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# Aluminium's place in a changing world

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# CRU Aluminium: Expertise across three continents



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# Meeting *Agenda*

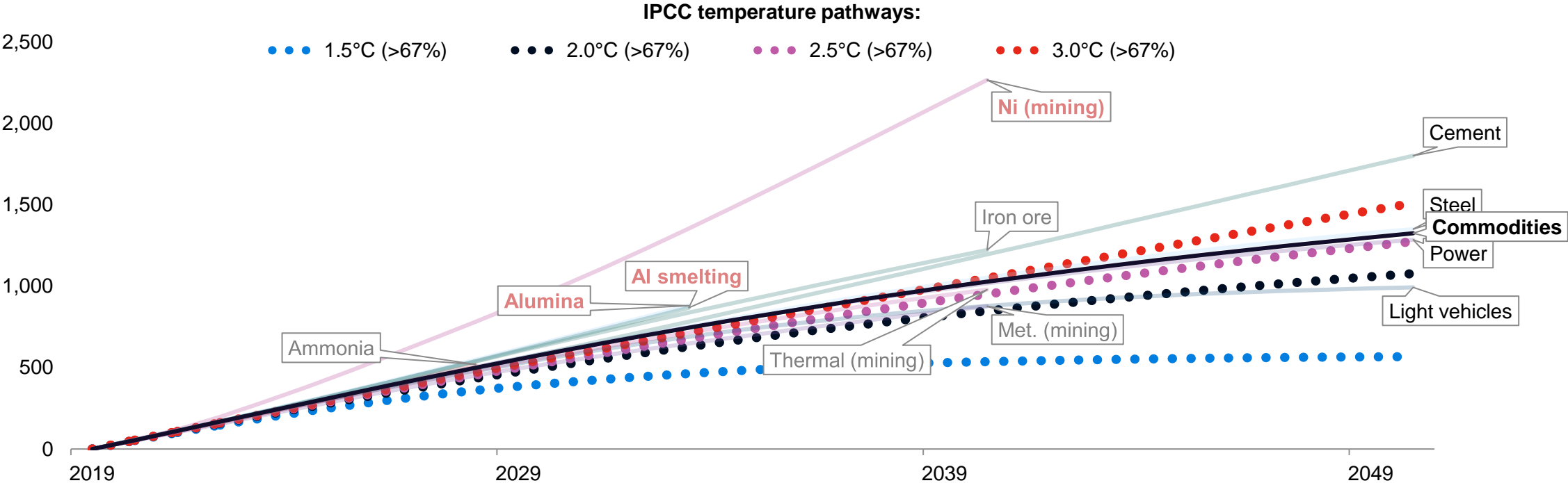
1. Challenges and opportunities
2. Aluminium demand and supply
3. Aluminium balance and price



# Global emissions are on a 2.5–3.0°C pathway by 2050

## Aluminium and nickel sector emissions are on a ‘well-above a 3.0°C’ temperature pathway

GHG emissions by sector by scenario, normalised to 2019 global GHG emissions, cumulative, bn tCO<sub>2</sub>e/y



DATA: CRU Sustainability and Emissions Service



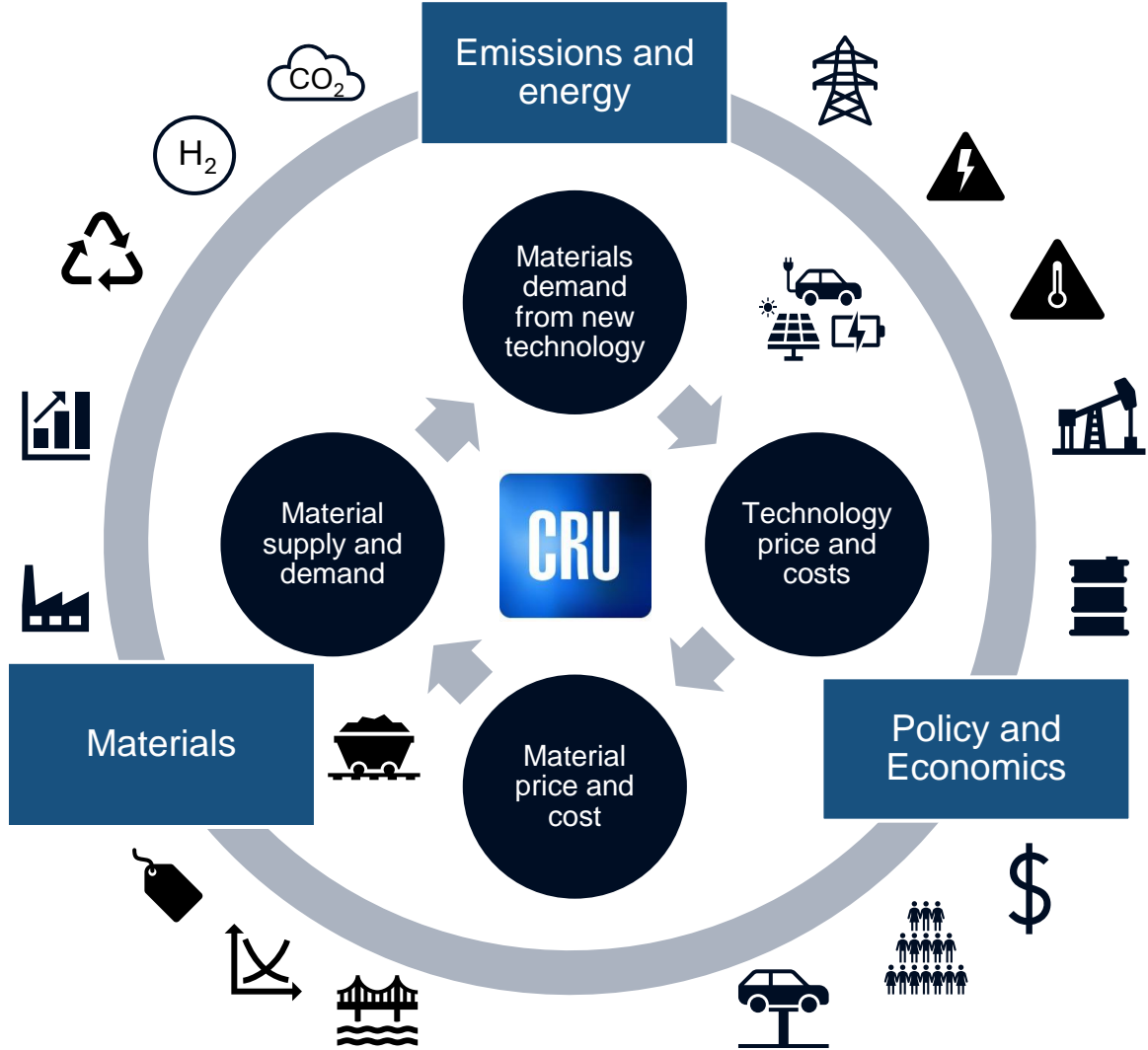
# Forces defining the metals' landscape

## Climate change

- Decarbonisation
- Energy transition
- Sustainability
- Biodiversity

## Supply chain risks

- Global trade and supply chains
- S/D imbalances
- High debt







## Geopolitics & Economics

- Changing role of governments
- Securing green resources
- Power shifts

## Technology change

- Clean technologies
- Technology costs
- Value of Innovation

# What metals will we need most?

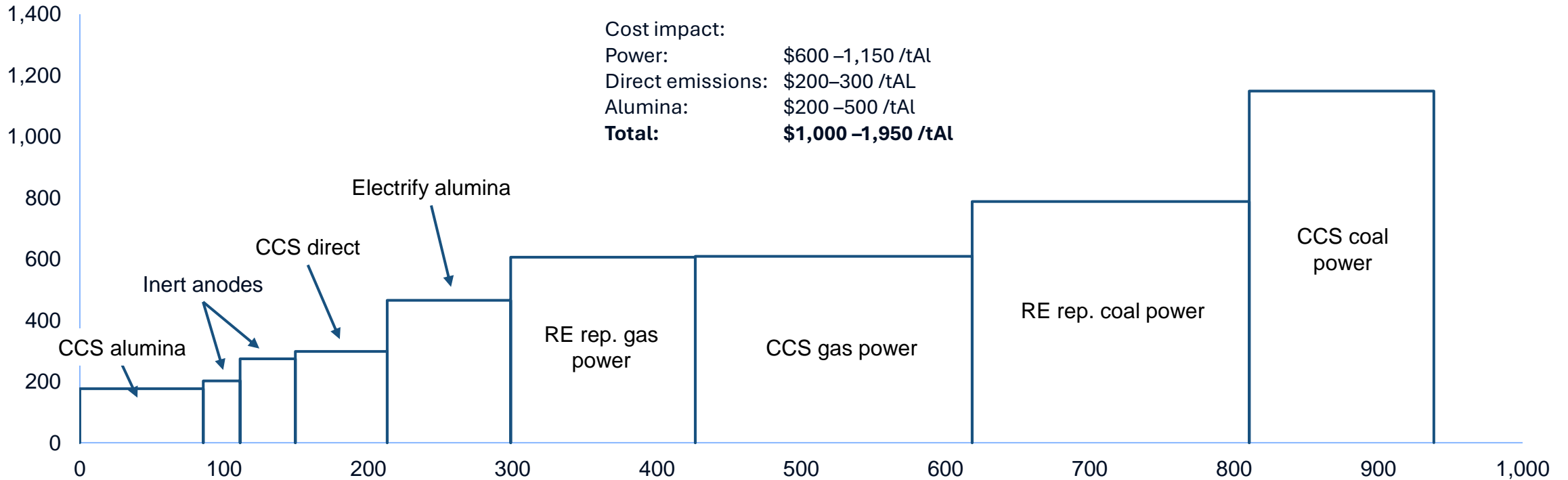
	<b>Renewable electricity generation</b> 	<b>Energy storage</b> 	<b>Power conversion and transmission</b> 	<b>Electrification of systems and materials</b> 
<b>Conductors</b>	<div style="display: flex; gap: 10px;"> <div style="border: 1px solid black; border-radius: 50%; padding: 5px; display: inline-block;">Cu</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; border-radius: 50%; padding: 5px; display: inline-block;">Al</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; border-radius: 50%; padding: 5px; display: inline-block;">Ag</div> </div>	<div style="display: flex; gap: 10px;"> <div style="border: 1px solid black; border-radius: 50%; padding: 5px; display: inline-block;">Cu</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; border-radius: 50%; padding: 5px; display: inline-block;">Al</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; border-radius: 50%; padding: 5px; display: inline-block;">C</div> </div>	<div style="display: flex; gap: 10px;"> <div style="border: 1px solid black; border-radius: 50%; padding: 5px; display: inline-block;">Cu</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; border-radius: 50%; padding: 5px; display: inline-block;">Al</div> </div>	<div style="display: flex; gap: 10px;"> <div style="border: 1px solid black; border-radius: 50%; padding: 5px; display: inline-block;">Cu</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; border-radius: 50%; padding: 5px; display: inline-block;">Al</div> </div>
<b>Structural materials</b>	<div style="display: flex; gap: 10px;"> <div style="border: 1px solid black; border-radius: 50%; padding: 5px; display: inline-block;">Fe</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; border-radius: 50%; padding: 5px; display: inline-block;">Al</div> </div>	<div style="border: 1px solid black; border-radius: 50%; padding: 5px; display: inline-block;">Fe</div>	<div style="border: 1px solid black; border-radius: 50%; padding: 5px; display: inline-block;">Fe</div>	<div style="display: flex; gap: 10px;"> <div style="border: 1px solid black; border-radius: 50%; padding: 5px; display: inline-block;">Fe</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; border-radius: 50%; padding: 5px; display: inline-block;">Al</div> </div>
<b>Semi-conductors / Storage Materials</b>	<div style="border: 1px solid black; border-radius: 50%; padding: 5px; display: inline-block;">Si</div>	<div style="display: flex; flex-direction: column; gap: 10px;"> <div style="display: flex; gap: 10px;"> <div style="border: 1px solid black; border-radius: 50%; padding: 5px; display: inline-block;">Li</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; border-radius: 50%; padding: 5px; display: inline-block;">Na</div> </div> <div style="display: flex; gap: 10px;"> <div style="border: 1px solid black; border-radius: 50%; padding: 5px; display: inline-block;">Ni</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; border-radius: 50%; padding: 5px; display: inline-block;">Co</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; border-radius: 50%; padding: 5px; display: inline-block;">Mn</div> </div> </div>		
<b>Others</b>	<p><b>Glass</b></p> <p>Semiconductors (CdTe, perovskites)</p>	<p><b>Iron phosphate</b>, lead, vanadium, sulphur</p> <p>Energy carriers (<b>hydrogen</b>, <b>ammonia</b>, <b>methanol</b>)</p>	<p>Magnetic materials inc <b>GOES</b>, <b>NdFeB</b>, SmCo</p> <p>Semiconductors (Si, SiC, GaN)</p> <p>PGMs for fuel cells</p> <p>Graphene conductors</p> <p>High-temperature superconductors</p>	<p>Reductants (<b>hydrogen</b>, biocarbon, electrolysis)</p>



# The decarb. challenge is mainly about cost; but also technology

## Aluminium requires a ~\$1,500 /t price premium to incentivise full decarbonisation

Impact of technology change on aluminium cost, 2030, real 2023, \$/t aluminium



Cost impact:  
Power: \$600 –1,150 /tAl  
Direct emissions: \$200–300 /tAl  
Alumina: \$200 –500 /tAl  
**Total: \$1,000 –1,950 /tAl**

DATA: CRU Sustainability and Emissions Service



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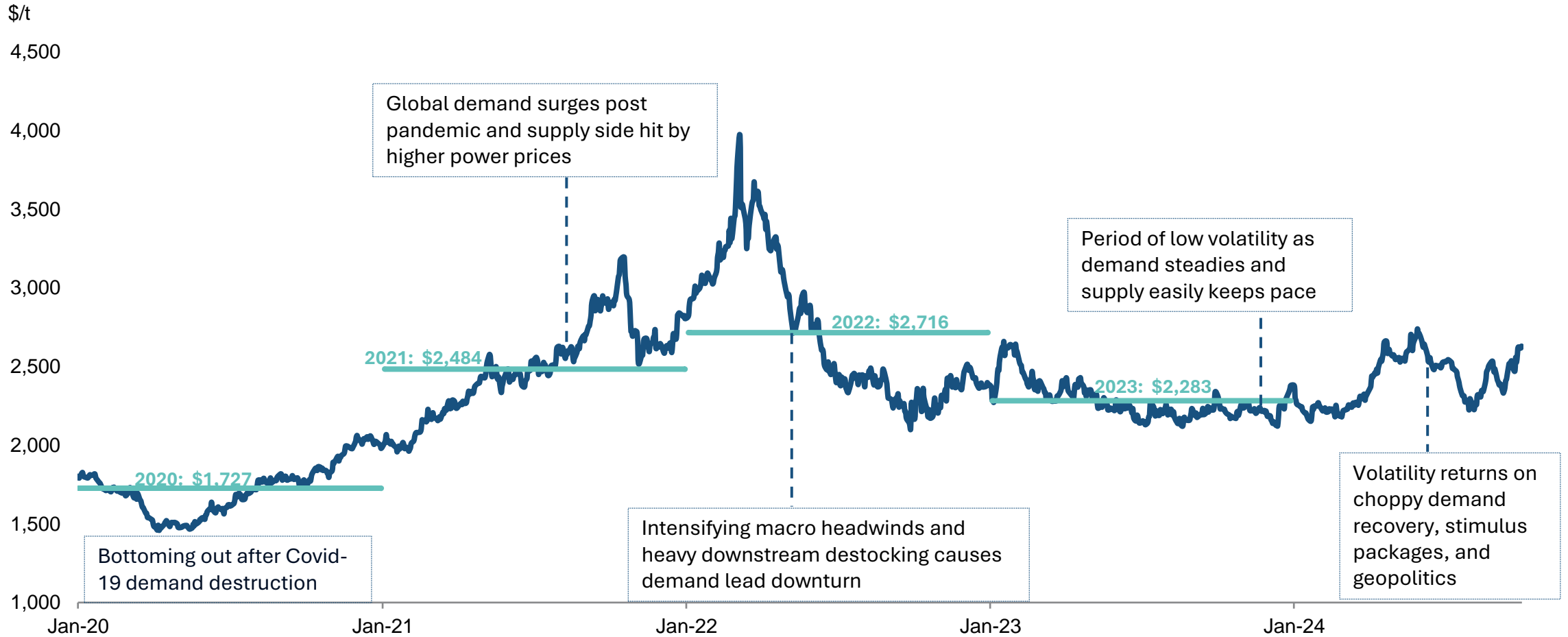
# Demand & Supply Outlook

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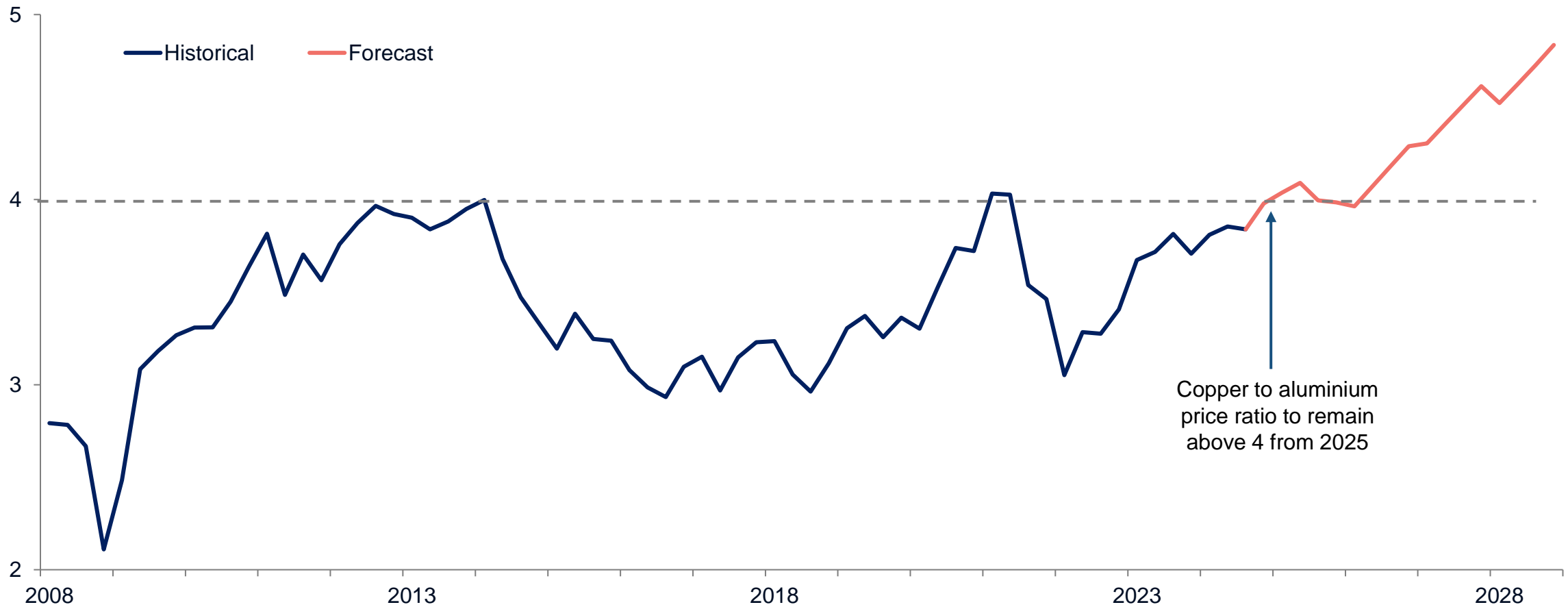
# LME 3M ebbs and flows on pre/post pandemic trends





# Copper price is increasingly x4 that of aluminium, instigating substitution discussions

## Copper to aluminium price ratio

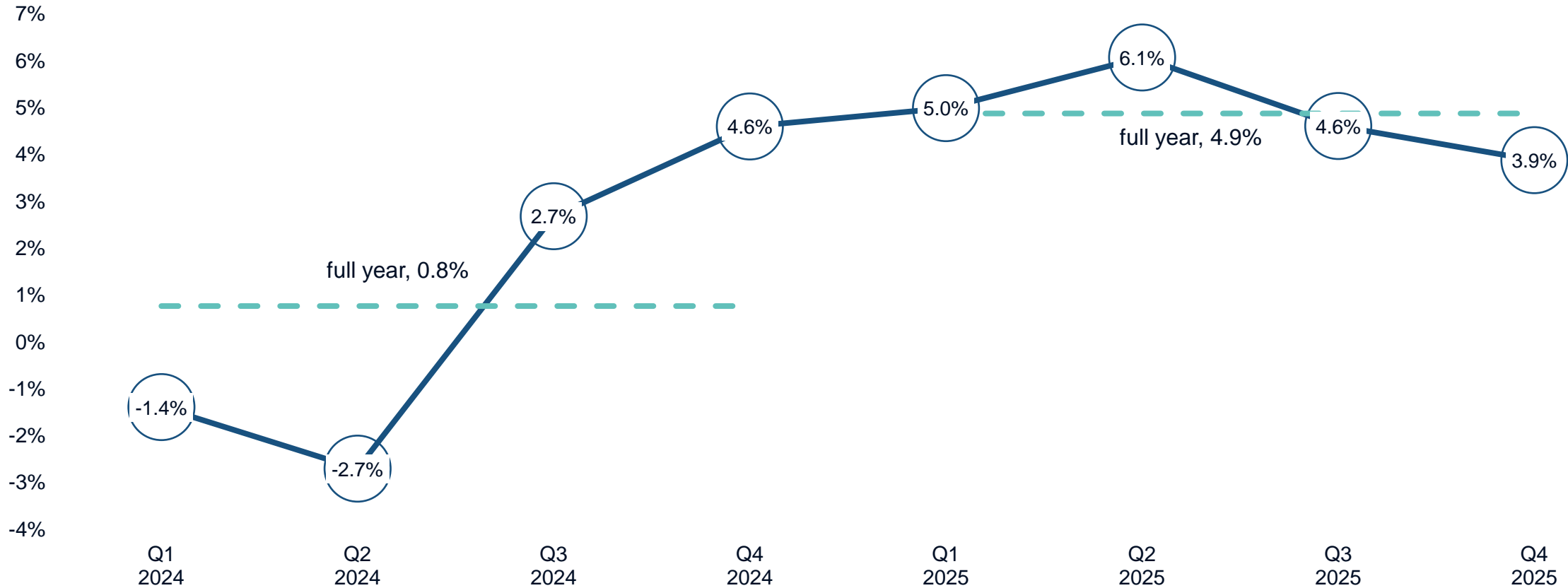


DATA: LME, CRU Copper Market Outlook



# World ex. China: Demand to remain sluggish this year but will rebound in 2025

World ex. China aluminium consumption, y/y % change

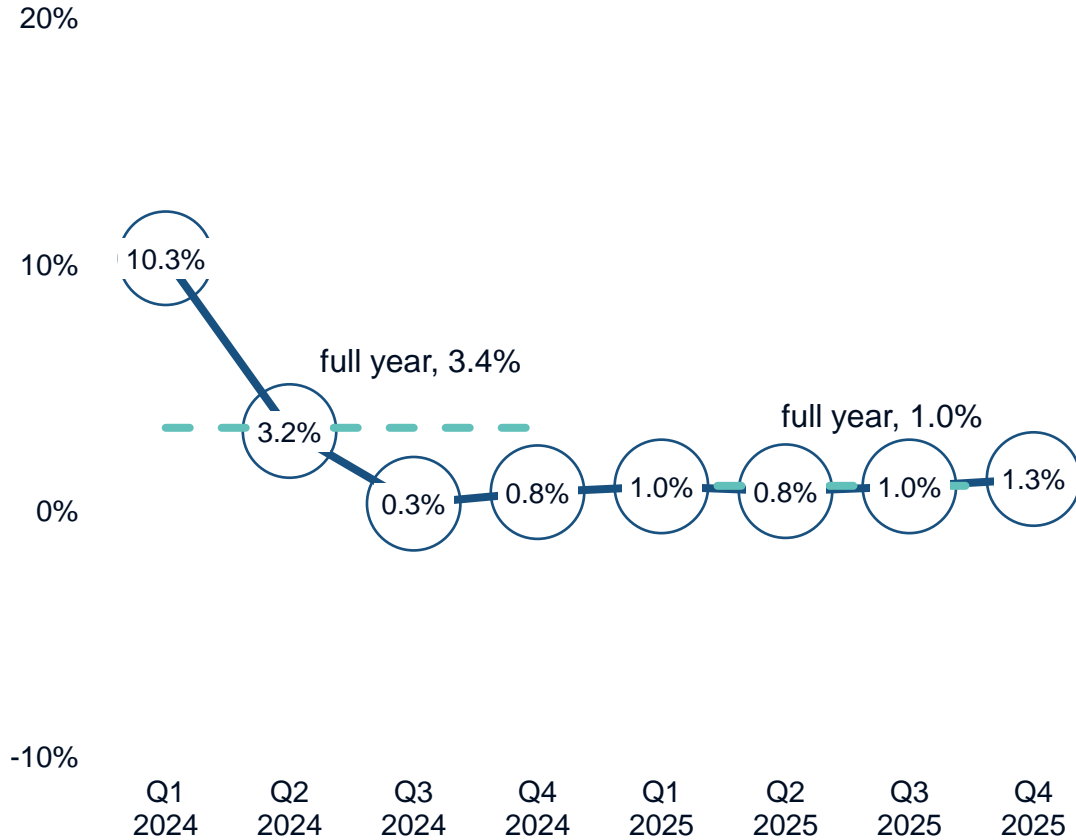


DATA: CRU, Associations



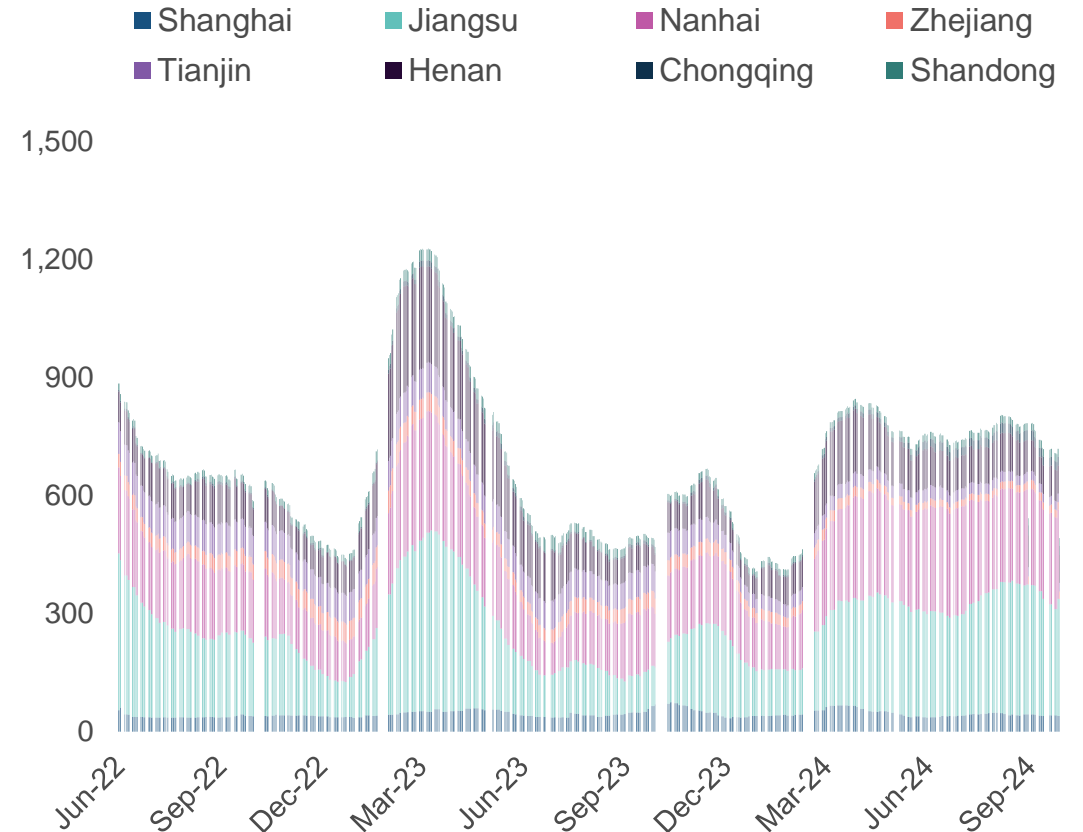
# China: Growth slows but stimulus limits downside

China aluminium consumption, y/y % change



DATA: Nanchu warehouse, SHFE, CRU

Reported ingot stock, '000t





# World ex. China: Further restarts not expected until 2025 in Europe and the US

World ex. China aluminium production, y/y % change

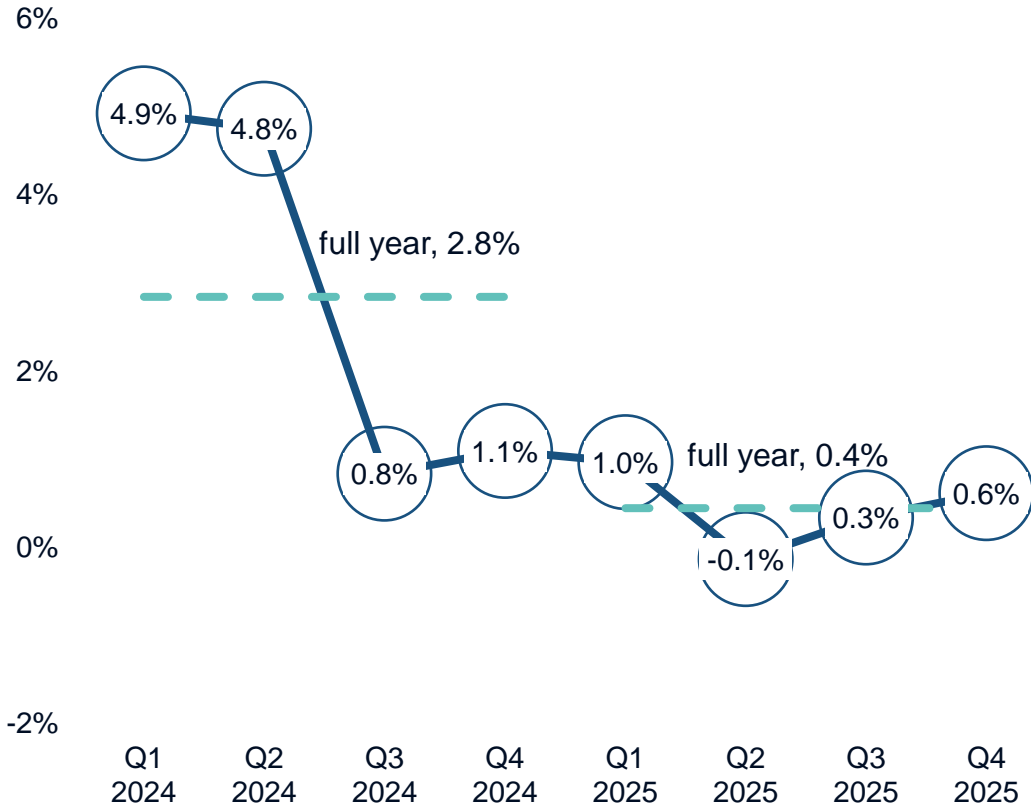


DATA: CRU

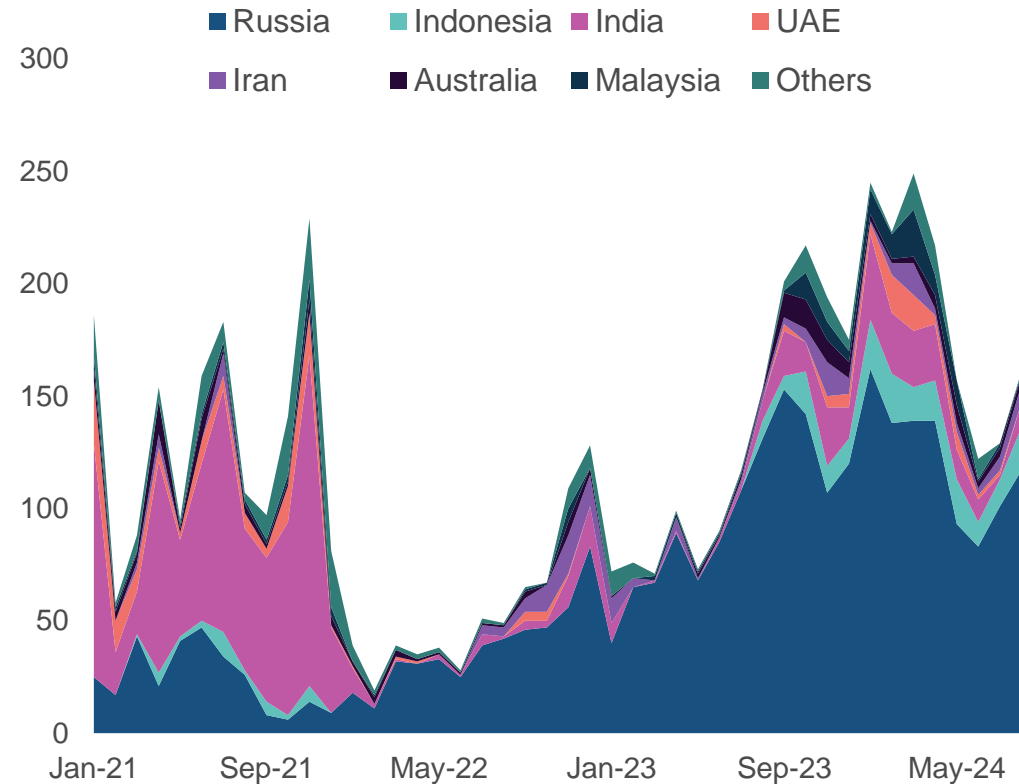


# China: Production growth limited in 2025

China aluminium production, y/y % change



China primary aluminium imports (HS code 760110), '000t



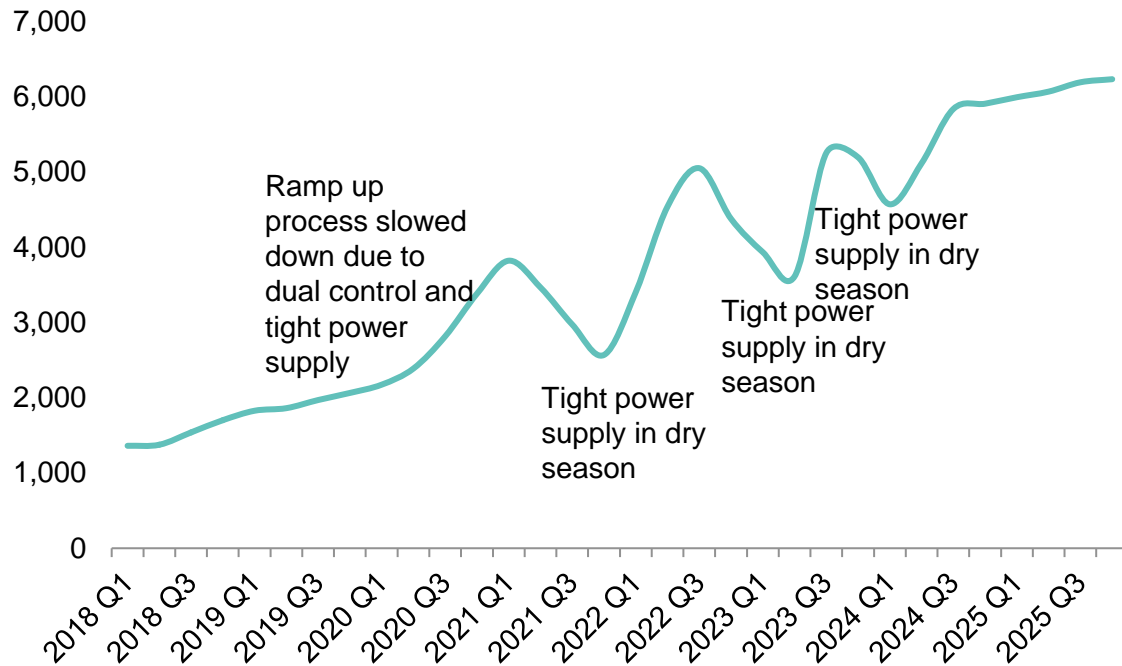
DATA: CRU, China Customs



# Yunnan production is highly contingent on hydropower

Smelters in Yunnan unlikely to cut production in 2024

Operational capacity in Yunnan province kt/y



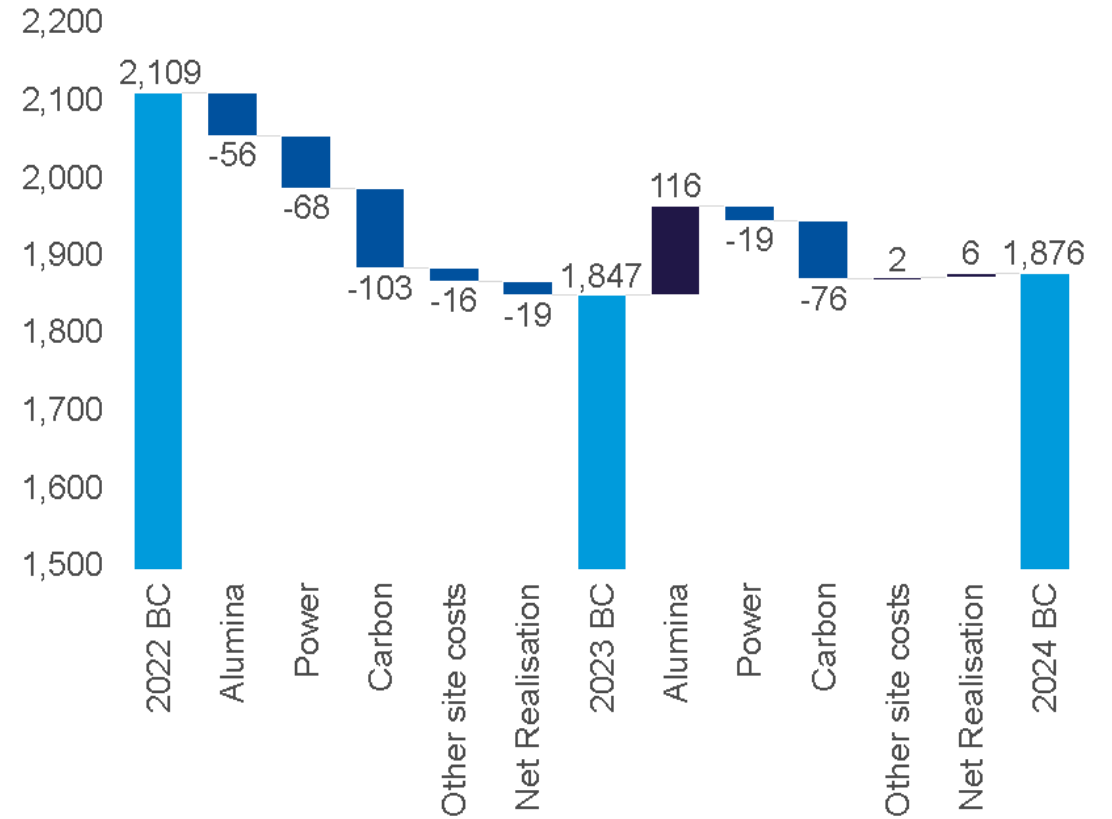
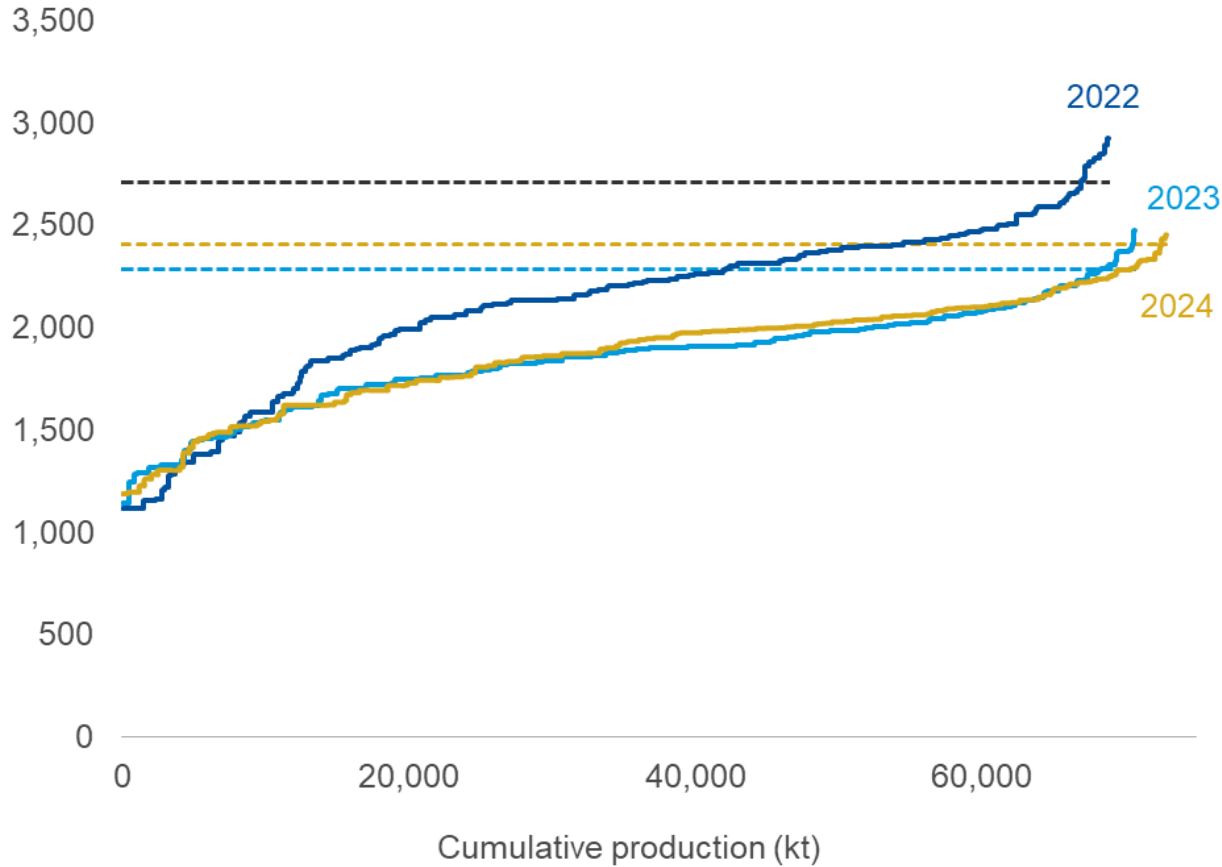
Data: CRU

- Smelters in Yunnan province cut production in dry season for consecutive four years from late 2019 to late 2023, due to the tight hydro power supply in dry season in Yunnan province
- Yunnan smelters are unlikely to cut production in 2024 since the hydro power supply is better than normal years, and the renewable power supply has increased significantly in the province in addition to the less demand for electricity from non-aluminium industry
- Possibility of curtailments for Yunnan smelters in dry season should not be ruled out in 2025 and beyond



# Smelting cost stable after 2022 highs

Aluminium Smelting Business costs curves, and LME 3M price, \$/t



DATA: CRU Aluminium Cost Model





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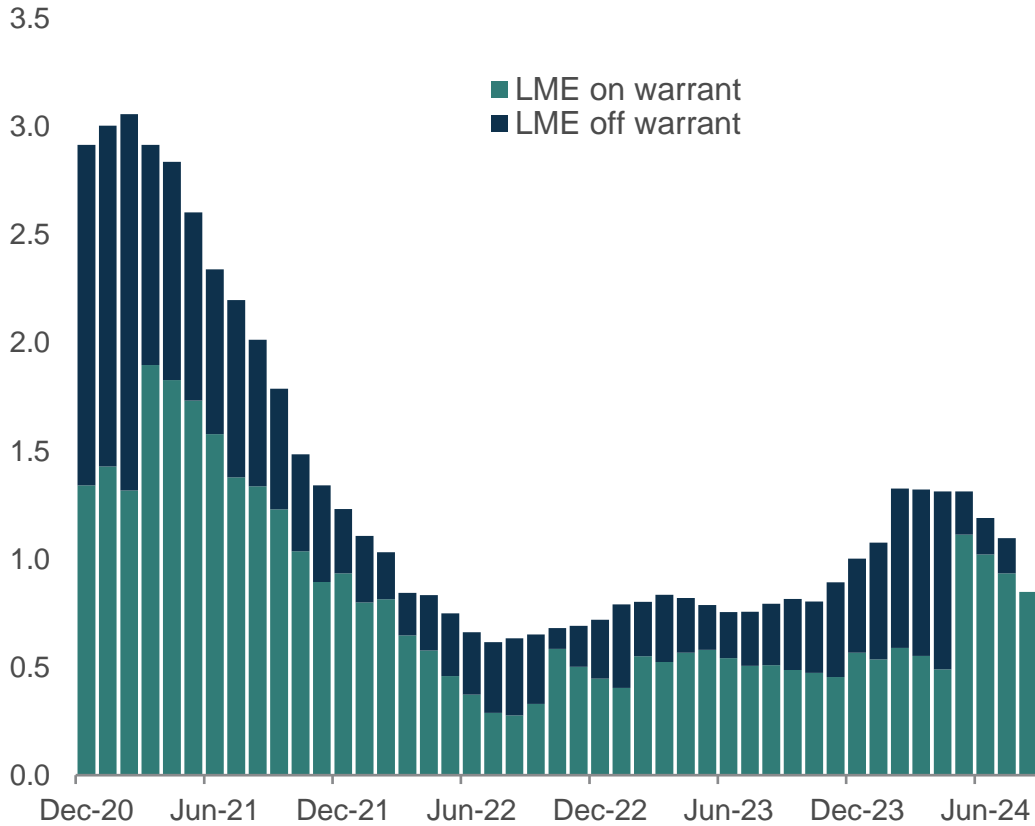
# Aluminium Balance & Price Outlook

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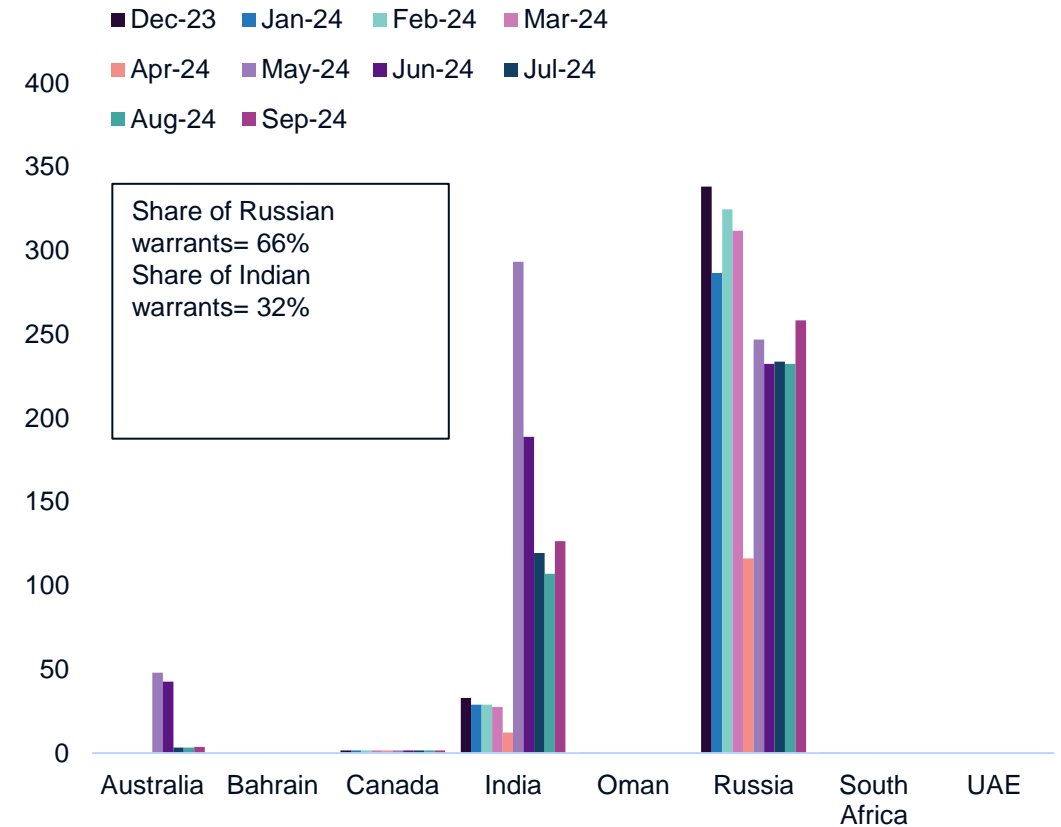
# LME stocks are falling and metal is mainly Russian or Indian

LME aluminium inventories, million tonnes



DATA: CRU, LME

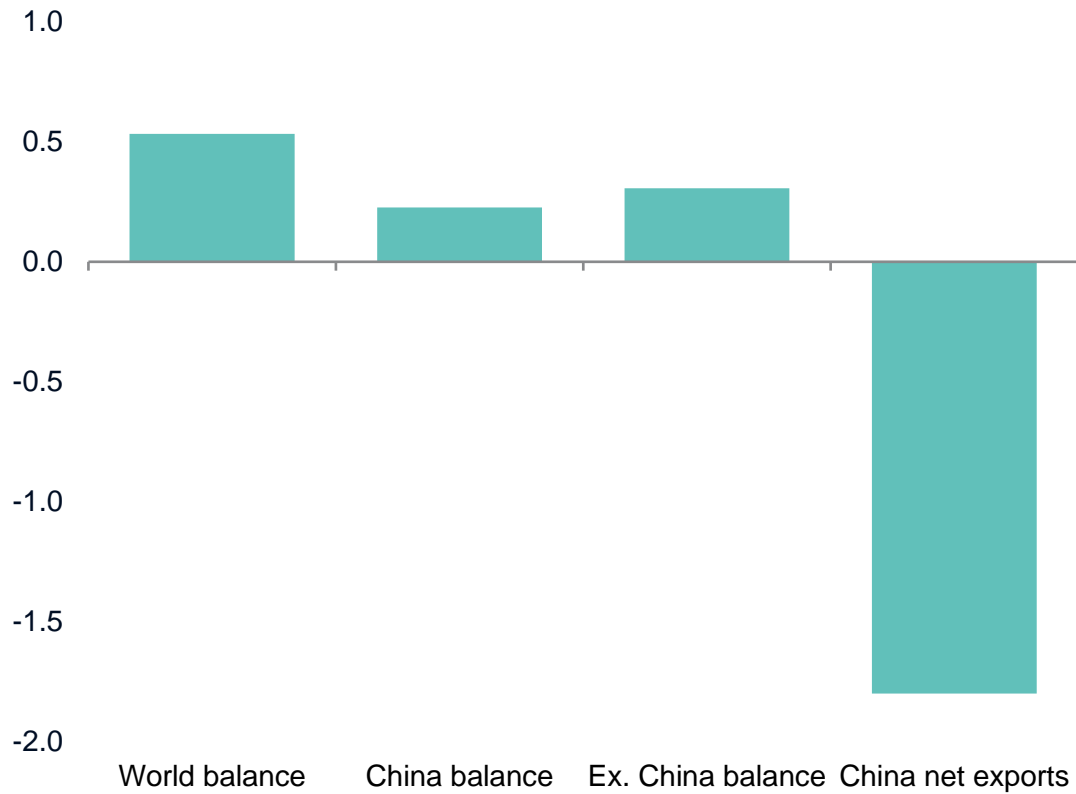
Country of origin of warranted aluminium held in LME warehouses, '000 t





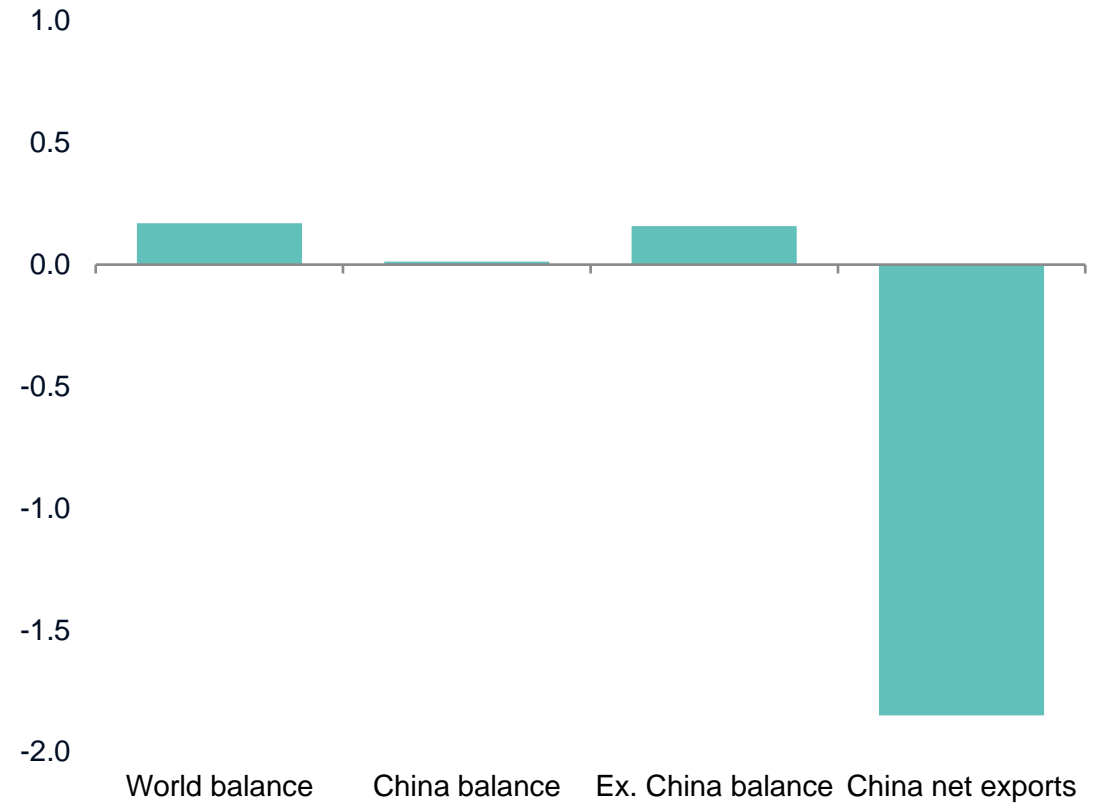
# Balance: Substantial surplus for 2024 but set to shrink in 2025

2024 aluminium market balance, million tonnes



DATA: CRU

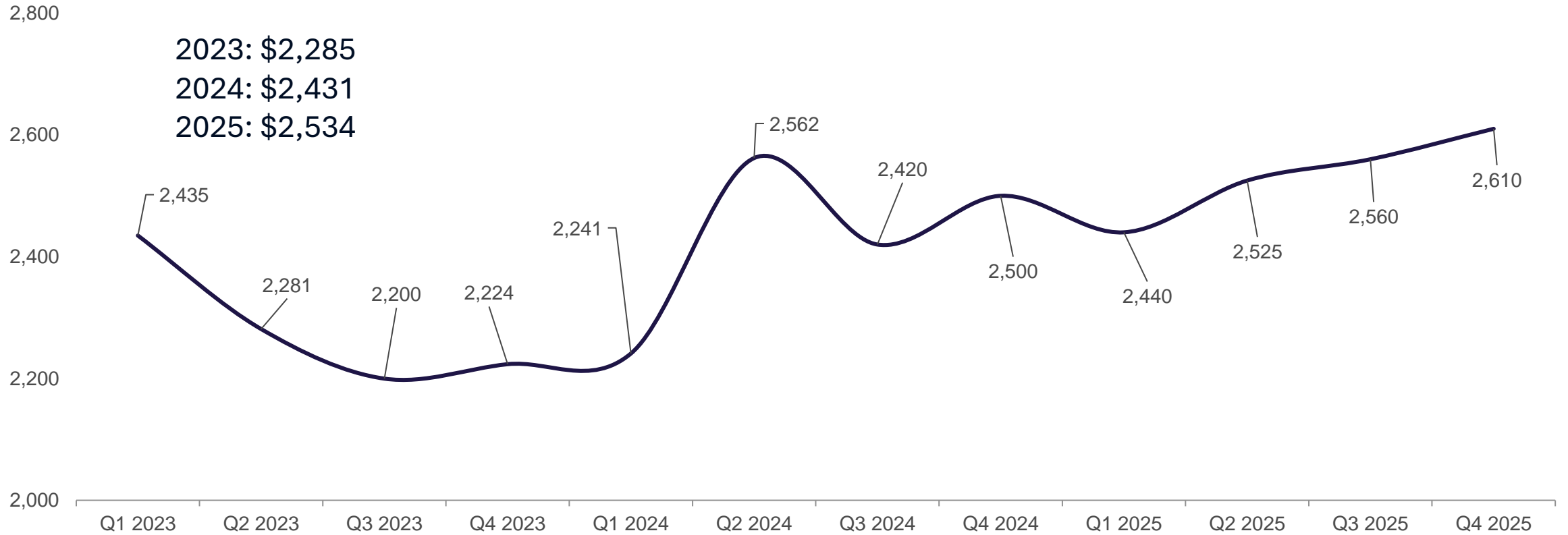
2025 aluminium market balance, million tonnes





# Price forecast: Price to hit a ceiling soon as demand continues to disappoint

LME aluminium 3-month price forecast, \$/t



DATA: CRU



# The key risks to our price forecasts

CRU's Price Risks (forecast)	Bull/Bear/Neutral	2025-2028
<b>Investment in project pipeline:</b> With carbon free technology not ready at industrial scale many producers are hesitant to invest in traditional technology	Bullish	
<b>Resource Nationalism/protectionism:</b> This could fragment the global economy and raise prices. However, if it tips over into lower global growth this would then be bearish	Neutral	
<b>Increased Substitution/Thrifting:</b> Copper price rises could spark even great shift from copper to aluminium in electrical applications	Bullish	
<b>Chinese domestic demand:</b> Property investment and residential property sales remained in contraction and the drop in house prices accelerated. However, stimulus plans show central government is keen to act	Neutral	
<b>Slower adoption of Emerging Technology:</b> A slower takeup of new energy vehicles, solar and wind would be bearish for aluminium demand	Bearish	
<b>Yunnan smelter production:</b> Yunnan smelter production is contingent on hydropower and this has been insufficient in prior years and if repeated the China primary capacity cap will constrain potential alternatives	Bullish	

DATA: CRU

# Takeaways



Demand has disappointed, particularly in Europe, and hopes of recovery slip to 2025



Restarts in Europe will be vital to meet the demand recovery but may be delayed with demand



Prices have risen too far too soon on Chinese stimulus but will rise again in 2025 with demand



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*Thank you.*

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