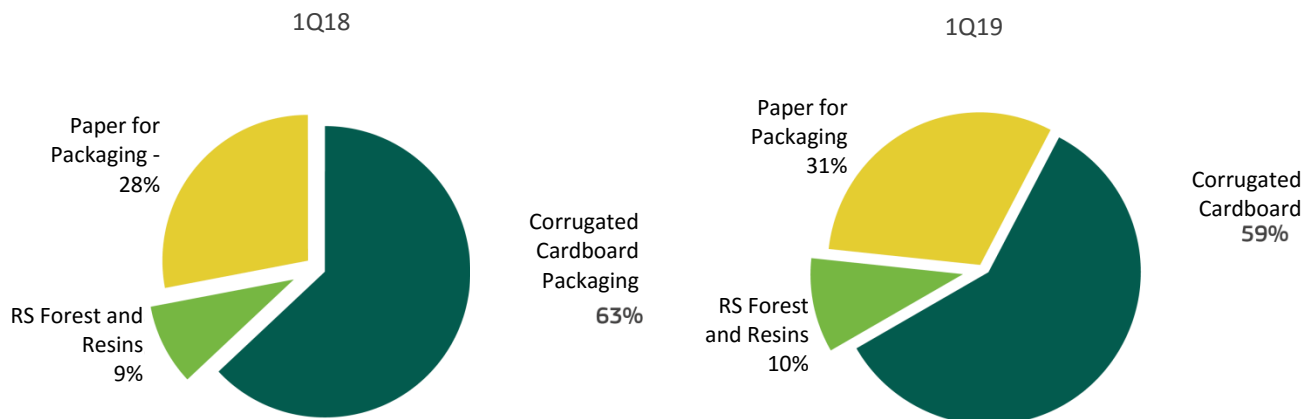
In the domestic market, net operating revenue was R\$ 190,329 thousand in the quarter, and showed a stability when compared to 1Q18 and a decrease of 2.7% in relation to 4Q18. Revenue in the domestic market accounted for 82% of Irani’s total revenue.

Exports in 1Q19 reached R\$ 40,695 thousand, 13.9% higher than in 1Q18 and 9.4% lower in relation to 4Q18, representing 18% of total net operating revenue. Asia was the principal destination of exports, concentrating 39% of export revenue. The other markets are: South America (31%), Europe (22%), Africa (4%) and North America (4%).



Irani’s principal segment of operation is the Corrugated Cardboard Packaging, which accounts for 59% of consolidated net revenue in 1Q19, followed by the segments of Packaging Paper with 31%, and RS Forest and Resins, with 10%.

Net revenue by segment



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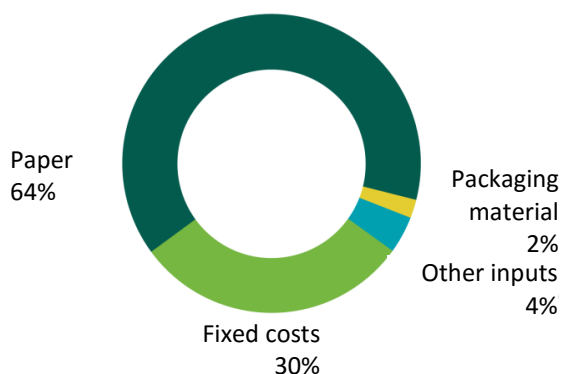
Comments on Company performance

2.2 Cost of goods sold

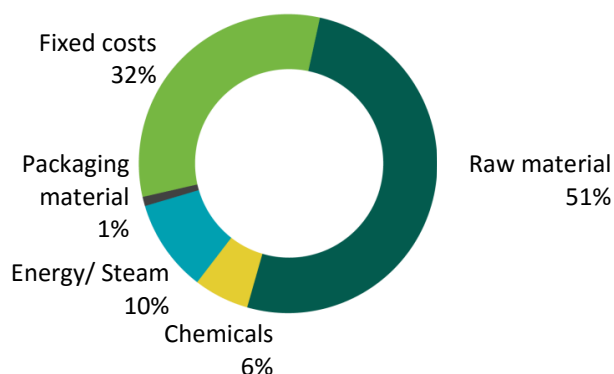
The cost of products sold in 1Q19 was R\$ 165,833 thousand, 3.2% higher than in 1Q18 in absolute numbers. Change in fair value of biological assets is not considered in the cost value of sold products.

The formation of the cost per Irani's segment of operation in 1Q19 is shown in the graphs below.

Corrugated Cardboard Packaging



Packaging Paper*



*the formation of the cost of the Packaging Paper Segment does not consider the change in the fair value of biological assets.

2.3 Operating revenue and expenses

Sales expenses in 1Q19 totaled R\$ 21,904 thousand, representing 9.5% of consolidated net revenue against 9.4% in 1Q18 (including accounts receivable impairment losses).

Administrative expenses in 1Q19 were 10.4% higher in relation to 1Q18, totaling R\$ 14,417 thousand (R\$ 13,058 thousand in 1Q18) and represented 6.2% of consolidated net revenue, compared to 5.8% in the 1Q18.

Other operating revenues/expenses resulted in expenses of R\$ 160 thousand in 1Q19 against expenses of R\$ 7,462 thousand in 1Q18.

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3. OPERATING CASH (ADJUSTED EBITDA)

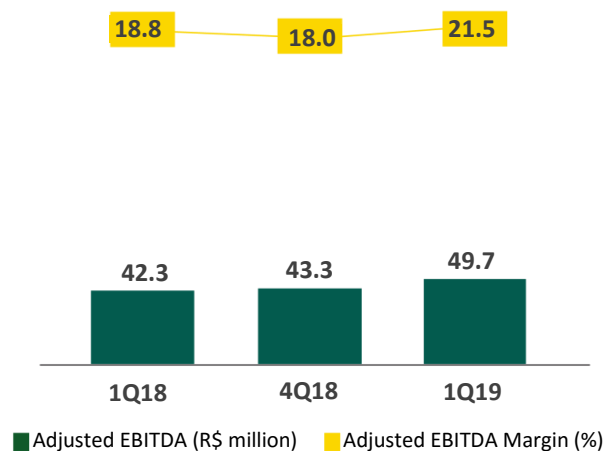
Consolidated (R\$ thous.)	1Q19	4Q18	1Q18	Change 1Q19/4Q18	Change 1Q19/1Q18	UDM19	UDM18	Change UDM19/UDM18
Operating Result before Taxes and Interest	(4,484)	(18,424)	2,245	-75.7%	-299.7%	8,894	(79,894)	-
Depletion	3,825	4,981	5,202	-23.2%	-26.5%	15,210	45,844	-66.8%
Depreciation and amortization	16,772	13,716	12,629	22.3%	32.8%	56,389	53,902	4.6%
Financial income (loss)	35,801	30,065	21,565	19.1%	66.0%	116,448	98,968	17.7%
EBITDA	51,914	30,338	41,641	71.1%	24.7%	196,941	118,820	65.7%
EBITDA margin	22.5%	12.6%	18.5%	9,9p.p.	4,0p.p.	21.0%	13.4%	7,6p.p.
Adjustments according to CVM Instruction 527/12								
Change in fair value of biological assets ⁽¹⁾	(2,607)	10,451	(817)	-124.9%	219.1%	(422)	4,866	-108.7%
Non-recurring events ⁽²⁾	414	2,530	1,517	-83.6%	-72.7%	(10,783)	43,889	-124.6%
Adjusted EBITDA	49,721	43,319	42,341	14.8%	17.4%	185,736	167,575	10.8%
Adjusted EBITDA Margin	21.5%	18.0%	18.8%	3,5p.p.	2,7p.p.	19.8%	18.8%	1,0p.p.

¹ Change in the fair value of biological assets, since it does not mean cash reduction in the period.

² Non-recurring events: The amount of R\$ 414 thousand (1Q19) refers to the recognition of non-recurring tax provisions.

The operating cash generation, measured by the Adjusted EBITDA, totaled R\$ 49,721 thousand in 1Q19, an increase of 17.4% in relation to 1Q18, and of 14.8% in relation to 4Q18, mainly due to the better performance of margins in 1Q19 when compared with 1Q18 and 4Q18. The adjusted EBITDA margin in 1Q19 reached 21.5%, an increase of 2.7 percentage points in relation to 1Q18 and when compared to 4Q18, an increase of 3.5%.

Adjusted EBITDA (R\$ million) and Adjusted EBITDA Margin (%)



4. FINANCIAL INCOME (LOSS) AND INDEBTEDNESS

The financial income (loss) was R\$ 35,801 thousand negative in 1Q19, representing a 66.0% increase when compared to 1Q18, negatively affected by the higher realization of hedge accounting and depreciation of the Brazilian real against the dollar. In relation to 4Q18 it recorded an increase of 19.1% negatively affected by a higher hedge accounting realization and depreciation of the Brazilian real

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Comments on Company performance

against the dollar. In 1Q19, financial expenses totaled R\$ 42,858 thousand against R\$ 26,508 thousand in 1Q18, and R\$ 36,097 thousand in 4Q18. Financial revenues reached R\$ 7,057 thousand in 1Q19 against R\$ 4,943 thousand in the same period of prior year and R\$ 6,032 thousand in 4Q18.

The financial result is distributed as follows:

R\$ thousand	1Q19	4Q18	1Q18	UDM19 ¹	UDM18 ¹
Financial revenues	7,057	6,032	4,943	28,359	18,529
Financial expenses	(42,858)	(36,097)	(26,508)	(144,807)	(117,497)
Financial income (loss)	(35,801)	(30,065)	(21,565)	(116,448)	(98,968)

¹Accumulated in the past twelve months.

Financial revenues and expenses include asset and liability exchange-rate changes, as follows:

R\$ thousand	1Q19	4Q18	1Q18	UDM19 ¹	UDM18 ¹
Foreign-exchange income	5,696	4,150	3,821	21,774	13,825
Foreign exchange costs	(16,931)	(9,731)	(3,103)	(39,321)	(16,345)
Net exchange rate change	(11,235)	(5,581)	718	(17,547)	(2,520)

¹Accumulated in the past twelve months.

The financial income (loss) without exchange-rate change is as follows:

R\$ thousand	1Q19	4Q18	1Q18	UDM19 ¹	UDM18 ¹
Financial income (loss) without exchange-rate change	(24,566)	(24,484)	(22,283)	(98,901)	(96,448)

¹Accumulated in the past twelve months.

In order to hedge exports in the coming years, the Company maintains the flow of maturity of commitments denominated in foreign currency (dollar) in line with the forecasts of receipt in the same currency. The exchange-rate change of these operations is being recorded on monthly basis in the Shareholders' Equity and is recognized in the income (loss) as financial expense upon realization (hedge accounting). In 1Q19, the positive amount of R\$ 10,441 thousand (R\$ 6,891 thousand net of taxes in the shareholders' equity) was recognized as hedge accounting, and the amount recognized in the income (loss) as financial expense was R\$ 12,335 thousand. In the accumulated, the Company maintains R\$ 154,242 thousand of exchange-rate change of hedge accounting, to be recognized in the income (loss) upon realization over the coming years, of which R\$ 101,800 thousand are recognized in the Shareholders' Equity (net of taxes) and R\$ 52,442 thousand in non-current liabilities (taxes).

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Foreign exchange

The exchange rate which was R\$ 3.32/US\$ on March 31, 2018, was 17.5% higher at the end of March 2019, and reached R\$ 3.90/US\$. The average exchange rate for this quarter was R\$ 3.77/US\$1.0, 1.0% lower than in 4Q18 and 16.4% higher in relation to the same period of 2018.

R\$ thousand	1Q19	4Q18	1Q18	Δ1Q19/4Q18	Δ1Q19/1Q18
Average foreign exchange rate - Dollar	3.77	3.81	3.24	-1.0%	+16.4%
Final foreign exchange rate - Dollar	3.90	3.87	3.32	+0.8%	+17.5%

Source: Bacen

Indebtedness

The consolidated gross indebtedness on March 31, 2019 totaled R\$ 776.2 million against R\$ 825.0 million on December 31, 2018. The change in this indicator was due to the depreciation of the Brazilian real against the dollar, funding operations in relation to settlements for the period. The gross indebtedness profile as of March 31 was 38% maturing in the short-term and 62% maturing in the long term.

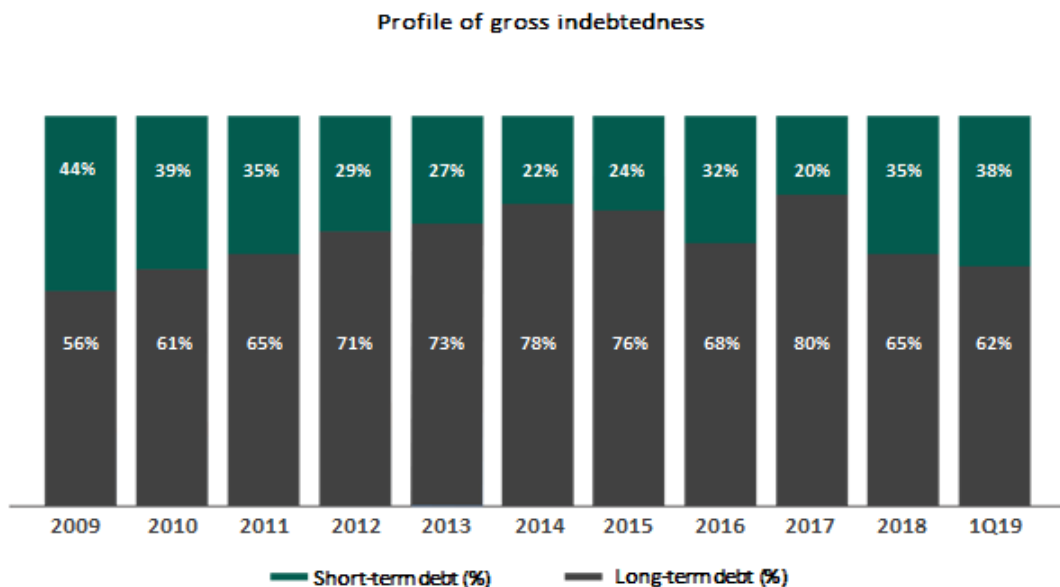
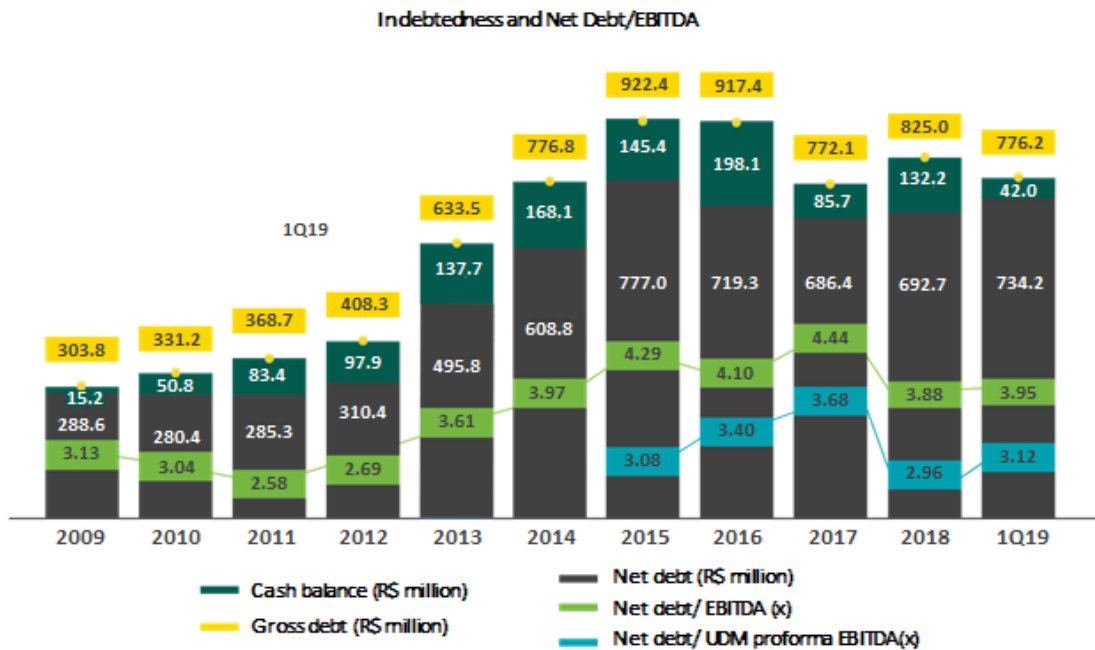
The consolidated balance of cash on March 31, 2019 totaled R\$ 42.0 million against R\$ 132.2 million on December 31, 2018. This change is mainly due to the settlement of financial operations in a larger volume than the funding in relation to the operating cash generation.

The consolidated net indebtedness on March 31, 2019 totaled R\$ 734.2 million against R\$ 692.7 million on December 31, 2018. The Net Debt/EBITDA indicator decreased from 3.88 times at the end of 4Q18 to 3.95 times in the end of 1Q19. Excluding from the Net Debt the exchange-rate change recorded as hedge accounting (Note 28 – Cash Flow Hedge), the Net Debt/Pro-forma EBITDA indicator would be 3.12 times at the end of 1Q19.

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5. NET INCOME (LOSS)

In 1Q19, the net income (loss) was R\$ 6,363 thousand (negative) of income against R\$ 5,256 thousand (negative) in the 1Q18 and R\$ 19,032 thousand (negative) in 4Q18. In the YTD, the net income (loss) was R\$ 1,904 thousand of income compared to negative R\$ 99,294 thousand in the same period of the

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prior year. The main impact on net income for this quarter, when compared to 4Q18, was the negative change in the fair value of biological assets recorded in that period. In the comparison of the last 12 months, the change refers mainly to the recognition of non-recurring provisions in the financial statements for the year 2017.

6. INVESTMENTS

The Company maintains its strategy to invest in the modernization and automation of its production processes on a cautious basis. Investments in this quarter amounted to R\$ 15,480 thousand and were basically destined to reforestation, maintenance and improvement of physical structures, software, machinery and equipment of the Company.

R\$ thousand	1Q19
Land	25
Equipment	6,469
Intangible assets	6,921
Reforestation	2,065
Total	15,480

7. CAPITAL MARKET

Irani's capital, on March 31, 2019, was composed of 166,720,235 shares, of which 153,909,975 (92%) are common shares and 12,810,260 (8%) are preferred shares. On March 31, 2019, the Company held 2,376,100 treasury shares, of which 24,000 are common shares and 2,352,100 are preferred shares. In the same period, common shares were traded at R\$ 2.71 whereas preferred shares were traded at R\$ 2.76.

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF MARCH 31, 2019.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of reais, unless otherwise indicated).

1. OPERATIONS

Celulose Irani S.A. ("Company") is a publicly-held company, domiciled in Brazil, listed on the Novo Mercado segment of B3 S.A. - Brazil, Stock Exchange, OTC ("B3"), and headquartered at Rua General João Manoel, 157, 9º andar, in the municipality of Porto Alegre, state of Rio Grande do Sul. The Company and its subsidiaries are mainly engaged in the manufacture of corrugated cardboard packaging, packaging paper, resin products and their byproducts. The Company is also engaged in forestation and reforestation activities and utilizes the production chain of planted forests and paper recycling as the basis for all its production.

On March 31, 2019, the Company has negative net working capital in the amount of R\$ 121,046 (current assets of R\$ 331,453 and consolidated current liabilities of R\$ 452,499), related mainly to the short-term loans and financing, which were impacted in the period by the effect of the local currency's (real) devaluation against the US dollar, which increased the amounts of this obligation. Management assessed the Company's settlement capacity of its short-term obligations, and concluded as adequate on the capacity of going concern. The main aspects reviewed by the management team in this evaluation were: the already improved cash generation and expected improvement in cash generation for the next 12 months; renegotiation of debts and lengthening of the payment term; the existing alternatives to assets sale, and also the existence of a natural hedge for its foreign currency obligations for this period with the current exports.

Direct subsidiaries are related in Note 4.

Its direct parent company is Irani Participações S.A., a privately-held Brazilian corporation. Its ultimate parent company is D.P Representações e Participações Ltda., both companies belonging to the Habitasul Group.

The issue of Company's financial statements was authorized by the Board of Directors on April 23, 2019.

2. PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The interim financial statements included in the Quarterly Information Form - ITR, are prepared in accordance with Technical Pronouncement CPC 21 (R1) - Interim Financial Reporting and with IAS 34 - Interim Financial Reporting, issued by International Accounting Standards Board (IASB), and presented in accordance with the rules issued by the Brazilian Securities Commission (CVM), applicable to the preparation of the Quarterly Information - ITR, and highlight all relevant information concerning the

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financial statements, and only them, which are in compliance with those used by the Management in its management.

The interim financial statements were prepared based on the historical cost, except for biological assets measured at its fair values, hedge instruments measured at fair value.

3. MAIN ACCOUNTING PRACTICES

a) Functional currency and translation of foreign currencies

The individual and consolidated financial statements are being presented in Brazilian Real, functional and presentation currency of the Company and its subsidiaries.

Foreign-currency transactions are originally recorded at the exchange rate effective on the transaction date. Gains and losses arising from the difference between the translation of balances in foreign currency into the functional currency are recognized in the statement of income, except when classified as cash flow hedge accounting and, therefore, deferred in shareholders' equity as cash flow hedge operations.

b) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand, deposits with banks, and highly liquid investments with a low risk of change in value, and maturing in 90 days or less, which are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments.

c) Financial assets

The Company, upon initial recognition of a financial asset, classified its assets as: at amortized cost, at fair value through profit or loss. Financial assets are not reclassified after initial recognition, unless the Company changes the business model for the management of financial assets. The Company carries out an evaluation of the purpose of the business in which a financial asset is held in the portfolio, since this better reflects the way in which the business is managed.

c.1) Financial assets at amortized cost

These assets are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method. Amortized cost is impaired. Interest revenue, foreign exchange gains and impairment losses are directly recognized in the statement of operations. Any gain or loss on derecognition is recognized in income (loss).

c.2) Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss

These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Net income, plus interest, is directly recognized in income (loss).

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c.3) Impairment of financial assets.

The Company measures the provision for loss in an amount equal to credit loss expected for the life of the asset.

d) Derecognition

The Company derecognizes a financial asset when contract rights to assets' cash flows expire, or when the Company transfers the contract right of receiving a financial asset to contract cash flows, in a transaction in which substantially all risks and benefits of owning the financial asset are transferred or in which the Company neither substantially transfers nor maintains all risks and benefits of owning the financial asset and neither retains control over the financial asset.

e) Offset

Financial assets or liabilities are offset and the net value reported in the balance sheet only when the Company currently has legally enforceable right to set off and there is intention to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

f) Financial instruments

A financial asset is measured at amortized cost if it meets both conditions below and is not designated as measured at fair value through profit or loss: it is maintained within a business model whose objective is to maintain financial assets to receive contractual cash flows; and its contractual terms generate, at specific dates, cash flows that are related only to payment of principal and interest on the outstanding principal amount.

A debt instrument is measured at fair value through other comprehensive income if it meets both conditions below and is not designated as measured at fair value through profit or loss: it is maintained within a business model whose objective is achieved both by the receipt of contractual cash flows and by the sale of financial assets; and its contractual terms generate, on specific dates, cash flows that are only payments of principal and interest on the outstanding principal amount. In the initial recognition of an investment in an equity instrument not held for trading, the Company may irrevocably choose to present subsequent changes in the fair value of the investment in other financial statements. This choice is made on an investment basis.

The Company carries out an evaluation of the purpose of the business in which a financial asset is held in the portfolio, since this better reflects the way in which the business is managed and the information is provided to management. The information considered is comprised by: the policies and goals established for the portfolio and practical operation of these policies. They include the question of whether management's strategy focuses on obtaining contractual interest revenue, maintaining a certain interest rate profile, matching the duration of financial assets with the duration of related liabilities or expected cash outflows, or the realization of cash flows through the sale of assets; how the performance of the portfolio is evaluated and reported to the management of the Company; - risks that affect the performance of the business model (and the financial assets held in that business

Notes to the Quarterly Information

model) and the manner in which those risks are managed; the sales rate, volume and timing of sales of financial assets in prior periods, the reasons for such sales and future sales expectations.

g) Evaluation whether the contractual cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest

For this evaluation purposes, “principal” is defined as the fair value of the financial asset at initial recognition. “Interest” is defined as a consideration for the amount of cash at the time and for the credit risk associated to the outstanding principal value during a certain period and for other risks and base costs of loans (for example, liquidity risk and administrative costs), as well as for the profit margin.

The Company considers the contractual terms of the instruments to evaluate whether the contractual cash flows are only payments of principal and interest. It includes evaluating whether the financial asset contains a contractual term that could change the time or amount of the contractual cash flows so that it would not meet this condition. In making such assessment, the Company considers: contingent events that modify the value or the time of cash flows; terms that may adjust the contractual rate, including variable rates; the prepayment and the extension of the term; and terms that limit the Company's access to cash flows of specific assets (for example, based on the performance of an asset).

The prepayment is consistent with the principal and interest payment criterion if the prepayment amount mostly represents the unpaid principal and interest amounts on the outstanding principal amount - which may include an additional reasonable compensation due to the early termination of the contract.

h) Financial assets

The Company classified financial assets in the category of loans and receivables. Financial assets classified in the category of loans and receivables used the amortized cost under the effective interest method as a measurement method.

i) Inventories

They are stated at the lower amount between the average cost of production or acquisition, and net realizable value. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated costs of completion and the costs necessary to make the sale.

j) Investments

Investments in subsidiaries are valued in individual financial statements under the equity method.

According to the equity method, investments in subsidiaries are adjusted with the purposes of recognizing the Company's participation in the profit or loss and the subsidiary's other comprehensive income.

Notes to the Quarterly Information

Unrealized transactions, balances and gains in transactions among companies are eliminated. Unrealized losses are also eliminated, unless the transaction shall provide impairment evidence of the asset transferred. The accounting policies of the subsidiaries are changed when required in order to assure the consistency with the policies adopted by the Company.

k) Investment property

Investment properties are measured at cost.

Depreciation is recognized so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives, using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are annually reviewed, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

Revenues from rented investment properties is recognized in the statement of profit and loss on the accrual basis.

Any gain or loss from the sale or write-off of an item recorded within investment properties is determined as the difference between the amounts received and the book value of the asset sold, and recognized in the income (loss).

l) Property, plant and equipment and intangible assets

Property, plant and equipment are stated at deemed cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, where applicable. In the case of qualifying assets, loan costs are capitalized as part of the costs of construction in progress. This property, plant and equipment in progress is classified in proper categories of property, plant and equipment when concluded and ready for intended use. Depreciation of these assets starts when they are ready for use and is calculated on the same basis as for other fixed assets.

The Company calculates depreciation on the straight-line method, taking into consideration the estimated useful lives of the assets, based on expected future economic benefits, except for land, which is not depreciated. The evaluation of the estimated useful life of assets is reviewed annually and adjusted if necessary, and may vary based on the stage of technological development of each unit.

The Company's intangible assets comprise goodwill, software licenses, brand and client portfolio.

Goodwill is represented by the positive difference between the amount paid and/or payable for the acquisition of a business and the investee's net fair value of assets and liabilities of subsidiary acquired. Goodwill arising from acquisitions of subsidiaries is recorded as "Intangible assets" in the consolidated financial statements. If a gain on advantageous purchase is determined, the amount is recorded as a gain in the income (loss) for the period, at the acquisition date. Goodwill is tested for impairment annually and carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses. Impairment losses recognized on goodwill are not reversed. Gain and losses for the sale of an entity include the book value of the goodwill related to the sold entity.

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The goodwill is allocated to the Cash Generating Units for impairment testing. The allocation is made to the Cash Generating Units that are expected to benefit from the business combinations in which the goodwill arose.

Computer software licenses acquired are capitalized on the basis of the costs incurred to acquire and bring to use the specific software. These costs are amortized over the estimated useful life of the software (five years). Costs associated with maintaining computer software programs are expensed as incurred.

Separately acquired trademarks and licenses are initially stated at historical cost. Trademarks and licenses acquired within a business combination are recognized at fair value on the acquisition date. The Company's trademarks do not have a defined useful life and, therefore, are not amortized.

The client portfolio acquired in a business combination is recognized at fair value at the acquisition date, and is accounted for at fair value less accumulated amortization. Amortization is calculated using the straight-line method over the expected useful life of the client relationship.

m) Biological assets

The Company's biological assets are mainly represented by planted pine forests that are used for the production of packaging paper, boxes and plates of corrugated cardboard, and also for trading with third parties and extraction of gum resin. The pine forests are located near the pulp and paper plant in the state of Santa Catarina and also in the state of Rio Grande do Sul, where they are used for the production of gum resin and sale of timber logs.

The biological assets are valued at fair value less sales expenses. The change during each period is recognized in the statement of income as a change in the fair value of biological assets. The evaluation of fair value of biological assets is based on certain assumptions, as Note 14.

n) Evaluation of recoverable value of non-financial assets (impairment)

The Company reviews the balance of non-financial assets for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the book value of an asset or group of assets may not be recoverable, based on future cash flows. The Company did not identify any indicators that the book value exceeds the recoverable value of its non-financial assets in this quarter.

o) (Current and deferred) income tax and social contribution

A provision is recorded for current income tax and social contribution based on the taxable income determined according to the prevailing tax legislation, which differs from the profit reported in the statement of income, since it excludes revenues or expenses taxable or deductible in other periods, as well as permanently non-taxable or non-deductible items. The provision for income tax and social contribution is calculated individually for each company, based on the prevailing rates in the period. The Company calculates its taxes by applying the statutory rate of 34% on its taxable income, while

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the subsidiaries Habitasul Florestal S.A. and Iraflor - Comércio de Madeiras Ltda. adopt a presumed rate of 3.08%.

On temporary differences for tax purposes, tax losses, adjustments of deemed cost and changes in the fair value of biological assets are recorded deferred income tax and social contribution. Deferred tax liabilities are usually recognized on all taxable temporary differences, and deferred tax assets are recognized on all deductible temporary differences, only when it is probable that the Company will present future taxable income in sufficient amount to use these deductible temporary differences. Deferred income tax and social contribution are recorded for subsidiaries that adopt the deemed income tax regime for the fair value of biological assets and the deemed cost for fixed assets.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are presented at net value in balance sheet when there is the legal right and the intention of offsetting them upon calculation of current taxes, in general related to the same legal entity and the same tax authority.

p) Loans, financing

Loans are stated at their original amounts, less the related transaction costs, where applicable, and adjusted based on indices established in the contracts entered into with the creditors. Interest is also calculated using the effective interest rate method, as well as the effects of foreign exchange rate changes, where applicable, through the balance sheet dates, as described in the explanatory notes.

q) Cash flow hedge (Hedge Accounting)

The Company documents, early in the transaction, the relationship between the hedge instruments and the hedge-protected items, as well as the risk management objectives and the strategy for conducting hedge transactions. The Company also documents its assessment, both at hedge inception and on an ongoing basis, of whether the derivatives that are used in hedging transactions are highly effective in offsetting changes in the cash flows of hedged items.

Changes in hedge amounts classified in “Equity valuation adjustments” in shareholders’ equity are stated in Note 20.

The effective portion of changes in the fair value of hedging instruments that are designated and qualify as cash flow hedges is recognized in shareholders’ equity within “Equity valuation adjustments”. The gain or loss relating to the ineffective portion is immediately recognized in the statement of profit and loss for the period.

Amounts accumulated in shareholders’ equity are realized in the statement of income in the periods when the item protected by a hedge transaction affects the income (for instance, when the estimated sale which is hedged, occurs). The gain or loss relating to the effective portion of instruments hedging highly probable transactions is recognized in the statement of income within “Financial expenses”. The gain or loss relating to the ineffective portion is recognized in the statement of profit and loss for the period.

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When a transaction is no longer expected to occur, the cumulative gain or loss that had been reported in shareholders' equity is immediately transferred to the statement of income for the period.

r) Lease

IFRS 16 introduced a single model of lease accounting in the balance sheet for lessees. A lessee recognizes an asset of right of use that represents its right to use the leased asset and a lease liability that represents its obligation to make the lease payments. Optional exemptions are available for short-term leases and low-value items. The lessor's accounting remained similar to the current standard, that is, lessors continued to classify leases as financial or operating leases. IFRS 16 replaced the current lease standards, including CPC 06 (IAS 17) Commercial Lease Operations and ICPC 03 (IFRIC 4, SIC 15 and SIC 27) Complementary Aspects of Commercial Lease Operations.

The company chose to adopt the changed retrospective approach initially on January 1st, 2019, without updating comparative information, as well as applied this rule to all previously signed agreements that were identified as leases according to CPC 06 (R1)/ IAS 17 and ICPC 03/ IFRIC 4. This approach has no impact on accumulated profits (shareholder's equity) at the data of initial adoption, once the total present value amount of right to use assets is equal to the total present value amount of lease liabilities.

r.1) Definition of Lease

Previously, the company used to determine if, at the beginning of a contract, it contained a lease under the ICPC 03/ IFRIC 4 – Complementary aspects of lease operations. The company now evaluates if a contract contains a leased based on the latest definition of a lease. According to CPC 06 (R2)/ IFRS 16, a contract is or contains a lease if it transfers the rights to control the use of an identified asset for a period in return for a consideration.

During the transition leading up to CPC 06 (R2)/ IFRS 16, the company chose to apply the practical expedient of maintaining the evaluation of which transactions are leases. The company applied CPC 06 (R2)/ IFRS 16 only to contracts that were not previously identified as leases. The contracts that were not identified as leases according to CPC 06 (R1)/ IAS 17 and ICPC 03/ IFRIC 4 were not reevaluated. Furthermore, the company also applied the new definition of leases according to CPC 06 (R2)/ IFRS 16 to contracts signed January 1st 2019 or later. At the start of a contract that contains a component of a lease or during its reevaluation, the company allocates the consideration of the contract to each component of the lease, and does not allocate the contract's consideration of the basis of its individual prices. Nevertheless, for real estate leases in which the company is a tenant, the company chose not to separate the components that are not part of the lease, and will consider all items as an only component of the lease.

r.2) As a tenant

The company leases real estate, production equipment and IT equipment. As a tenant, the company previously classified operational or financial leases based on its own evaluation if the leases substantially transferred all risks and property benefits. According to CPC 06 (R2)/ IFRS 16, the

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company recognizes all right to use assets and lease liabilities for most of its leases, which means these leases are accounted for in the balance sheet.

Nevertheless, the company chose not to recognize right to use assets and lease liabilities for some leases of low value assets (such as IT equipment). The company recognizes the payments related to these leases as expenses using the linear method over the course of the lease.

The company presents right to use assets that do not meet the definition of investment property as PPE, in the same line as it presents assets of the same nature that are its property. The right to use assets that meet the definition of investment property are presented in the line of investment property.

i) Transition

Previously, the company classified real estate leases as operational leases according to CPC 06 (R1)/ IAS 17. Some leases include a renewal option after the non-cancellation period. Some leases are adjusted based on inflationary data, such as the IGP – M or IPCA. During the transition, for leases classified as operational leases according to CPC 06 (R1)/ IAS 17, the company calculated the lease liabilities based on the present value of all remaining payments, discounted by the incremental loan rate of the company on January 1st, 2019. The company calculated the right to use assets based on the equivalent value to the lease liability, adjusted by the value of any advance payments or the accumulated lease.

The administration recognized the right to use assets and lease liabilities as they are demonstrated at the accompanying note number 31.

r.3) As a landlord

The company leases its properties for investment according to the accompanying note number 12. The company continues to classify these leases as operational leases, thus not having any impact in its quarterly numbers.

i) Provisions

A provision is recognized in the balance sheet when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle this obligation, and the amount can be reliably estimated. Provisions are recorded at amounts considered sufficient by management to cover probable losses, and are adjusted through the balance sheet date, based on the nature of each risk, and the opinion of the Company's legal counsel.

j) Employee benefits

Profit sharing

Notes to the Quarterly Information

The Company recognizes liabilities and expenses for profit sharing based on a methodology that takes into consideration the profit attributable to each of the operating segments. The provisions are recognized according to the terms of the agreement entered into between the Company and the employees' representatives, which are reviewed on an annual basis.

k) Significant judgments, estimates and assumptions

In the preparation of the financial statements, accounting judgments, estimates and assumptions to record certain assets and liabilities and other transactions and in the record of revenues and expenses for the periods.

The accounting judgments, estimates and assumptions adopted by Management were based on the best information available on the date of financial statements, involving the experience with past events, projections about future events, in addition to the assistance of experts, where applicable.

Therefore, the financial statements contain a number of estimates, including, but not limited to, the determination of the useful lives of property, plant and equipment (Note 13), the realization of deferred tax assets (Note 10), the allowance for doubtful accounts (Note 6), the evaluation of fair value for biological assets (Note 14), the tax, social security, civil and labor provisions (Note 19), and the impairment of assets (Note 13).

The actual results of the balances formed with the use of judgments, estimates and accounting assumptions, upon their actual realization, may be different from those recognized in the financial statements.

The Company has ICMS incentives from the governments of the states of Santa Catarina and Minas Gerais. Supplementary Law 160 published in August 2017, and in December 2017, Confaz Agreement 190 published, which decided on the remission of tax credits, formed or not, arising from exemptions, incentives, and tax or financial tax benefits established in disagreement with the provisions of the Federal Constitution, Article 155, paragraph 2, item XII, subitem “g”, and the reinstatement of the respective exemptions, incentives, and tax or financial benefits.

Regarding the Confaz 190, the states of Santa Catarina and Minas Gerais, respectively, published Decrees No. 1.555/18 and 47.394/18, validating and restoring the tax incentives granted to the Company under the terms of Complementary Law No. 160/2017.

Although the Company has no tax incentive being judged by the Federal Supreme Court (STF), management has been monitoring, together with its legal advisors, the progress of this issue in the courts to assess possible impacts on its operations and consequent effects on the financial statements (Note 30).

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Notes to the Quarterly Information

l) Income statement

Income and expenses are recognized on the accrual basis and include interest, charges and the effects of exchange-rate change at official rates, applicable to current and non-current assets and liabilities, and, where applicable, adjustments to realizable value.

m) Recognition of revenues

The model implemented by the Company refers to a model aimed at determining whether the specific accounting criteria have been met.

The new model comprises the following steps: i) identification of the contract with the client; ii) identification of the contractual performance obligations; iii) determination of the transaction price; iv) allocation of the transaction price to the contractual performance obligations; and v) recognition of revenue as the performance obligations are satisfied. Accordingly, revenue from contracts with customers should be recognized for the amount of consideration the Company expects to receive in exchange for the goods and financial services provided to the customers. The revenue is presented net of taxes, goods returned, rebates and discounts, and elimination of revenues among related parties.

n) Government grants

Tax collection deferrals, granted directly or indirectly by the government, required at below market interest rates, are treated as a government grant and measured by the difference between the amounts obtained and the fair value calculated based on market interest rates. This difference is recorded with a corresponding entry to sales revenue in the statement of profit and loss, and will be allocated based on the amortized cost and the effective rate over the period.

o) Statement of added value (“DVA”)

The Brazilian corporate law requires the presentation of the statement of value added, individual and consolidated, as part of the set of financial statements presented by the Company. Accordingly, in conformity with IFRS, this statement is presented as supplementary information, without prejudice to financial statements as a whole. The purpose of this statement is to show the wealth created by the Company and its distribution during the reporting periods.

The statement of value added has been prepared pursuant to the provisions of CPC 09 - "Statement of Value Added", with information obtained from the same book records used to prepare the financial statements.

4. CONSOLIDATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The consolidated financial statements include Celulose Irani S.A. and its subsidiaries as follows:

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Participation in capital - %			
Subsidiaries - direct interest	Activity	03/31/2019	12/31/2018
Habitasul Florestal S.A.	Forestry production	100.00	100.00
HGE - Geração de Energia Sustentável S.A. *	Generation of electricity generation	100.00	100.00
Iraflor - Comércio de Madeiras LTDA	Trade of timber	99.99	99.99
Irani Geração de Energia Sustentável LTDA *	Generation of electricity generation	99.56	99.56

*wind projects for implementation under evaluation

The accounting practices of the subsidiaries are consistent with those adopted by the Company. The investments in subsidiaries, the equity income, as well as the balances of operations carried out and unrealized intercompany profit and/or loss were eliminated in the consolidated financial statements. The financial information of the subsidiaries, used for consolidation, was prepared at the same date as that of the parent company.

5. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Balances of cash and cash equivalents are represented as follows:

	Parent company		Consolidated	
	03/31/2019	12/31/2018	03/31/2019	12/31/2018
Fixed fund	29	29	31	32
Banks	16,866	26,634	16,965	27,111
Interbank funds applied	23,712	104,115	24,966	105,076
	<u>40,607</u>	<u>130,778</u>	<u>41,962</u>	<u>132,219</u>

The financial investments with immediate liquidity earn a fixed income at the average of 90% of the Interbank Deposit Certificate (CDI) interest rate and mature in 90 days or less.

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Notes to the Quarterly Information

6. TRADE ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

	Parent company		Consolidated	
	03/31/2019	12/31/2018	03/31/2019	12/31/2018
Accounts receivable from:				
Clients - domestic Market	161,769	152,680	163,584	154,327
Clients - Foreign market	35,485	25,303	35,485	25,303
Clients - renegotiation	14,725	15,259	14,725	15,259
	<u>211,979</u>	<u>193,242</u>	<u>213,794</u>	<u>194,889</u>
Estimated losses with doubtful accounts	<u>(24,016)</u>	<u>(24,016)</u>	<u>(24,016)</u>	<u>(24,016)</u>
	<u>187,963</u>	<u>169,226</u>	<u>189,778</u>	<u>170,873</u>
Current portion	185,897	167,058	187,712	168,705
Installments - non-current	2,066	2,168	2,066	2,168

As of December 31, 2018, balances of renegotiation of clients, as well as the provision for recognized losses were reclassified to Clients' account - renegotiation.

At March 31, 2019, consolidated trade accounts receivable included an overdue amount of R\$ 19,345, related to clients with no history of default, for which no provision was recorded.

The aging analysis of trade accounts receivable is in the table below.

	Parent company		Consolidated	
	03/31/2019	12/31/2018	03/31/2019	12/31/2018
Falling due	169,631	151,741	170,433	152,785
Overdue up to 30 days	8,009	8,567	8,722	8,803
Overdue, 31–60 days	2,800	3,612	2,932	3,769
Overdue, 61–90 days	2,784	2,132	2,838	2,274
Overdue, 91–180 days	1,920	1,437	2,025	1,505
Overdue >180 days	26,835	25,753	26,844	25,753
	<u>211,979</u>	<u>193,242</u>	<u>213,794</u>	<u>194,889</u>

The average credit term on the sale of products is 51 days. The Company records an allowance for doubtful accounts for the relevant portion of accounts receivable overdue for more than 180 days. Provisions for impairment of accounts receivable are also recorded for notes falling due and overdue for less than 180 days in cases where the amounts are not considered realizable, based on the financial situation of each debtor and historical analyzes of losses obtained by the Company. Individual analyzes are performed for those clients who do not yet have overdue notes, considering their credit risks.

Changes in the provisions may be stated as follows:

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	Parent company		Consolidated	
	03/31/2019	12/31/2018	03/31/2019	12/31/2018
Balance at the beginning of the period	(24,016)	(16,513)	(24,016)	(16,563)
Reclassification of Clients - Renegotiation	-	(14,074)	-	(14,074)
Provision for recognized losses	-	(1,613)	-	(1,613)
Trade accounts receivable written off during the period as non-collectible	-	8,184	-	8,234
Balance at end of the period	<u>(24,016)</u>	<u>(24,016)</u>	<u>(24,016)</u>	<u>(24,016)</u>

A portion of receivables, amounting to R\$ 103,269, has been assigned as collateral for certain financing transactions, as disclosed in Note 15.

The credit quality of financial assets that were neither past due nor impaired at March 31, 2019 was assessed with reference to historical information on default rates, as follows:

Quality of accounts receivable

Class of client	% History	Consolidated
		Amounts receivable
a) Customers without history of delinquency	92.10	156,968
b) Clients with history of late payment up to 7 days	7.15	12,186
c) Customers with history of late payment of more than 7 days	0.75	1,279
		<u>170,433</u>

a) Timely clients with no history of delinquency.

b) Untimely clients with a history of delinquency of up to 7 days, with no history of default.

c) Untimely clients with a history of delinquency exceeding 7 days, with no history of default.

7. INVENTORIES

	Parent company		Consolidated	
	03/31/2019	12/31/2018	03/31/2019	12/31/2018
Finished goods	37,590	8,080	37,729	8,080
Production materials	18,960	40,458	18,960	40,458
Consumption materials	22,945	22,745	22,984	22,805
Other inventories	1,934	516	1,934	516
	<u>81,429</u>	<u>71,799</u>	<u>81,607</u>	<u>71,859</u>

In the 1Q19, the cost of inventories recognized in income (loss) was R\$ 167,657 (R\$ 162,416 in 1Q18) in parent company and R\$ 165,833 in the 1Q19 (R\$ 160,717 in 1Q18) in consolidated.

The cost of inventories recognized in the income (loss) for the year includes the net impairment.

A portion of inventories, amounting to R\$ 23,421, has been assigned as collateral for certain financing transactions, as disclosed in Note 15.

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Notes to the Quarterly Information

8. RECOVERABLE TAXES

They are as follows:

	Parent company		Consolidated	
	03/31/2019	12/31/2018	03/31/2019	12/31/2018
ICMS	5,217	4,664	5,217	4,664
PIS/COFINS	2,632	2,541	2,632	2,541
IPI	148	105	148	105
Income tax	631	397	631	397
Social contribution	345	258	345	258
IRRF on interest earning bank deposits	1,124	821	1,125	821
Other	280	24	281	25
	<u>10,377</u>	<u>8,810</u>	<u>10,379</u>	<u>8,811</u>
Current portion	5,959	5,017	5,961	5,018
Installments - non-current	4,418	3,793	4,418	3,793

ICMS credits are basically credits on the acquisition of property, plant and equipment generated in relation to purchases of property, plant and equipment items of the Company and are used in 48 monthly and consecutive installments, as provided for in legislation that address the matter.

9. OTHER ASSETS

	Parent company		Consolidated	
	03/31/2019	12/31/2018	03/31/2019	12/31/2018
Advances to suppliers	6,922	1,427	6,925	1,427
Employee credits	1,620	783	1,620	819
Prepaid expenses	1,188	1,696	1,188	1,696
Other receivables	7,115	7,602	7,205	7,630
	<u>16,845</u>	<u>11,508</u>	<u>16,938</u>	<u>11,572</u>
Current portion	14,145	8,808	14,211	8,845
Installments - non-current	2,700	2,700	2,727	2,727

Prepaid expenses - relate primarily to insurance premiums paid when contracting insurance for all of the Company's units, recognized in the statement of profit and loss on a monthly basis, over the term of each policy.

10. DEFERRED INCOME TAX AND SOCIAL CONTRIBUTION

Deferred income tax and social contribution are calculated on temporary differences for tax purposes, tax losses, adjustments of deemed cost and changes in the fair value of biological assets.

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In 2019, the Company computed income tax and social contribution on exchange-rate changes on a cash basis, and recorded a deferred tax liability related to unrealized exchange-rate change.

Deferred tax liabilities were recognized based on the fair value of biological assets and the deemed cost of fixed assets.

The initial tax impacts on the deemed cost of property, plant and equipment were recognized as a contraentry to shareholders' equity.

ASSETS	Parent company		Consolidated	
	03/31/2019	12/31/2018	03/31/2019	12/31/2018
Deferred income tax asset				
On temporary provisions	537	537	537	537
On tax loss	17,093	17,093	17,093	17,093
Cash flow hedge	38,560	41,171	38,560	41,171
Deferred social contribution assets				
On temporary provisions	192	192	192	192
On tax loss	6,155	6,155	6,155	6,155
Cash flow hedge	13,882	14,821	13,882	14,821
	<u>76,419</u>	<u>79,969</u>	<u>76,419</u>	<u>79,969</u>
LIABILITIES				
	Parent company		Consolidated	
	03/31/2019	12/31/2018	03/31/2019	12/31/2018
Deferred income tax liabilities				
Unrealized exchange-rate change on the cash basis	4,297	3,905	4,297	3,905
Fair value of the biological assets	25,325	24,964	26,986	26,629
Deemed cost of fixed assets	126,248	126,472	133,847	134,072
Government grant	468	520	468	520
Client portfolio	534	583	534	583
Amortization of tax goodwill	19,168	18,269	19,168	18,269
Deferred social contribution liabilities				
Unrealized exchange-rate change on the cash basis	1,547	1,406	1,547	1,406
Fair value of the biological assets	9,117	8,987	10,014	9,886
Deemed cost of fixed assets	45,448	45,531	48,185	48,266
Government grant	169	187	169	187
Client portfolio	192	210	192	210
Amortization of tax goodwill	6,900	6,577	6,900	6,577
	<u>239,413</u>	<u>237,611</u>	<u>252,307</u>	<u>250,510</u>
Deferred tax liabilities (net)	<u>162,994</u>	<u>157,642</u>	<u>175,888</u>	<u>170,541</u>

In this period, management did not record deferred income tax and social contribution on temporary differences, tax loss and negative basis of social contribution. Based on budget forecasts approved by the Board of Directors, management expects these consolidated balances to be realized as follows:

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Deferred tax asset:	Parent company and 03/31/2019
<u>Period</u>	<u>03/31/2019</u>
2019	18,135
2020	17,552
2021	16,909
2022	12,516
>2023	11,307
	<u>76,419</u>

Changes in deferred income tax and social contribution is as follows:

Parent company and assets Consolidated	Opening balance on 01/01/2018	Recognized in income (loss)	Recognized in shareholders' equity	Offset with liabilities	Closing balance at December 31, 2018
Deferred tax assets regarding:					
Provision for profit sharing	(3,673)	3,673	-	-	-
Provision for sundry risks	(1,953)	1,224	-	-	(729)
<i>Cash flow hedge</i>	(40,116)	-	(15,876)	-	(55,992)
Total temporary differences	(45,742)	4,897	(15,876)	-	(56,721)
Tax losses	(23,248)	-	-	-	(23,248)
	<u>(68,990)</u>	<u>4,897</u>	<u>(15,876)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(79,969)</u>
Parent company and assets Consolidated	Opening balance on 01/01/2019	Recognized in income (loss)	Recognized in shareholders' equity	Offset with liabilities	Closing balance 03/31/2019
Deferred tax assets regarding:					
Provision for sundry risks	(729)	-	-	-	(729)
<i>Cash flow hedge</i>	(55,992)	-	3,550	-	(52,442)
Total temporary differences	(56,721)	-	3,550	-	(53,171)
Tax losses	(23,248)	-	-	-	(23,248)
	<u>(79,969)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>3,550</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(76,419)</u>
Parent company liabilities	Opening balance 01/01/2018	Recognized in income (loss)	Closing balance 12/31/2018	Recognized in income (loss)	Closing balance 03/31/2019
Deferred tax liabilities regarding:					
Exchange-rate change recognized on a cash basis	5,614	(303)	5,311	533	5,844
Fair value of the biological assets	33,204	747	33,951	491	34,442
Deemed cost and review of useful life	169,325	2,678	172,003	(307)	171,696
Government grant	802	(95)	707	(70)	637
Client portfolio	1,062	(269)	793	(67)	726
Amortization of tax goodwill	19,958	4,888	24,846	1,222	26,068
	<u>229,965</u>	<u>7,646</u>	<u>237,611</u>	<u>1,802</u>	<u>239,413</u>

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Consolidated liabilities	Opening balance	Recognized in income (loss)	Closing balance	Recognized in income (loss)	Closing balance
	01/01/2018		12/31/2018		03/31/2019
Deferred tax liabilities regarding:					
Exchange-rate change recognized on a cash basis	5,614	(303)	5,311	533	5,844
Fair value of the biological assets	36,103	412	36,515	485	37,000
Deemed cost and review of useful life	179,659	2,679	182,338	(306)	182,032
Government grant	802	(95)	707	(70)	637
Client portfolio	1,062	(269)	793	(67)	726
Amortization of tax goodwill	19,958	4,888	24,846	1,222	26,068
	<u>243,198</u>	<u>7,312</u>	<u>250,510</u>	<u>1,797</u>	<u>252,307</u>

11. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

	Habitastul Florestal	Iraflor Comércio de Madeiras	HGE Geração de Energia	Irani Geração de Energia	Total
	December 31, 2017	<u>133,606</u>	<u>78,498</u>	<u>556</u>	<u>249</u>
Equity in net income of subsidiaries	(12,005)	16,494	(13)	-	4,476
Proposed dividends	-	(14,466)	-	-	(14,466)
Capital contribution	2,200	5,030	-	-	7,230
December 31, 2018	<u>123,801</u>	<u>85,556</u>	<u>543</u>	<u>249</u>	<u>210,149</u>
Equity in net income of subsidiaries	1,034	2,889	(1)	-	3,922
March 31, 2019	<u>124,835</u>	<u>88,445</u>	<u>542</u>	<u>249</u>	<u>214,071</u>

	Habitastul Florestal	Iraflor Comércio de Madeiras	HGE Geração de Energia	Irani Geração de Energia
	Current			
Assets	3,246	31,358	8	13
Liabilities	(2,326)	(397)	-	-
Current assets/liabilities, net	920	30,961	8	13
Non-current				
Assets	136,627	58,028	535	237
Liabilities	(12,711)	(540)	-	-
Non-current assets/liabilities, net	123,916	57,488	535	237
Shareholders' equity	<u>124,836</u>	<u>88,449</u>	<u>543</u>	<u>250</u>
Net revenue	5,526	6,380	-	-
Income/loss before income tax and social contribution	1,206	3,094	(1)	-
Income tax and social contribution expense	(172)	(206)	-	-
Income (loss) for the period	<u>1,034</u>	<u>2,888</u>	<u>(1)</u>	<u>-</u>
Capital holdings in %	100.00	99.99	100.00	99.56

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Notes to the Quarterly Information

12. INVESTMENT PROPERTY

Parent company

	Land	Buildings	Total
December 31, 2018			
Opening balance	22,554	11,051	33,605
Addition	-	-	-
Write-off	(6,259)	(7,294)	(13,553)
Depreciation	-	(521)	(521)
Book balance, net	<u>16,295</u>	<u>3,236</u>	<u>19,531</u>
Cost	16,295	5,408	21,703
Accumulated depreciation	-	(2,172)	(2,172)
Book balance, net	<u>16,295</u>	<u>3,236</u>	<u>19,531</u>
March 31, 2019			
Opening balance	16,295	3,236	19,531
Addition	-	-	-
Write-off	(6)	-	(6)
Transfers	31	(31)	-
Depreciation	-	(44)	(44)
Book balance, net	<u>16,320</u>	<u>3,161</u>	<u>19,481</u>
Cost	16,320	5,377	21,697
Accumulated depreciation	-	(2,216)	(2,216)
Book balance, net	<u>16,320</u>	<u>3,161</u>	<u>19,481</u>

Consolidated

December 31, 2018			
Opening balance	6,419	11,051	17,470
Addition	-	-	-
Write-off	(6,259)	(7,292)	(13,551)
Depreciation	-	(521)	(521)
Book balance, net	<u>160</u>	<u>3,238</u>	<u>3,398</u>
Cost	160	5,410	5,570
Accumulated depreciation	-	(2,172)	(2,172)
Book balance, net	<u>160</u>	<u>3,238</u>	<u>3,398</u>
March 31, 2019			
Opening balance	160	3,238	3,398
Addition	-	-	-
Write-off	(33)	-	(33)
Transfers	33	(33)	-
Depreciation	-	(44)	(44)
Book balance, net	<u>160</u>	<u>3,161</u>	<u>3,321</u>
Cost	160	5,377	5,537
Accumulated depreciation	-	(2,216)	(2,216)
Book balance, net	<u>160</u>	<u>3,161</u>	<u>3,321</u>

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Land

Relates mainly to plots of land with a total area of 4,454,406 m², held by the parent company for the future construction of wind farms in the state of Rio Grande do Sul, and recognized at the cost of acquisition of R\$ 16,160. The project for the implementation of wind farms is currently in the evaluation phase, through the subsidiary Irani Geração de Energia Sustentável Ltda.

Buildings

These refer to buildings located in the municipality of Rio Negrinho, state of Santa Catarina, with a constructed area of 25,271 m², and valued at R\$ 3,161. These buildings are rented to companies within the region.

Revenues and expenses related to investment properties that are rented are recognized in income (loss) as shown below:

	<u>03/31/2019</u>	<u>03/31/2018</u>
Rental revenues	3	232
Direct operating expenses that generated rental revenue	(142)	(198)

Investment properties are valued at the historical cost as of March 31, 2019. For disclosure purposes, the Company assessed on December 31, 2018, the fair value less cost to sell of these properties at R\$ 35,082 (parent company) and R\$ 17,207 (consolidated). The appraisals were conducted by independent experts, who used market inputs related to prices for transactions carried out with similar properties.

Part of the Company's investment properties has been pledged as collateral for financial transactions in the amount of R\$ 12,425 as disclosed in Note 15.

On November 13, 2018, the Company entered into an agreement with Panificio Partenon Ltda. for the sale of a portion of the property (land and buildings) of Cachoeirinha - RS through a private instrument of assignment of rights, in the total amount of R\$ 7,300, of which R\$ 5,300 upon signing and R\$ 2,000 in 180 days. The result of this sale was negative by R\$ 1,986.

On December 24, 2018, the Company entered into an agreement with Koch Metalúrgica S.A. to sell the remaining portion of the property (land and buildings) of Cachoeirinha - RS through a private instrument for partial assignment of contractual rights and obligations, in the total amount of R\$ 4,500, to be paid in 30 equal and successive installments of R\$ 150, monetarily restated at 1% per month, with the first maturing within 180 days of the signing of the agreement. The installments falling due will be monetarily restated monthly using the General Market Price Index (IGPM) from FGV. On the same date, the company Koch Metalúrgica S.A. transferred its debt through a private instrument for assumption of debts to Irapar Participações S.A. The result of this sale was negative by R\$ 53.

Notes to the Quarterly Information**13. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT AND INTANGIBLE ASSETS****a) Breakdown of property, plant and equipment**

Parent company

	Land	Buildings and	Equipment and facilities	Vehicles and tractors	Other property, plant and	Construction in process	Property, plant and equipment in	Total
December 31, 2018								
Opening balance	177,118	155,948	358,712	5,482	6,883	41,565	10,190	755,898
Acquisitions	21	79	14,360	1,659	345	25,329	-	41,793
Write-offs	(14)	(57)	(1,035)	(672)	(31)	(301)	(20)	(2,130)
Transfers	-	2,196	20,507	538	83	(23,382)	58	-
Depreciation	-	(5,353)	(39,422)	(1,782)	(1,869)	-	(642)	(49,068)
Third parties' construction in progress	-	-	-	-	-	(5,324)	-	(5,324)
PIS and COFINS credit	-	(94)	(1,375)	(18)	(47)	(891)	(2)	(2,427)
Book balance, net	<u>177,125</u>	<u>152,719</u>	<u>351,747</u>	<u>5,207</u>	<u>5,364</u>	<u>36,996</u>	<u>9,584</u>	<u>738,742</u>
Cost	177,125	216,033	884,153	14,171	22,948	36,996	16,097	1,367,523
Accumulated depreciation	-	(63,314)	(532,406)	(8,964)	(17,584)	-	(6,513)	(628,781)
Book balance, net	<u>177,125</u>	<u>152,719</u>	<u>351,747</u>	<u>5,207</u>	<u>5,364</u>	<u>36,996</u>	<u>9,584</u>	<u>738,742</u>
March 31, 2019								
Opening balance	177,125	152,719	351,747	5,207	5,364	36,996	9,584	738,742
Acquisitions	-	-	1,088	-	100	7,052	-	8,240
Write-offs	-	-	-	-	-	(820)	-	(820)
Transfers	-	-	1,361	-	335	(1,696)	-	-
Depreciation	-	(1,466)	(12,544)	(460)	(498)	-	(161)	(15,129)
Third parties' construction in progress	-	-	-	-	-	(1,775)	-	(1,775)
PIS and COFINS credit	-	27	184	2	13	71	1	298
Book balance, net	<u>177,125</u>	<u>151,280</u>	<u>341,836</u>	<u>4,749</u>	<u>5,314</u>	<u>39,828</u>	<u>9,424</u>	<u>729,556</u>
Cost	177,125	216,060	886,786	14,173	23,396	39,828	16,098	1,373,466
Accumulated depreciation	-	(64,780)	(544,950)	(9,424)	(18,082)	-	(6,674)	(643,910)
Book balance, net	<u>177,125</u>	<u>151,280</u>	<u>341,836</u>	<u>4,749</u>	<u>5,314</u>	<u>39,828</u>	<u>9,424</u>	<u>729,556</u>

(A free translation of the original in Portuguese)

Quarterly information (ITR) – 3/31/2019 - CELULOSE IRANI S.A.

Version: 1

Notes to the Quarterly Information

Consolidated	Land	Buildings and constructions	Equipment and facilities	Vehicles and tractors	Other property, plant and	Construction in process	Property, plant and equipment in third-party	Total
December 31, 2018								
Opening balance	245,417	157,248	358,831	5,755	7,194	41,583	10,190	826,218
Acquisitions	21	79	14,504	1,977	399	25,807	-	42,787
Write-offs	(14)	(57)	(1,035)	(672)	(46)	(641)	(20)	(2,485)
Transfers	-	2,196	20,507	550	71	(23,382)	58	-
Depreciation	-	(5,443)	(39,454)	(1,889)	(1,988)	-	(642)	(49,416)
Third parties' construction in progress	-	-	-	-	-	(5,324)	-	(5,324)
PIS and COFINS credit	-	(94)	(1,375)	(18)	(47)	(891)	(2)	(2,427)
Book balance, net	<u>245,424</u>	<u>153,929</u>	<u>351,978</u>	<u>5,703</u>	<u>5,583</u>	<u>37,152</u>	<u>9,584</u>	<u>809,353</u>
Cost	245,424	220,556	884,463	15,104	23,576	37,152	16,097	1,442,372
Accumulated depreciation	-	(66,627)	(532,485)	(9,401)	(17,993)	-	(6,513)	(633,019)
Book balance, net	<u>245,424</u>	<u>153,929</u>	<u>351,978</u>	<u>5,703</u>	<u>5,583</u>	<u>37,152</u>	<u>9,584</u>	<u>809,353</u>
March 31, 2019								
Opening balance	245,424	153,929	351,978	5,703	5,583	37,152	9,584	809,353
Acquisitions	25	-	1,092	-	100	7,052	-	8,269
Write-offs	-	(91)	(16)	(1)	(112)	(820)	-	(1,040)
Transfers	-	-	1,361	-	335	(1,696)	-	-
Depreciation	-	(1,506)	(12,564)	(500)	(520)	-	(161)	(15,251)
Third parties' construction in progress	-	-	-	-	-	(1,775)	-	(1,775)
PIS and COFINS credit	-	27	184	2	13	71	1	298
Book balance, net	<u>245,449</u>	<u>152,359</u>	<u>342,035</u>	<u>5,204</u>	<u>5,399</u>	<u>39,984</u>	<u>9,424</u>	<u>799,854</u>
Cost	245,449	220,492	887,084	15,105	23,912	39,984	16,098	1,448,124
Accumulated depreciation	-	(68,133)	(545,049)	(9,901)	(18,513)	-	(6,674)	(648,270)
Book balance, net	<u>245,449</u>	<u>152,359</u>	<u>342,035</u>	<u>5,204</u>	<u>5,399</u>	<u>39,984</u>	<u>9,424</u>	<u>799,854</u>

(*) Balance related to property, plant and equipment such as furniture and fixtures, IT equipment.

Notes to the Quarterly Information**b) Breakdown of intangible assets**

Parent company					Total
	Goodwill	Client portfolio	Software	Software under development	
December 31, 2018					
Opening balance	104,380	3,126	4,582	-	112,088
Acquisitions	-	-	317	20,227	20,544
Write-offs	-	-	(112)	-	(112)
Amortization	-	(792)	(1,517)	-	(2,309)
PIS and COFINS credit	-	-	(20)	-	(20)
Book balance, net	104,380	2,334	3,250	20,227	130,191
Cost	104,380	7,081	12,506	20,227	144,194
Accumulated amortization	-	(4,747)	(9,256)	-	(14,003)
Book balance, net	104,380	2,334	3,250	20,227	130,191
March 31, 2019					
Opening balance	104,380	2,334	3,250	20,227	130,191
Acquisitions	-	-	1	6,699	6,700
Amortization	-	(200)	(303)	-	(503)
PIS and COFINS credit	-	-	5	-	5
Book balance, net	104,380	2,134	2,953	26,926	136,393
Cost	104,380	7,081	12,512	26,926	150,899
Accumulated amortization	-	(4,947)	(9,559)	-	(14,506)
Book balance, net	104,380	2,134	2,953	26,926	136,393
Consolidated					
	Goodwill	Client portfolio	Software	Software under development	Total
December 31, 2018					
Opening balance	104,380	3,126	5,117	-	112,623
Acquisitions	-	-	317	20,227	20,544
Write-offs	-	-	(112)	-	(112)
Amortization	-	(792)	(1,517)	-	(2,309)
PIS and COFINS credit	-	-	(20)	-	(20)
Book balance, net	104,380	2,334	3,785	20,227	130,726
Cost	104,380	7,081	13,045	20,227	144,733
Accumulated amortization	-	(4,747)	(9,260)	-	(14,007)
Book balance, net	104,380	2,334	3,785	20,227	130,726
March 31, 2019					
Opening balance	104,380	2,334	3,785	20,227	130,726
Acquisitions	-	-	222	6,699	6,921
Amortization	-	(200)	(303)	-	(503)
PIS and COFINS credit	-	-	5	-	5
Book balance, net	104,380	2,134	3,709	26,926	137,149
Cost	104,380	7,081	13,272	26,926	151,659
Accumulated amortization	-	(4,947)	(9,563)	-	(14,510)
Book balance, net	104,380	2,134	3,709	26,926	137,149

Notes to the Quarterly Informationc) Depreciation/amortization method

The table below shows the annual depreciation/amortization rates defined based on the economic useful lives of the assets. The rate used is presented at the annual weighted average.

	Rate %	
	03/31/2019	12/31/2018
Buildings and constructions *	2.50	2.50
Equipment and facilities **	6.78	6.78
Furniture, fixtures and IT equipment	5.71	5.71
Vehicles and tractors	20.00	20.00
Software	20.00	20.00
Client portfolio	11.11	11.11

d) Other information

Construction in progress refers to works for improvement and maintenance of the Company's production process.

Leasehold improvements relate to the renovation of the Packaging plant in Indaiatuba, state of São Paulo, and are depreciated on the straight-line method, at the rate of 4% (four percent) per annum. The property is owned by the companies MCFD - Administração de Imóveis Ltda. and PFC - Administração de Imóveis Ltda., and the cost of the renovation was fully absorbed by Celulose Irani S.A.

The breakdown of amortization of fixed assets in the 1Q19 and in 1Q18 is as follows:

	Parent company		Consolidated	
	03/31/2019	03/31/2018	03/31/2019	03/31/2018
Administrative	342	492	401	575
Productive	14,787	11,126	14,850	11,126
	<u>15,129</u>	<u>11,618</u>	<u>15,251</u>	<u>11,701</u>

The breakdown of amortization of intangible assets in the 1Q19 and in 1Q18 is as follows:

	Parent company		Consolidated	
	03/31/2019	03/31/2018	03/31/2019	03/31/2018
Administrative	242	645	242	645
Productive	261	114	261	114
	<u>503</u>	<u>759</u>	<u>503</u>	<u>759</u>

Notes to the Quarterly Information

e) Impairment of property, plant and equipment

No indicators were identified that could reduce the realization value of the assets of the Company and its subsidiaries in the first quarter of 2019.

f) Pledged assets

The Company pledged certain fixed assets as collateral for financing transactions. The amounts presented are based on specific appraisal reports on the date of contracting of operations or on subsequent evaluations, as provided for in the contract, as follows:

	<u>03.31.2019</u>
Equipment and Installations	327,684
Buildings and Construction	115,522
Land	<u>369,775</u>
Total PPE in guarantees	<u>813,161</u>

g) Client portfolio

The client portfolio acquired in the business combination was recognized in the initial moment, at the fair value of R\$ 7,081, and had an amortization in 1Q19 amounting to R\$ 200 (R\$ 198 in 1Q18), this, presenting a net book balance of R\$ 2,134. Amortization is calculated using the straight-line method over the expected useful life of the client relationship.

h) Goodwill

The goodwill generated in the business combination of São Roberto S.A. for the year 2013 is recognized at the amount of R\$ 104,380 and is attributable to the expectation of future profitability.

Impairment tests for intangible assets:

At December 31, 2018, the Company assessed the impairment of the goodwill based on its value in use, using the discounted cash flow method. The recoverable value is based on the expected future profitability. These calculations use cash flow projections based on financial budgets approved by Management, covering a five-year period and extrapolating to perpetuity in other periods, based on the estimated growth rates.

Cash flows were discounted to present value through the application of the rate determined by the Weighted Average Capital Cost (WACC), which was calculated using the Capital Asset Pricing Model (CAPM) method, also considering several components of financing, debt and equity used by the Company to finance its activities.

The main data used to calculate the discounted cash flow is as follows:

Notes to the Quarterly Information

	<u>Assumptions</u>
Average sales prices of Packaging Paper and Corrugated Cardboard	
Packaging (% of annual growth rate)	4.0%
Gross margin (% on net revenue)	32.1%
Estimated growth rate	5.0%
Discount Rate (Wacc)	11.08%

The recoverable amount of the CGU for the purpose of impairment testing did not demonstrate the need to recognize impairment for the period.

14. BIOLOGICAL ASSETS

The Company's biological assets mainly include the cultivation and planting of pine forests to supply raw material in the production of pulp used in the packaging paper production process, resin production and sales of wood logs to third parties. All the biological assets of the Company form a single group called "forests", which are measured together at fair value in quarterly periods. Because the harvesting of the forests planted is carried out based on the consumption of raw materials and sales of timber, and also considering that all areas are replanted, the fair values of these biological assets are not significantly affected at the time of harvesting.

The balance of the Company's biological assets is composed of the cost of forest formation and the difference of fair value on formation cost. Consequently, the balance of biological assets as a whole is recorded at fair value as follows:

	<u>Parent company</u>		<u>Consolidated</u>	
	<u>03/31/2019</u>	<u>12/31/2018</u>	<u>03/31/2019</u>	<u>12/31/2018</u>
Cost of formation of biological assets	30,716	29,782	60,835	89,122
Fair value difference biological assets	16,521	14,248	126,612	97,478
	<u>47,237</u>	<u>44,030</u>	<u>187,447</u>	<u>186,600</u>

Of the total consolidated biological assets, R\$ 105,264 (R\$ 105,312 at December 31, 2018) relates to forests used as raw material for pulp and paper production. These forests are located close to the pulp and paper mill in Vargem Bonita, state of Santa Catarina, where they are consumed. Of this amount, R\$ 76,529 (R\$ 77,493 at December 31, 2018) relates to mature forests, which are more than six years old. The remaining amount refers to growing forests, which still require forestry treatments.

The harvesting of these forests is mainly due to the use of raw material for the production of pulp and paper, and the forests are replanted once harvested, forming a renewal cycle that meets the production demand of the unit.

Notes to the Quarterly Information

The consolidated biological assets used for the production of resins and log sales represent R\$ 82,183 (R\$ 81,288 as of December 31, 2018), and are located on the coast of Rio Grande do Sul. The resin extraction is performed according to the capacity of the generation of this product by the existing forest, and the extraction of wood for sale of logs is due to the supply demand in the region.

a) Assumptions for recognition of the biological assets' fair value less costs to sell.

The Company recognizes its biological assets at fair value based on the following assumptions:

- (i) The methodology used to measure the fair value of biological assets - the Income Approach with depletion of the forest in one cycle - corresponds to the projection of expected future cash flows, discounted at the current rate for the regional market, in accordance with the projected productivity of the forests in the cutting cycles, which are determined based on the optimization of production, considering the price changes and the growth of the biological assets;
- (ii) The discount rate used for cash flows was the Cost of Own Capital (Capital Asset Pricing Model - CAPM). The cost of equity is estimated by analyzing the return targeted by investors in forest assets;
- (iii) The forests' projected production volumes are defined based on stratification, according to the type of each species, inputs for production planning, as well as the age, productive potential and production cycle of the forests. This projected volume corresponds to the Average Annual Increase (IMA). Management alternatives are created to establish the ideal long-term production flow to maximize forest yields;
- (iv) The prices adopted for biological assets are those practiced in the last three years, based on market research in the regions where the assets are located and reported by a specialized company. Prices in R\$/cubic meter are used, considering the required costs to place the assets in the condition of sale or consumption;
- (v) Planting expenditures used are the formation costs of biological assets practiced by the Company;
- (vi) The depletion of biological assets is calculated based on their average fair value of biological assets, multiplied by the volume harvested in the period;
- (vii) The Company reviews the fair value of its biological assets every three months, considering that this time-frame is enough to have no shortfall in the balance of fair value of the biological assets recorded in its financial statements.

	Consolidated		
	03/31/2019	12/31/2018	Impact in the fair value of biological assets
Planted area (hectares)	18,282	18,278	If the assumption increases, the fair value also increases
Remuneration of own contributing assets - %	3.00%	3.00%	If the assumption increases, the fair value decreases
Discount rate - Own Forests RS - %	8.50%	8.50%	If the assumption increases, the fair value decreases
Discount rate - Own Forests RS - %	9.00%	9.00%	If the assumption increases, the fair value decreases
Discount rate - Partnerships - %	9.00%	9.00%	If the assumption increases, the fair value decreases
Net Average Sales Price (m³)	51.00	51.00	If the assumption increases, the fair value also increases
Average annual increase (IMA) - Santa Catarina Forests (*)	37.9	37.9	If the assumption increases, the fair value also increases
Average annual increase (IMA) - Rio Grande do Sul Forests (*)	21.2	21.2	If the assumption increases, the fair value also increases

* The Average Annual Increase (IMA) of Pine Forests in the states of Rio Grande do Sul and Santa Catarina is different because of the specific forest stewardship, species and soil and climatic conditions of each state. The forests in Santa Catarina are handled aiming at their use for pulp production, while the forests of Rio Grande do Sul are handled for extraction of gum resin and subsequent sale of timber logs. The IMA is measured in m³ per hectare/year.

Notes to the Quarterly Information

During this period, the Company validated the assumptions and criteria used to determine the fair value of its biological assets, and performed the valuation of all its biological assets.

In accordance with the fair value measurement hierarchy, the calculation of biological assets is classified as Level 3 due to its complexity and structure.

The main changes in the year are as follows:

	<u>Parent company</u>	<u>Consolidated</u>
Balance at December 31, 2017	<u>33,711</u>	<u>190,796</u>
Planting	5,875	10,373
Acquisition of forest	3,387	3,387
Depletion		
Historical cost	(20)	(1,478)
Fair value	(31)	(15,110)
Transfer to capitalization in the subsidiary Iraflor	(5,030)	-
Change in the fair value	6,138	(1,368)
Balance at December 31, 2018	<u>44,030</u>	<u>186,600</u>
Planting	934	2,065
Depletion		
Historical cost	-	(567)
Fair value	-	(3,258)
Transfer for capitalization		
Change in the fair value	2,273	2,607
Balance at March 31, 2019	<u>47,237</u>	<u>187,447</u>

Depletion of biological assets in the 1Q19 and 1Q18 was substantially recognized in the income (loss) for the year, after the allocation in inventories through forest harvesting and use in production process or sale to third parties.

On December 19, 2017, the Company entered into a Purchase and Sale Agreement with Timber XI SPE S.A., through which the latter bought approximately 1,855 hectares of standing timber for R\$ 19,100. As a result of the sale of forests, the Buyer and the Company signed a Service Agreement, through which the Company, in view of its extensive experience in this field, undertakes to provide forest stewardship services related to the forests, for a period of eight years.

In addition, as part of this transaction, the Company sold to the Buyer the property called Fazenda São Pedro, with approximately 1,520 hectares of total area, for R\$ 12,166. Also in connection with the sale of Fazenda São Pedro, the Buyer and the Company signed a Rural Property Lease Agreement, through

Notes to the Quarterly Information

which the Company acquired the right to exploit its own forests planted on the property for a period of eight years. The sale agreement includes a repurchase option, exercisable at the end of the lease period, for the same amount, adjusted by changes in the Amplified Consumer Price Index (IPCA). The contract was classified as an operating lease.

On April 11, 2016, the Company and its subsidiary Iraflor Comércio de Madeiras Ltda. entered into a Contract for Purchase and Sale of Standing Timber with Global Fund Reflorestamento e Exploração de Madeira Ltda. (“Global”), through which the Company sold approximately 4,644 hectares of standing timber to Global, for R\$ 55,500 million. Pursuant to the Contract, Global acquired the right to explore the Forests for 11 years. The forests sold do not compromise the Company's forest supply, since they exceed the strategic volume necessary to supply the plant of pulp.

As a result of this transaction, Global and the Company also entered into a Service Agreement, through which the Company, in view of its extensive experience in this field, undertakes to provide Global with forest stewardship services related to the Forests.

Global granted to the Company's parent company, Irani Participações S.A., purchase options for the acquisition of plots of forests. These options may be exercised annually, either directly by Irani Participações S.A. or through an affiliated, including the Company, over the next 11 (eleven) years. The options for the purchase of forests may or may not be exercised by Irani Participações or the Company, depending on the evolution of the forest market and the Company's strategy of wood supply.

The Company exercised the call options from 2016 to 2018, and they totaled approximately 1,650 hectares of forests. On June 21, 2018, the other call options were cancelled, including the 2018 option, with no call option remaining valid as of this date. As a result of the cancellation of the 2018 option, which had been exercised, the call options that were actually exercised are those relating to the 2016 and 2017 periods, which amount to approximately 1,450 hectares of forests.

In the first quarter of 2018, the contribution of new biological assets to the subsidiary Iraflor Comércio de Madeiras Ltda., amounting to R\$ 5,030, was authorized, and had the ultimate purpose of improving the management of forestry assets.

b) Biological assets pledged as collateral

Part of the biological assets of the Company and its subsidiaries, totaling R\$ 81,595, is pledged as collateral for financing transactions. The pledged assets represent approximately 44% of the total biological assets, or the equivalent to 15.6 thousand hectares of land in use, and approximately 6.6 thousand hectares of planted forests.

c) Production on third-party land

The Company has entered into non-cancellable lease agreements for production of biological assets on third-party land, called partnerships. These agreements are effective until all forests planted in these

Notes to the Quarterly Information

areas are harvested, over a cycle of approximately 15 years. As a result of the transaction carried out with Timber XI SPE S.A., through which the Company sold approximately 1,520 hectares of land and entered into a Property Lease Agreement for eight years, approximately 732 hectares of forests were included in the production on third-party land. The amount of biological assets in third-party land currently represents approximately 5% of the total area with the Company's biological assets.

Notes to the Quarterly Information**b) Schedule for amortization of funding costs**

	Parent company and Consolidated				
	2019	2020	2021	2022	Total
In domestic currency					
Working capital	(982)	(1,366)	(200)	(48)	(2,596)
Working Capital - CCE Syndicated Loan	(997)	(1,046)	(683)	(220)	(2,946)
Total local currency	(1,979)	(2,412)	(883)	(268)	(5,542)
In foreign currency					
Bank Of America NA - PPE	(344)	(183)	(28)	-	(555)
Banco Rabobank and Santander PPE	(617)	(638)	(409)	(129)	(1,793)
Total foreign currency	(961)	(821)	(437)	(129)	(2,348)
	(2,940)	(3,233)	(1,320)	(397)	(7,890)

c) Significant operations contracted for the period

- i) There were no significant operations contracted for the period.

d) Guarantees

Collateral for the loans and financing include sureties of the parent companies and/or mortgages or lien on land, buildings, machinery and equipment, biological assets (forests), commercial pledges and lien of receivables, amounting to approximately R\$ 226,998. Other operations have specific guarantees, as follows:

- i) The shares the Company held in the subsidiary Habitasul Florestal S.A. were offered as collateral for the export prepayment loan obtained from Bank Credit Suisse, and assumed by Bank of America on March 28, 2018.
- ii) Lands and forests in the amount of R\$ 164,700 were offered as collateral for the export prepayment loan contracted with Rabobank and Santander.
- iii) Lands and forests in the amount of R\$ 156,709 and fiduciary assignment of receivables in the amount of R\$ 15,000 were offered the Working Capital loan – Syndicated Transaction contracted with the banks Itaú, Santander and Rabobank.
- iv) For the financing contracted with the National Bank for Economic and Social Development (BNDES), an industrial property comprising the land, facilities and equipment, two commercial buildings and one residential building, in the total amount of R\$ 121,436, were pledged as collateral.
- v) For the working capital loan (CCE) contracted with Bank BTG Pactual, secured and fiduciary guarantees consisting of the Company's assets and rights amounting to R\$ 59,229 were pledged.
- vi) The Paper plant in the state of Santa Catarina - covering land, buildings and equipment, in the amount of R\$ 289,800 was offered as a collateral for the extension of operations with banks Itaú BBA, Santander and Rabobank.

Notes to the Quarterly Informatione) Restrictive financial covenants:

Some financing agreements entered into with financial institutions have restrictive covenants requiring the maintenance of financial ratios, calculated based on the consolidated financial statements. Non-compliance may trigger the accelerated maturity of the debt.

Financial ratios with annual verification:

- i) Banco Itaú BBA – CCE
- ii) Banco Santander Brasil – PPE
- iii) Working Capital - Syndicated Loan
- iv) Banco Rabobank – CCE
- v) Banco Santander – CCE
- vi) Banco Rabobank and Santander – PPE
- vii) Working Capital - Banco BTG Pactual CCE

a) Net debt/EBITDA ratio:

	Contract stipulation 2019	Current Ratio 2018	Contract stipulation 2019	Contract stipulation 2020	Contract stipulation 2021
i) Banco Itaú BBA – CCE	4	3.88	3.5	3.5	3.5
ii) Banco Santander Brasil – PPE	4	3.88	3.5	3.5	3.5
iii) Working Capital - Syndicated Loan	4	3.88	3.5	3.5	3.5
iv) Banco Rabobank – CCE	4	3.88	3.5	3.5	3.5
v) Banco Santander – CCE	4	3.88	3.5	3.5	3.5
vi) Banco Rabobank and Santander – PPE	4	3.88	3.5	3.5	3.5
vii) Working Capital - Banco BTG Pactual CCE	4.5	3.88	4	3.5	-

b) EBITDA ratio on net financial expense:

	Contract stipulation 2019	Current Ratio 2018	Contract stipulation 2019	Contract stipulation 2020	Contract stipulation 2021
i) Banco Itaú BBA – CCE	1.75	1.85	2	2	2
ii) Banco Santander Brasil – PPE	1.75	1.85	2	2	2
iii) Working Capital - Syndicated Loan	1.75	1.85	2	2	2
iv) Banco Rabobank – CCE	1.75	1.85	2	2	2
v) Banco Santander – CCE	1.75	1.85	2	2	2
vi) Banco Rabobank and Santander – PPE	1.75	1.85	2	2	2
vii) Working Capital - Banco BTG Pactual CCE	1.5	1.85	2	2	-

Notes to the Quarterly Information

As of March 31, 2019, there was no need for calculation of financial ratios because the company calculates them annually. As of December 31, 2018, the company met all the financial ratios listed above.

Financial ratios with quarterly verification:

Bank of America - PPE

a) Net debt/EBITDA ratio:

	<u>1Q18 to 3Q18</u>	<u>4Q18 to 3Q19</u>	<u>4Q19 to 3Q20</u>	<u>4Q20 to 2Q21</u>
Contract stipulation	5	4.5	4	3.5
Current Ratio	3,5 - 3,58 - 3,29	3,88 - 3,95	-	-

b) EBITDA ratio on net financial expense:

	<u>1Q18</u>	<u>2Q18 to 3Q18</u>	<u>4Q18 to 2Q21</u>
Contract stipulation	1.5	1.75	2
Current Ratio	2.09	2,12 - 2,23	1,85 - 1,88

On December 31, 2018 and March 31, 2019, the Company obtained a waiver from the creditor for failing to comply with the ratio indicated in item “b”.

Caption:

TJLP - Long-term Interest Rate.

CDI - Interbank Deposit Certificate.

EBITDA - Operating income (loss) plus net financial expenses (revenues) and depreciation, depletion and amortization.

ROL - Net operating revenue.

Notes to the Quarterly Information**f) Summary changes in loans and financing**

Parent company	Changes in cash			Changes not involving cash			12/31/2018	
	12/31/2017	Receipt/(Payment) of financing activities	Payment of interest / Dividends	Exchange-rate change and interest	Hedge accounting	Proposed dividends		Bank assigned account
Loans, financing and debentures	772,096	(23,477)	(68,675)	98,237	46,694	-	-	824,875
Interest on own capital and dividends	91	-	(68)	-	-	3,746	-	3,769

Parent company	Changes in cash			Changes not involving cash			03/31/2019	
	12/31/2018	Receipt/(Payment) of financing activities	Payment of interest / Dividends	Exchange-rate change and interest	Hedge accounting	Proposed dividends		Bank assigned account
Loans, financing and debentures	824,875	(58,231)	(14,325)	34,202	(10,441)	-	-	776,080
Interest on own capital and dividends	3,769	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,769

Consolidated	Changes in cash			Changes not involving cash			12/31/2018	
	12/31/2017	Receipt/(Payment) of financing activities	Payment of interest / Dividends	Exchange-rate change and interest	Hedge accounting	Proposed dividends		Bank assigned account
Loans, financing and debentures	772,096	(23,386)	(68,675)	98,237	46,694	-	-	824,966
Interest on own capital and dividends	91	-	(68)	-	-	3,746	-	3,769

Consolidated	Changes in cash			Changes not involving cash			03/31/2019	
	12/31/2018	Receipt/(Payment) of financing activities	Payment of interest / Dividends	Exchange-rate change and interest	Hedge accounting	Proposed dividends		Bank assigned account
Loans, financing and debentures	824,966	(58,230)	(14,325)	34,202	(10,441)	-	-	776,172
Interest on own capital and dividends	3,769	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,769

16. SUPPLIERS

Payables to suppliers are as follows:

CURRENT	Parent company		Consolidated	
	03/31/2019	12/31/2018	03/31/2019	12/31/2018
Internal	80,246	93,636	80,620	94,533
External	2,310	552	2,310	552
Related parties	31,014	24,795	-	-
	113,570	118,983	82,930	95,085

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Notes to the Quarterly Information**17. RELATED PARTIES**

Parent company	Credits receivable		Accounts payable	
	03/31/2019	12/31/2018	03/31/2019	12/31/2018
Habitasul Florestal S.A.	-	-	1,407	1,056
Iraflor - Com. de Madeiras Ltda	-	-	29,805	23,752
Management remuneration	-	-	889	1,907
Management profit sharing	-	-	692	692
Habitasul Desenvolvidores Imobiliários	-	-	18	17
Irani Participações S/A	4,500	4,500	726	764
Total	4,500	4,500	33,537	28,188
Current portion	4,500	4,500	33,537	28,188
Non-current portion	-	-	-	-
Parent company	Revenues		Expenses	
	03/31/2019	03/31/2018	03/31/2019	03/31/2018
Habitasul Florestal S.A.	-	-	3,388	2,846
Iraflor - Com. de Madeiras Ltda	-	-	5,485	7,412
Druck, Mallmann, Oliveira & Advogados Associados	-	-	72	72
MCFD Administração de Imóveis Ltda	-	-	349	324
PFD Administradora de Imóveis Ltda	-	-	-	324
Irani Participações S/A	-	-	2,187	2,181
Habitasul Desenvolvidores Imobiliários	-	-	49	44
Management remuneration	-	-	2,282	1,297
Total	-	-	13,812	14,500
Consolidated	Credits receivable		Accounts payable	
	03/31/2019	12/31/2018	03/31/2019	12/31/2018
Habitasul Desenvolvidores Imobiliários	-	-	18	17
Management remuneration	-	-	889	1,907
Irani Participações S/A	4,500	4,500	726	764
Management profit sharing	-	-	692	692
Total	4,500	4,500	2,325	3,380
Current portion	4,500	4,500	2,325	3,380
Non-current portion	-	-	-	-
Consolidated	Revenues		Expenses	
	03/31/2019	03/31/2018	03/31/2019	03/31/2018
Irani Participações S/A	-	-	2,187	2,181
Druck, Mallmann, Oliveira & Advogados Associados	-	-	72	72
MCFD Administração de Imóveis Ltda	-	-	349	324
Management remuneration	-	-	2,295	1,310
Habitasul Desenvolvidores Imobiliários	-	-	49	44
Total	-	-	4,952	3,931

Notes to the Quarterly Information

The debts with the subsidiaries Habitasul Florestal S.A. and Iraflor Comércio de Madeiras Ltda. are due to commercial operations and acquisition of raw material.

The debt with MCFD Administração de Imóveis Ltda. corresponds to the monthly rental value of the Packaging plant in Indaiatuba, state of São Paulo, signed on December 26, 2006 for a term of 20 years (renewable). The monthly amount paid to the related party is R\$ 128, updated annually according to the same change in the General Market Price Index (IGPM), as measured by the Getúlio Vargas Foundation.

Directors' fee expenses with no social charges totaled, in the parent company, R\$ 2,282 in the 1Q19 (R\$ 1,297 in the 1Q18) and in consolidated, R\$ 2,295 in the 1Q19 (R\$ 1,310 in the 1Q18).

The total management remuneration, in the maximum amount of R\$ 13,000, was approved at the Annual Shareholders' Meeting held on April 29, 2019.

The debt with Irani Participações S/A corresponds mainly to a guarantee remuneration agreement, whereby the Company remunerates sureties and guarantees granted by Irani Participações S/A in its favor to enable the contracting of loans and financing.

18. TAX INSTALLMENTS

This is a PIS and COFINS installment payment in which the Company made offsettings that originated the exclusion of ICMS from the basis of said contributions. The Company maintained a provision for contingencies in relation to the matter, and due to the delay and indecision regarding the modulation of the effects of the judgment in a general repercussion by the Federal Supreme Court (STF), it opted for its installment payment.

The total tax amount paid in installments was R\$ 25,219 (R\$ 31,349, updated with fine and interest), which was paid in 60 months. The balance of this installment as of March 31, 2019 is R\$ 27,955, of which R\$ 6,587 are classified in the short term and R\$ 21,408 are classified in the long term.

19. PROVISIONS FOR CIVIL, LABOR AND TAX RISKS

The Company and its subsidiaries are parties to tax, civil, and labor lawsuits, and administrative proceedings of a tax nature. Management, supported by the opinion of its attorneys and legal counsel, believes that the provisions recorded for civil, labor and tax contingencies are sufficient to cover probable losses.

Breakdown of the balance of provisions:

Notes to the Quarterly Information

	Parent company		Consolidated	
	03/31/2019	12/31/2018	03/31/2019	12/31/2018
Civil provisions	1,627	1,635	1,627	1,635
Labor provisions	5,034	6,550	5,349	6,874
Tax provisions	15,291	14,797	15,291	14,797
Total	21,952	22,982	22,267	23,306

	12/31/2018	Provision	Payments	Reversal	Restricted judicial deposits	03/31/2019
	Parent company					
Civil	1,635	-	-	(8)		1,627
Labor	6,550	81	(426)	-	(1,171)	5,034
Tax	14,797	494	-	-		15,291
	<u>22,982</u>	<u>575</u>	<u>(426)</u>	<u>(8)</u>	<u>(1,171)</u>	<u>21,952</u>

	12/31/2018	Provision	Payments	Reversal	Restricted judicial deposits	03/31/2019
	Consolidated					
Civil	1,635	-	-	(8)		1,627
Labor	6,874	81	(426)	(9)	(1,171)	5,349
Tax	14,797	494	-	-		15,291
	<u>23,306</u>	<u>575</u>	<u>(426)</u>	<u>(17)</u>	<u>(1,171)</u>	<u>22,267</u>

The provisions recorded are mainly related to:

- a) Civil lawsuits relate, among other issues, to indemnification claims due to Commercial Representation contractual terminations. As of March 31, 2019, the provision for possible convictions in these lawsuits totaled R\$ 1,627.
- b) Labor lawsuits are mainly related to claims filed by former employees for payment of overtime, health hazard premiums, hazardous duty premiums, occupational illnesses and occupational accidents. Based on past experience and on the opinion of its legal counsel, the Company maintained a provision of R\$ 5,349 at March 31, 2019, which is considered sufficient to cover potential losses arising from labor losses.
- c) Tax provisions totaled R\$ 15,291 and relate mainly to:
 - i) Administrative and judicial proceedings relating to the disallowance of ICMS credits by the Finance Department of the State of São Paulo, totaling R\$ 808. The proceedings are in process at the administrative and judicial levels and pending judgment.

Notes to the Quarterly Information

ii) Appropriation of Deemed ICMS Credit in the State of Minas Gerais, linked to the Protocol of Intentions for Investment in the Paper plant located in the Municipality of Santa Luzia, which was not started since the Company is awaiting authorization from the Environmental Bodies and for its strategic market reasons. The amount recognized up to March 31, 2019 totaled R\$ 6,892, and a related provision for tax risks was recorded, at the adjusted amount of R\$ 9,426.

Contingencies

No accounting provisions were recorded for contingencies assessed by management, together with its legal advisors, as possible losses. As of March 31, 2019, the amounts of these possible contingencies of a labor, civil, environmental and tax nature were as follows:

	Consolidated	
	03/31/2019	12/31/2018
Labor contingencies	15,868	10,422
Civil liability contingencies	8,446	8,539
Tax contingencies	109,053	99,884
	<u>133,367</u>	<u>118,845</u>

Labor contingencies:

The labor lawsuits assessed by management and the legal counsel as involving possible risk of loss amounted to R\$ 15,868 at March 31, 2019 and relate mainly to indemnity claims (hazardous duty premiums, health hazard premiums, overtime, salary premiums, damages and losses arising from occupational accidents). These lawsuits are currently at different procedural stages.

Civil contingencies:

The tax lawsuits classified by management and its legal counsel as involving risk of possible losses totaled R\$ 8,446 at March 31, 2019, and relate mainly to indemnity claims that are currently at different procedural stages.

Tax contingencies:

The tax lawsuits assessed by management and its legal counsel as involving possible losses totaled R\$ 109,053 at March 31, 2019, and mainly include the following:

- Administrative and judicial proceedings relating to assessments received from the state government of Santa Catarina and of the State of São Paulo for allegedly undue ICMS tax credits recorded on the purchase of materials used in the manufacturing units located in that state, which amounted to R\$ 45,055 at March 31, 2019. The Company is discussing said tax assessment notices in the administrative and judicial spheres.

Notes to the Quarterly Information

- Administrative Proceedings related to Tax Assessments for PIS and COFINS, arising from alleged undue tax credits, amounting to R\$ 38,720 at March 31, 2019. The Company has challenged these assessments at the administrative level and awaits judgment of the Special Appeals filed.
- Administrative and judicial proceedings filed by the National Institute of Social Security (INSS), with respect to a Debt Assessment Notice referring to the payment of social security contribution on the gross revenue from sale of the production of agro-industrial companies, and the offset of debts against credits arising from the application of a higher Environmental Occupational Risk (RAT) rate at the Company's Administrative Units regarding the INSS tax assessment notice from write-off of debits and from these credit debits of the same type totaled R\$ 11,268 as of March 31, 2019. The Company is discussing said tax assessment notices in the administrative and judicial spheres.
- Administrative Proceeding relating to federal taxes offset against deemed Excise Tax (IPI) credits on exports, amounting to R\$ 5,992 at March 31, 2019. The Company is challenging this tax assessment at the judicial level.
- Proceedings relating to Tax Assessment Notices issued for the offset of Corporate Income Tax (IRPJ) and Social Contribution on Net Income (CSLL) against credits from the same taxes, amounting to R\$ 3,444 at March 31, 2019. The Company is discussing said tax assessment notices in the administrative and judicial spheres.

20. SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY**a) Capital**

On March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018, the capital is R\$ 161,895, comprised of 166,720,235 nominative common shares, with no par value, 153,909,975 are common and 12,810,260 are preferred shares. The holders of preferred shares are entitled to: dividends under the same conditions as those granted to holders of common shares; priority in the reimbursement of capital at the equity value, without premium, in the event of liquidation of the Company; and 100% Tag Along rights. The Company may issue preferred shares, with no par value and with no voting rights, up to the limit of two thirds of its total shares, and may increase the existing types or classes of shares without the requirement of maintaining a fixed proportion between them.

b) Treasury shares

		Parent company		Parent company	
		03/31/2019		12/31/2018	
		Amount.	Amount	Amount.	Amount
i) Repurchase Plan	Common	24,000	30	24,000	30
iii) Withdrawal right	Preferred	2,352,100	6,804	2,352,100	6,804
		<u>2,376,100</u>	<u>6,834</u>	<u>2,376,100</u>	<u>6,834</u>

Notes to the Quarterly Information

i) Repurchase plan: its purpose was to maximize the value of the shares to shareholders, with a deadline of 365 days for the performance of the transaction, up to November 23, 2011.

ii) Right of withdrawal: the shares acquired were subject to changes in the advantages assigned to the Company's preferred shares, as resolved at the Annual and Extraordinary Shareholders' Meeting held on April 19, 2012. The holders of the dissenting preferred shares were entitled to withdraw from the Company by reimbursing the value of the shares based on the equity value recorded in the balance sheet for the year ended December 31, 2011.

c) Share-based payment

In 2013, the Company introduced a share-based remuneration plan, called the First Stock Option Plan (Program I), settled with its own shares, under which the Company received services from employees as consideration for equity instruments (stock options) of the Company.

The stock options were granted to management and certain employees, in accordance with the decision of the Board of Directors on May 9, 2012 and approval at the Extraordinary General Meeting held on May 25, 2012. All options were exercised from April 1, 2013 to April 30, 2013. The Company does not have any legal or non-formalized obligation (constructive obligation) of repurchasing or settling options in cash.

The options exercised by the participants totaled 1,612,040 shares, at the average exercise price of R\$ 1.26 per share.

d) Profit reserves

The profit reserves comprise: i) legal reserve, ii) biological assets' reserve, iii) profit retention reserve, iv) tax incentive reserve.

i) In compliance with the Company's Bylaws, the legal reserve is formed through the allocation of 5% of net income for the year and may be used to offset the losses or for capital increase.

ii) The biological assets reserve was recorded since the Company valued its biological assets at fair value in the opening balance sheet for initial adoption of IFRS. The creation of this statutory reserve was approved at the Special Shareholders' Meeting held on February 29, 2012, when the amount previously recognized in the unrealized profit reserve was transferred to this account.

iii) The profit retention reserve is composed of the balance of retained earnings after the offsetting of losses and the formation of the legal reserve, and net of the amount of dividends distributed. The respective resources will be allocated to investments in fixed assets previously approved by the Board of Directors, or may be distributed in the future, as approved by the Annual Shareholders' Meeting. Certain agreements with creditors contain restrictive clauses relating to the distribution of dividends that exceed the minimum mandatory dividend.

Notes to the Quarterly Information

iv) The tax incentive reserve was recorded by the portion of net income from previous years derived from government grants for investments, according to items ii. and iii. of Note 30, and is excluded from basis of mandatory dividend.

e) Equity valuation adjustments

It was recorded since the Company valued its fixed assets (land, machinery and buildings) at deemed cost in the opening balance sheet for initial adoption of IFRS. Its realization will take place as the related deemed cost is depreciated, at which time the related amounts will also be adjusted in the basis for calculating dividends. The balance at March 31, 2019, net of tax effects, represented a gain of R\$ 185,361 (R\$ 187,597 at December 31, 2018).

The financial instruments designated as cash flow hedges, net of tax effects, were also recorded in book value adjustments, and corresponded to a loss of R\$ 101,800 at March 31, 2019 (R\$ 108,691 at December 31, 2018).

Changes in equity valuation adjustments are as follows:

	<u>Consolidated</u>
December 31, 2017	<u>118,672</u>
Cash flow hedge	(30,818)
Realization - deemed cost	(8,948)
December 31, 2018	<u>78,906</u>
Cash flow hedge	6,891
Realization - deemed cost	(2,236)
March 31, 2019	<u>83,561</u>

21. LOSS PER SHARE

The basic and diluted loss per share is calculated by dividing the loss from continued and discontinued operations attributable to the Company's shareholders by the weighted average number of shares available during the year. The shares are not subject to the effects of potential dilution, such as debt convertible into shares. Consequently, diluted losses per share are equal to basic losses per share.

Basic and diluted loss from continued operations:

Notes to the Quarterly Information

	03/31/2019		
	Common Shares	Preferred shares	Common & Preferred shares Total
Weighted average of the number of shares	153,885,975	10,458,160	164,344,135
Income for the attributable year to each type of shares	(5,958)	(405)	(6,363)
Basic and diluted profit per share - R\$	<u>(0.0387)</u>	<u>(0.0387)</u>	

	03/31/2018		
	Common Shares	Preferred shares	Common & Preferred shares Total
Weighted average of the number of shares	153,885,975	10,458,160	164,344,135
Loss for the attributable year to each type of shares	(4,922)	(334)	(5,256)
Loss per basic and diluted share – R\$	<u>(0.0319)</u>	<u>(0.0319)</u>	

22. NET SALES

The Company's net sales are comprised by the following:

	Parent company		Consolidated	
	03/31/2019	03/31/2018	03/31/2019	03/31/2018
Gross sales of goods	296,406	281,391	299,257	284,877
Sales tax	(63,881)	(56,784)	(63,853)	(57,084)
Sales returns	(4,232)	(2,321)	(4,380)	(2,436)
Net sales	<u>228,293</u>	<u>222,286</u>	<u>231,024</u>	<u>225,357</u>

23. COSTS AND EXPENSES BY TYPE

Breakdown of expenses per type is shown as follows:

	Parent company		Parent company	
	03/31/2019	03/31/2018	03/31/2019	03/31/2018
Fixed and variable costs (raw and consumption material)	(121,252)	(119,707)	(112,864)	(110,209)
Personnel expenses	(34,819)	(36,943)	(37,009)	(39,496)
Change in fair value - biological assets	2,273	1,579	2,607	817
Depreciation, amortization and depletion	(16,650)	(12,546)	(20,597)	(17,831)
Freight - Sales	(12,874)	(11,700)	(12,874)	(11,700)
Contracting services	(8,923)	(6,249)	(9,532)	(6,593)
Other sales expenses	(8,527)	(9,073)	(9,278)	(9,073)
Total costs and expenses by type	<u>(200,772)</u>	<u>(194,639)</u>	<u>(199,547)</u>	<u>(194,085)</u>
Portion of cost	(167,657)	(162,416)	(165,833)	(160,717)
Portion of expense	(35,388)	(33,802)	(36,321)	(34,185)
Change in fair value of biological assets	2,273	1,579	2,607	817

Notes to the Quarterly Information**24. OTHER OPERATING REVENUES AND EXPENSES**

Revenues	Parent company		Consolidated	
	03/31/2019	03/31/2018	03/31/2019	03/31/2018
Revenue from claimed and disposed goods	221	60	242	60
Other operating revenues	438	417	443	425
	<u>659</u>	<u>477</u>	<u>685</u>	<u>485</u>
Expenses	Parent company		Consolidated	
	03/31/2019	03/31/2018	03/31/2019	03/31/2018
Costs of claimed and disposed goods	(7)	(138)	(7)	(138)
Exclusion of ICMS from contribution basis of PIS and COFINS	-	(6,120)	-	(6,120)
Fine - exclusion of ICMS from the base of contributions of PIS and COFINS	-	(1,107)	-	(1,107)
Provision of government grants - State of MG	(414)	(410)	(414)	(410)
Other operating expenses	(434)	(157)	(424)	(172)
	<u>(855)</u>	<u>(7,932)</u>	<u>(845)</u>	<u>(7,947)</u>
Total	(196)	(7,455)	(160)	(7,462)

25. FINANCIAL REVENUES AND EXPENSES

Financial revenues	Parent company		Consolidated	
	03/31/2019	03/31/2018	03/31/2019	03/31/2018
Yields from financial investments	910	711	920	721
Interest	216	324	216	324
Discounts obtained	224	77	225	77
	<u>1,350</u>	<u>1,112</u>	<u>1,361</u>	<u>1,122</u>
Exchange-rate change	Parent company		Consolidated	
	03/31/2019	03/31/2018	03/31/2019	03/31/2018
Foreign-exchange income	5,696	3,821	5,696	3,821
Foreign exchange costs	(16,931)	(3,053)	(16,931)	(3,053)
Net exchange rate change	<u>(11,235)</u>	<u>768</u>	<u>(11,235)</u>	<u>768</u>
Financial expenses	Parent company		Consolidated	
	03/31/2019	03/31/2018	03/31/2019	03/31/2018
Interest	(25,021)	(22,911)	(25,025)	(22,912)
Discounts granted	(126)	(185)	(126)	(184)
Negative goodwill/bank expenses	(190)	-	(191)	(1)
Liability interest on leases	(522)	-	(522)	-
Other	(63)	(358)	(63)	(358)
	<u>(25,922)</u>	<u>(23,454)</u>	<u>(25,927)</u>	<u>(23,455)</u>
Net financial income (loss)	<u>(35,807)</u>	<u>(21,574)</u>	<u>(35,801)</u>	<u>(21,565)</u>

Notes to the Quarterly Information**26. INCOME TAX AND SOCIAL CONTRIBUTION**

Reconciliation of effective tax rate:

	Parent company		Consolidated	
	03/31/2019	03/31/2018	03/31/2019	03/31/2018
Operating income/(loss) before tax effects	(4,560)	2,201	(4,484)	2,245
Basic rate	34%	34%	34%	34%
Tax debit (credit) at the basic rate	1,550	(748)	1,525	(763)
Unrecognized income tax and social contribution	(1,550)	-	(1,525)	-
Tax effect from permanent (additions) exclusions:				
Equity in net income of subsidiaries	1,333	1,218	-	1,220
Subsidiaries taxed by the presumed profit	-	-	951	-
Other permanent differences	(3,136)	(7,927)	(2,830)	(7,958)
	<u>(1,803)</u>	<u>(7,457)</u>	<u>(1,879)</u>	<u>(7,501)</u>
Current income tax and social contribution	-	-	(81)	(98)
Deferred income tax and social contribution	(1,803)	(7,457)	(1,798)	(7,403)
Effective rate - %	(39.5)	338.8	(41.9)	334.1

27. INSURANCE

Insurance coverage is determined according to the nature of the risks to the assets, and is considered sufficient to cover possible losses arising from damages. At March 31, 2019, the Company had corporate insurance against fire, lightning, explosions, electrical damage and wind storm damage to plants, residential locations and offices, as well as general civil liability coverage and coverage of liabilities of officers and directors (D&O), with a total amount of R\$ 479,340. Group life insurance is also contracted for employees with a minimum coverage of 24 times the employee's salary or a maximum amount of R\$ 500, as well as fleet insurance for vehicles with coverage at market value.

With respect to forests, the Company assessed the existing risks and opted not to contract insurance coverage because the preventive measures against fire and other risks have proven to be efficient. Management understands that the risk management structure related to the forestry activities is appropriate to ensure the joining concern of the Company's operations.

28. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTSCapital risk management

The Company's capital structure consists of its net debt (borrowings detailed in Note 15, less cash and bank balances), less cash and bank balances, as disclosed in Note 5, and shareholders' equity (which includes issued capital, reserves and retained earnings, as disclosed in Note 20).

Notes to the Quarterly Information

The Company is not subject to any external capital requirements.

Company's Management periodically reviews its capital structure. As part of this review, management considers the cost of capital and the risks associated with each class of capital. The Company intends to maintain a capital structure from 50% to 70% of own capital and from 50% to 30% of third-party capital. At March 31, 2019, the capital structure comprised 30% of own capital and 70% of third-party capital, mainly due to the effects of the exchange-rate change on foreign currency debt, which accounts for 42.86% of the Company's total debt, and also the effects of the exchange-rate change on hedge accounting, which reduces shareholders' equity by R\$ 164,683.

Indebtedness

As of March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018, the indebtedness index is as follows:

	<u>Parent company</u>		<u>Consolidated</u>	
	<u>03/31/2019</u>	<u>12/31/2018</u>	<u>03/31/2019</u>	<u>12/31/2018</u>
Debt (a)	776,080	824,875	776,163	824,966
Cash and balance in banks	(40,607)	(130,778)	(41,962)	(132,219)
Net debt	<u>735,473</u>	<u>694,097</u>	<u>734,201</u>	<u>692,747</u>
Shareholders' equity (b)	<u>309,688</u>	<u>309,160</u>	<u>309,696</u>	<u>309,168</u>
Net debt ratio	<u>2.37</u>	<u>2.25</u>	<u>2.37</u>	<u>2.24</u>

(a) Debt is defined as short and long-term loans and financing, as detailed in note 15.

(b) Shareholders' equity includes the entire Company's capital and reserves, managed as capital.

Categories of financial instruments

	<u>Parent company</u>		<u>Consolidated</u>	
	<u>03/31/2019</u>	<u>12/31/2018</u>	<u>03/31/2019</u>	<u>12/31/2018</u>
Financial assets				
Fair value through profit or loss				
Cash and balance in banks	40,607	130,778	41,962	132,219
Amortized cost				
Trade accounts receivable	187,963	169,226	189,778	170,873
Other accounts receivable	1,620	783	1,620	819
Financial liabilities				
Amortized cost				
Loans and financing	776,080	824,875	776,163	824,966
Suppliers	113,570	118,983	82,930	95,085
Advances from clients	7,259	1,395	7,287	1,399

Notes to the Quarterly InformationFinancial risk factors

The Company is exposed to various financial risks, such as market risk (including exchange and interest rate risk), credit and liquidity risk.

Aiming to establish rules for financial management, the Company has maintained the Financial Management Policy since 2010. Such Policy regulates and establishes guidelines for the use of financial instruments.

The Company does not make any speculative investments in derivatives or any other financial assets.

Foreign exchange exposure risk

The Company has transactions in the foreign market that are exposed to fluctuations in the exchange rates of foreign currencies. As of March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018, these operations presented a net liability exposure as the table below.

As most of the loans and financing in foreign currency are repayable in the long-term, the Company hedges the net foreign exchange exposure with the equivalent to 21 months of exports, based on the average of exports carried out in the three-month period of 2019 and to 20 months of exports based on the average exports carried out in 2018.

	Parent company		Consolidated	
	03/31/2019	12/31/2018	03/31/2019	12/31/2018
Accounts receivable	35,485	25,303	35,485	25,303
Advances from clients	6,682	565	6,682	565
Suppliers	2,310	552	2,310	552
Loans and financing	(354,171)	(378,255)	(354,171)	(378,255)
Net exposure	<u>(309,694)</u>	<u>(351,835)</u>	<u>(309,694)</u>	<u>(351,835)</u>

The Company has identified the main risk factors that could generate losses in connection with its financial instruments. Accordingly, a sensitivity analysis was performed, as determined by CVM Instruction 475, which requires the presentation of two scenarios with deterioration of 25% and 50% in the risk variable considered, in addition to a base scenario. These scenarios may impact the Company's income (loss) and shareholders' equity, as described below:

1 – Base scenario: for the definition of the base scenario, the U.S. dollar quotation used by the Company is based on future market projections of B3 for the next reporting date (June 30, 2019).

2 – Adverse scenario: 25% deterioration in the foreign exchange rate compared to that projected for June 30, 2019.

3 – Remote scenario: 50% deterioration in the foreign exchange rate compared to that projected for June 30, 2019.

Notes to the Quarterly Information

Operation	Balance at 03/31/2019		Base scenario		Adverse scenario		Remote scenario	
	US\$	Rate	Gain (Loss) R\$	Rate	Gain (Loss) R\$	Rate	Gain (Loss) R\$	
Assets								
Accounts receivable and banks assigned acco	9,106	3.89	(35)	4.87	8,828	5.84	17,693	
Liabilities								
Suppliers and advances from clients	2,308	3.89	(9)	4.87	2,237	5.84	4,484	
Loans and financing	(90,890)	3.89	345	4.87	(88,111)	5.84	(176,599)	
Net effect			301		(77,046)		(154,422)	

The Company maintains natural cash flow hedges on exports, at the amount of US\$ 83,797, which, in accordance with the accounting practice, are not considered in this sensitivity analysis.

This sensitivity analysis is intended to measure the impact of changes in foreign exchange market variables on each financial instrument of the Company. The balances at March 31, 2019 were used as a basis for the projection of the future balance. The effective behavior of the debt balances will respect their respective contracts. Moreover, the balances of accounts receivable and payable may fluctuate due to the normal activities of the Company and its subsidiaries. However, settling the transactions involving such estimates may result in sums different from those estimated, owing to the subjectivity contained in the procedure used to prepare these analyses. The Company maintains its loans and financing exposed to exchange-rate changes by making annual net payments that are equivalent to or below the receipts from its exports. Accordingly, the Company seeks to hedge its cash flow against foreign currency risks, and the effects of the scenarios above, if they materialize, are not expected to generate material impacts on its cash flow.

Interest rate risk

The Company may be affected by adverse changes in interest rates. This exposure to interest rate risk relates primarily to changes in market interest rates that affect the Company's assets and liabilities indexed to the TJLP (Long-term interest rate from BNDES), CDI (Interbank Deposit Certificate), SELIC (Official Interest Rate), LIBOR (London Interbank Offered Rate), EURIBOR (The Euro Interbank Offered Rate), and ECM (Currency Basket Charges).

The sensitivity analysis calculated for the base, adverse and remote scenarios on the loans and financing contracts subject to floating interest rates is as follows:

- 1 – Base scenario: for the definition of the base scenario, the CDI and SELIC rates used by the Company accompany the future market projections of B3 for the next reporting date (June 30, 2019). The TJLP is extracted from the BNDES. The rates on the date of analysis are used for LIBOR and EURIBOR.
- 2 – Adverse scenario: 25% adjustment of interest rates compared to the level projected for June 30, 2019.
- 3 – Remote scenario: 50% adjustment of interest rates compared to the level projected for June 30, 2019.

Notes to the Quarterly Information

Operation	Index	Balance at 12/31/2	Base scenario		Adverse scenario		Remote scenario	
			Rate % p.a.	R\$	Rate % p.a.	R\$	Rate % p.a.	R\$
Cash and cash equivalents								
CDB	CDI	24,967	6.42%	(5)	8.03%	371	9.63%	737
Funding								
Working capital	CDI	(389,889)	6.42%	86	8.30%	(6,963)	9.63%	(13,839)
BNDES	TJLP	(30,721)	6.26%	(237)	7.83%	(244)	9.39%	(725)
Finame	TJLP	(2,796)	6.26%	(22)	7.83%	(22)	9.39%	(66)
Finame	SELIC	(388)	6.42%	-	8.03%	(6)	9.36%	(13)
Financing in foreign currency	Libor 3M	(331,880)	2.60%	4	3.25%	(2,162)	3.90%	(4,320)
Financing in foreign currency	Euribor 6M	(2,275)	0.00%	-	0.00%	-	0.00%	-
Net Effect on Income				<u>(174)</u>		<u>(9,026)</u>		<u>(18,226)</u>

Fair value vs. book value

Fair value is the price received upon the sale of an asset or which would be paid by transfer of a liability of a non-forced transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair value:

- The book balances of accounts receivable, and short-term accounts payable are presented in the Company's balance sheet at amounts that approximate their fair values due to the short terms of settlement.
- Loans and financing - considering the renegotiations of recent debts and the interest rates on loans contracted, and based on market information, management believes that the fair value of borrowings do not differ significantly from its book value.

Credit risks

The Company's credit sales are managed through a credit rating and credit granting policy. Doubtful loans are adequately covered by provision to cope with possible losses in the realization thereof.

Trade accounts receivable comprise a large number of customers from different sectors and geographical areas. An ongoing credit assessment is performed on the financial condition of the accounts receivable and, where appropriate, a credit guarantee coverage is requested.

Renegotiations with clients are mostly backed by debt acknowledgment agreements, machinery, equipment, and properties pledged as collateral, in addition to individual sureties to guarantee the amount of debt.

Liquidity risk

Management monitors the liquidity level based on the expected cash flow, which comprises cash, interest earning bank deposits, flows of accounts receivable and payable, and payment of loans and financing. The liquidity management policy involves projections of cash flows in currencies used and a reflection on the net assets required to reach these projections, the monitoring of the liquidity ratios of the balance sheet in relation to internal and external regulatory requirements and the maintenance of debt financing plans.

Notes to the Quarterly Information

The table below shows the maturity ranges of the financial liabilities contracted by the Company, where the reported amounts include the principal and fixed interest on transactions, calculated using rates and indices in effect at March 31, 2019, and the details on the expected maturity dates for non-derivative, undiscounted financial assets, including accrued interest on these assets. Although the Company only presents the maturity analyzes of financial liabilities, information on non-derivative financial assets is required to understand the management of the Company's liquidity risk, since it is managed based on net assets and liabilities.

Parent company	2019	2020	2021	2022	over 2023
Liabilities					
Suppliers	113,570	-	-	-	-
Loans and financing	250,793	287,378	195,147	106,984	125
Installments	4,940	6,587	6,587	6,587	3,294
	<u>369,303</u>	<u>293,965</u>	<u>201,734</u>	<u>113,571</u>	<u>3,419</u>
Consolidated					
	2019	2020	2021	2022	over 2023
Liabilities					
Suppliers	82,930	-	-	-	-
Loans and financing	250,852	284,437	195,166	106,984	125
Installments	4,940	6,587	6,587	6,587	3,294
	<u>338,722</u>	<u>291,024</u>	<u>201,753</u>	<u>113,571</u>	<u>3,419</u>

The amounts included for post-fixed non-derivative financial liability instruments are subject to change if the change in post-fixed interest rates differs from these estimates at the end of the reporting period.

The Company expects to meet its other obligations using the cash flow from operating activities and income earned on financial assets.

Derivative financial instruments

The Company did not hire any derivative financial instrument on March 31, 2019.

Cash flow hedge

The Company adopted hedge accounting on May 1, 2012 for transactions contracted to cover the exchange-rate change risk of exports, classified as a cash flow hedge.

Accordingly, the Company hedges the exchange-rate change risk of its future cash flows by contracting non-derivative financial liabilities, which are considered as natural hedge. The financial instruments contracted by the Company currently in force are an Export Prepayment with Bank of America NA, an Export Prepayment agreement with Rabobank and Santander and an Export Prepayment agreement with Banco Santander.

Notes to the Quarterly Information

The hedged cash flows are the estimated exports up to 2021, and the amount recorded in shareholders' equity based on hedge accounting amounted to R\$ 101,800 at March 31, 2019 (R\$ 108,691 in December 2018).

	Parent company and Consolidated	Parent company and Consolidated
	03/31/2019	12/31/2018
Opening balance	164,683	117,989
Changes in cash flow hedge	1,894	55,167
Reclassification to income (loss)	(12,335)	(8,473)
	<u>154,242</u>	<u>164,683</u>
Opening balance	(55,992)	(40,116)
Taxes on change in cash flow hedge	(644)	(18,757)
Taxes on reclassification to income (loss)	4,194	2,881
	<u>(52,442)</u>	<u>(55,992)</u>
Closing balance	<u>101,800</u>	<u>108,691</u>

The Company estimates the hedge effectiveness based on the U.S. dollar offset methodology, according to which the changes in the fair value of the hedge instrument are compared with the changes in the fair value of the hedged item, which should range between 80% and 125%.

The balances of actual changes in operations designated as cash flow hedges are reclassified from shareholders' equity to income (loss) for the period in which the hedged exchange-rate change is effectively realized. Effective cash flow hedge results upon offsetting the change in hedged expenses are recorded in memorandum accounts of the hedged expenses, reducing or increasing the operating income (loss), and the ineffective income (loss) is recognized as financial revenue or expense for the period.

Ineffectiveness were not detected in the period.

29. OPERATING SEGMENTS**a) Criteria for identifying operating segments**

The Company's operating structure is segmented based on the manner in which Management runs the business. The Company's revenue is segmented according to defined products and operating segments.

Management has defined the operating segments as follows: corrugated cardboard packaging; packaging paper; and RS forest and resins, described below:

Corrugated Cardboard Packaging Division: this division manufactures boxes and light and heavy corrugated cardboard sheets, and has three production plants: Campina da Alegria, in the state of Santa Catarina (SC), and Indaiatuba and Vila Maria, both in the state of São Paulo (SP).

Notes to the Quarterly Information

The Packaging Paper Division manufactures low- and high-weight Kraft paper and recycled paper for the domestic and foreign markets. Most of its production is destined to the Corrugated Cardboard Packaging Division with two production units: Paper plant in the municipality of Santa Luzia, in the State of Minas Gerais.

RS Forest and Resins Segment: through this segment, the Company grows pine for its own use, sells wood and extracts resin from pine that serves as raw material for the production of tar and turpentine.

b) Consolidated information from operating segments

	Consolidated				Total
	PO Packaging	Packaging Paper	RS Forest and Resins	Corporate/eli minations	
	03/31/2019				
Net sales:					
Domestic market	136,040	53,125	1,164	-	190,329
Foreign market	-	19,722	20,973	-	40,695
Total net sales	136,040	72,847	22,137	-	231,024
Change in fair value - biological assets	-	2,252	355	-	2,607
Cost of products sold	(110,632)	(41,265)	(13,633)	(303)	(165,833)
Gross income	25,408	33,834	8,859	(303)	67,798
Operating expenses	(15,071)	(5,860)	(3,148)	(12,402)	(36,481)
Operating income (loss) before financial income (loss)	10,337	27,974	5,711	(12,705)	31,317
Financial income (loss)	(13,942)	(18,671)	(3,188)	-	(35,801)
Operating net income	(3,605)	9,303	2,523	(12,705)	(4,484)
Depreciation and amortization	(4,893)	(11,192)	(364)	(323)	(16,772)

Notes to the Quarterly Information

	Consolidated				Total
	PO Packaging	Packaging Paper	RS Forest and Resins	Corporate/eli minations	
Net sales:					
Domestic market	141,461	45,842	2,324	-	189,627
Foreign market	-	16,824	18,906	-	35,730
Third-party sales revenue	141,461	62,666	21,230	-	225,357
Revenues between segments	-	10,416	-	(10,416)	-
Total net sales	141,461	73,082	21,230	(10,416)	225,357
Change in fair value - biological assets	-	4,310	(3,493)	-	817
Cost of products sold	(126,309)	(29,635)	(14,839)	10,066	(160,717)
Gross income	15,152	47,757	2,898	(350)	65,457
Operating expenses	(21,600)	(7,103)	(2,354)	(10,590)	(41,647)
Operating income (loss) before financial income (loss)	(6,448)	40,654	544	(10,940)	23,810
Financial income (loss)	(9,500)	(10,515)	(1,550)	-	(21,565)
Operating net income	(15,948)	30,139	(1,006)	(10,940)	2,245
Depreciation and amortization	(3,403)	(8,584)	(266)	(376)	(12,629)

The balance in the Corporate/eliminations column substantially involves expenses of the corporate support area, not apportioned to the other segments, while the eliminations refer to adjustments of operations between the remaining segments, which are carried out at usual market prices and conditions.

Financial income (loss) is allocated by operating segment, taking into consideration the specific allocation of each item of financial revenue and expense to the respective segment, and the allocation of common revenues and expenses based on each segment's need for working capital.

The information relating to income tax and social contribution is not disclosed because the Company's management does not use this information by segment.

c) Net sales

In 1Q19, net sales totaled R\$ 231,024 (R\$ 225,357 in the 1Q18).

Net sales for the foreign market in 1Q19 totaled R\$ 40,695 (R\$ 35,730 in 1Q18), distributed by several countries, as follows:

Notes to the Quarterly Information

Consolidated 03/31/2019			Consolidated 03/31/2018		
Country	Net exports	% in total net revenue	Country	Net exports	% in total net revenue
Argentina	6,897	2.99%	Germany	5,340	2.37%
Saudi Arabia	5,087	2.20%	France	4,868	2.16%
China	4,487	1.94%	Saudi Arabia	3,814	1.69%
Portugal	3,828	1.66%	Argentina	2,958	1.31%
Japan	3,001	1.30%	Japan	2,074	0.92%
India	2,054	0.89%	Holland	2,068	0.92%
Chile	1,736	0.75%	Chile	1,712	0.76%
South Africa	1,664	0.72%	Paraguay	1,703	0.76%
Netherlands	1,638	0.71%	South Africa	1,701	0.75%
Paraguay	1,552	0.67%	China	1,690	0.75%
Spain	1,526	0.66%	Turkey	1,185	0.53%
France	1,411	0.61%	Portugal	1,125	0.50%
Mexico	1,061	0.46%	Peru	1,061	0.47%
Turkey	1,058	0.46%	India	874	0.39%
Peru	1,000	0.43%	Mexico	831	0.37%
Uruguay	903	0.39%	Hong Kong	584	0.26%
Bolivia	604	0.26%	Uruguay	481	0.21%
Germany	534	0.23%	Israel	344	0.15%
USA	319	0.14%	Kuwait	264	0.12%
Canada	167	0.07%	Colombia	225	0.10%
Israel	96	0.04%	Canada	164	0.07%
Colombia	72	0.03%	Republic of Trinidad and Tobago	152	0.07%
			Austria	117	0.05%
			Egypt	83	0.04%
			Bolivia	82	0.04%
			Other countries	230	0.10%
	<u>40,695</u>	<u>17.61%</u>		<u>35,730</u>	<u>15.86%</u>

In 1Q19, Company's net sales in domestic market totaled R\$ 190,329 (R\$ 189,627 in the 1Q18).

In the 1Q19, a single client accounted for 7.2% of net sales in the domestic market of the Corrugated Cardboard Packaging segment, equivalent to R\$ 9,868. The Company's other sales in the domestic and foreign markets were spread over a number of clients, none of them accounting for more than 10% of net sales.

30. GOVERNMENT GRANT

The Company has ICMS tax incentives from the states of Santa Catarina and Minas Gerais:

- i. ICMS/SC – Prodec: allows that 60% of the ICMS increase in the State of Santa Catarina, calculated on an average basis (September 2006 to August 2007) prior to the investments made, be deferred for payment after 48 months. This benefit is calculated monthly and subject to the completion of the investments planned and maintenance of jobs, in addition to the maintenance of regular status with the State obligations.

Notes to the Quarterly Information

Regarding the incentive amounts, there will be charges at contractual rates of 4.0% per annum. For the purposes of calculating the present value of this benefit, the Company used the average rate of 11.44% as the funding cost for the financing facilities with characteristics similar to those required for the respective disbursements if it did not have the benefit.

The benefit is effective for 14 years (10 years of fruition and 4 years of grace period), from January 2009 to December 2022, or up to the limit of R\$ 55,199 of deferred ICMS. Up to March 31, 2019, the Company had deferred ICMS liabilities of R\$ 17,018 (R\$ 15,144 net of government grant).

- ii. ICMS/SC – Presumed Credit: The State of Santa Catarina grants as the principal benefit to the appropriation of deemed credit in the ICMS memorandum account, in the taxed shipments of industrialized products whose production used recyclable material corresponding to at least 40% of the cost of the raw material, realized by the Company in the State, so that the final tax burden related to its own operation is equivalent to 2.25% of its value (of the own operation), with the purpose of making the expansion of the industrial unit located in the municipality of Vargem Bonita, in the State of Santa Catarina, possible. The planned investment is approximately R\$ 600,000, distributed over five years of the concession, which can be renewed for an equal period, and will be used to increase paper and packaging production capacity.
- iii. ICMS/MG - Presumed Credit: The State of Minas Gerais grants as the main benefit ICMS deemed credit resulting in the effective payment of 2% of the value of the shipment operations for the products industrialized by the Company, with the purpose of allowing the expansion of the industrial plant located in the municipality of Santa Luzia, in the State of Minas Gerais. The total estimated investment is approximately R\$ 220,000, and the amount to be invested will be used in the modernization and expansion of the production capacity of Paper Machine No. 7 (PM 7), and also for the construction of a new corrugated cardboard production plant.

31. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS AND LEASE LIABILITIES

Parent company and Consolidated

	Land	Buildings and	Equipment and facilities	Total
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Initial recognition 01/01/19	6,215	15,613	3,794	25,622
Accumulated depreciation during the quarter	(220)	(471)	(283)	(974)
Book balance, net 03/31/19	<u>5,995</u>	<u>15,142</u>	<u>3,511</u>	<u>24,648</u>
Cost	6,215	15,613	3,794	25,622
Accumulated depreciation during the quarter	(220)	(471)	(283)	(974)
Book balance, net 03/31/19	<u>5,995</u>	<u>15,142</u>	<u>3,511</u>	<u>24,648</u>

The calculation of the right to use assets is equal to the present value of the lease liability discounted using the rates of 12.06% and 14.43% p.a., calculated using the risk free rate (NTN), the risk spread of

Notes to the Quarterly Information

the company, the corresponding risk of the country and the specific risk of the asset. The company calculated depreciation using the linear method according to the remaining period of the contracts with an average remaining period of 6.5 years.

The lease agreements have lease liabilities, as shown below:

Parent company and Consolidated

	<u>Land</u>	<u>Buildings and</u>	<u>Equipment and facilities</u>	<u>Total</u>
March 31, 2019				
Initial recognition	10,314	26,758	4,697	41,769
Lease installment	-	(786)	(348)	(1,134)
Initial recognition of interest to be incurred	(4,099)	(11,145)	(903)	(16,147)
Interest on lease	144	314	64	522
Book balance, net	<u>6,359</u>	<u>15,141</u>	<u>3,510</u>	<u>25,010</u>
Short-term				3,829
Long-term				21,181

Interest over leases are recognized as financial expenses and appropriated according to the remaining period of the contracts.

Long-term payments are distributed as follows:

<u>Long-term maturity dates:</u>	Parent company and Consolidated
2020	5,941
2021	5,937
2022	4,810
2023	4,810
>2024	<u>13,188</u>
	<u>34,686</u>

The impacts on the income statement according to the standard CPC 06 (R2)/ IFRS 06, were that the lease considerations that were previously recorded as lease expenses are now recorded on the lines of depreciation and financial expenses. Even though the new standard did not bring any modifications to the total amount that will be taken to the income statement throughout the life of the contract, it is correct to state that there is a time effect in the income, with a reduction of R\$ 362 in the first quarter of 2019.

Notes to the Quarterly Information

In relation to taxes, there is a time effect on income tax and social contribution, once the recognized values are adjusted on the basis of real income, which will realize once the lease contracts realize themselves. And for recoverable taxes PIS/COFINS, we continue to recognize at the income statement the credits based on the payments of the considerations.

For tax considerations, it is secured the neutrality, for income tax and social contribution, as well as for credits such as PIS/COFINS not having any influence in the calculation of these taxes.

32. TRANSACTIONS NOT AFFECTING CASH

The Company carried out non-cash transactions relating to investment activities, which were not reflected in the statement of cash flow.

During the quarter of 2019, the Company made a capital contribution with planted forests at the subsidiary Iraflor Comércio de Madeiras Ltda. in the amount of R\$ 302.

During the three-month period of 2018, the Company made payments for purchases of property, plant and equipment, intangible assets and biological assets in the amount of R\$ 4,021, which were financed directly by suppliers, and also made a capital contribution with planted forests in the subsidiary Iraflor Comércio de Madeira Ltda. in the amount of R\$ 5,030.

* * *

Report on review of quarterly information – ITR

To the Board Members and Directors of
Celulose Irani S.A.
Porto Alegre – RS

Introduction

We have reviewed the interim, individual and consolidated financial information of Celulose Irani S.A. (“Company”), contained in the Quarterly Information - ITR Form for the quarter ended March 31, 2019, which comprise the balance sheet on March 31, 2019 and related statements of profit or loss and of comprehensive income (loss) for the three month period ended at that date, and of changes in equity and of cash flows for the three month period ended at that date, including explanatory notes.

Management is responsible for the preparation of the interim financial information in accordance with CPC 21(R1) and IAS 34 - Interim Financial Reporting, issued by the International Accounting Standards Board - IASB, as well as for the presentation of this information in a manner consistent with the standards issued by the Securities Commission, applicable to the preparation of the Quarterly Information - ITR. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on this interim financial information based on our review.

Scope of Review

We conducted our review in accordance with the Brazilian and international review standards for interim information (NBC TR 2410 - Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity and ISRE 2410 - Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity, respectively). A review of interim information consists in asking questions, chiefly to the persons in charge of financial and accounting affairs, and in applying analytical procedures and other review procedures. A review is substantially smaller in scope compared to an audit conducted in accordance with Brazilian and International Standards on Auditing and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Qualified Conclusion on individual and consolidated interim information

Based on our review, we are not aware of any other event that make us believe that individual and consolidated interim financial information included in the quarterly information referred to above was not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with CPC 21 (R1) and IAS 34 issued by IASB and applicable to the preparation of Quarterly Information - ITR, and presented in a manner consistent with the standards issued by the Securities Commission - CVM.

Other matters – Statement of Added Value

The individual and consolidated interim financial information related to statements of added value (DVA) for the three-month period ended March 31, 2019, prepared under responsibility of Company's Management, and presented as supplementary information for IAS 34 purposes, was submitted to review procedures carried out jointly with the audit of Company's quarterly information. To form a conclusion, we evaluated whether these statements are reconciled with interim financial information and accounting records, as applicable, and whether their forms and contents are in accordance with criteria defined in Technical Pronouncement CPC 09 – Statement of Added Value. Based on our review, we are not aware of any other event that make us believe that those were not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with individual and consolidated interim financial information taken as a whole.

Porto Alegre, April 30, 2019

KPMG Auditores Independentes
CRC SP-014428/F-7

(Original review report in Portuguese signed by)
Cristiano Jardim Seguecio
Accountant CRC SP-244525/O-9 T-RS

EXECUTIVE OFFICERS' STATEMENT ON THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For purposes of Article 25 of CVM Instruction 480/09

In the capacity of Directors of Celulose Irani S.A., a corporation headquartered at Rua General João Manoel, 157, 9º andar, sala 903, in the city of Porto Alegre, state of Rio Grande do Sul, enrolled with EIN under No. 92.791.243/0001-03, WE DECLARE under the terms of paragraph 1 of article 25 of CVM Instruction 480, of December 7, 2009, that: (i) we have reviewed, discussed and agreed with the opinion expressed in the independent auditors' report in connection with the interim financial statements for the three-month period ended March 31, 2019; and (ii) we have reviewed, discussed and agreed with the Company's interim financial statements for the three-month period ended March 31, 2019.

Porto Alegre, RS, April 30, 2019.

Sérgio Luiz Cotrim Ribas - CEO

Odivan Carlos Cargnin - Administration, Finance and Investors Relations Officer

Henrique Zugman – Paper and Forest Business Officer

Lindomar Lima de Souza – Packaging Business Officer

Fabiano Alves de Oliveira – People, Strategy, and Management Officer

EXECUTIVE OFFICERS' STATEMENT ON THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

For purposes of Article 25 of CVM Instruction 480/09

In the capacity of Directors of Celulose Irani S.A., a corporation headquartered at Rua General João Manoel, 157, 9º andar, sala 903, in the city of Porto Alegre, state of Rio Grande do Sul, enrolled with EIN under No. 92.791.243/0001-03, WE DECLARE under the terms of paragraph 1 of article 25 of CVM Instruction 480, of December 7, 2009, that: (i) we have reviewed, discussed and agreed with the opinion expressed in the independent auditors' report in connection with the interim financial statements for the three-month period ended March 31, 2019; and (ii) we have reviewed, discussed and agreed with the Company's interim financial statements for the three-month period ended March 31, 2019.

Porto Alegre, RS, April 30, 2019.

Sérgio Luiz Cotrim Ribas - CEO

Odivan Carlos Cargnin - Administration, Finance and Investors Relations Officer

Henrique Zugman – Paper and Forest Business Officer

Lindomar Lima de Souza – Packaging Business Officer

Fabiano Alves de Oliveira – People, Strategy, and Management Officer