

Cultivate & Evolve

 **SLC** AGRÍCOLA

Agriculture at its best.

April, 2026



Index

1

Overview

2

Strategy

3

**Operating
Performance**

4

**Financial
Performance**

5

Market Overview

6

**Value Creation
Through Land**

7

Technology & Innovation

8

ESG

1

Overview

Agribusiness Leadership
Development



Our Business



What?

Production of **cotton, soybean, corn, seeds and cattle finishing.**



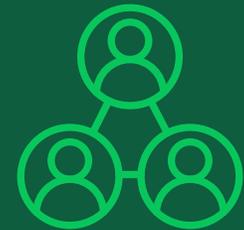
Where?

In **8 states** of the Brazilian *Cerrado* Region.



How?

On both **owned** and **leased** land, large scale farms.



To Whom?

Grains:
Tradings, Animal Feed and Food Ind.

Cotton: Tradings and Textile Ind.

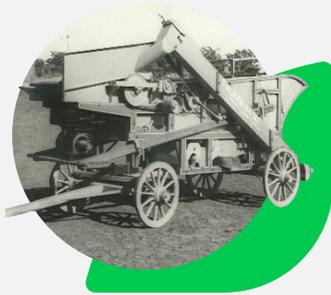
Seeds: Agricultural Producers.

Cattle: food industry and meat processors

80 years in Agriculture

1945

Foundation of SLC, as a small repair shop for agricultural implements



1977

Foundation of SLC Agrícola



2007

SLC Agrícola IPO (the first in its sector, globally)

2024

Joint Venture (Preciosa Farm) in association with Agropecuária Rica, Grupo RZK



SLC makes the first Brazilian self-propelled grain harvester

1965



John Deere buys 20% stake in SLC's Agri machinery business

1979

SLC sells 100% of the ag-machinery business to John Deere

1999



August, 2021 End of the cycle of opening new áreas for crop.



Incorporation of the agricultural operations of Terra Santa Agro. **5 leased farms in MT**

2021

Acquisition of Sierentz and land of Paladino farm

2025

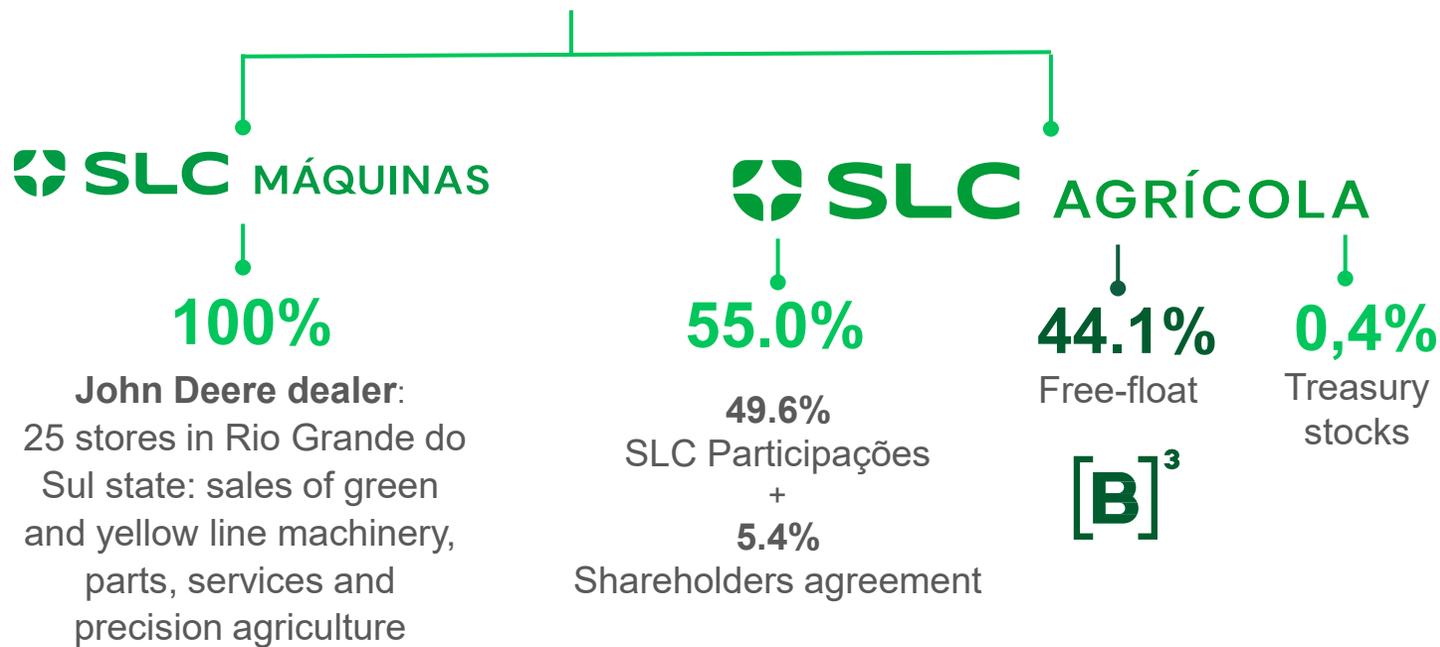


Shareholding Structure

Logemann Family



Last update: February, 2026.

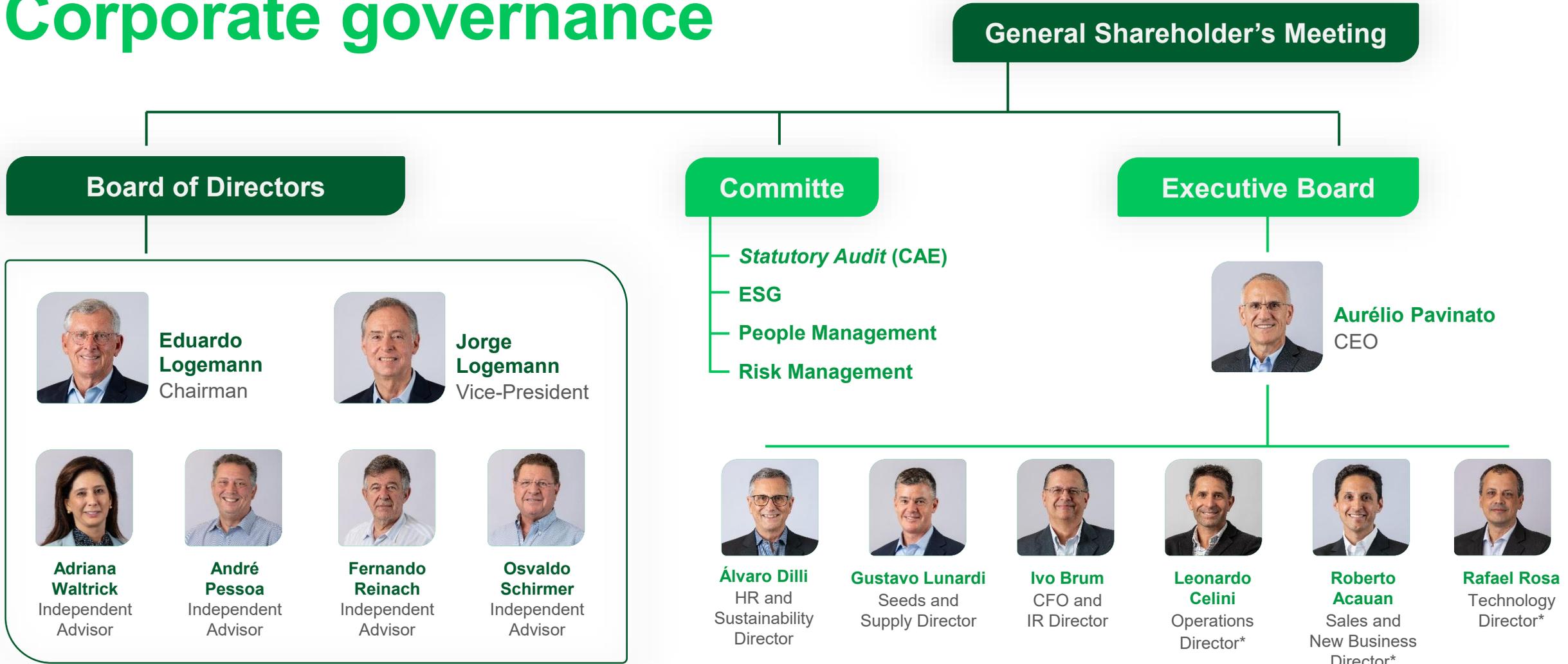


• **Total shares issued:**
498,745,930

Level 1 - ADR Program:
Launched August 11th, 2011 –
Ticket SLCJY

• Executives and related parties connected to the SLC Group hold **0.4%** of the shares and are considered in the Free Float.

Corporate governance

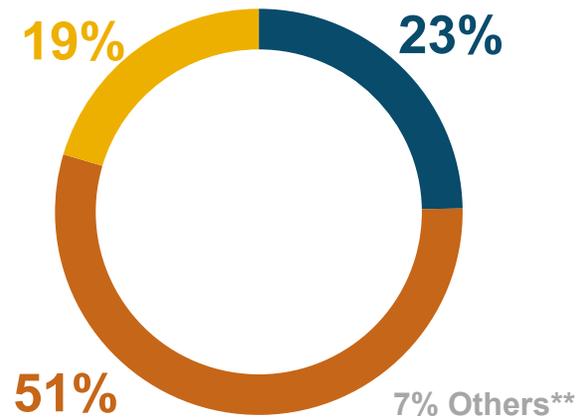


*Non-statutory

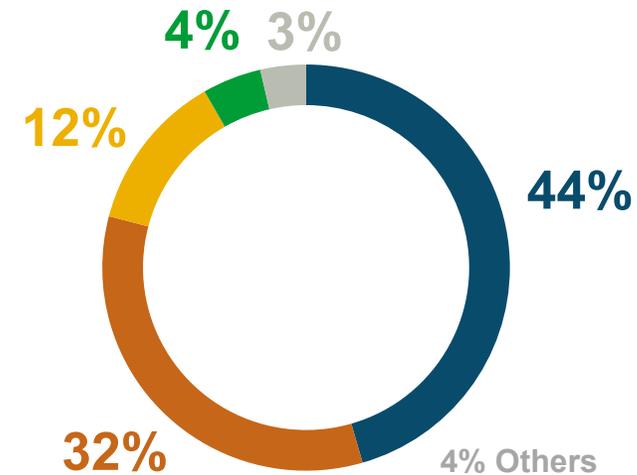
Breakdown per crop

A diversified and flexible portfolio

Planted area 2025/26



Revenue* 2025



■ Corn
 ■ Soybean
 ■ Cotton
 ■ Cattle
 ■ Seeds

Source: 4Q25 Release

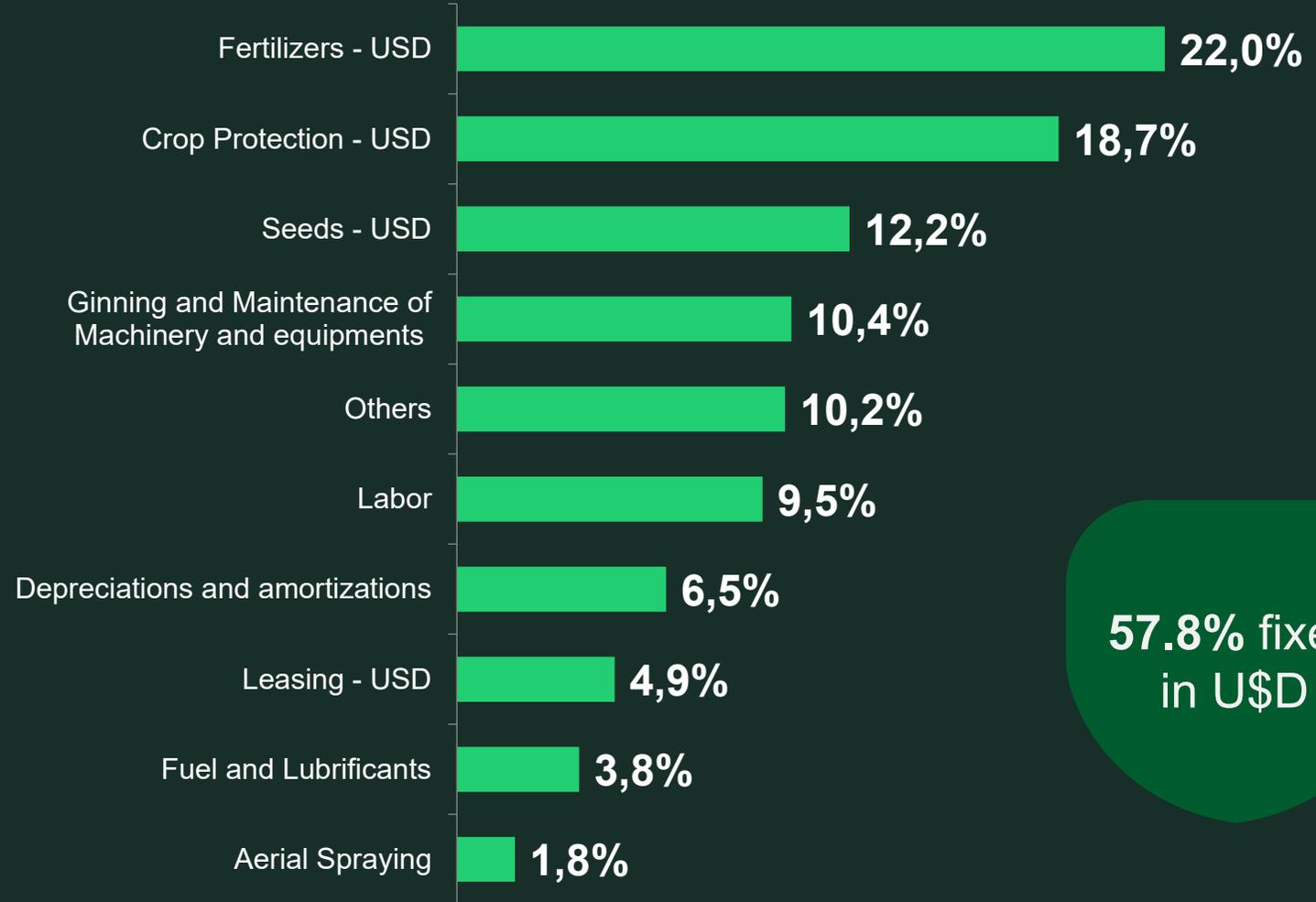
*In revenue, cotton contains cotton seed and cottonseed;

** Other crops: Brachiaria, Sorghum and other.

Production cost breakdown

Input prices are highly correlated with grain prices

2025/2026 crop average



57.8% fixed in U\$D

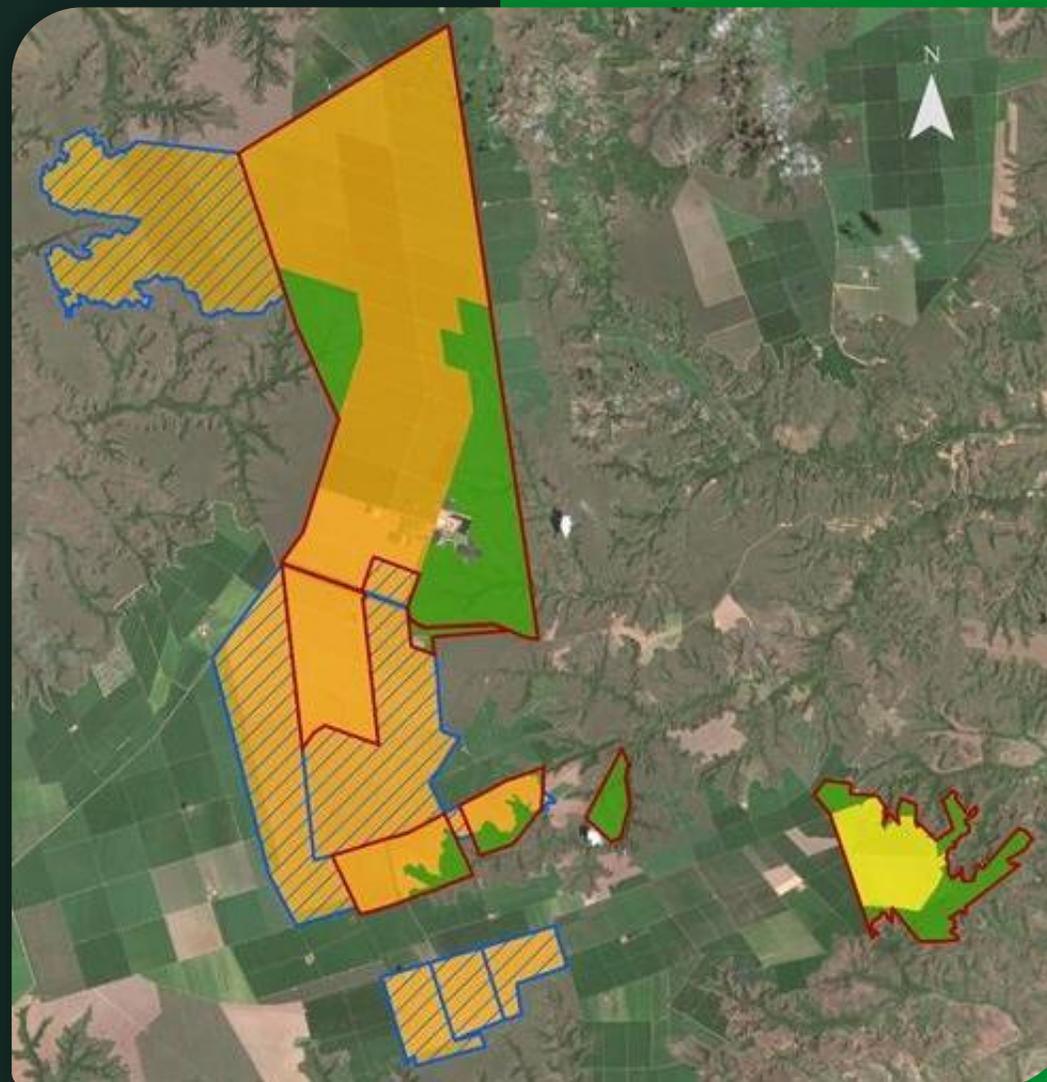
1.1

Our business model



Satellite view of Parnaíba Farm (MA)

- Owned
- Leased
- Crop area
- Area in process of agricultural development
- Legal reserve area and remaining vegetation



Breakdown of owned area

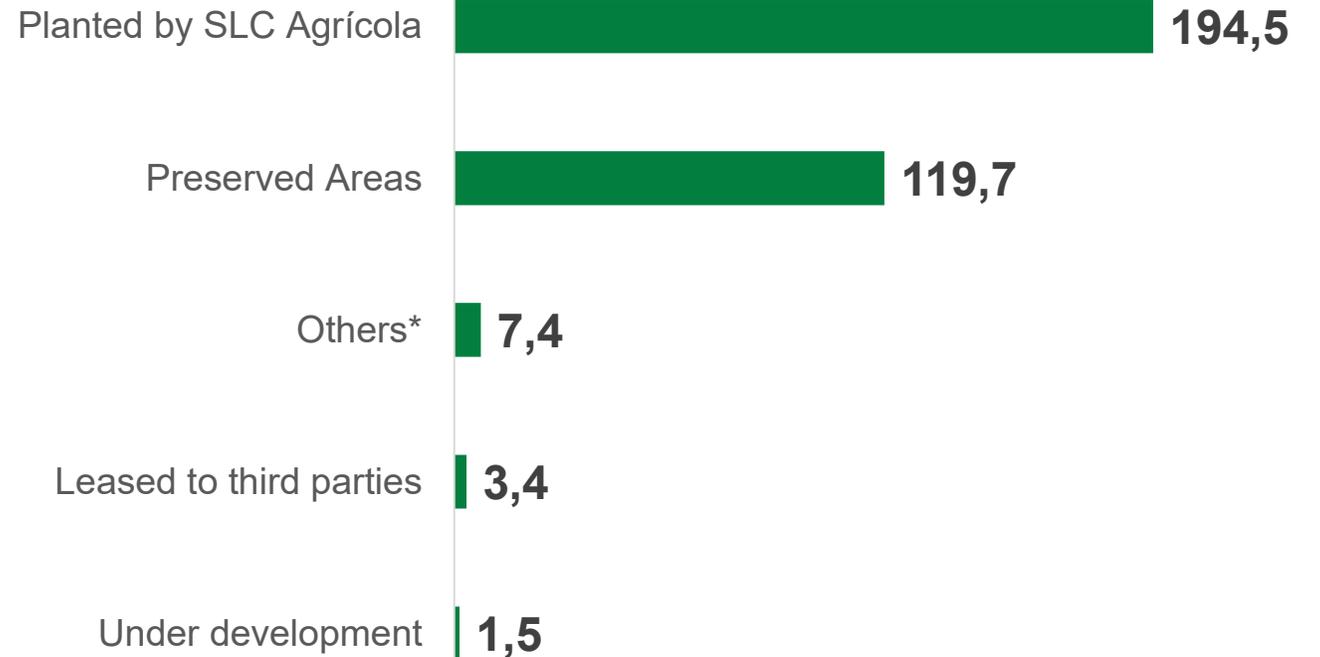
We are experienced land player with a owned planted

326.5 thd ha



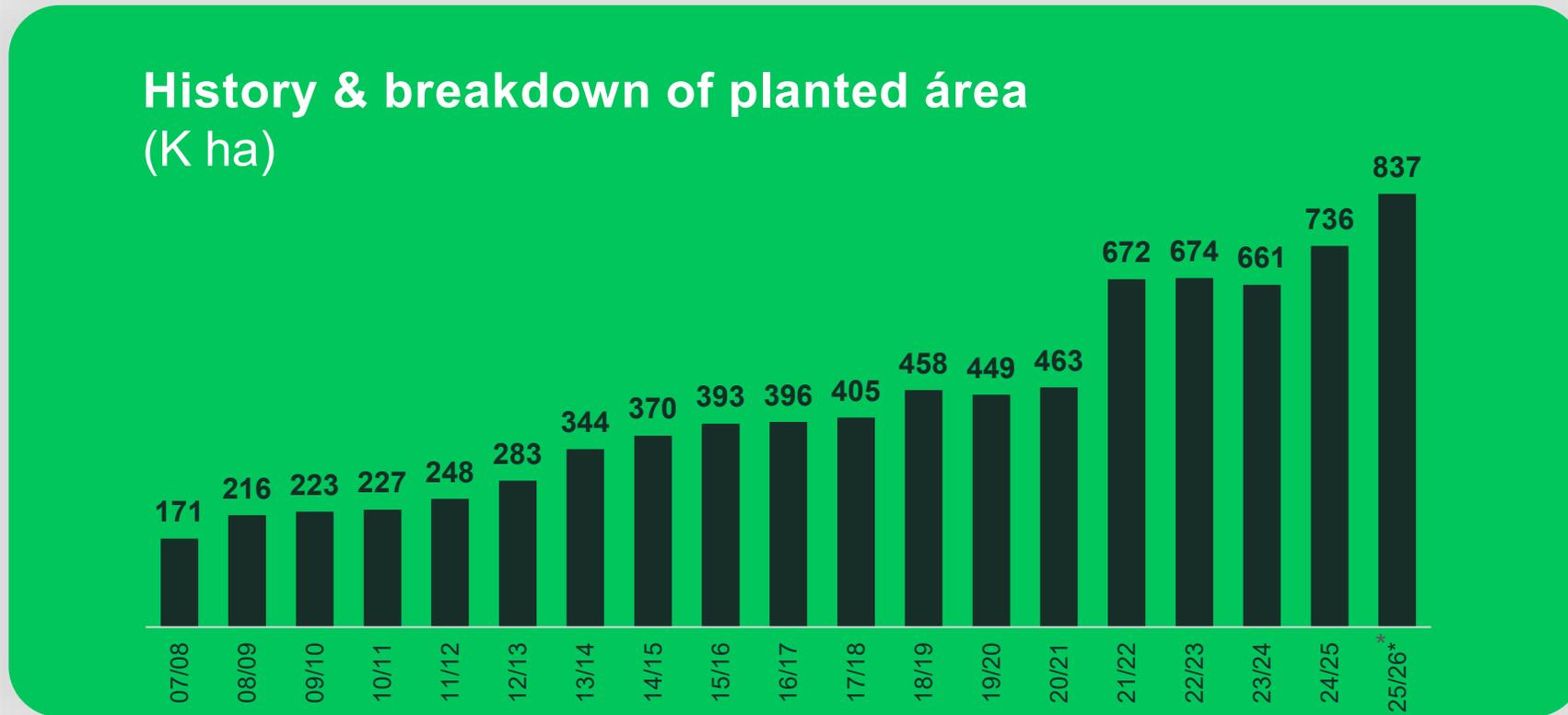
60%

Own planted area



*Fallow land, Infrastructure, airstrip, service roads and roads

Our hybrid approach increases return on capital



Strategically positioned Farms

A portfolio resilient to climatic variations

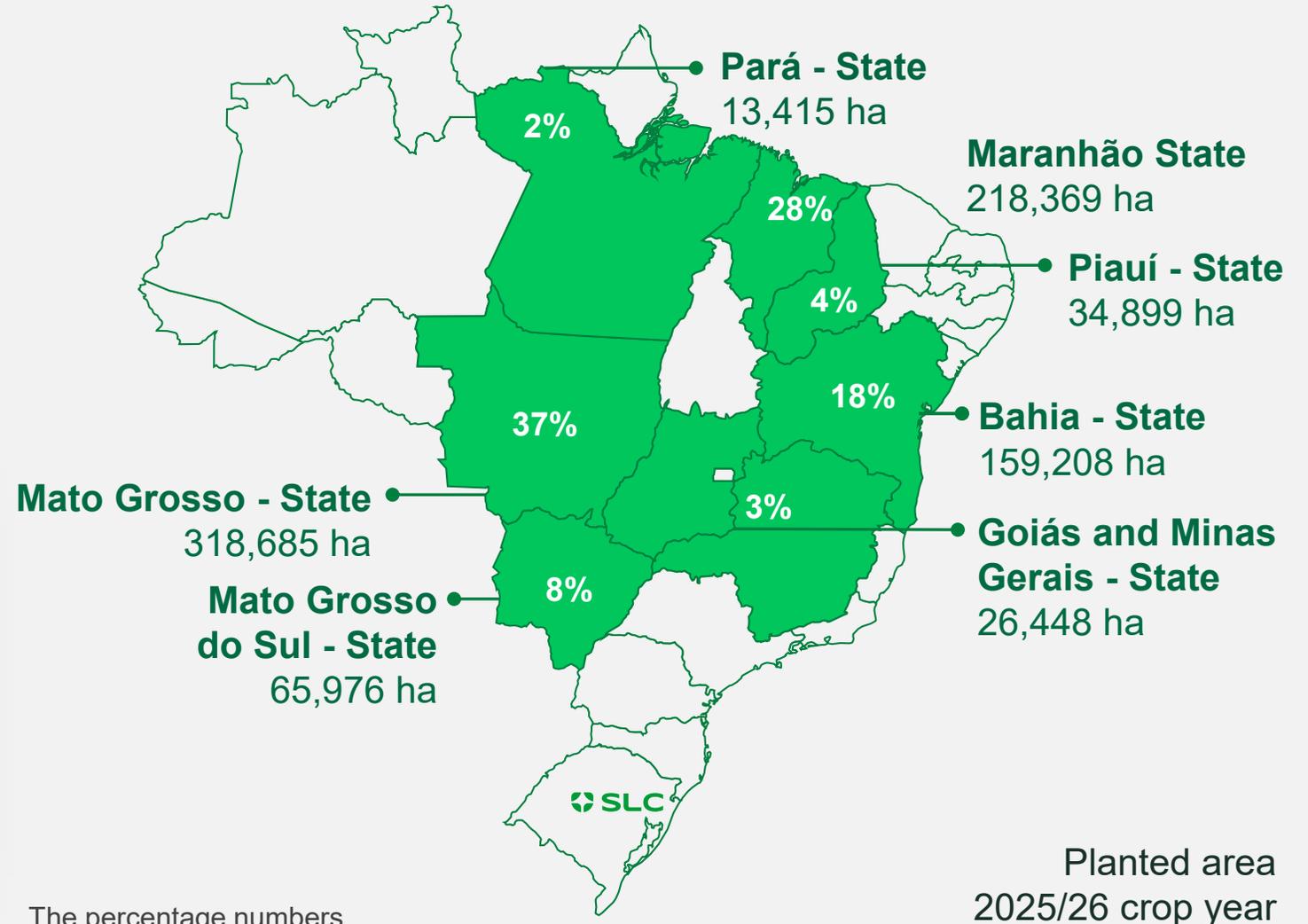


26 Farms

distributed throughout the Brazilian *cerrado*



3.4% of total physical area is irrigated



The percentage numbers represent the planted area of each region in relation to the Company's total.

Planted area 2025/26 crop year

837 K ha

Managing weather risks



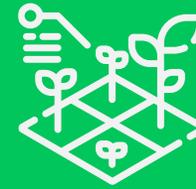
Geographic positioning

SLC Farms are **distributed within 8 different states**, with distances that reach **1,500km between units**



Crop

Exposure to **three different crops**, with specific planting/ harvesting schedules.



Varieties within crops

Several different varieties are used, from short to long cycles, and with specific traits/benefits for each region.

Cycle



Super short



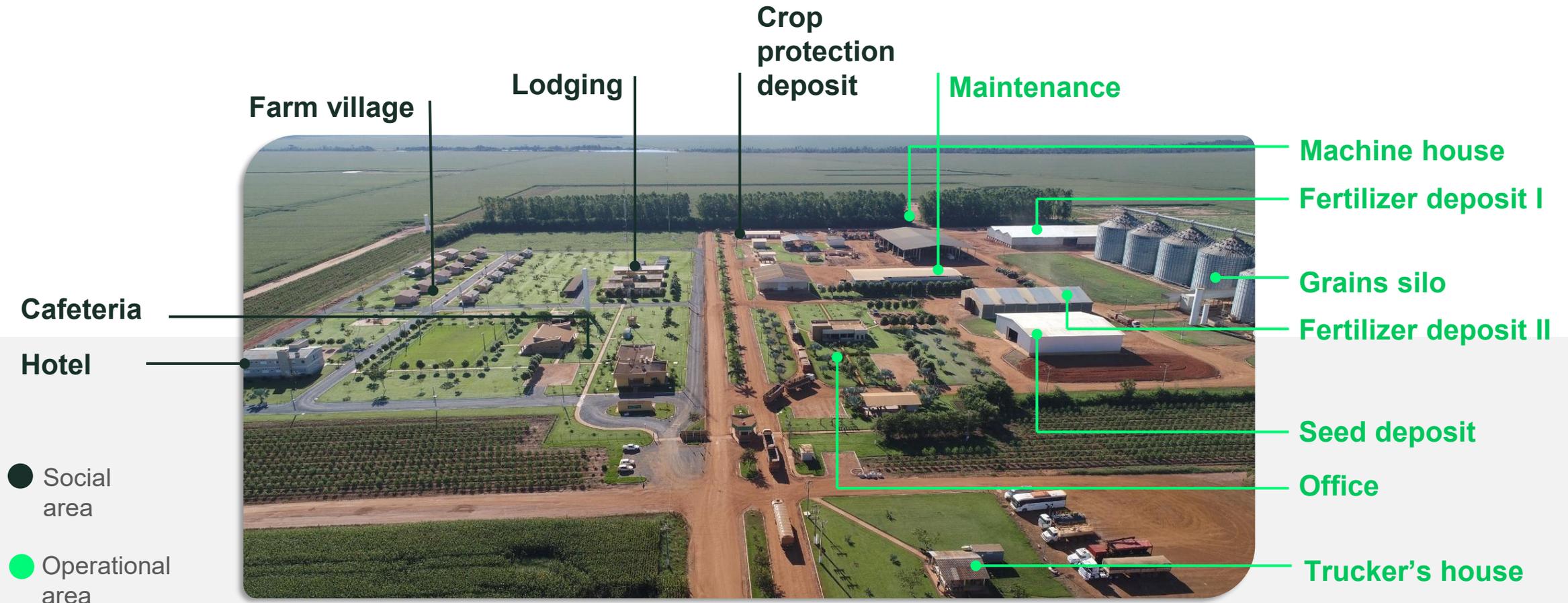
Short



Normal

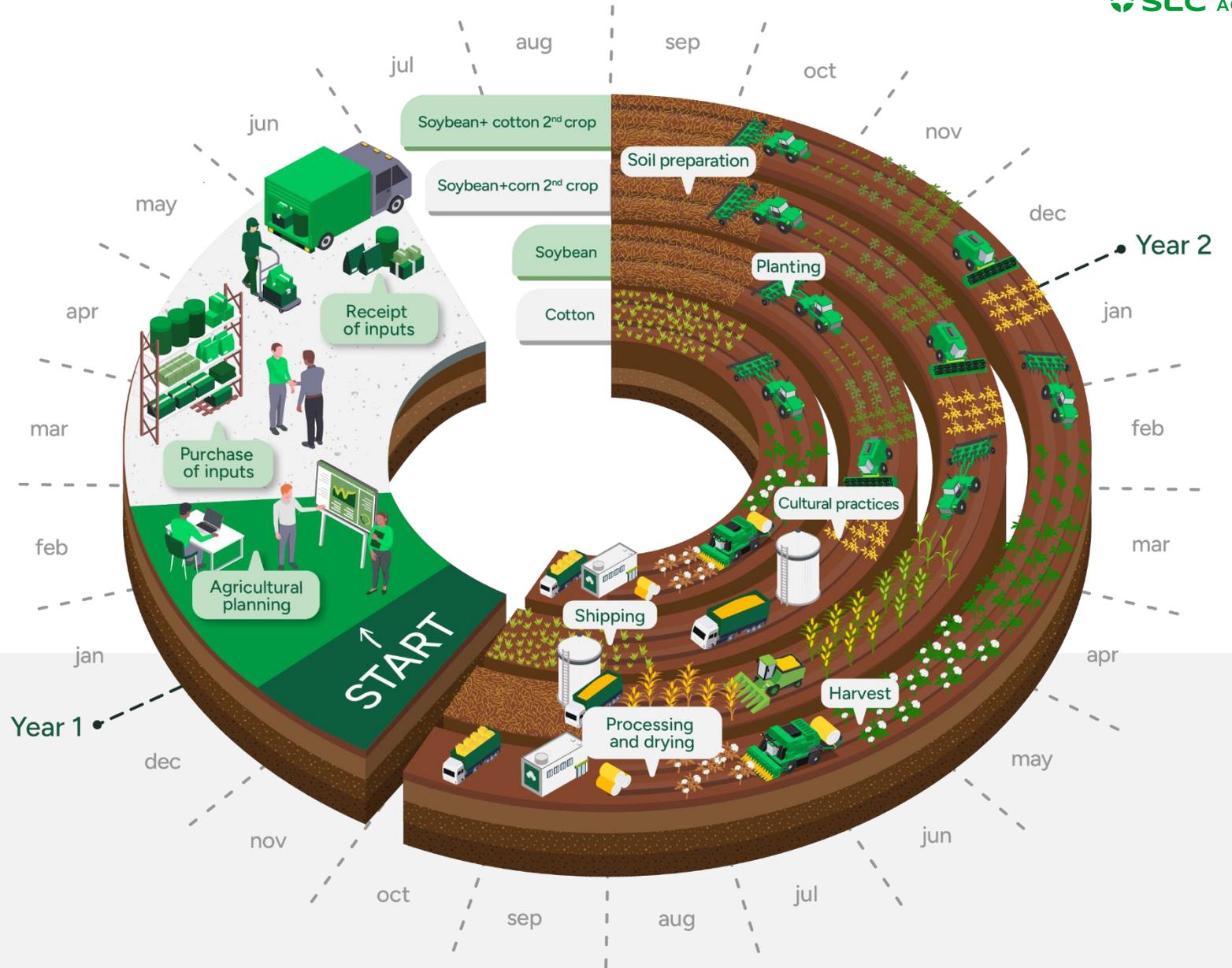
Standardized production units

A replicable model – Pioneira Farm



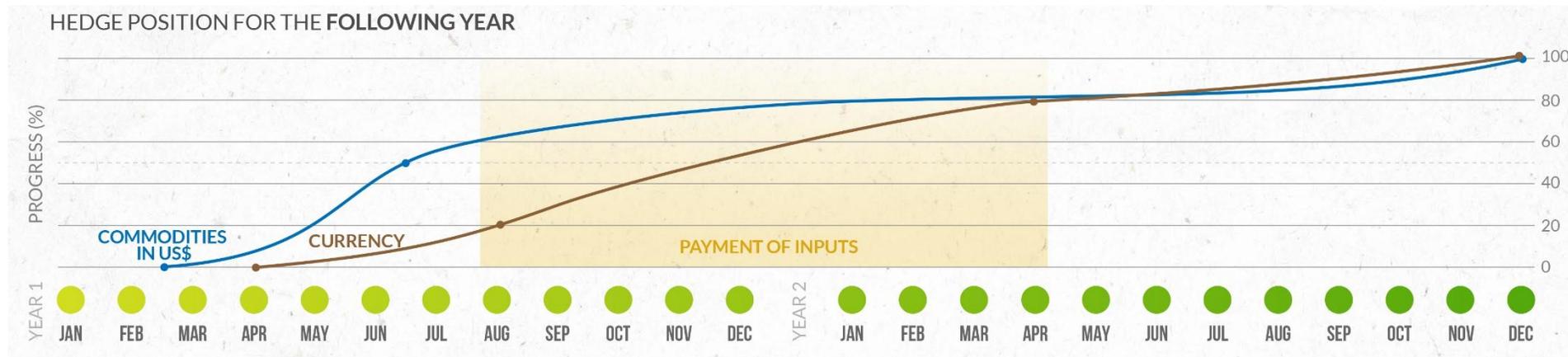
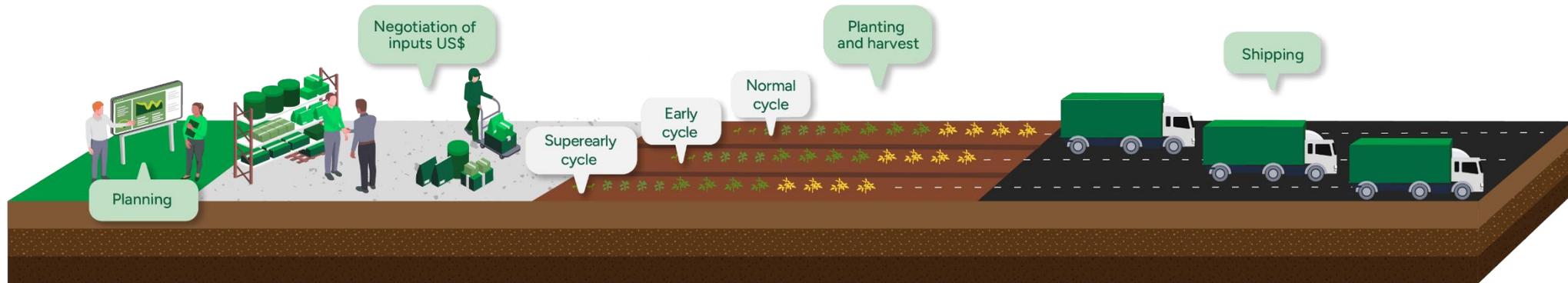
Production cycle

Specific planting & harvesting calendars for each crop reduce weather exposure.



Hedging policy

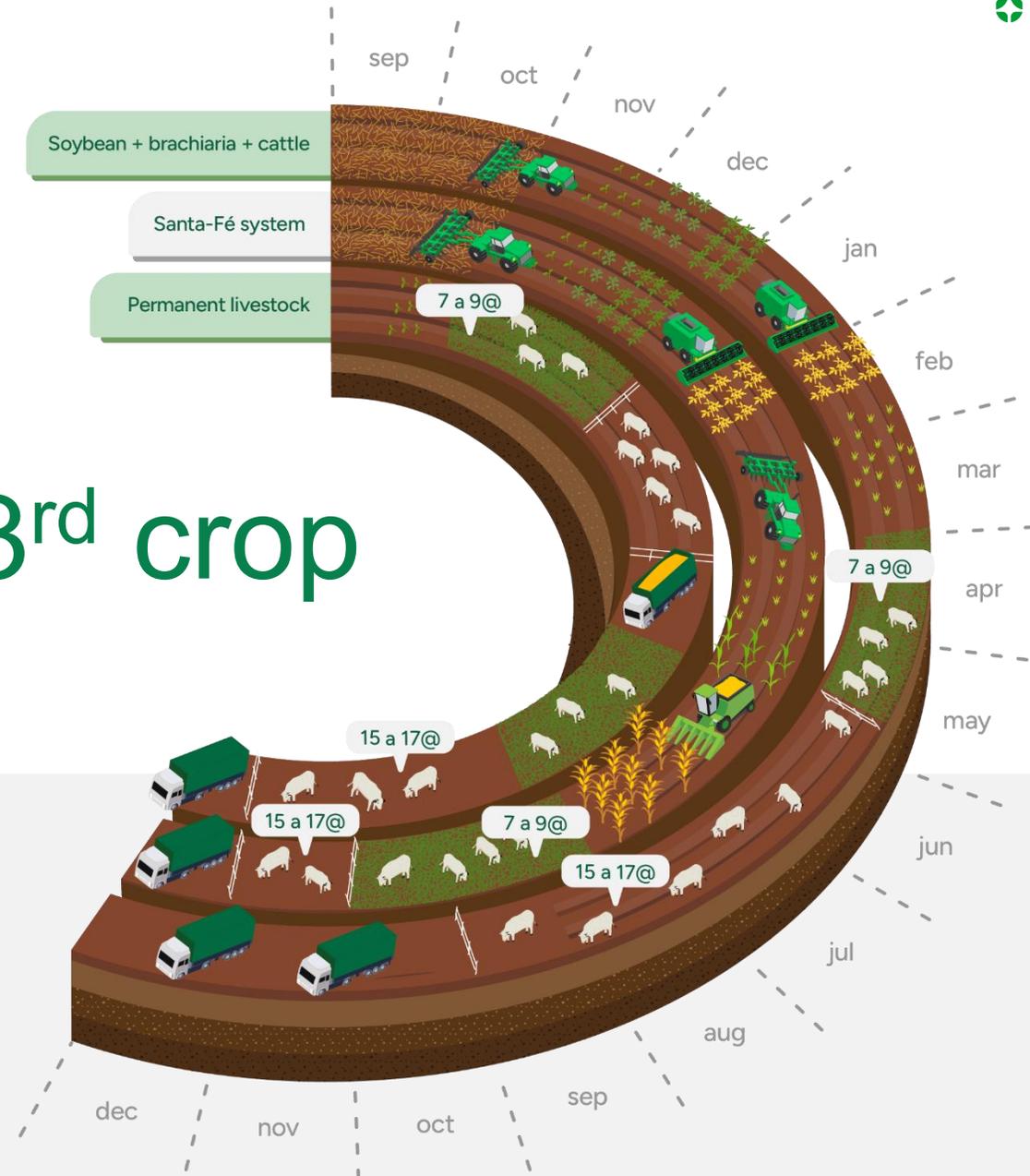
Exemple: soybean crop



Crop-livestock integration



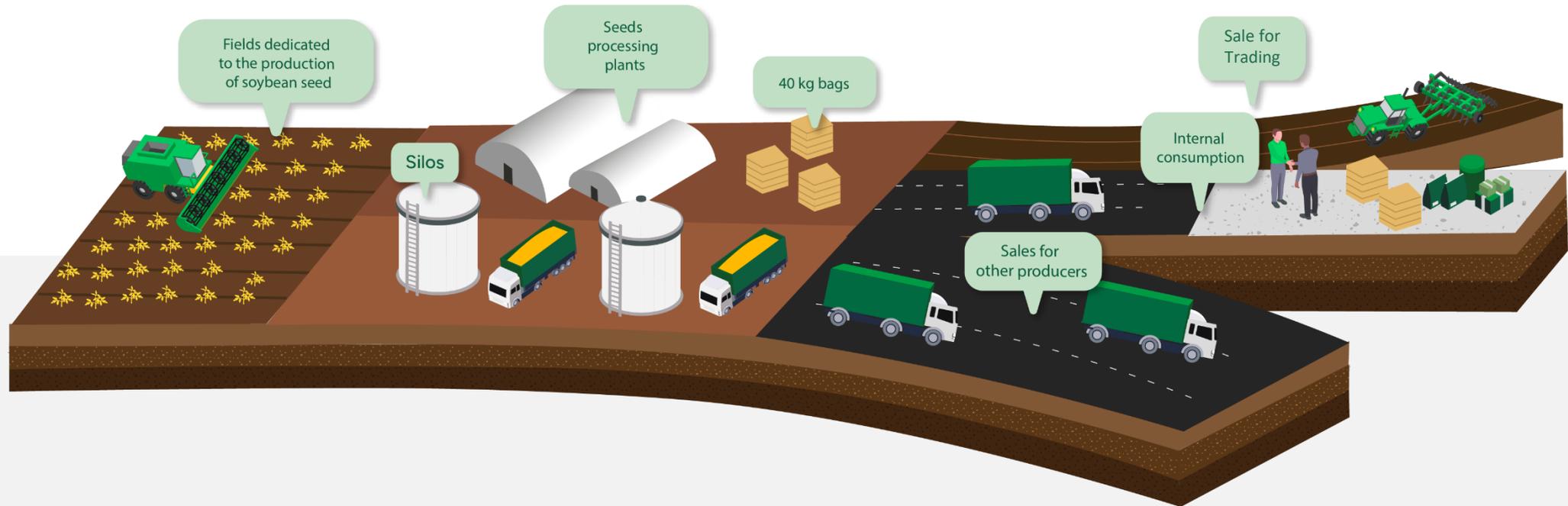
3rd crop



Soybean seed cycle



Seed grain



Grain for consumption

2

Strategy

Where're we going



Our strategy in 3 phases

SLC has excellently capitalized on the key opportunities in Brazilian agribusiness over the past decades



Migration to asset-light model

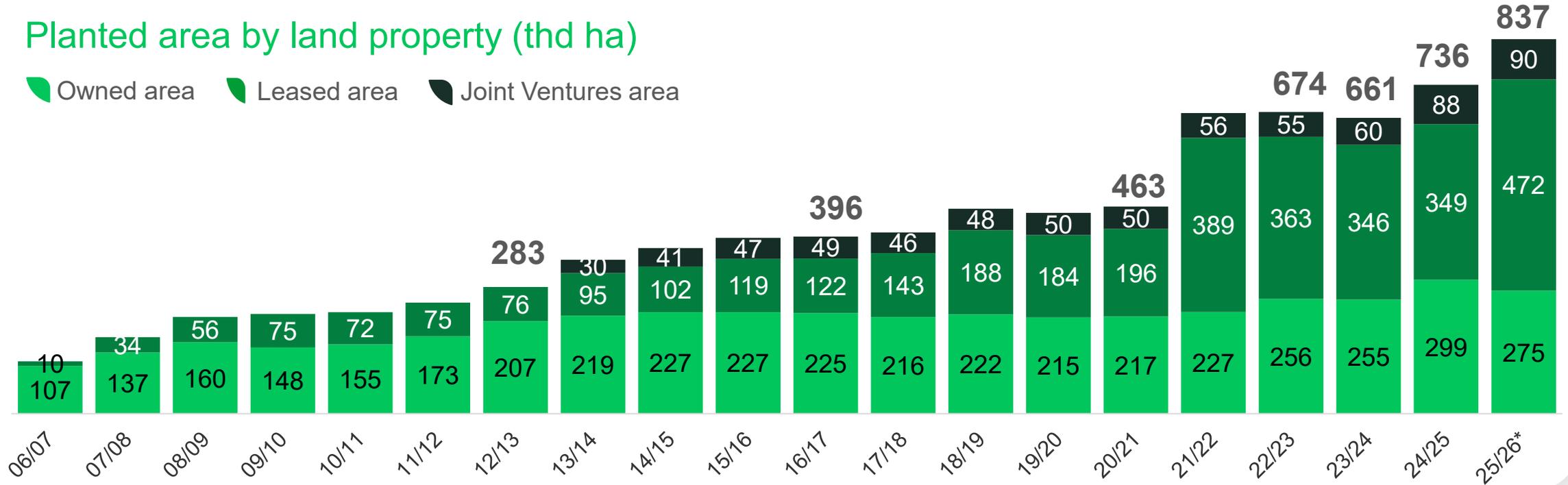
In the 2025/2026 crop year:

65% of physical area comes from leasing & joint ventures (1st crop)



Planted area by land property (thd ha)

Owned area Leased area Joint Ventures area



Source: 4Q25 Release

*Forecast

The Company considers the leased area as: leased area of the first crop plus the first crop area of the Joint Ventures, divided by the total planted area of the first crop = 65%

Asset efficiency

Maximizing asset utilization



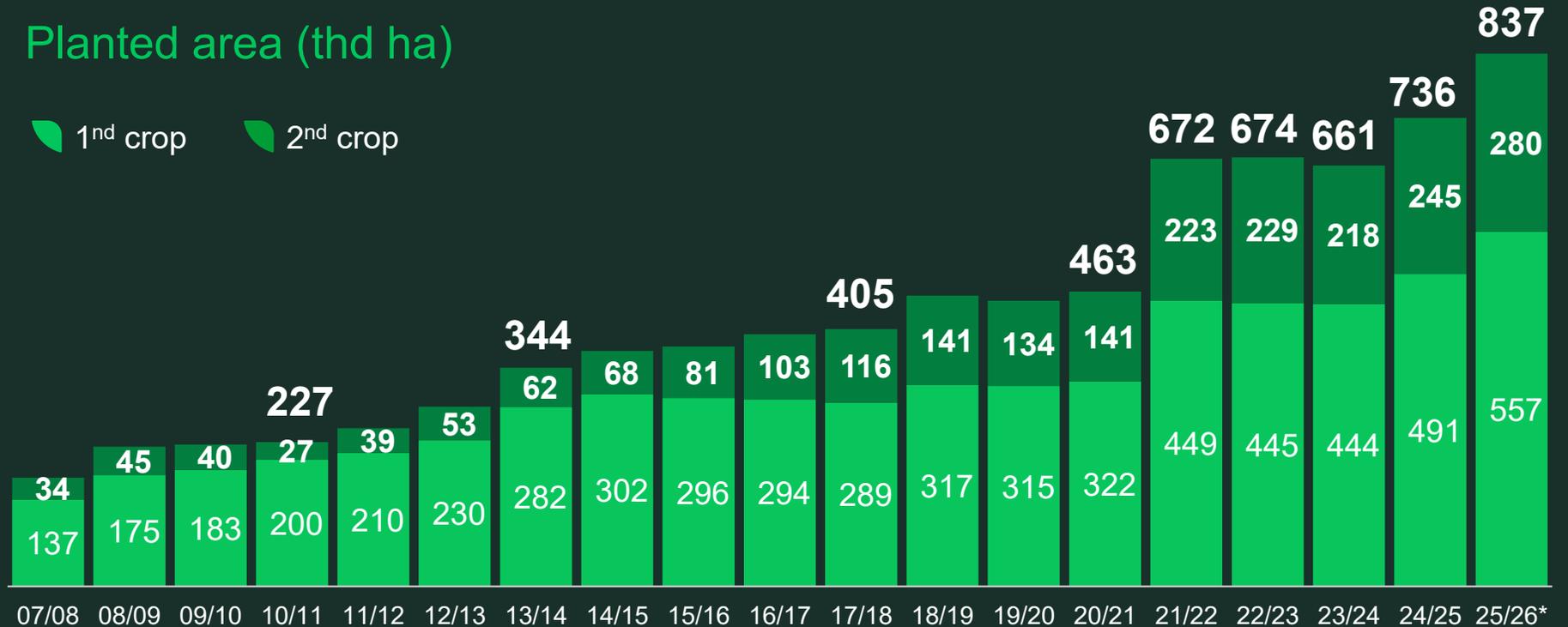
2nd crop represents **50.3%** of 1st crop area



3rd Integrated Crop Livestock

Planted area (thd ha)

1st crop 2nd crop



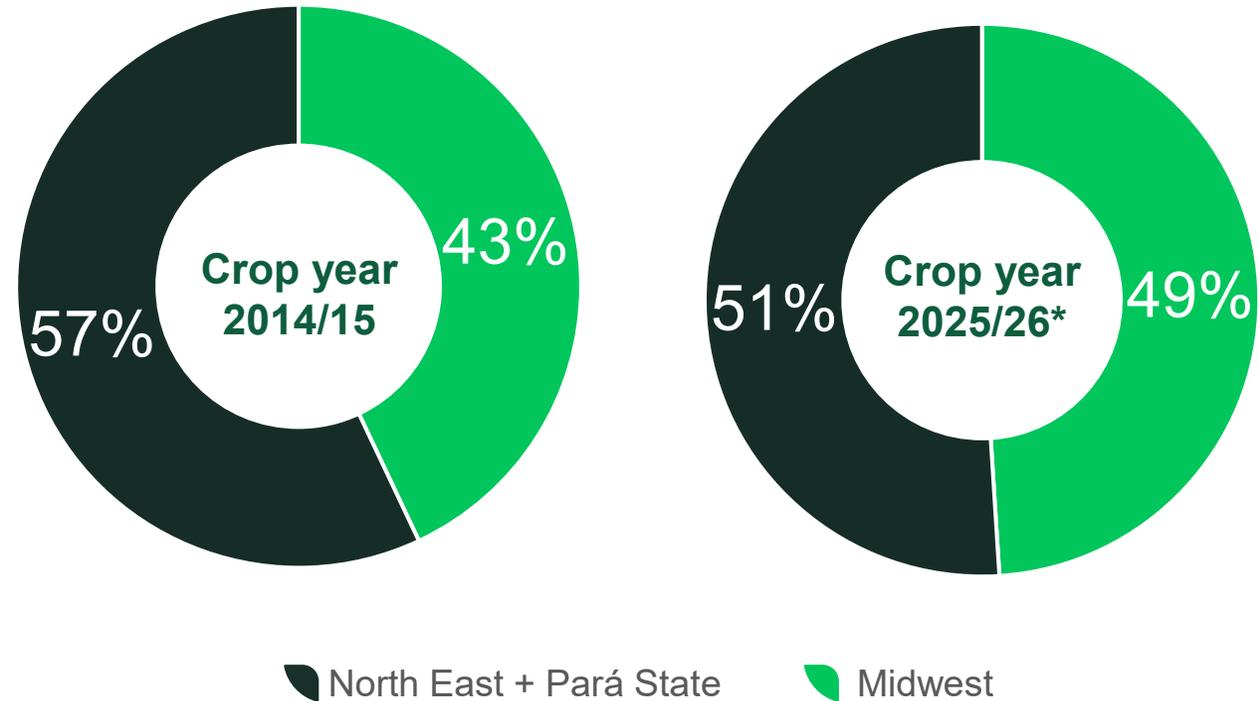
Source: 4Q25 Release
*Forecast

Land portfolio strategic redistribution

Increasing exposure in **mature areas** of the Midwest, which offers a more stable production

Source: 4Q25 Release

Planted area by region



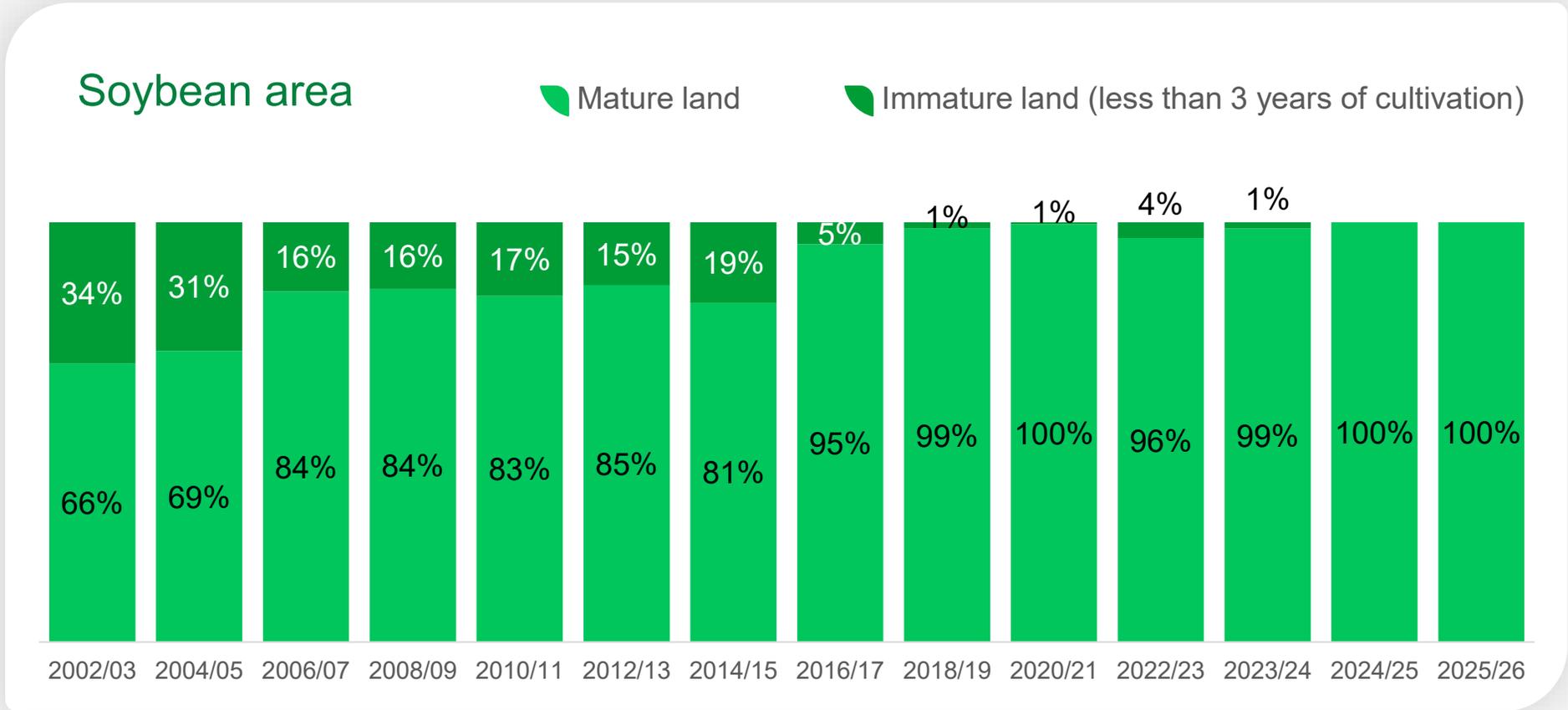
*Forecast.

Maturity

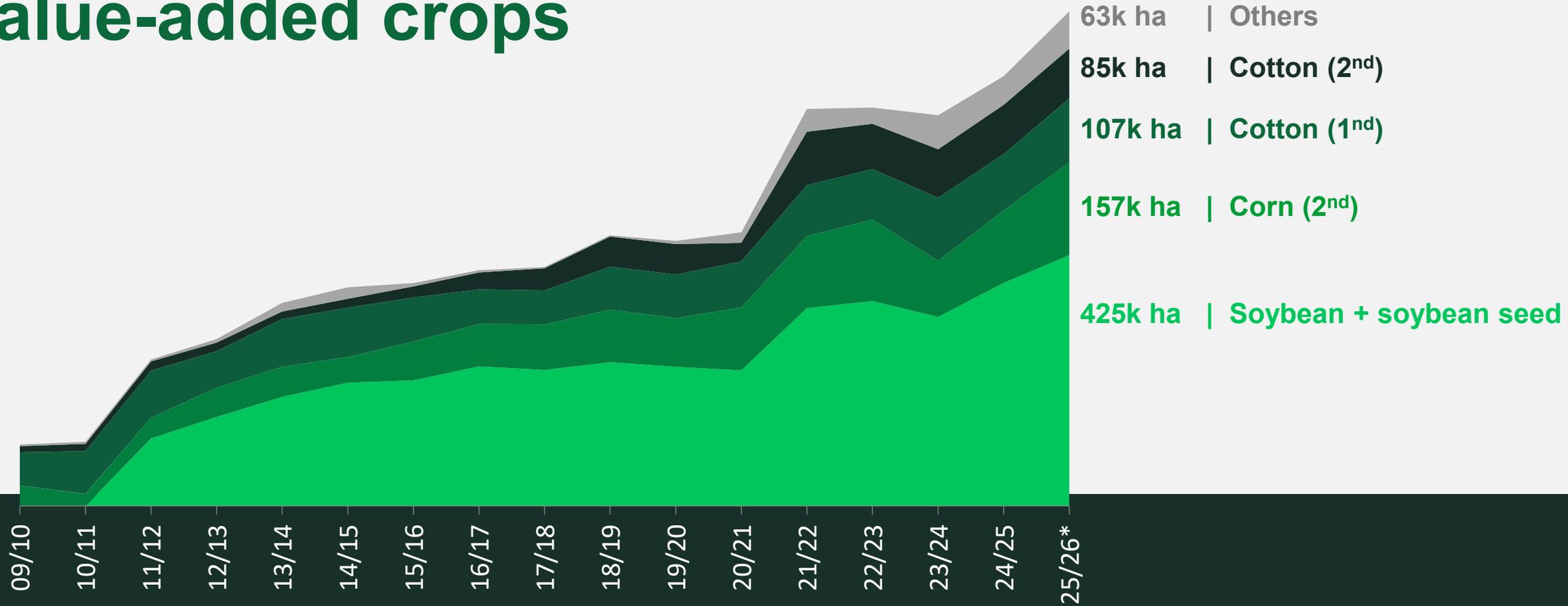
100% mature



Improved land maturity **significantly increases** yield potential (soybean area).



Growth in higher value-added crops



Source: 4Q25 Release

*Forecast.

Cotton: own and innovative system

Cotton process

Data

- **Visual grading** (color, brightness and level of impurities).
- **HVI results** (Physical characteristics are tested in certified laboratories).

Software SLC

Cross-referencing data and creating even-running batches



Physical formation of batches at each farm



Even-running batches ready for shipment



Why this is important:

Even-running cotton batches provide value for textile industry clients, once it reduces the amount of spinning-machine setups (This enabling price premiums).

Cotton: own and innovative system

Batch formation:

1

Cotton “Module”
identification (RFID
tagging) on the field
(GPS positioning)



2

Group positioning
of the modules on
the ginning patio



3

Reading of programmed
modules
at start of the
ginning process



4

Humidity control
throughout the whole
ginning process



Cotton harvested presents important variations in its characteristics, even before ginning.

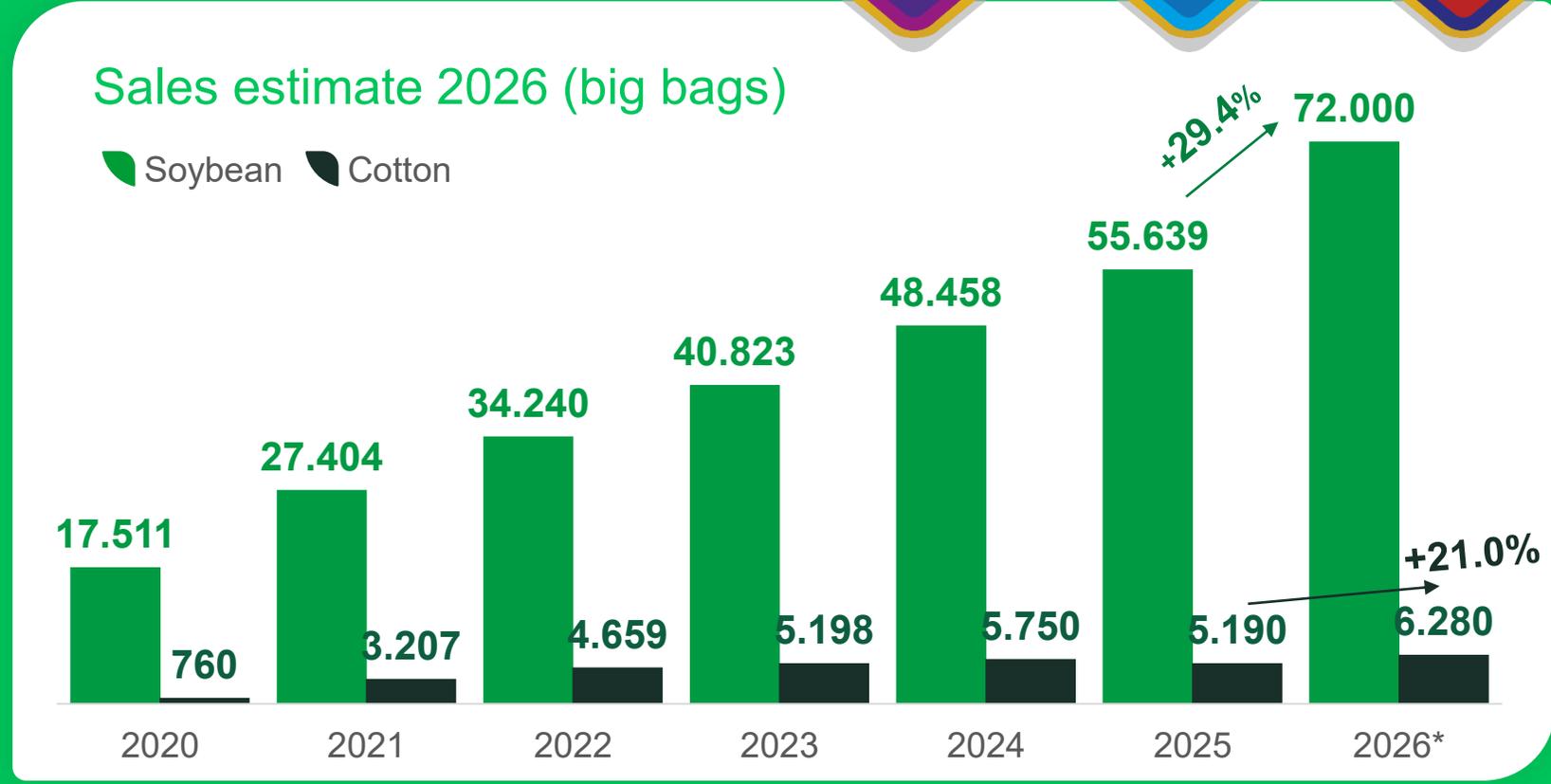
The processes described above, developed by **SLC Agrícola**, allows for the categorization of cotton on the field, to which follows the formation of uniform ginning groups, thus streamlining the activities on the cotton gin, guaranteeing higher efficiency (reduction on machine setup), and, especially, increase in quality and standardization of batches.

SLC SEMENTES



CAGR Soybean Seed until 2025:
26.0%

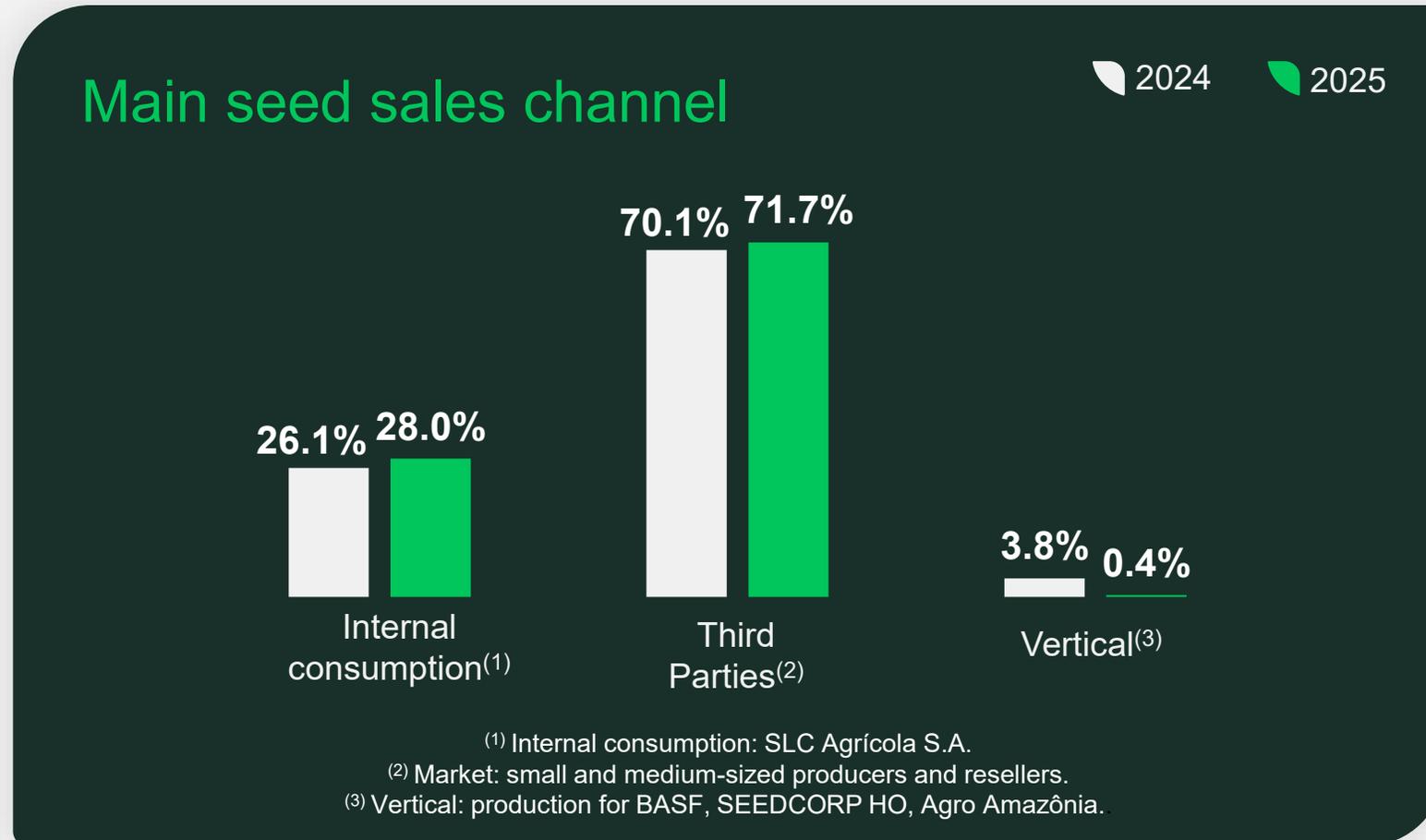
CAGR Cotton Seed until 2025:
46.8%



Source: Release 4Q25.

*Forecast

Seeds operation



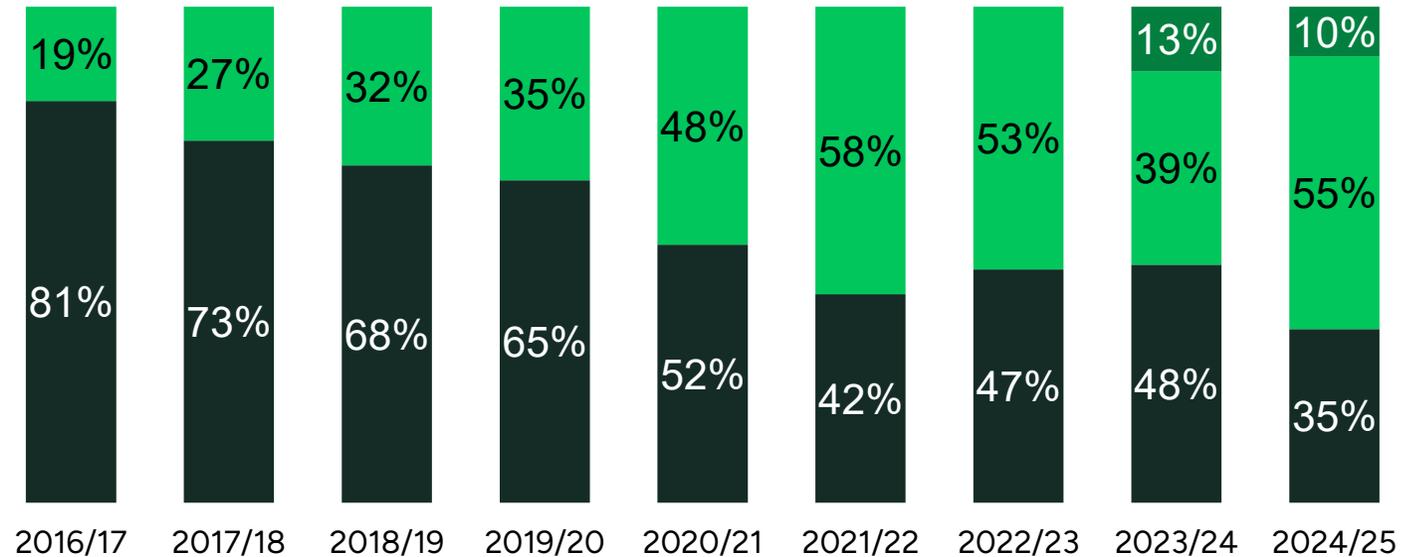
Migration to asset-light business model

Soybean harvest outsourcing reduces capex.



Update: 2024/25 crop year

Soybean harvest



Own
Own machines and operators

Outsourced
Rented machines and operators

Asset light
Leased machines, own operators

Capital allocation



**Growth in
mature areas with
high productive
potential**



**Pasture
conversion**



**Dividend
payment**

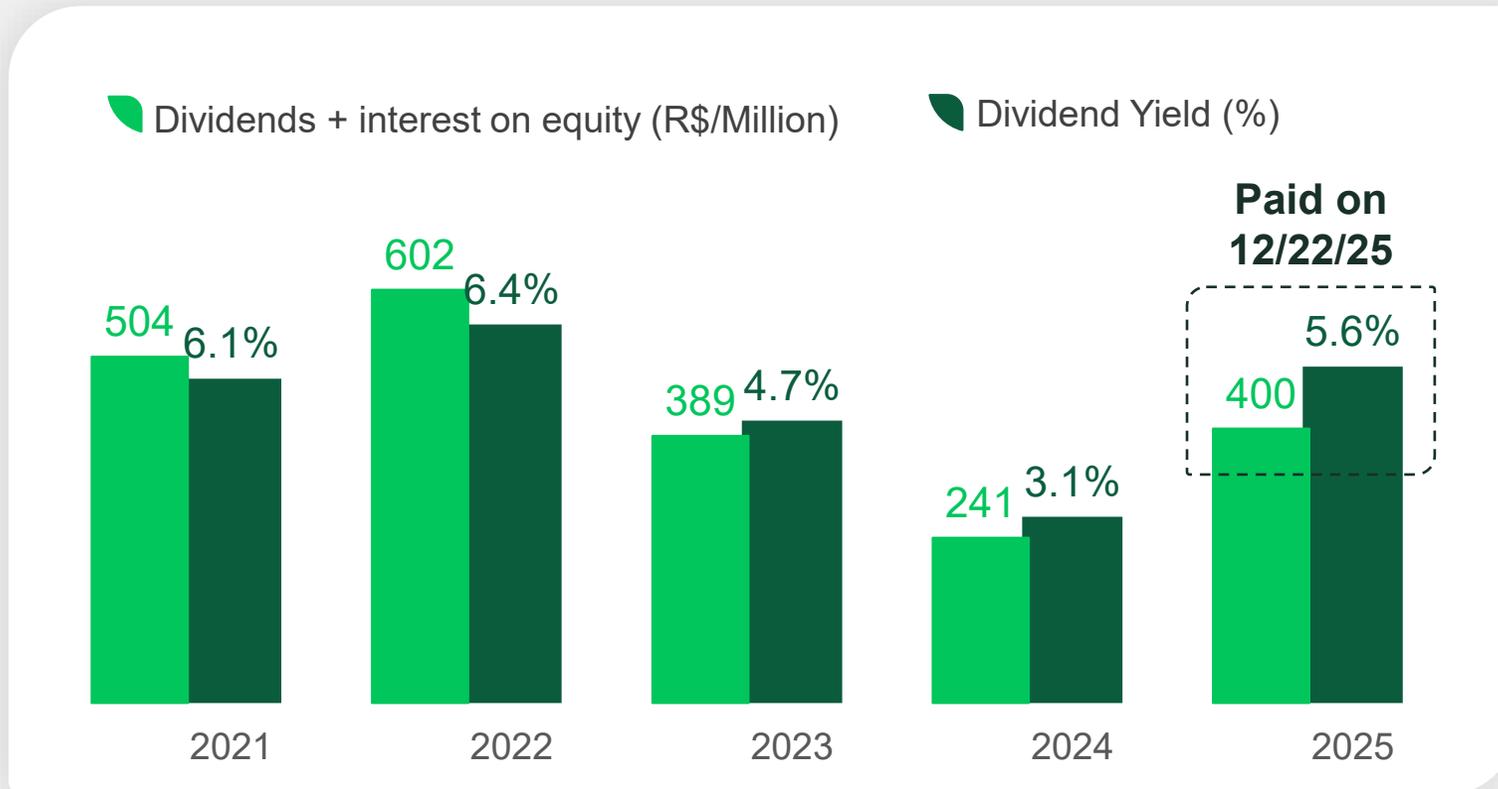


**Shares
buyback**



**New
projects**

Dividend distribution & Dividend Yield history



Dividend Yield average last 5 years:

5.2%



Total dividends paid in the last 5 years:

R\$ 2.1 billion

Dividend Yield 2025 calculated based on the share price on 12/31/2025.

Dividends Policy:

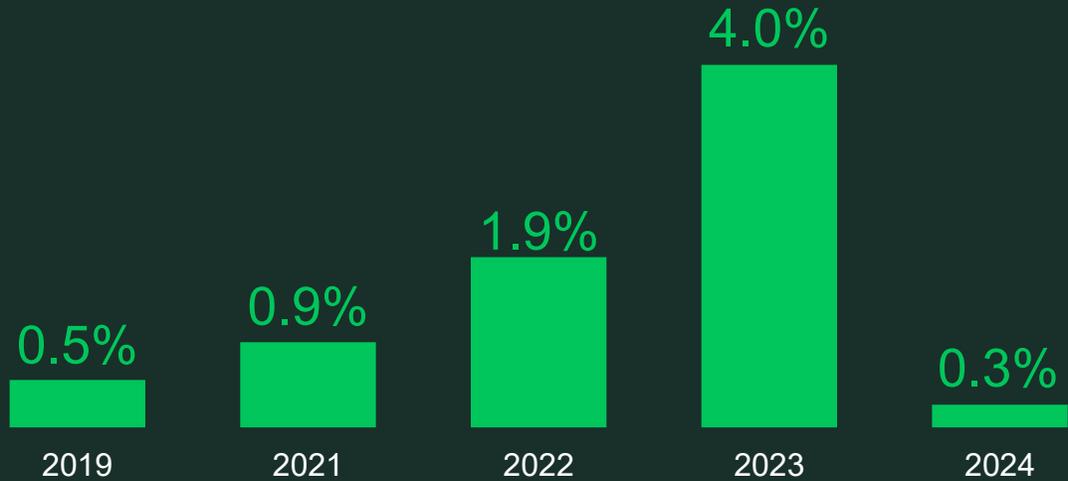
- 2007-2010: 25%
- 2011-2013: 40%
- 2015-2024: 50%
- 2025: 76%

Note: Dividends, amount distributed and/or proposed for the fiscal year.

Sharebuyback

(million of shares)

Percentages calculated in relation to the total shares issued by the company



The share buyback program of **10 million shares (2.3%)**, approved in November 2025*.



Between 2019 to 2024, **3.9% of issued shares** were repurchased.

*Source: Material Fact on november 6th, 2025.

Association SLC Agrícola x FIPs

- Strategy
- Structure
- Project location and schedule



Strategy



Monetizing the land
at market price.

**Agricultural
partnership
agreement**

Maximizing
operational
efficiency through
**irrigation
projects.**

Payment:
19% of agricultural
production

Term: 18 years

Association Agreement

 **SLC AGRÍCOLA**

50.01%

Subscription of Piratini
Farm and irrigation
infrastructure

 **btg pactual** *

49.99%

FIPs

R\$1.033 billion

Irrigation project and location

+70.07%
increase in
irrigated area
compared to the
physical area.

➤ Piratini: 18,052

➤ Paladino: 21,471

39,523

1st crop

➤ Piratini: 13,204

➤ Paladino: 14,730

27,934

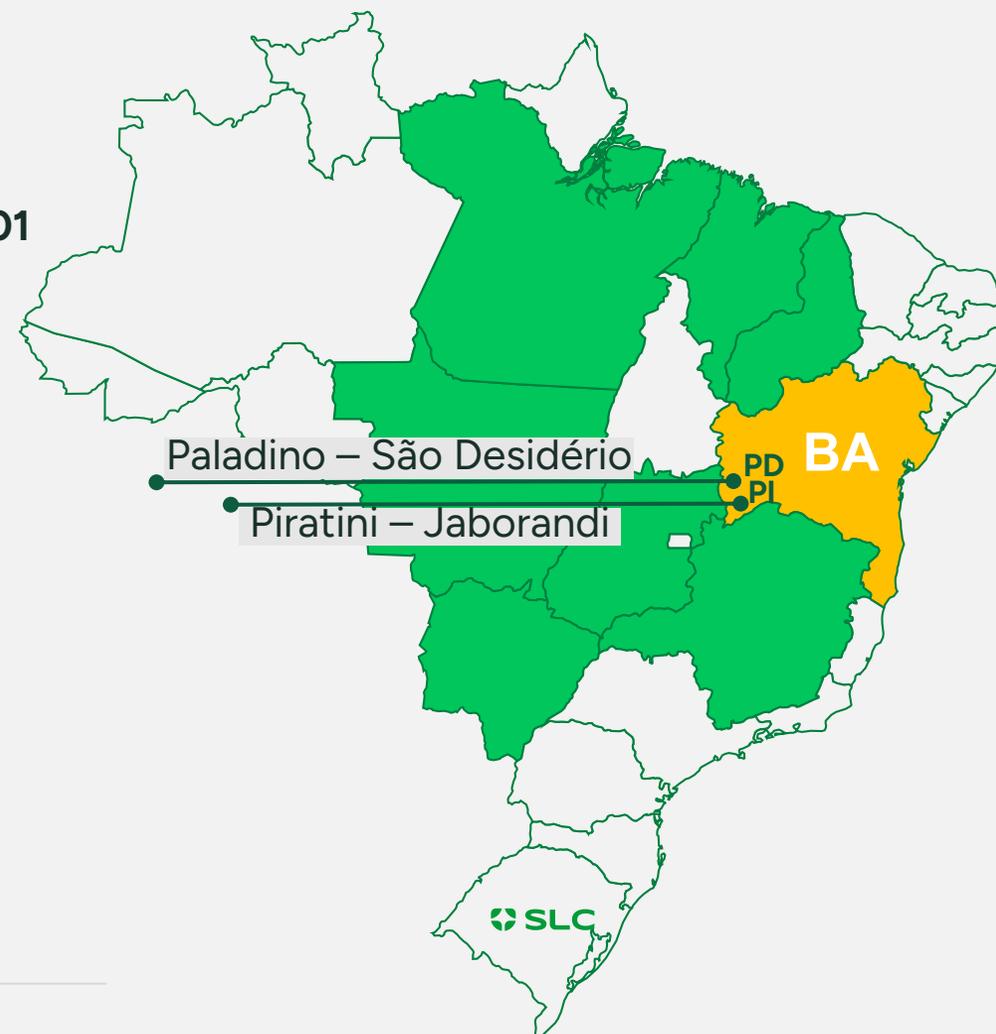
Irrigated

➤ Piratini: 31,256

➤ Paladino: 36,201

67,457

Total planted



3

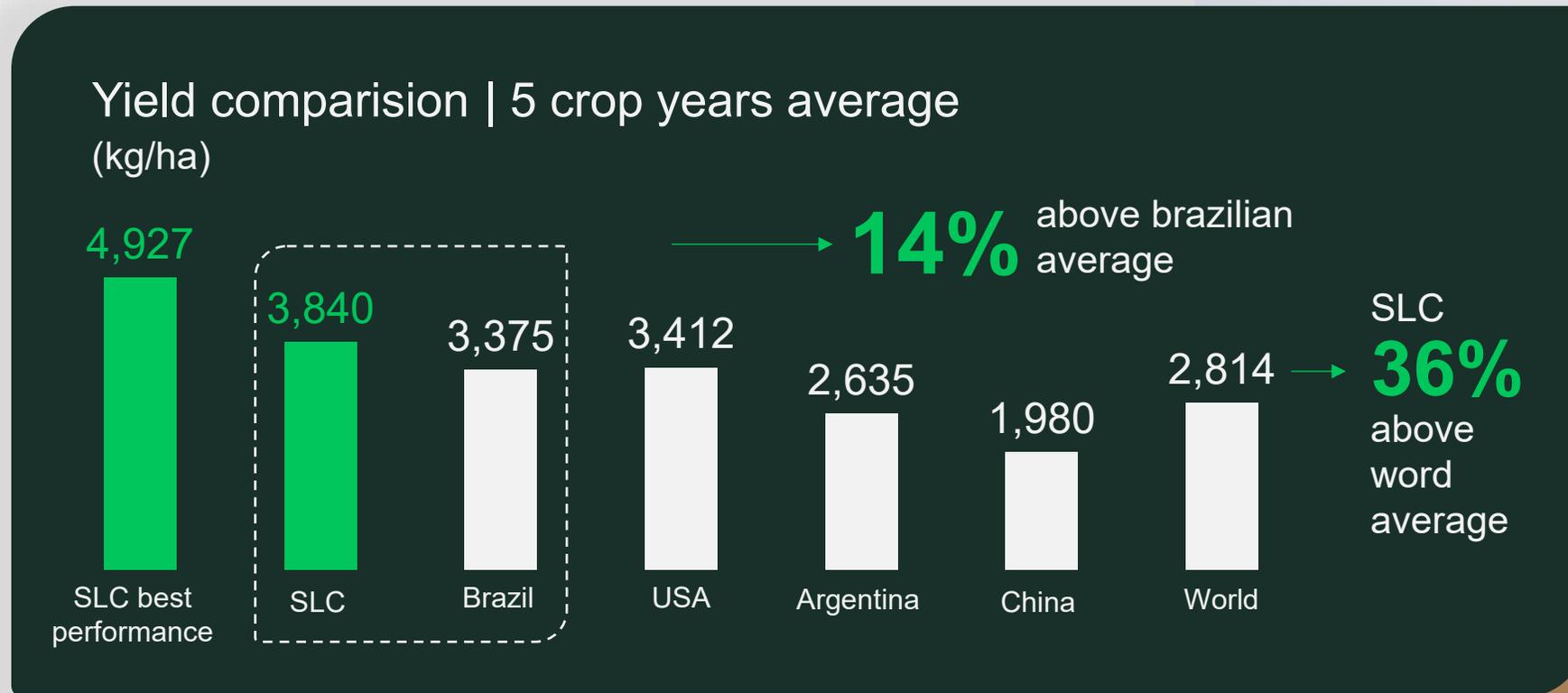
Operating performance



Yield advantage over the average | Soybean

One of the main competitiveness measures

Average: 2020/21 to 2024/25

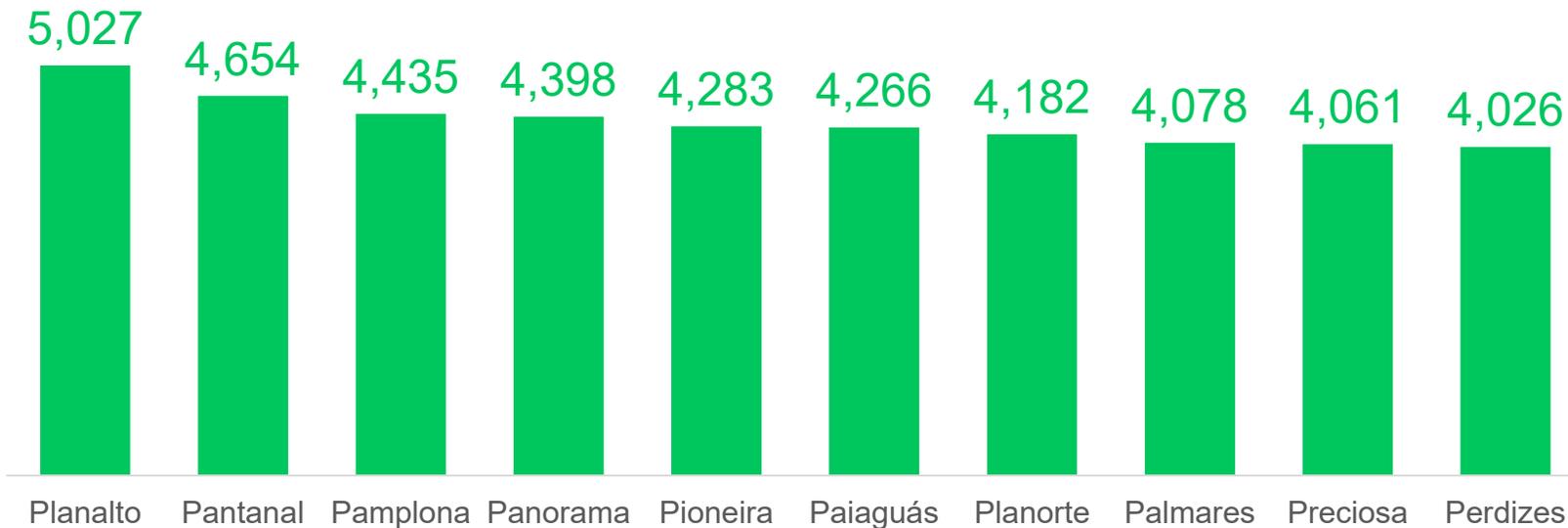


Source: USDA, CONAB and SLC Agrícola.



Potential for new levels of productivity

Farms with the best soybean crops of the 2024/25 crop year
(kg/ha)



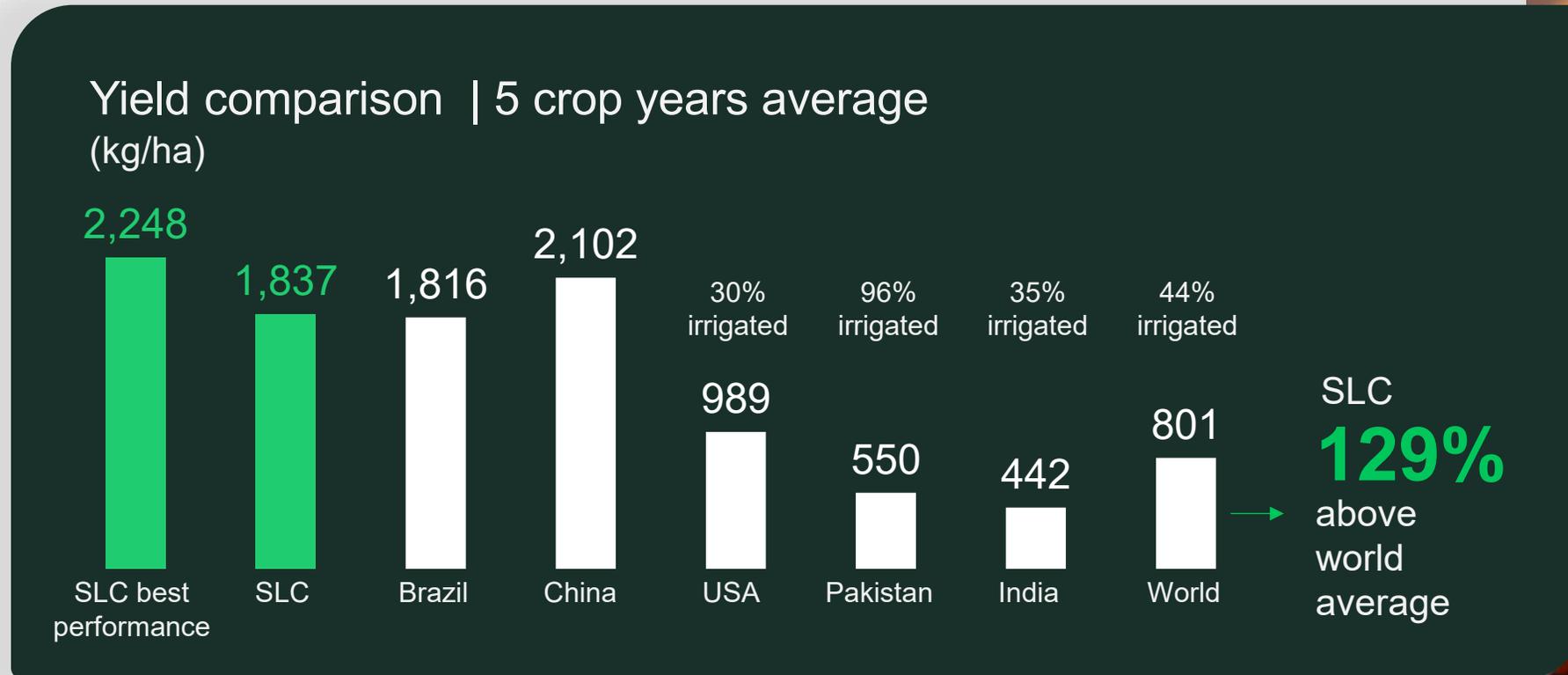
SLC Agrícola
average
yield 24/25:

3,964

Yield advantage over the average | Cotton

One of the main competitiveness measures

Average: 2020/21 to 2024/25



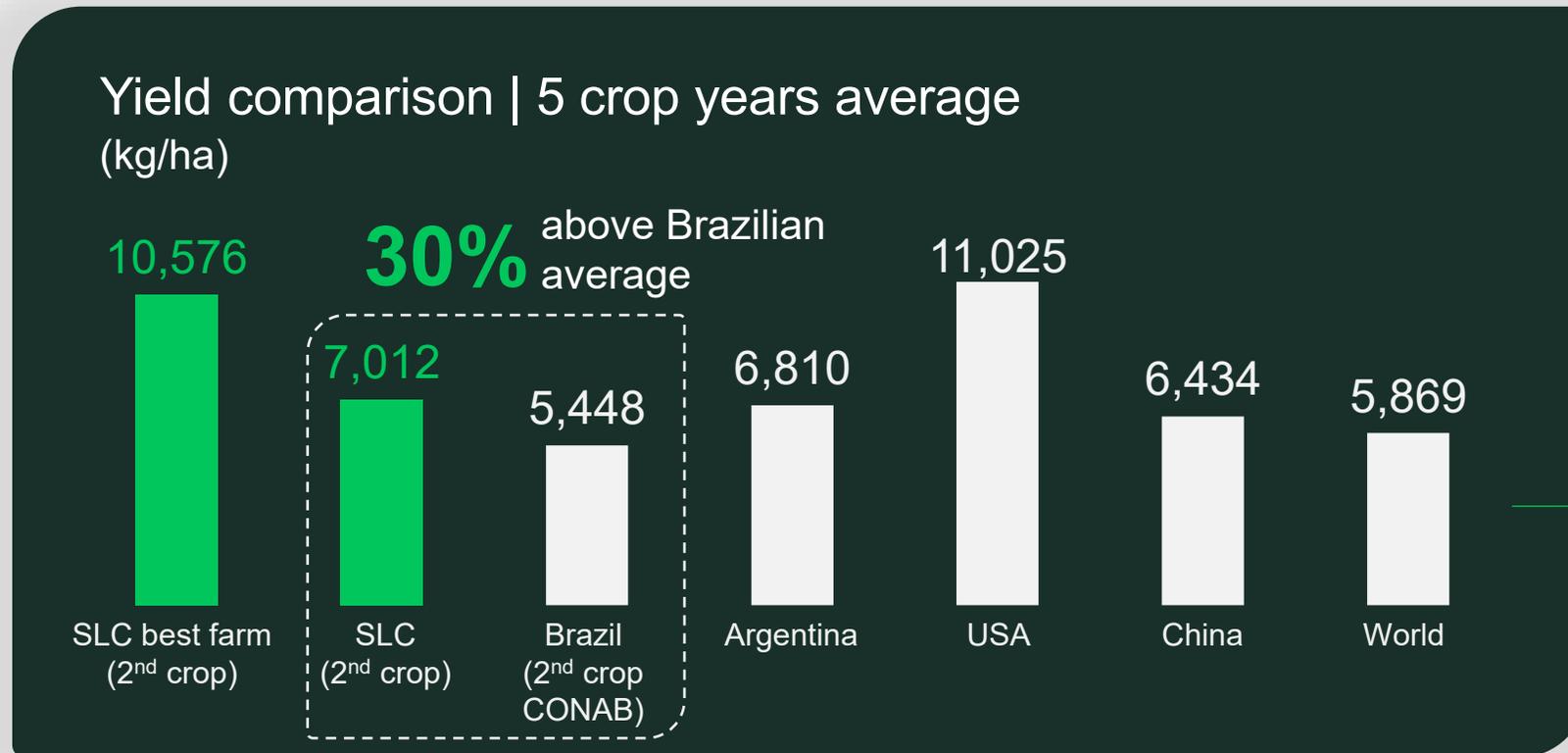
Source: USDA, CONAB, SLC Agricola and WATER FOOTPRINT IN COTTON 2020-2024: A GLOBAL ANALYSIS.



Yield advantage over the average | Corn

One of the main competitiveness measures

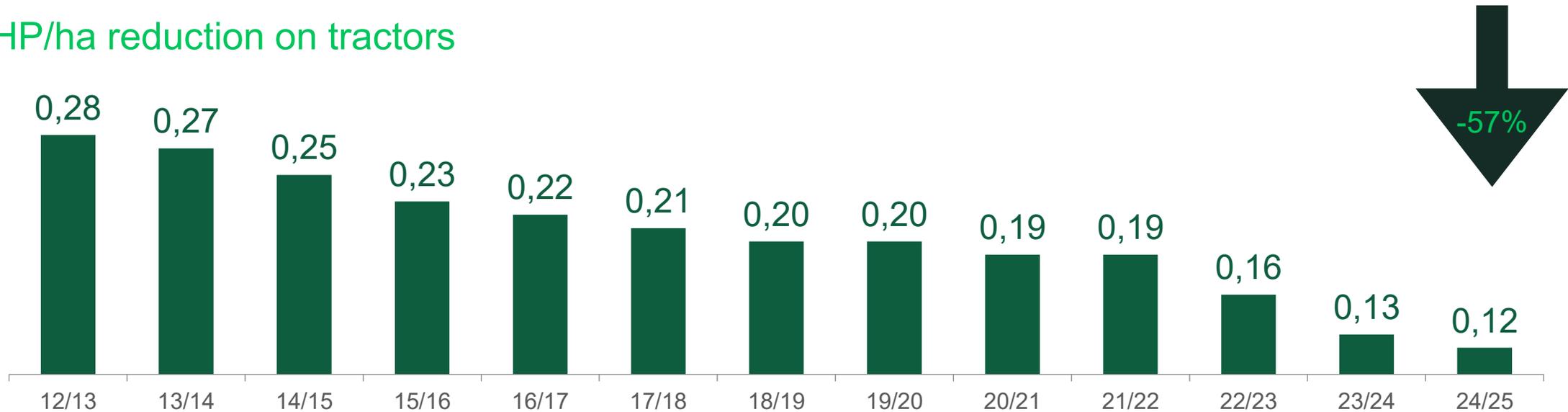
Average: 2020/21 to 2024/25



SLC
19%
above world average

Maximizing asset utilization

HP/ha reduction on tractors



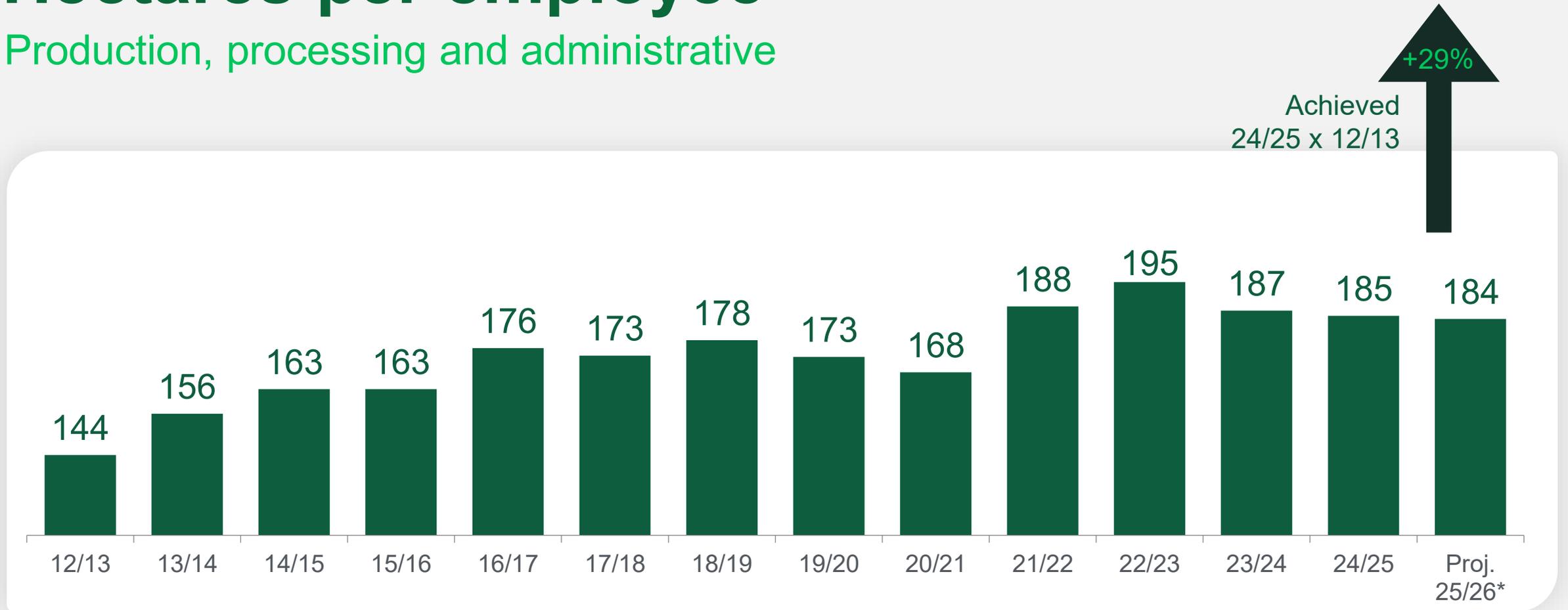
Continuous “time and movement” studies”.

Greater machine availability through improvements in maintenance KPIs.

Better machine sizing.

Hectares per employee

Production, processing and administrative



Update: Safra 2024/25.

*Forecast

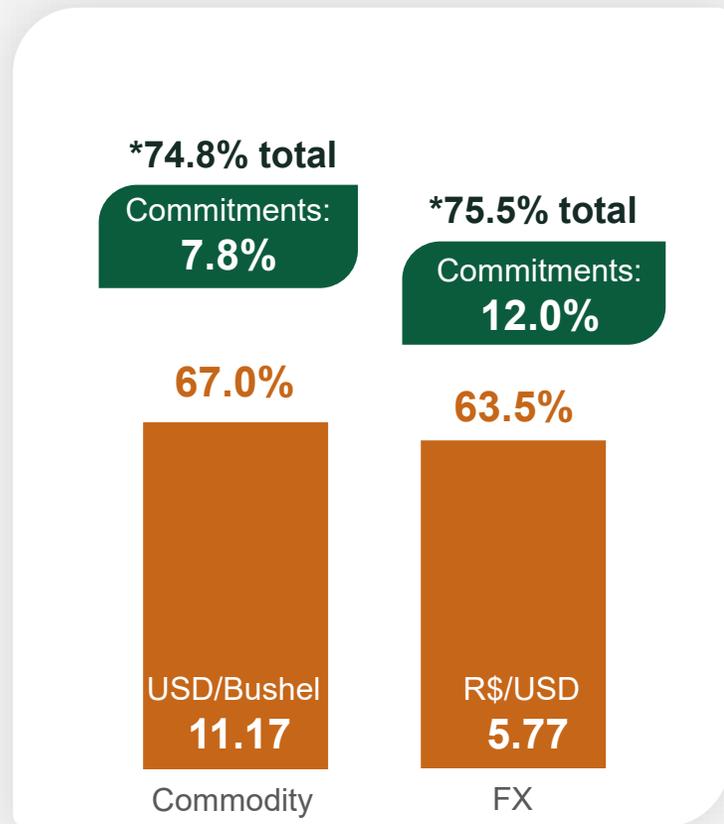
4

Financial performance

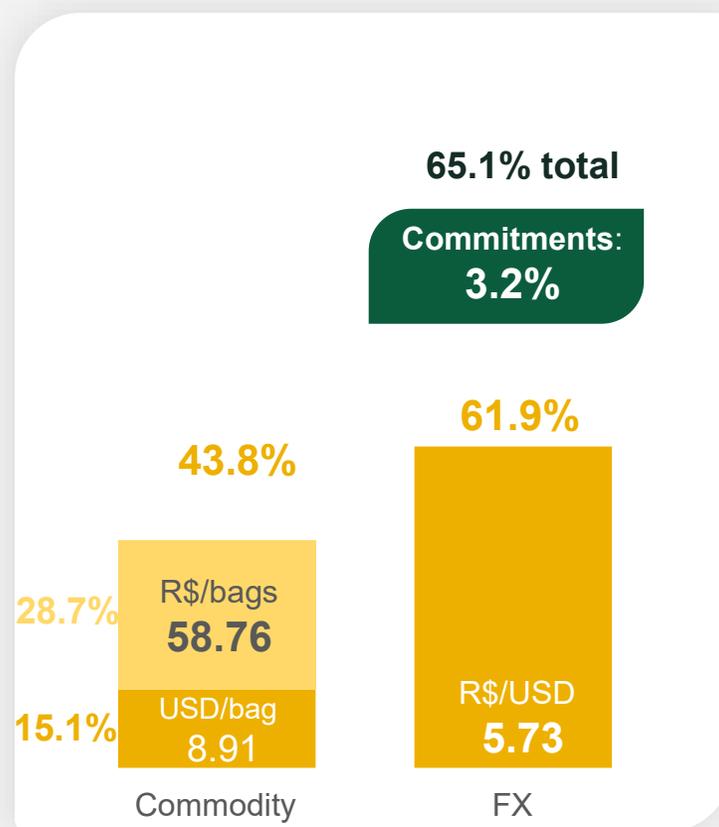


Hedge position | 2025/26

Soybean



Corn

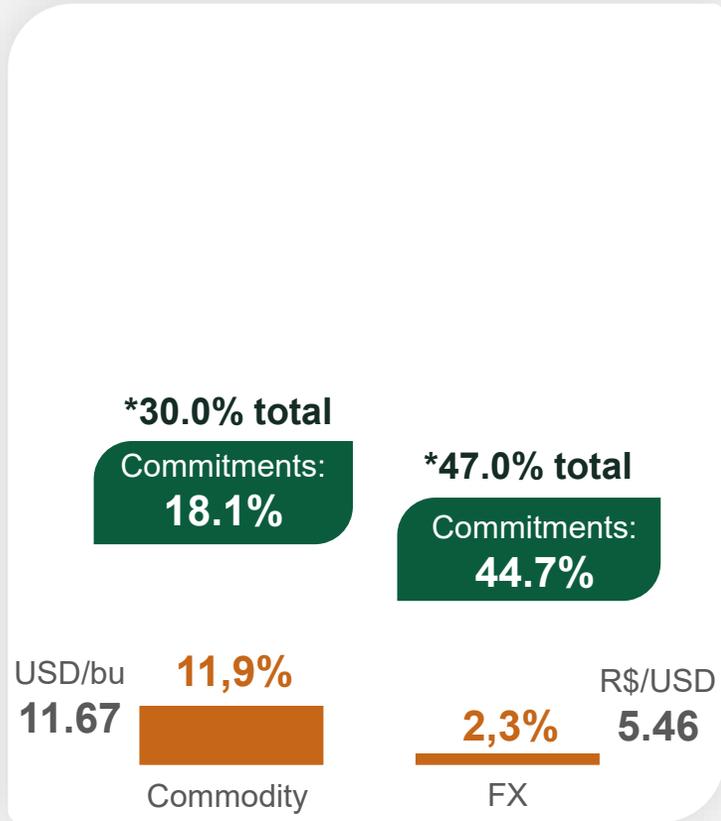


Cotton

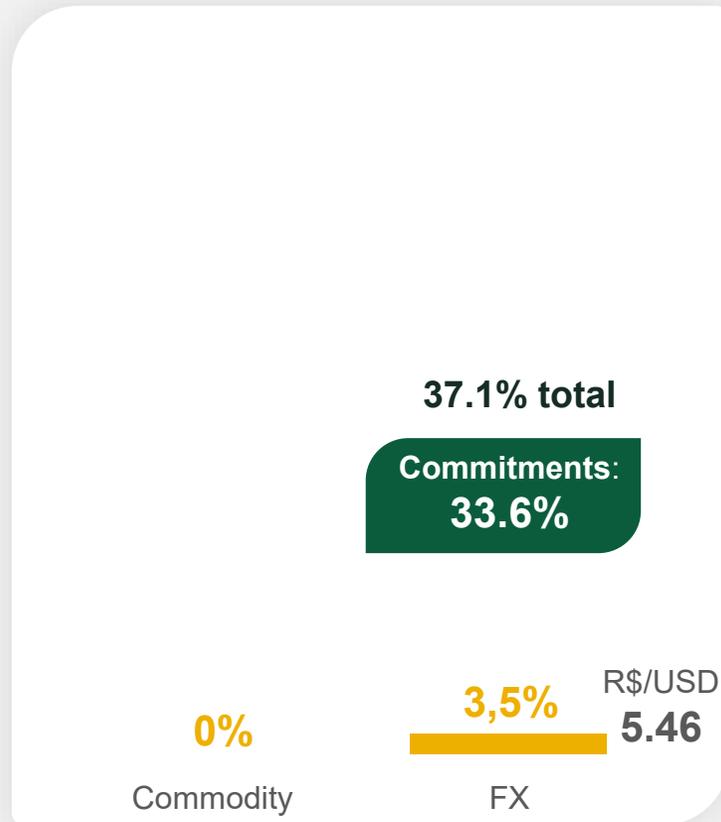


Hedge position | 2026/27

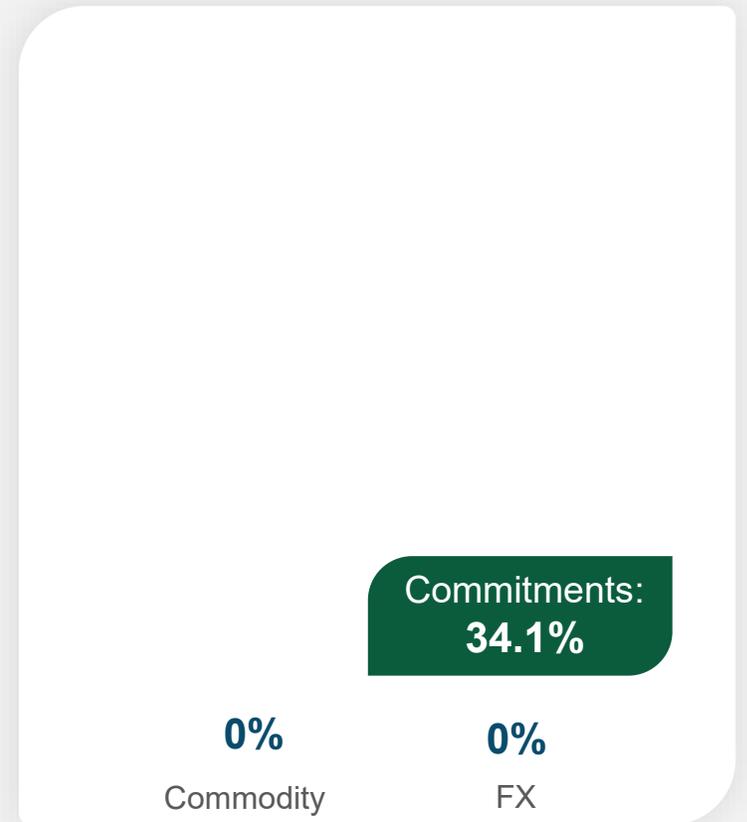
Soybean



Corn



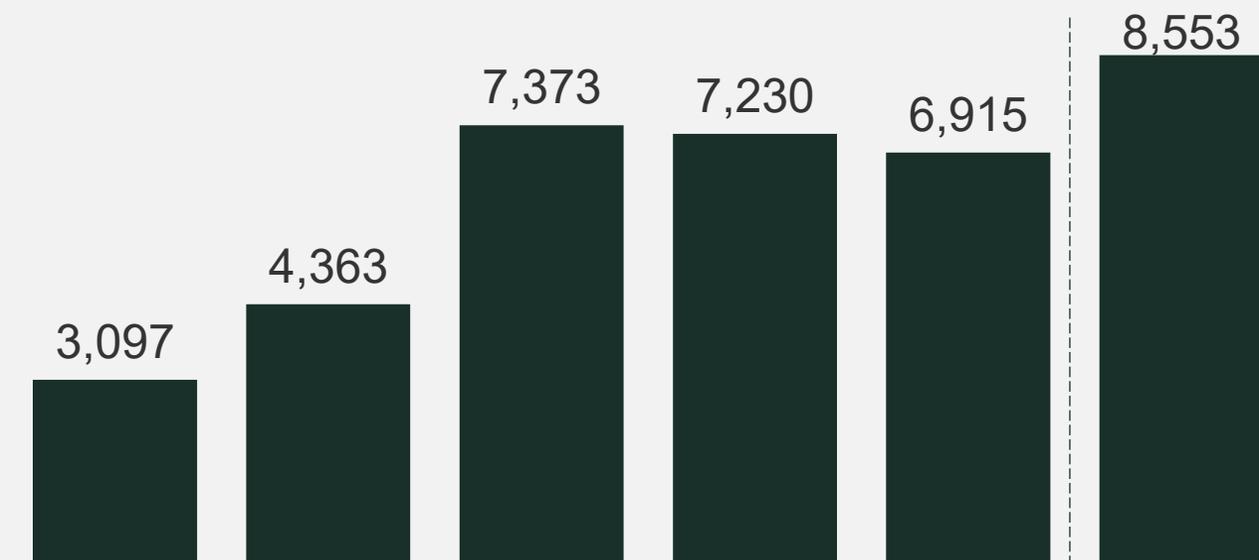
Cotton



Net revenue

(R\$ MM)

Net revenue



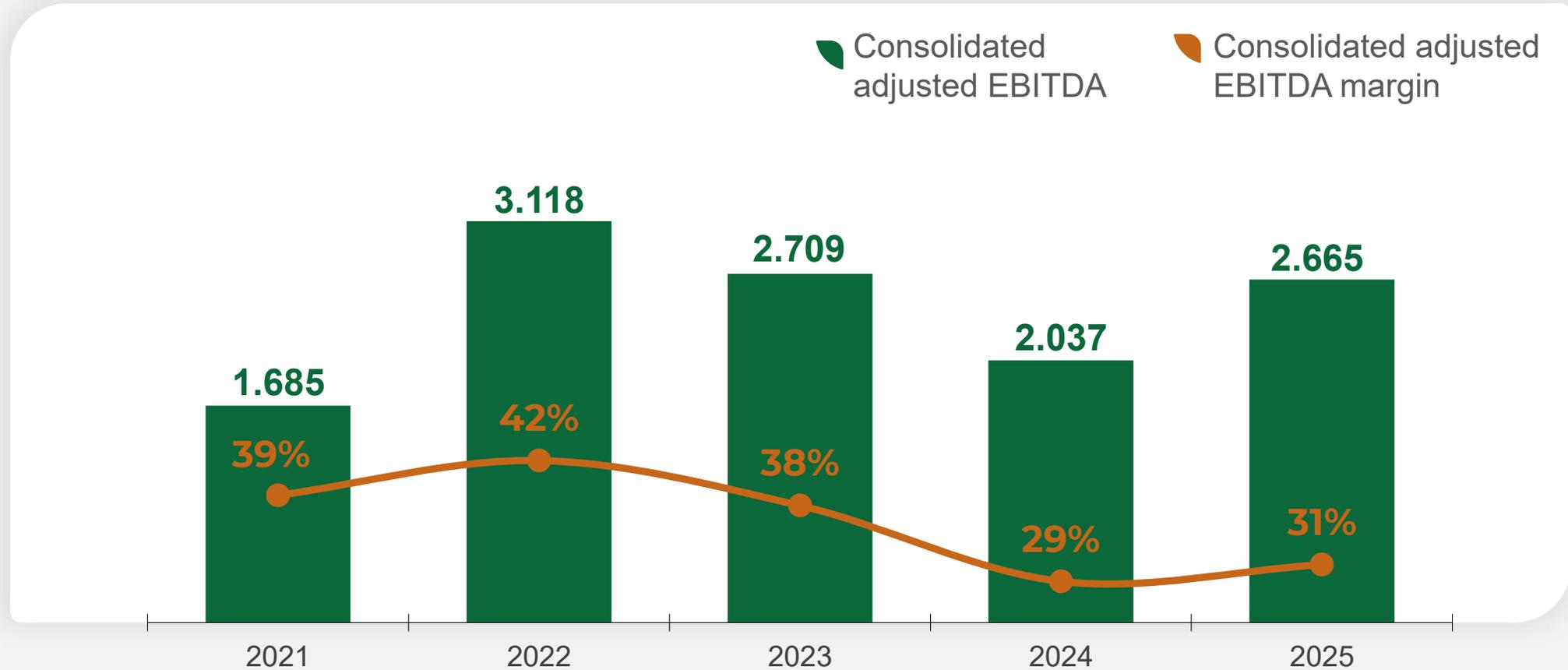
Net Revenue-share by crop:

- Cotton :
- Soybean:

Year	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
Cotton	47.0%	43.1%	41.7%	39.7%	57.6%	43.6%
Soybean	38.3%	37.7%	43.5%	44.2%	30.8%	32.1%

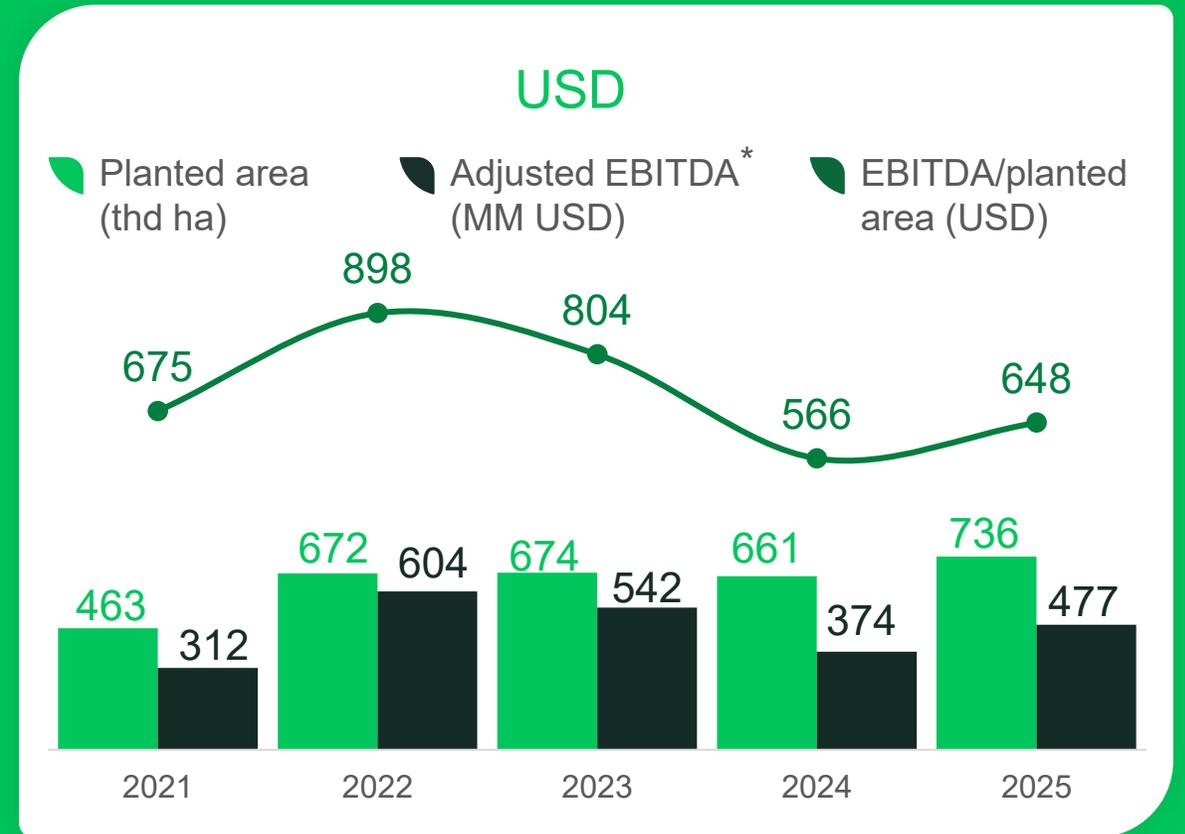
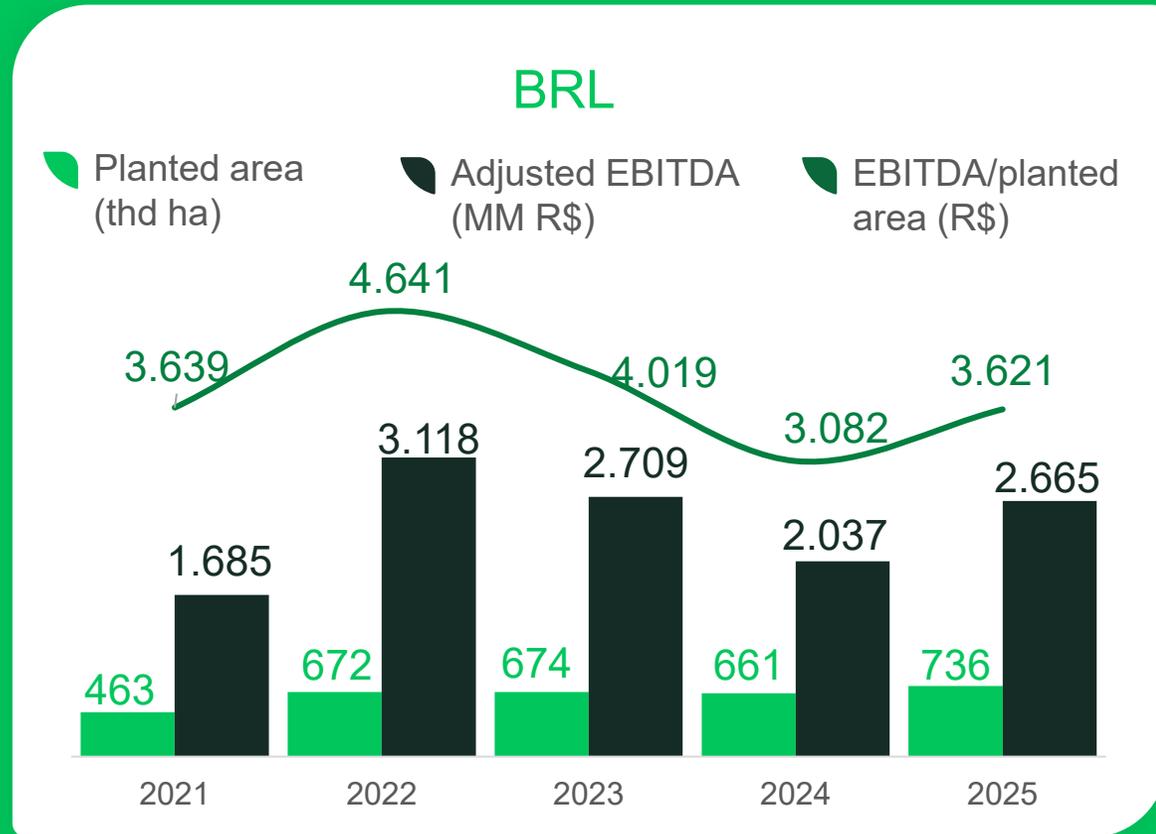
Adjusted EBITDA

(R\$ MM)



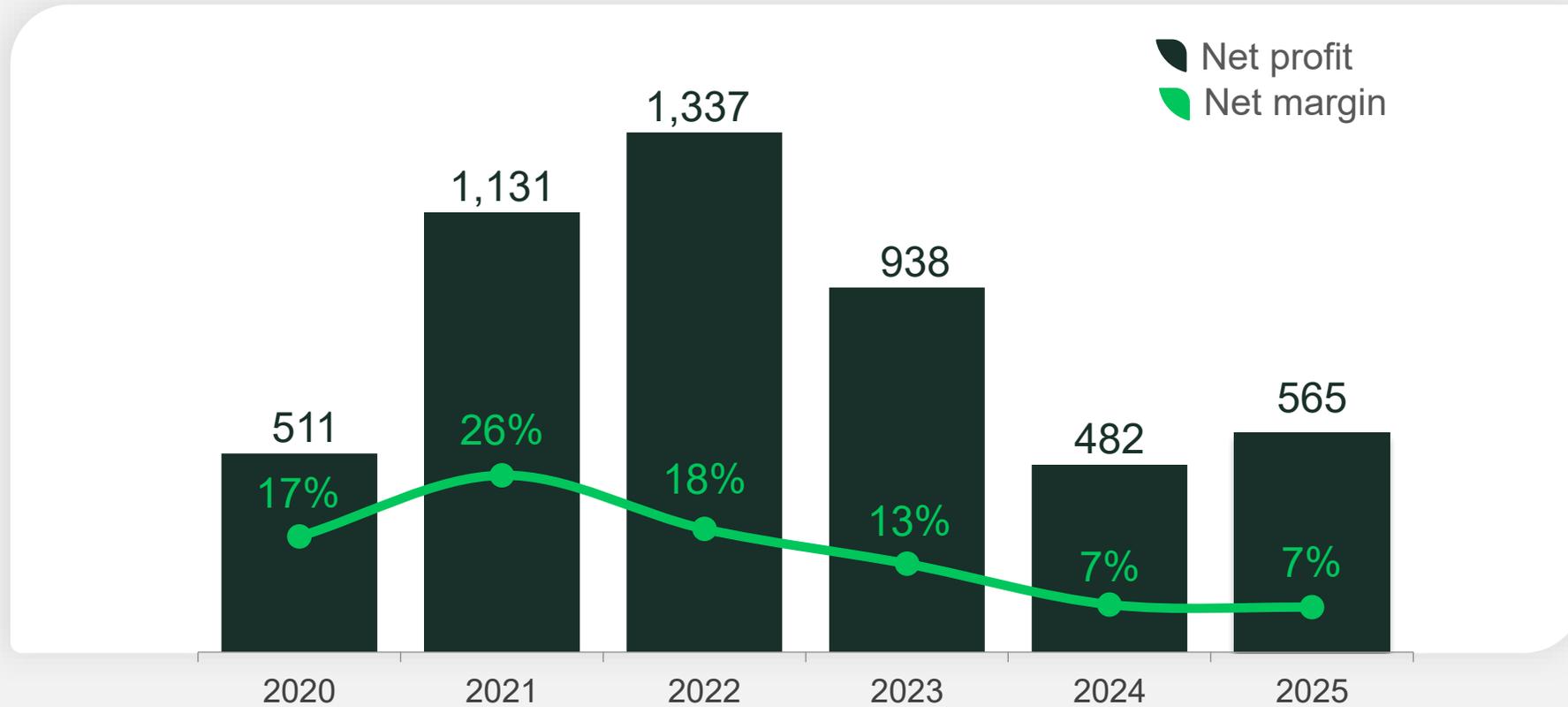
Planted area

(Adjusted EBITDA/hectare)



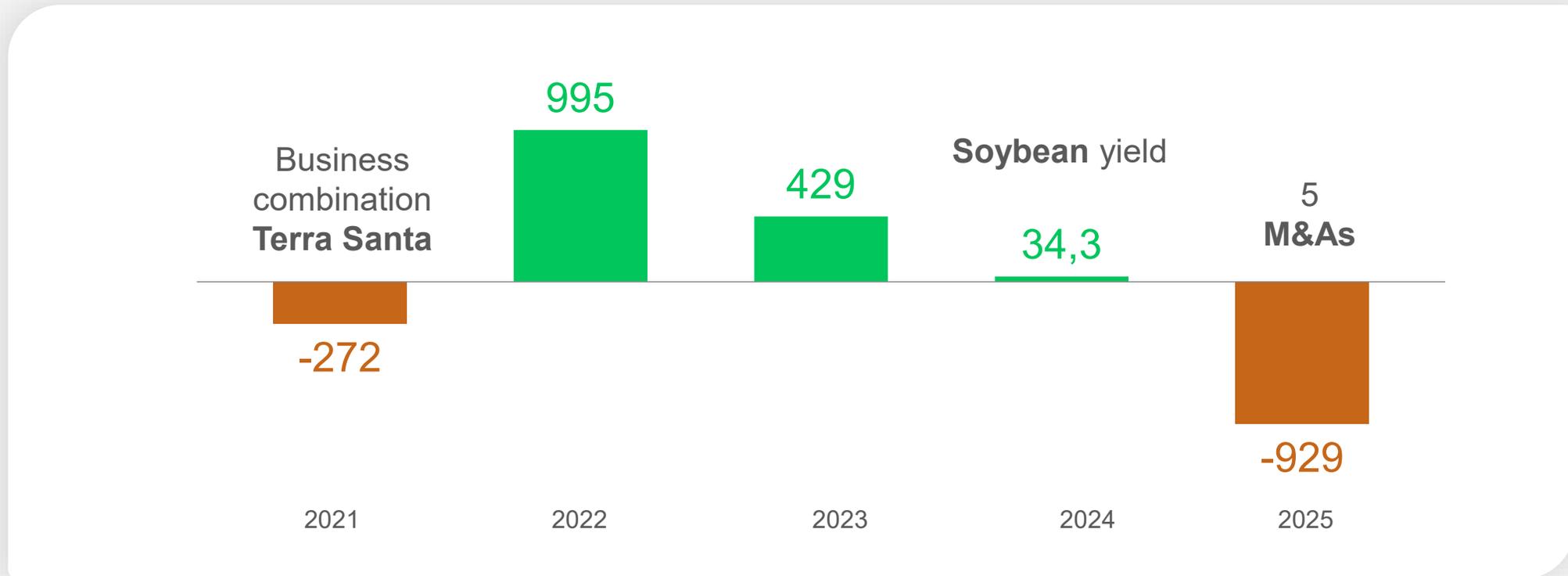
Net profit

(R\$/MM & net margin)

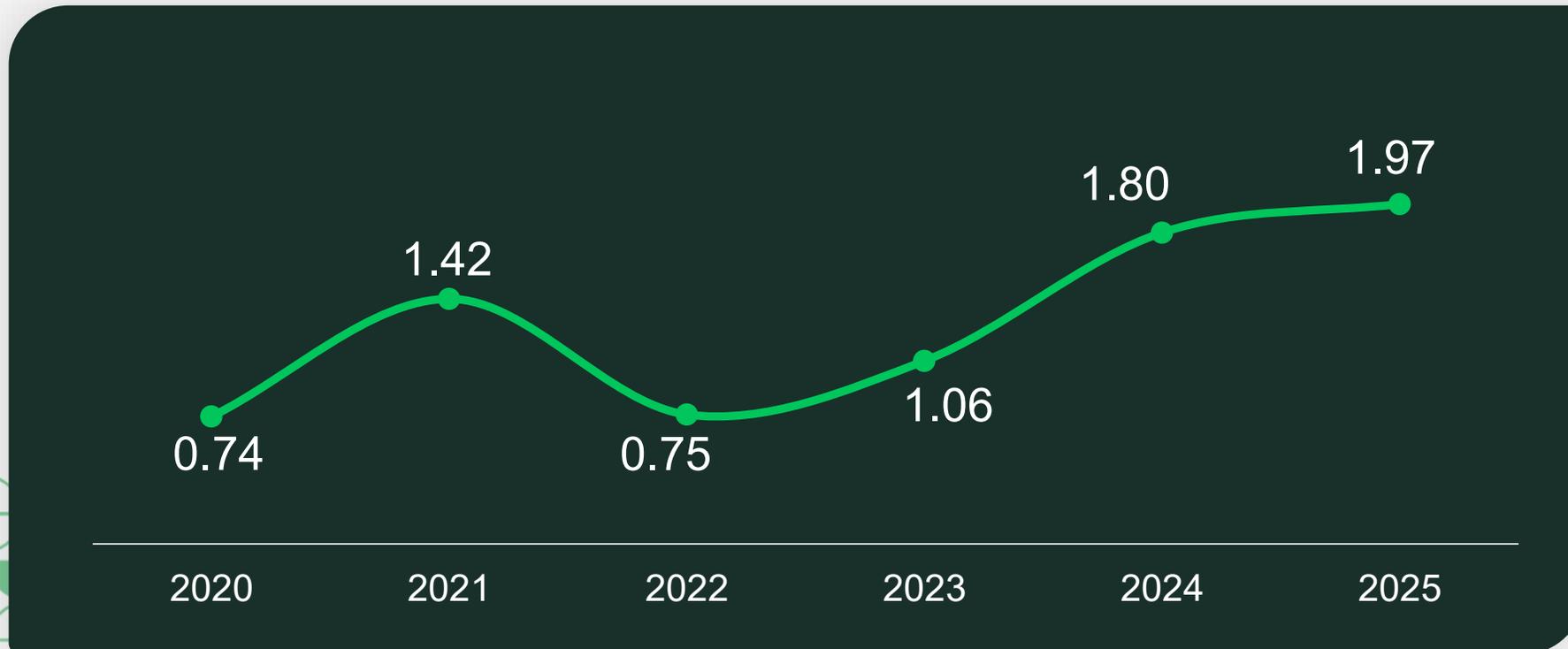


Free cash flow

(R\$ MM)



Net debt/adjusted EBITDA



Source: Release 4Q25.

Net Debt

Credit Line (R\$ thd)	Average annual Interest Rate		Consolidated	
	2024	2025	2024	2025
Indebtedness currency - Real				
Applied in Fixed Assets	7.8%	11.1%	36,585	214,136
Applied in Working Capital	13.1%	15.5%	5,588,046	7,358,595
Subtotal Currency Real	13.1%	15.3%	5,624,631	7,572,731
Indebtedness currency - Dólar				
Applied in Working Capital		7.5%	-	206,948
Subtotal Currency Dólar	-	7.5%	-	206,948
Subtotal General			5,624,631	7,779,679
(-) CRA transactions costs			(26,227)	(51,395)
Total			5,598,404	7,728,284
Total Indebtedness without CRA transaction costs	13.1%	15.1%	5,624,631	7,779,679
(+/-) Gains and losses with deriv. connected with applications and debt			30.809	113.701
(=) Adjusted Gross Debt			5,655,440	7,893,380
(-) Cash			(1,981,162)	(2,649,368)
(=) Adjusted Net Debt			3,674,278	5,244,012
Adjusted EBITDA (Last 12 months)			2,036,617	2,664,715
Adjusted Net Debt/Adjusted EBITDA			1.80x	1.97x



NAV, ROIC, ROE & Dividend Yield

	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	Average
Adjusted NAV (R\$/Share)*	19.8	26.3	28.9	28.5	26.6	-
Return on invested capital (ROIC)	37.0%	28.7%	17.8%	12.2%	10.0%	21.1%
Return on equity (ROE)	44.5%	30.1%	17.5%	8.4%	7.7%	21.6%
Dividend Yield	6.1%	6.4%	4.7%	3.1%	5.6%	5.2%
Net CDI (%)	3.8%	10.5%	11.1%	9.2%	12.2%	9.4%



NAV 4Q25
R\$26.6
 per share

*NAV adjusted yearly by current count of 498.745.930 shares.

5

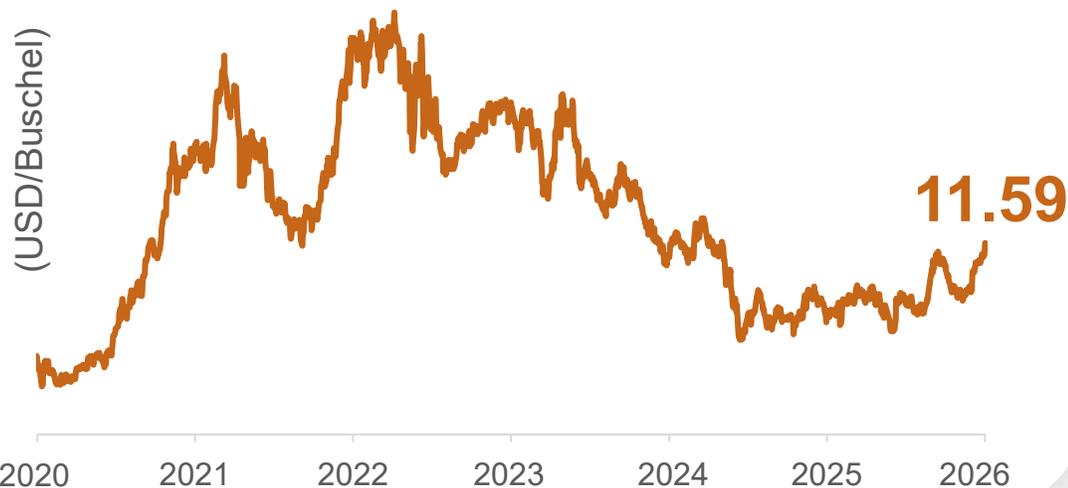
Market overview



Soybean

Price

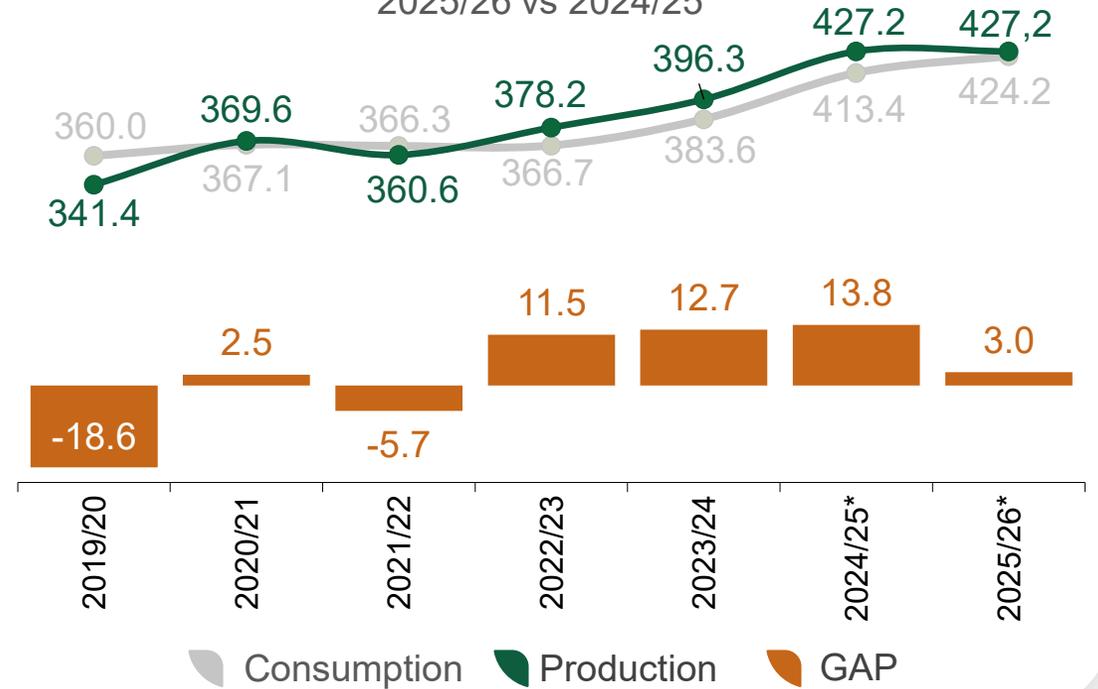
(CBOT) SPOT May 26 - USD\bu	11.59
(CBOT) Jul 26 - USD\bu	11.75
(CBOT) Aug 26 - USD\bu	11.70
(CBOT) Sep 26 - USD\bu	11.44



Price: Bloomberg CBOT (March 30th, 2026). | WSD: USDA (Mar/2026).

World supply & demand (million tons)

-7.0% US Planted Area | +4.5% US Yield
2025/26 vs 2024/25

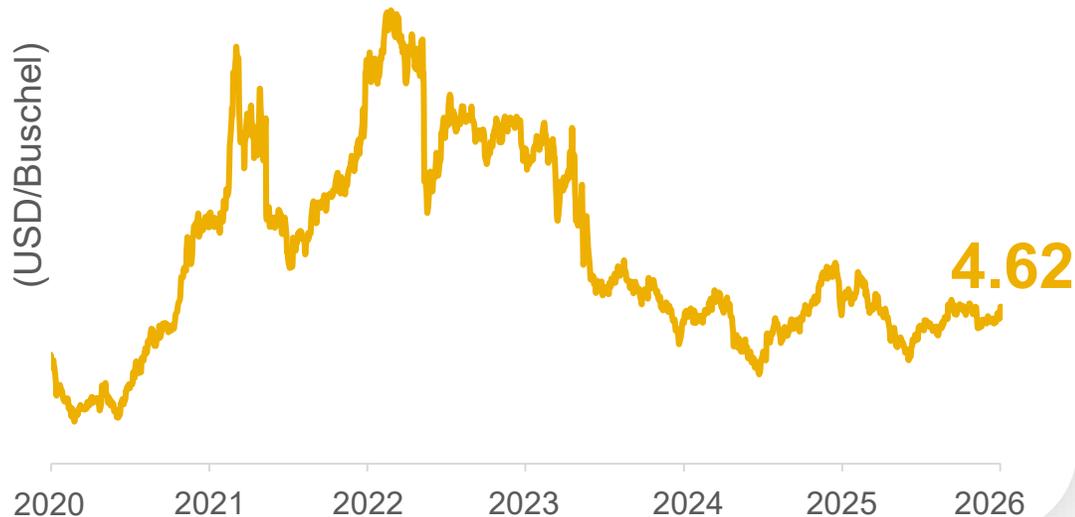


*Forecast

Corn

Price

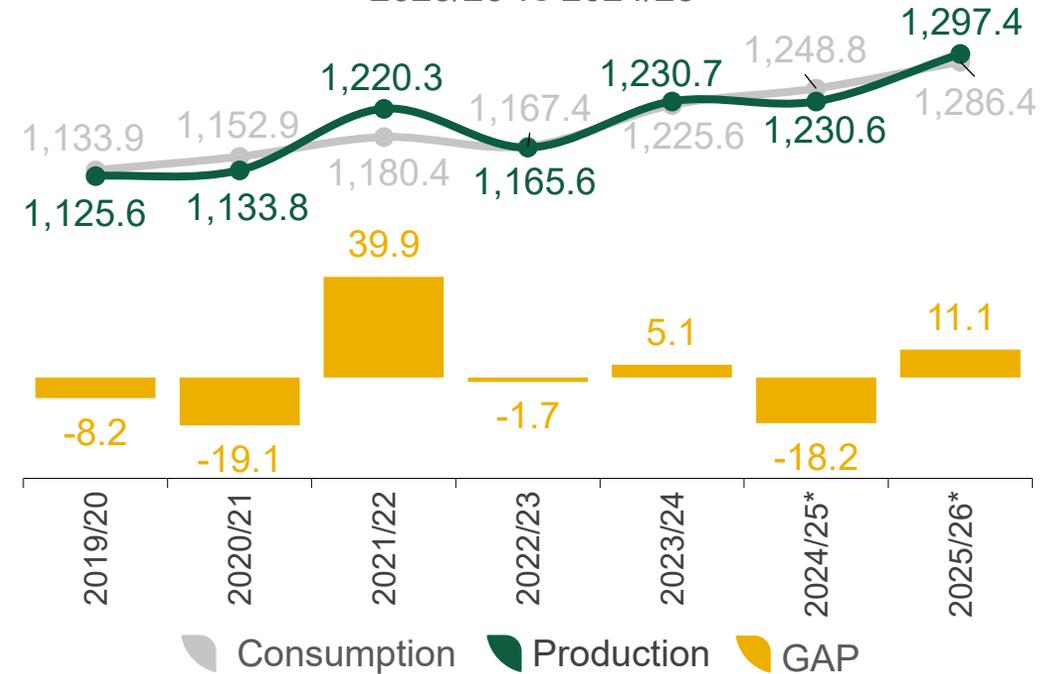
(CBOT) SPOT May 26 - USD\bu	4.62
(CBOT) Jul 26 - USD\bu	4.73
(CBOT) Sep 26 - USD\bu	4.76
(CBOT) Dec 26 - USD\bu	4.90



Price: Bloomberg CBOT (March 30th, 2026). | WSD: USDA (Mar/2026).

World supply & demand (million tons)

+8.7% US Planted Area | +4.0% US Yield
2025/26 vs 2024/25

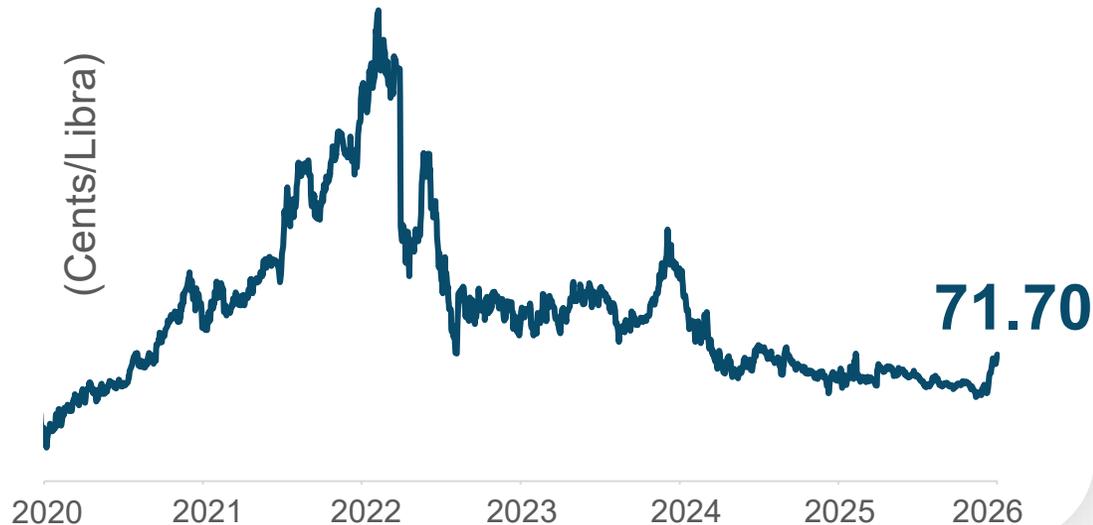


*Forecast

Cotton

Price

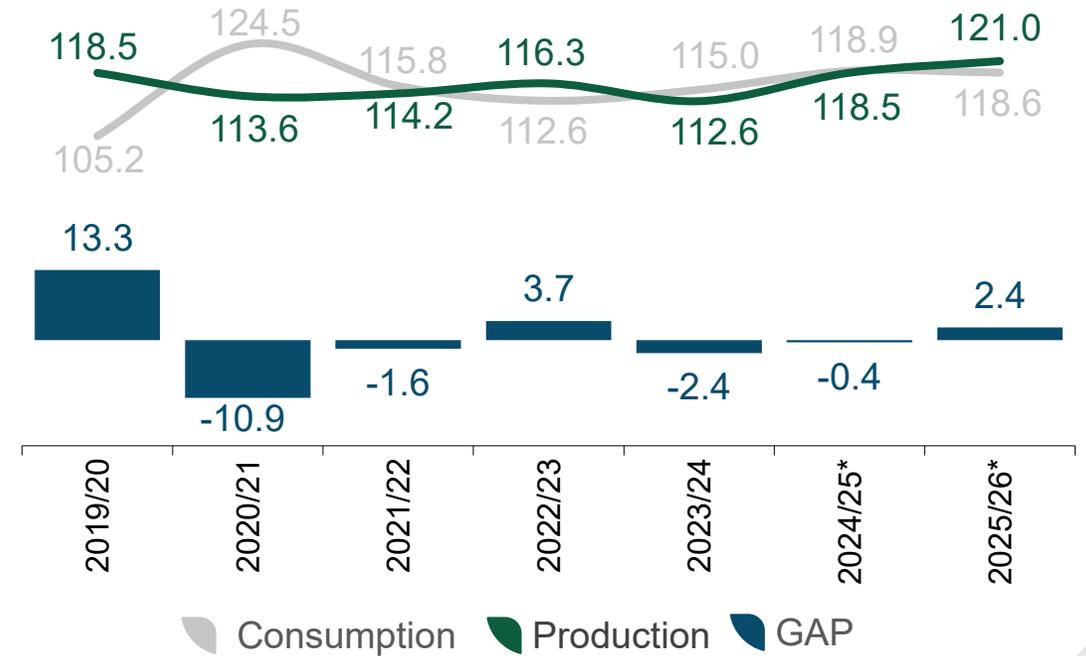
(ICE) SPOT Jun 26 – U\$ cents/pd	71.70
(ICE) Dec 26 – U\$ cents/pd	74.02
(ICE) Mar 27 – U\$ cents/pd	74.94
(ICE) Dec 27 – U\$ cents/pd	69.96



Price: Bloomberg CBOT (March 30th, 2026). | WSD: USDA (Mar/2026).

World supply & demand (million bales)

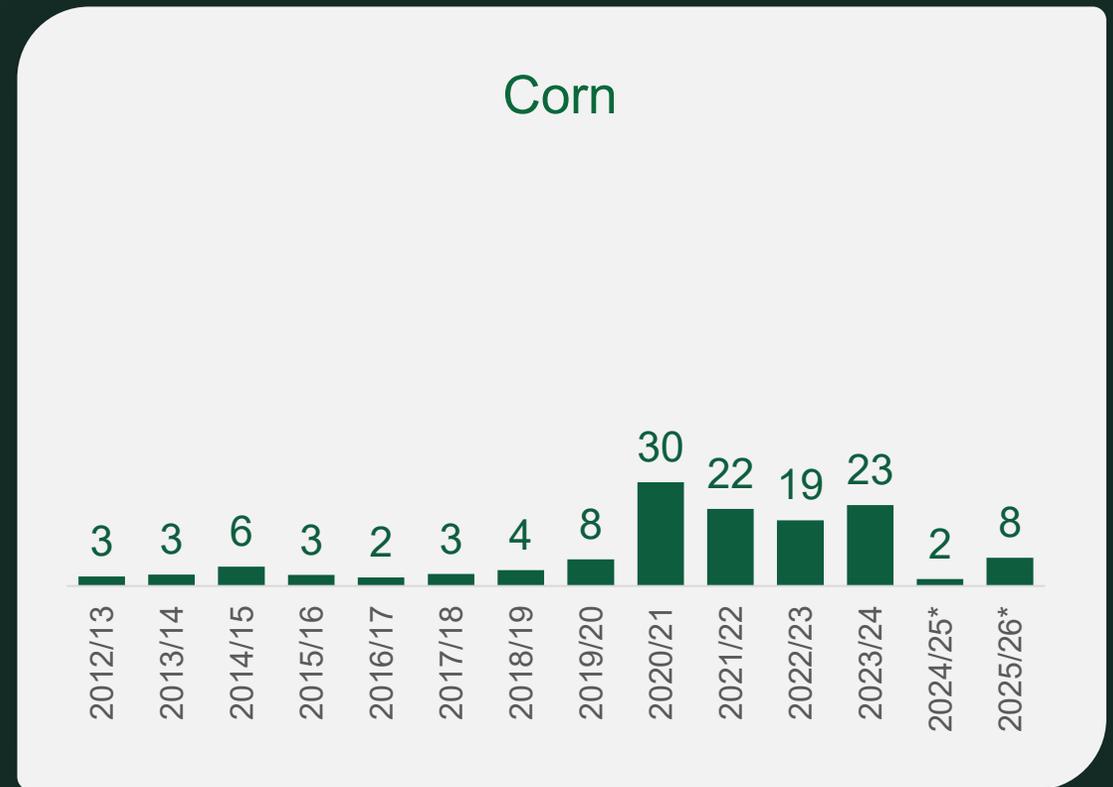
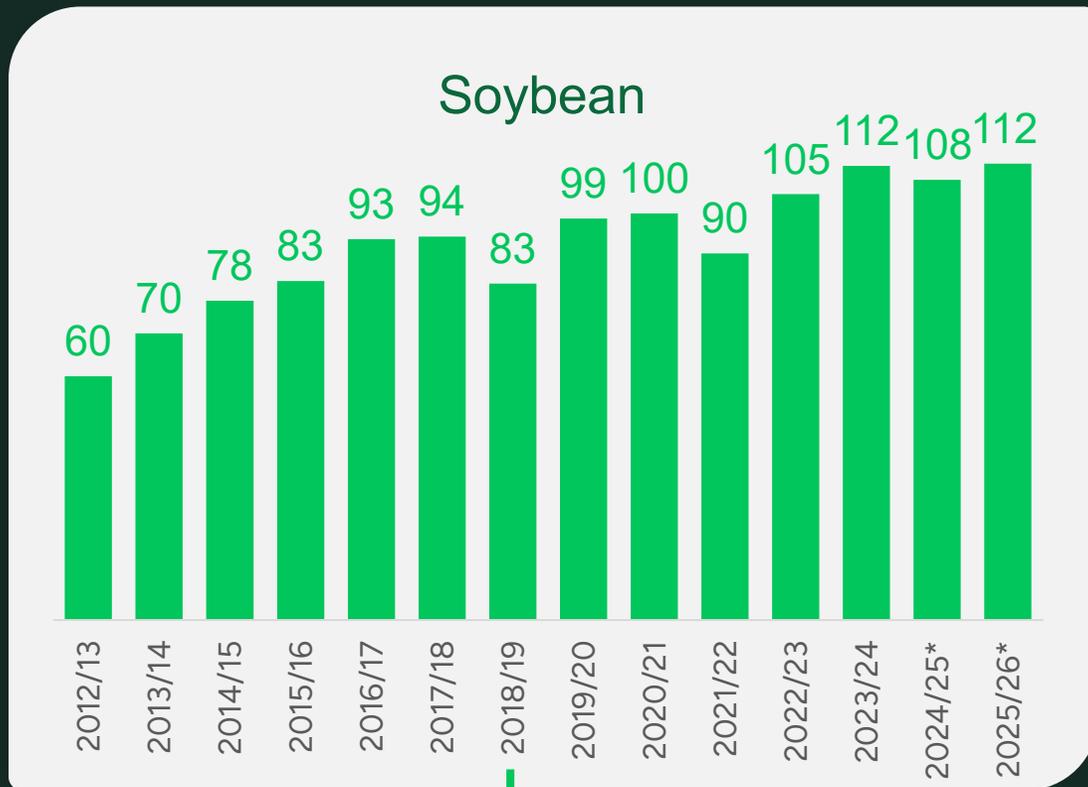
-17.0% US Planted Area | -3.4% US Yield
2025/26 vs 2024/25



*Forecast

Chinese imports

(Million of tons)

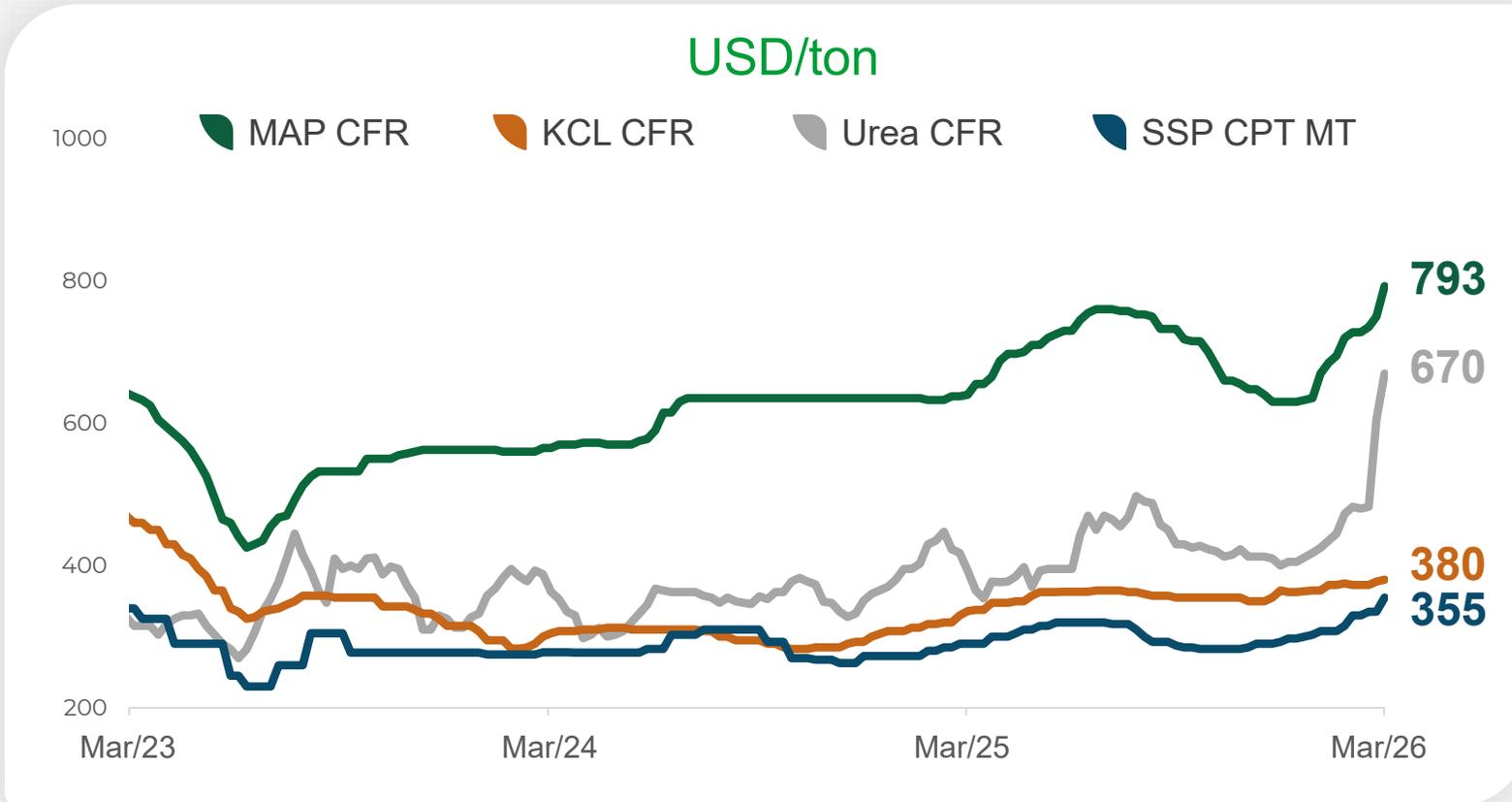


Source: USDA (March, 2026).

African swine fever

*Forecast.

Inputs and fertilizers



Last price update: Mar 12th, 2026
 % purchased inputs source: 4Q25 Release.

% purchased inputs
 2026/27 crop year:

0% potassium chloride

97% phosphate

0% nitrogen

16% crop protection

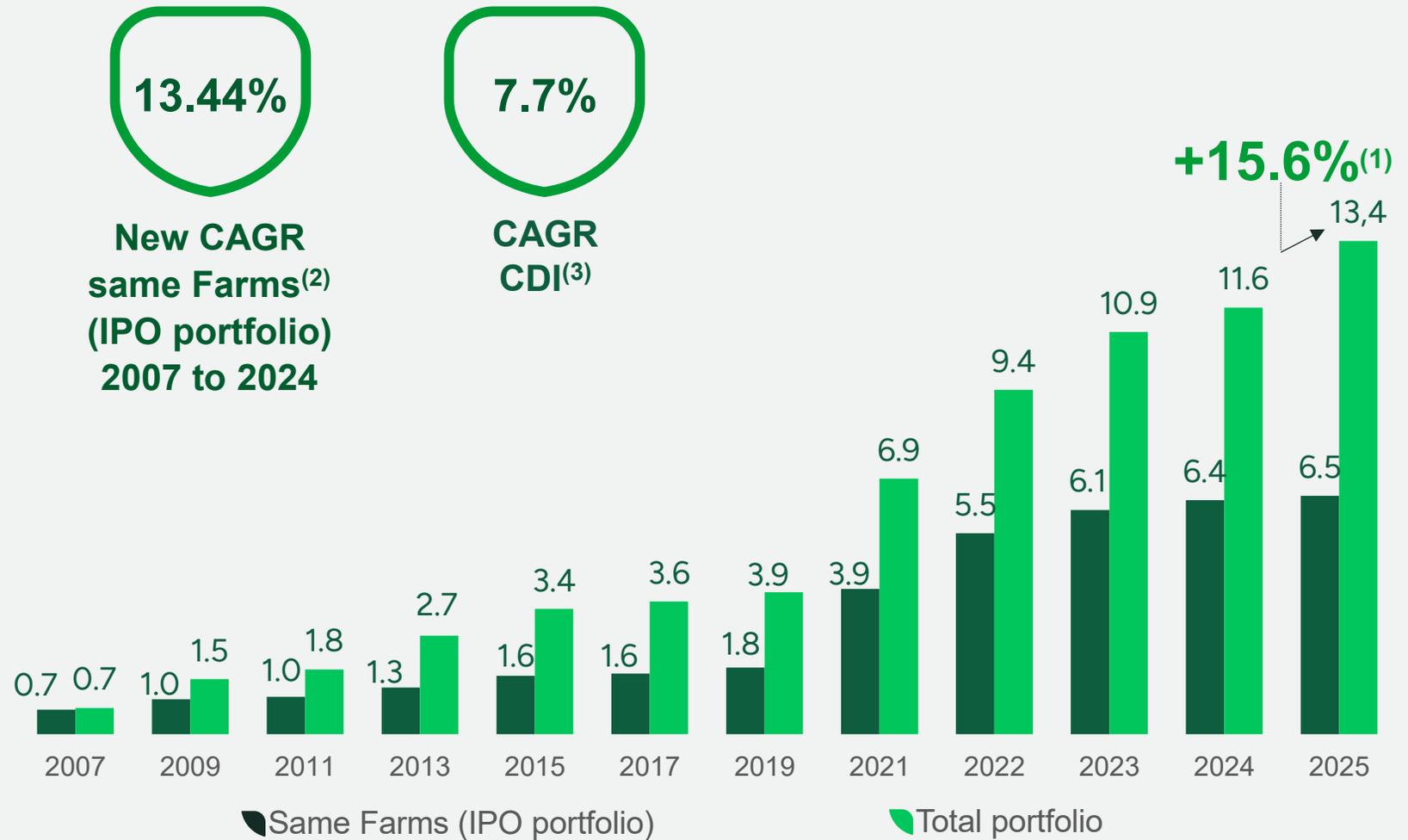
6

Value creation through land



Evolution in the value of the land portfolio

(R\$ / billion)



(1) Calculated with absolute value.
 (2) CAGR SF in the same farms since IPO.
 (3) CAGR CDI – 2007 to 2025.

7

Technology & innovation



Connectivity



23 Farms

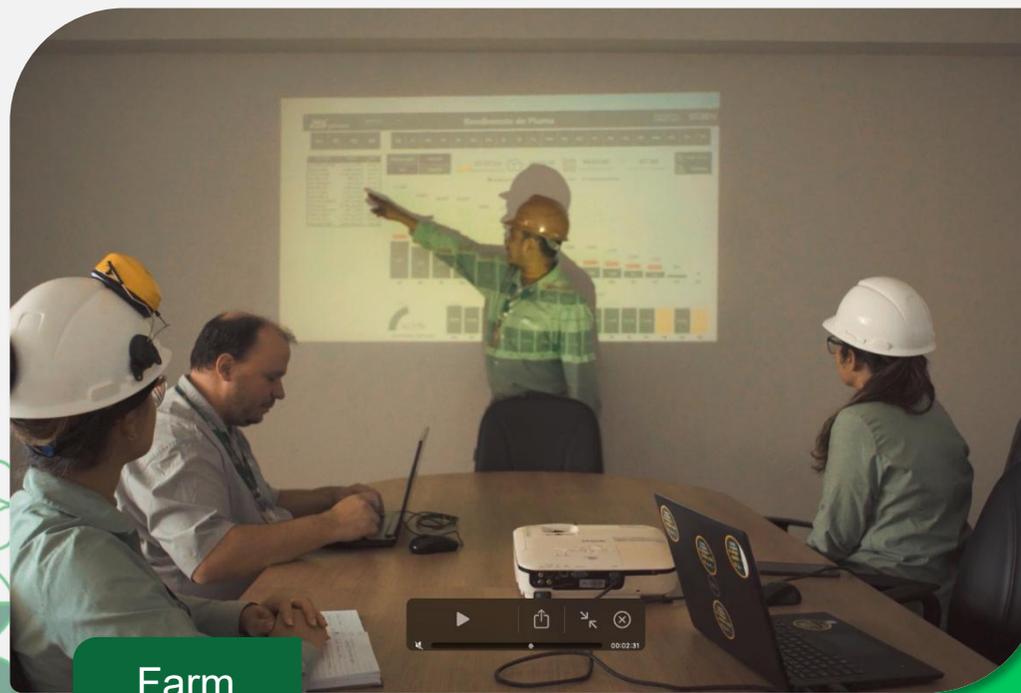
fully connected in all fields
with 4G signal.

Agricultural Intelligence Center

Operational and tactical indicators daily meetings



Headquarters



Farm



+100
views

37
key
indicators

Spraying operation



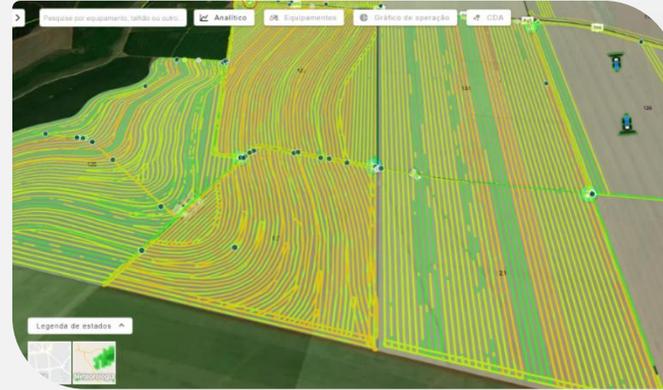
Adjusting engine speed (**rpm**) and reducing fuel consumption



Reduction in fuel consumption:
0.79 to 0.58 L/ha

-27%

Before



Pantanal Farm

Yellow and orange colors indicate higher engine rotation > higher fuel consumption.

After



RPM reduction of
2,100/2,300 to 1,500/1,900.

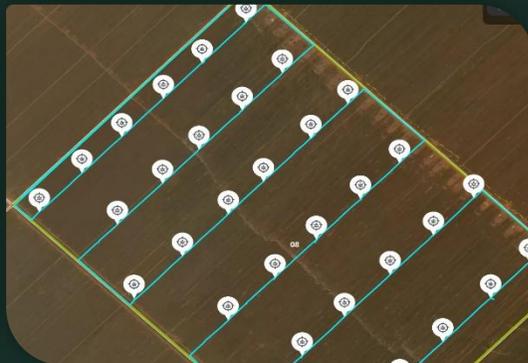
Savings with digital agriculture



2024/25 crop year responsible for **80% of crop protection savings** in 382k ha applied with precision agriculture.

Localized application

Distribution of points and sample density



Pest diagnosis map



Prescription of localized application of crop protection

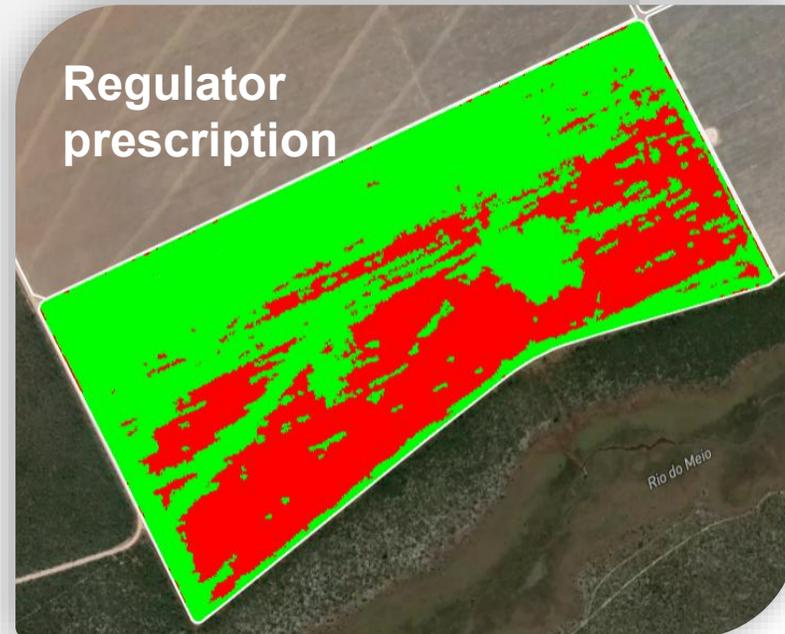
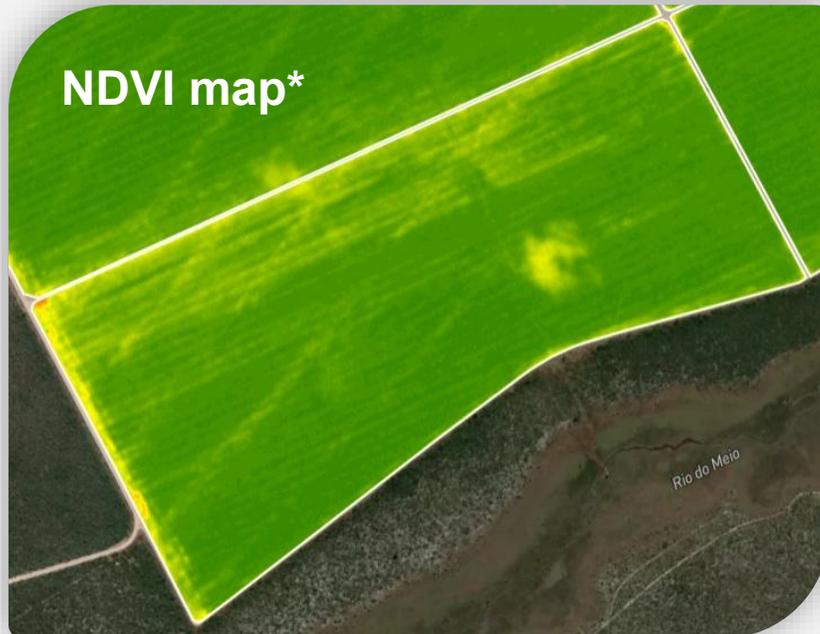


 Area without application

 Area of application

Satellite Images

Daily satellite images provide generating prescriptions based on vegetation indexes.



Variable-rate application of cotton growth regulator and site-specific application of defoliants for soybean and cotton.

In 2024/25, **64,062 ha** applied with imagery (**satellite image**).

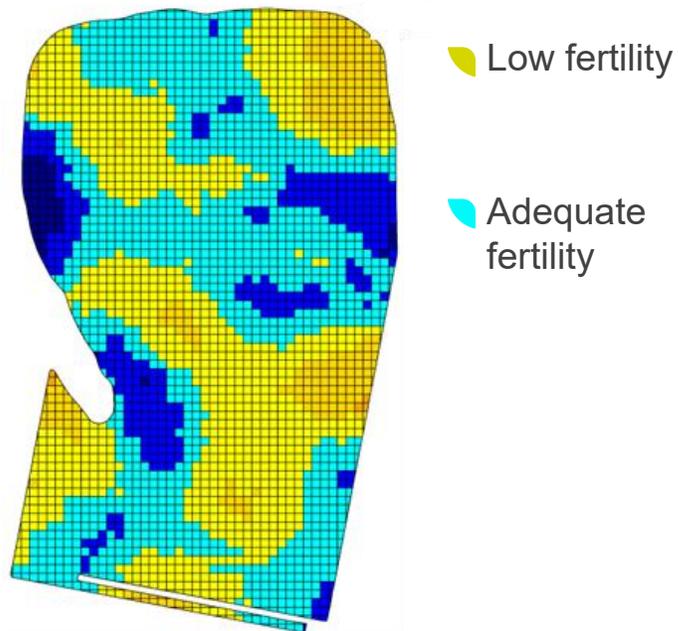
 **Higher** regulator dose  **Lower** regulator dose

*The company does not use NDVI maps for yield estimates.

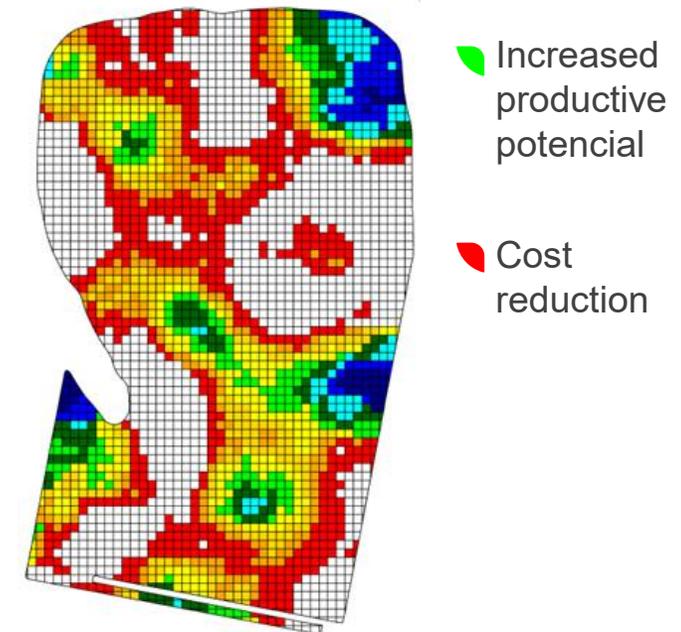
Precision agriculture

89% of SLC agricultural crops are **already mapped** in precision agriculture, optimizing the distribution of resources

Fertility variability map



Fertilizer prescription at variable rate



Savings with digital agriculture

Localized application through sensors present in **20 Farms**.



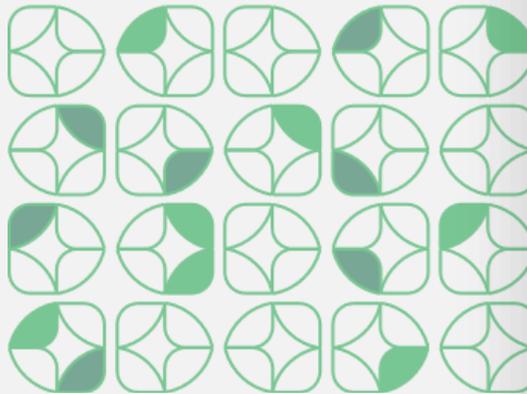
Cost reduction with crop protection.



Sensors identify weeds and apply herbicide in real time.



67% savings in over 227k ha in 2024/25 crop year.



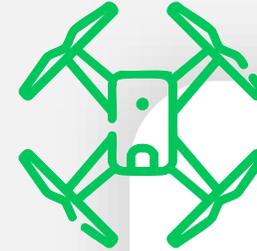
Spraying drones



Capacity:
up to 40 liters.

Autonomy:
8 – 12 minutes.

Performance:
12 to 20 ha/h.



Precision crop
protection application.

Weed monitoring with
drone imagery.

9 drones currently
operating.

Electric & Autonomus drone

Pelican Spray

- **Day and night** spraying.
- **70 hectares/hour** (operation performance like a self-propelled sprayer).
- **Similar cost** to aerial spraying.
- Tested for **6 months** (Oct/24).
- 2025: **4 Fly Pelican** plane operating.



Leopard

Autonomous robot

- Autonomous robot for monitoring and detecting pests;
- Daytime and nighttime operation;
- Embedded Intelligence;
- In final stages of development;
- Evolution of sample density and autonomy in the field.



Leopard

Autonomous robot



Automation



Identification

Cameras installed on drones, robots and equipment.



Machine learning

Algorithms, predictive modeling and decision making.



Acting

Optimized decision making and localized application.

Climate management



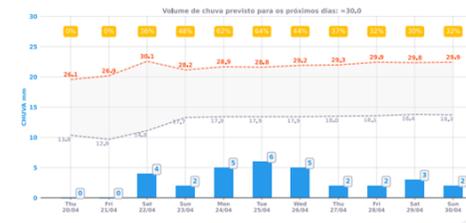
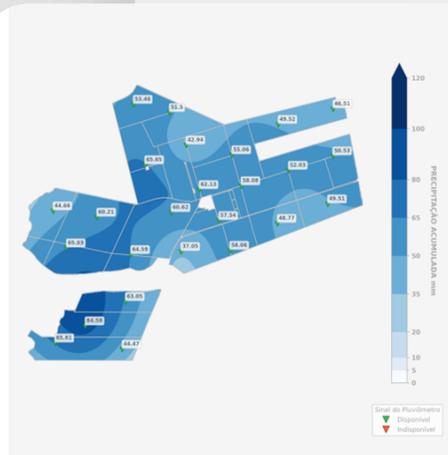
Quick decisions, e.g.:
planting or harvesting
capacity.



Available for all farms in the
mobile version.



Automated report with
interpolated precipitation maps
and forecast for the next few
days.



Planalto Farm



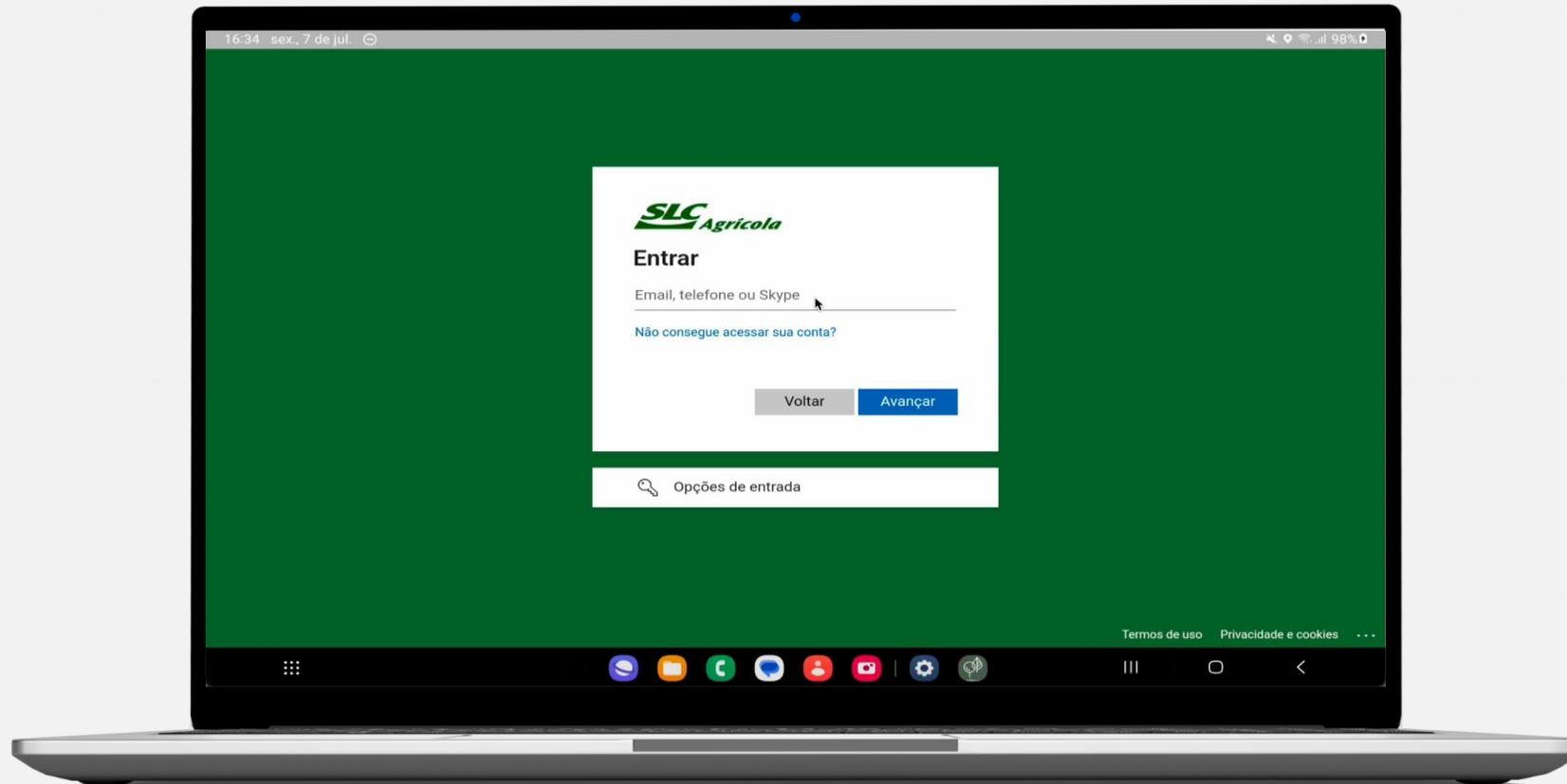
Digital Rain Gauge



Weather Station

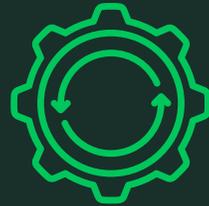
Field notebook

Operations management





Mechanized operations center



Telemetry

- ✓ Fuel consumption
- ✓ Efficiency
- ✓ Stopping reasons
- ✓ Operational performance
- ✓ Mechanical availability



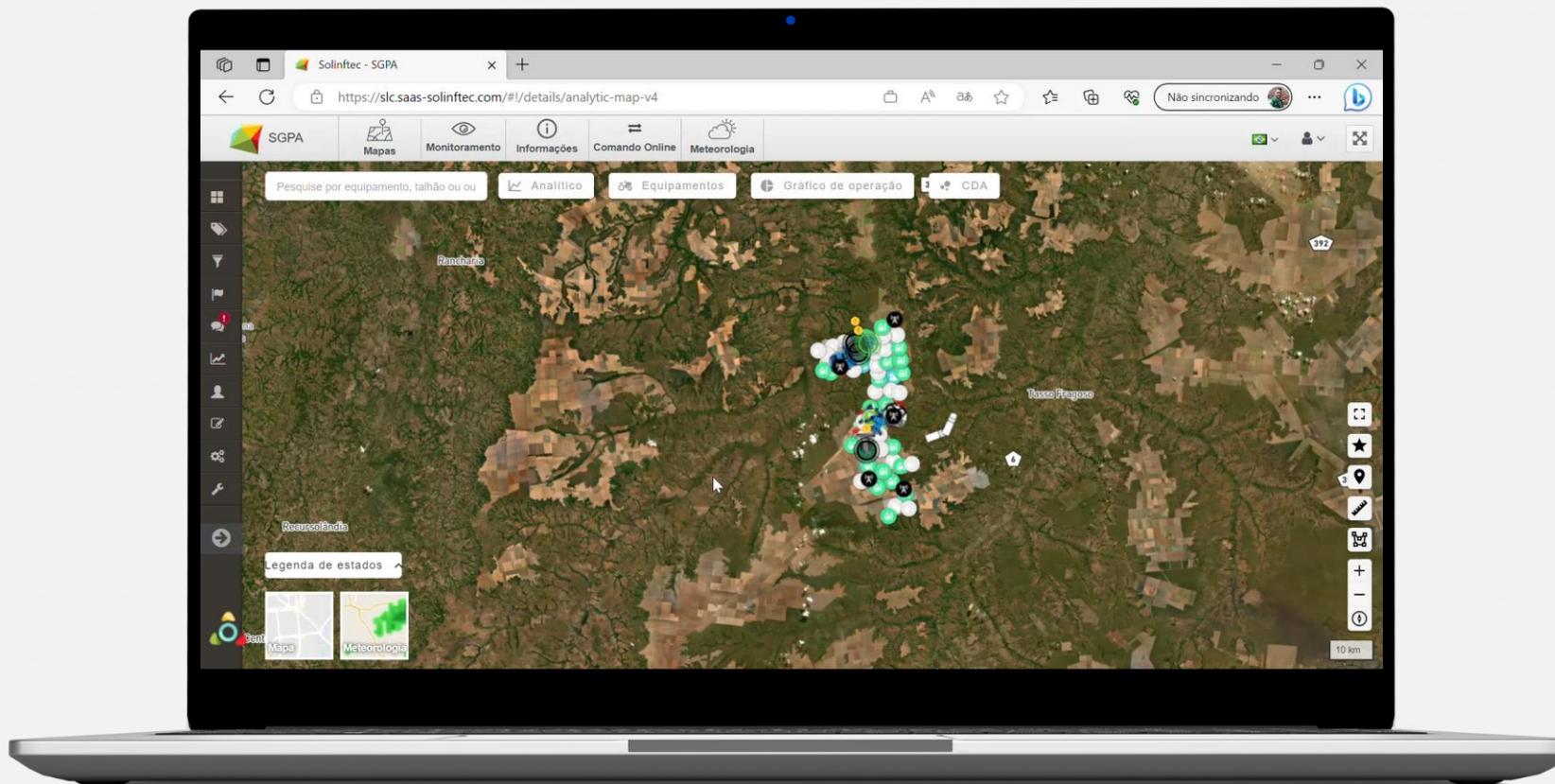
Operational costs

- ✓ Corrective and preventive maintenance costs
- ✓ Costs by machine



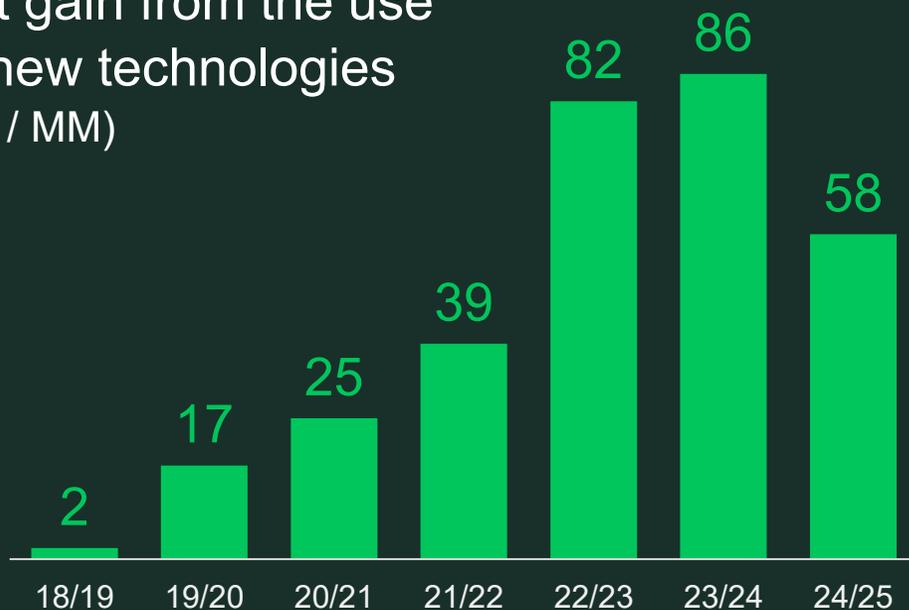
CENTRO DE OPERAÇÕES
MECANIZADAS

Telemetry



Digital agriculture

Net gain from the use of new technologies (R\$ / MM)



*Target.

- 
- Remote sensing
 - Localized application
 - Digital pest recording
 - ROI implied: for each R\$ 1 invested; we obtained a net return of R\$ 12.50

ESG

8



8.1

ESG governance



Materiality matrix

10 material topics



Environmental

- Climate Changes
- Environmental management system



Social

- Socio-economic impacts
 - People development
 - Diversity and Inclusion
 - Health & Safety



Governance

- Product certifications and traceability
- Ethics and compliance
- Innovation and productivity
 - Risk management

ESG sustainability positioning

ODS related to material topics



Protagonism in the ESG agenda

In order to maintain our **protagonist position** in the ESG agenda, pillar of the company's strategic planning, we act in accordance with **5 objectives**:



Farm Certification.



Carbon neutral in scopes 1 and 2 until 2030.



Education and incentives for our employees.



Safe environment for everyone.



Education in local communities, agriculture and environment.

Our commitments



Reduction of greenhouse gases

By 2030 - our goal is to achieve **carbon neutral** emissions of ghg gases scope 1 and 2, through investment in new technologies in the field and agroindustry.



End of the cycle of opening new areas for crops in Brazil

As of the 2020/21 crop year, we **ended the cycle of opening new areas** for crops, following the global movement to combat climate change.



Greenhouse Gas Emissions Reduction Program - GHG

Carbon neutral in net emissions of scopes 1 and 2 until 2030



End of the native areas conversion cycle.



Soil conservation and green fertilization project.



ILP project (integration crop livestock).



Digital agriculture of low carbon project.



Reforestation project with native vegetation.



Project use of energy from renewable sources.



Governance

Structure of Governance



ESG Committee
(Reporting directly to the Board of Directors)



Area of
Sustainability & Human Resources

Management System



Indexes

For the **3rd** consecutive year, we remain in the Corporate Sustainability Index – ISE B3.

IBOVESPA B3

ISE B3

IGPTWB3

[B]³

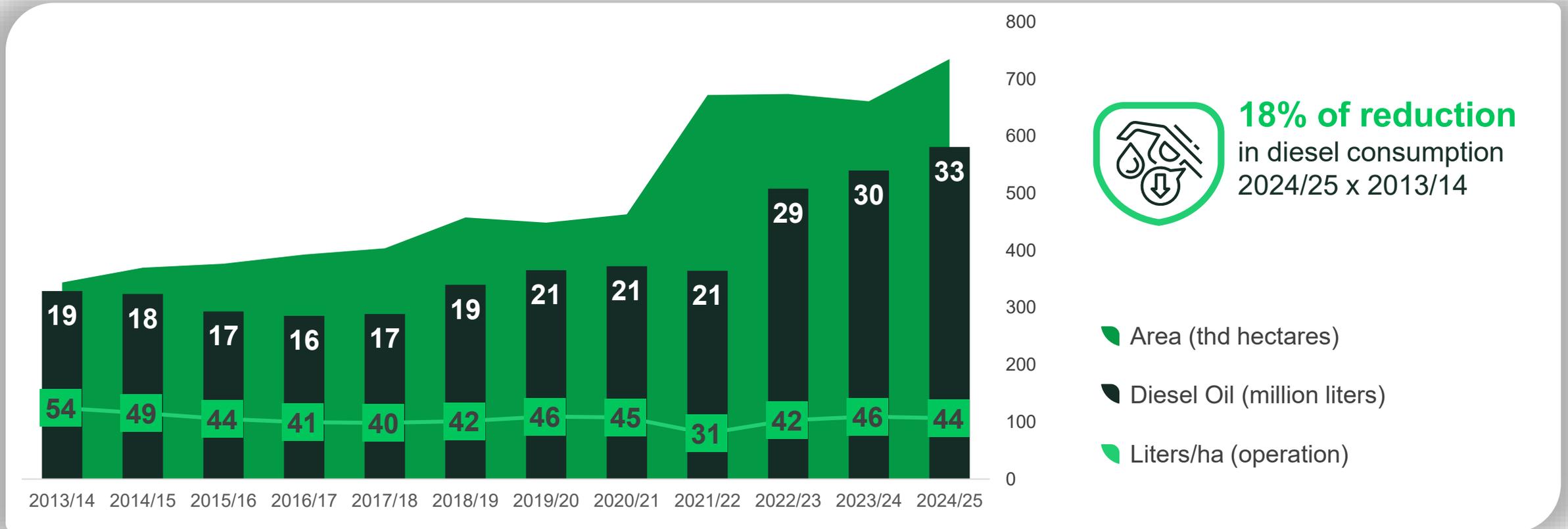


8.2

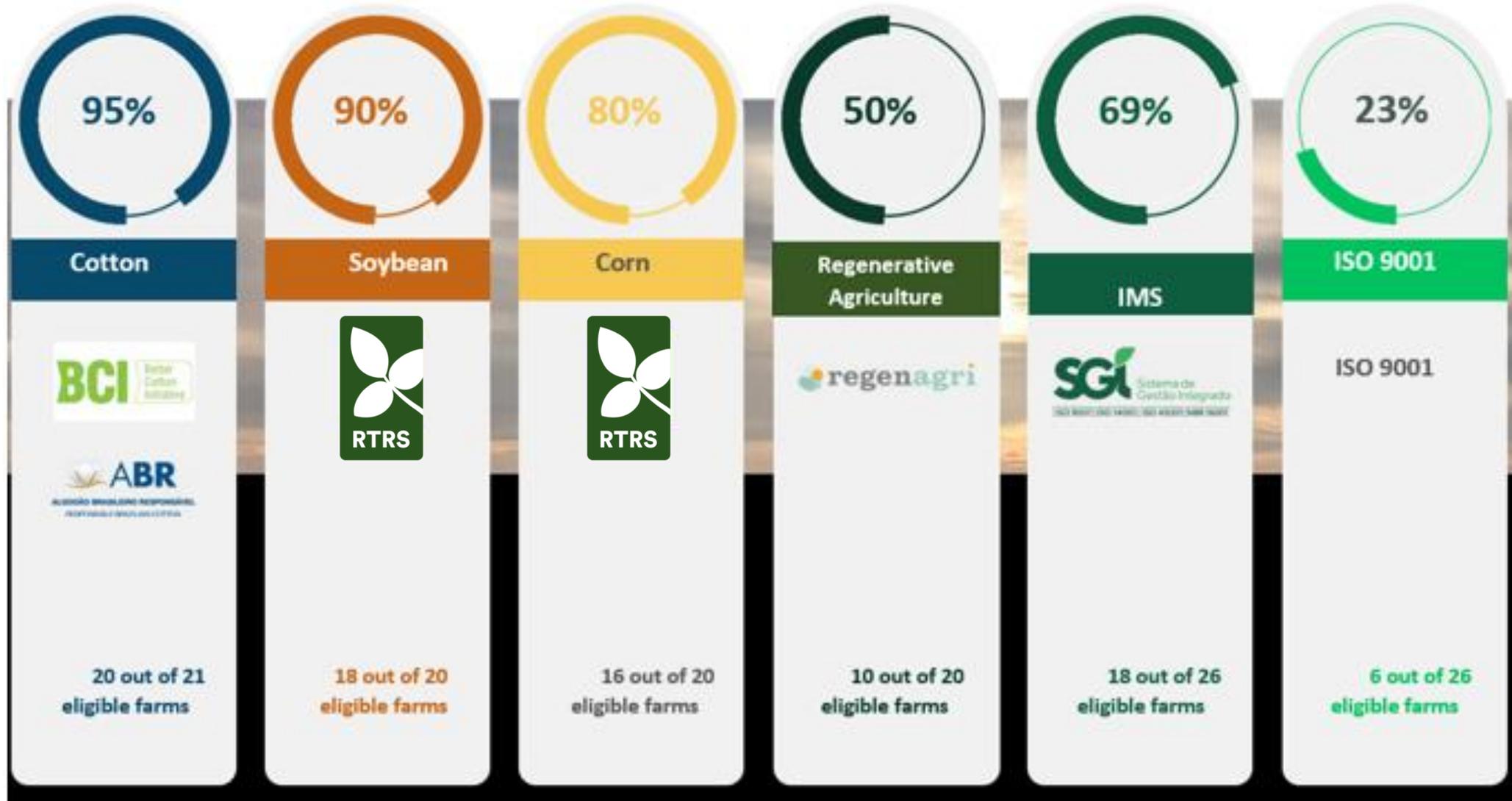
ESG
Environmental



Diesel consumption in operation x planted area 24/25



Sustainability certifications



Product certification

Certification Revenue accumulated (last 4 years) : **R\$ 44 million**

- **RTRS: R\$37 M**
- **3SCargil: R\$ 5.9 M**
- **Renovabio: R\$574 thd**
- **Regenagri: R\$0,9 M**



Regenerative agriculture

We are the largest company in certified regenerative agriculture area in soybean and cotton in the Americas.



325,000 ha certified

Source: 2025 Management Report.



The certification supports and attests organizations in transitioning to regenerative agriculture techniques that:



Increase soil organic matter.



Promote biodiversity.



Reduce greenhouse gas emissions (GHG).



Remove CO²e and improve water and energy management.

4 Carbon Negative Farms

- Parnaguá Farm
- Palmares Farm
- Panorama Farm
- Piratini Farm

Farm	Agricultural Scope 1 and Scope 2 emissions	Agricultural Scope 1 removals	Balance
Parnaguá	18,573	-23,063	-4,490
Palmares	41,024	-62,653	-21,629
Panorama	40,236	-46,975	-6,739
Piratini	29,300	-30,884	-1,584

Regenerative agriculture



Carbon Project

Ongoing initiatives:

- Baseline research



- Modeling



Carbon Credits

- ALM (Agricultural Land Management)

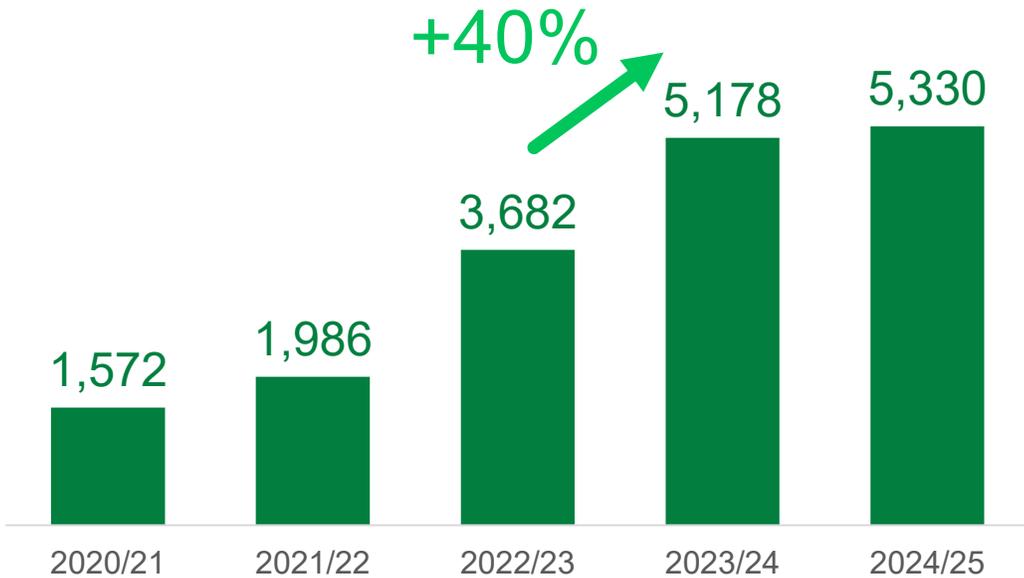


- REDD (Reduction emissions from deforestation and degradation)

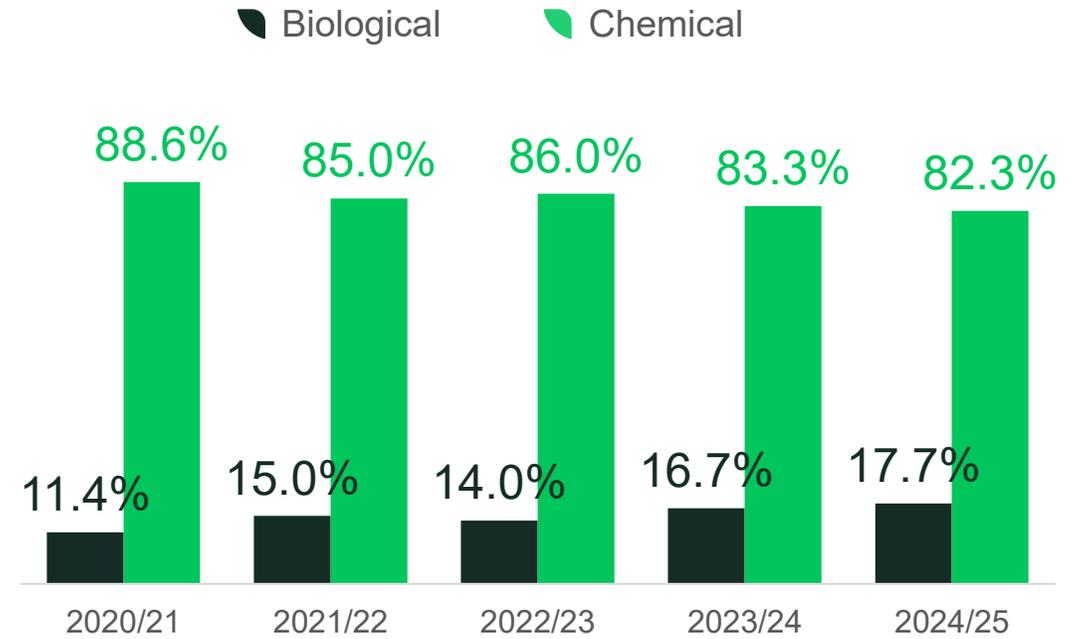


Biological crop protection

Biological-applied hectares (millions)



% biological vs. chemical



Photovoltaic plant Piratini farm

- **22 Plants** distributed among 14 farms
- **Reducing pollution** from contaminating sources (coal) and greenhouse gases
- reducing deforestation,
- **increasing the use of natural resources.**



Environmental indicators digital agriculture



Localized and selective application of pesticides

New technologies for **localized application** allow for a reduction of up to **R\$ 58 million**

Water reduction



25.9 million L

Packaging reduction



48.5 ton



Water and biodiversity



98.0%

of waste is sent
for recycling



96.6%

of the areas are
cultivated in dry
farming agriculture



100%

of effluents
undergo treatment
before disposal

Biodiversity

132K
ha

are intended for
environmental preservation
(legal reserve, permanent
preservation areas and remaining
native vegetation)

Equivalent to:

5.3 times
the city of Frankfurt

387
Central Parks

184 k
soccer fields

36.7%
of owned areas
dedicated to
Legal Reserv and
APP

31.4
million of tco2e
stocked*

*References: Lopes; Miola, 2010 (Sequestro de Carbono em diferentes fitofisionomias do Cerrado). Silva et al., 2014 (Estoque de biomassa aérea, carbono e sequestro de dióxido de carbono em sistemas florestais da Amazônia Mato-grossense).

Circular economy project and zero waste to landfill

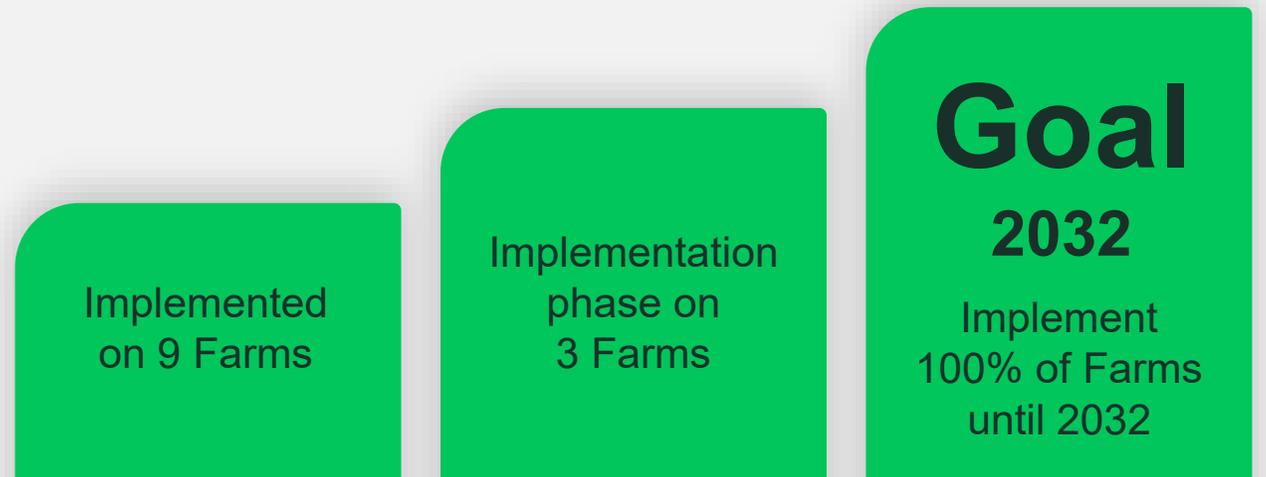
Objective of the initiative

To raise the recyclability index of waste generated in operations, as well as zero the allocation of materials to landfills.

Result

Achieved through measures such as the disposal of food waste for composting, called Ecofactory, which can later be used as biofertilizers in agriculture.

Source: SLC Agrícola Integrated Report 2025.



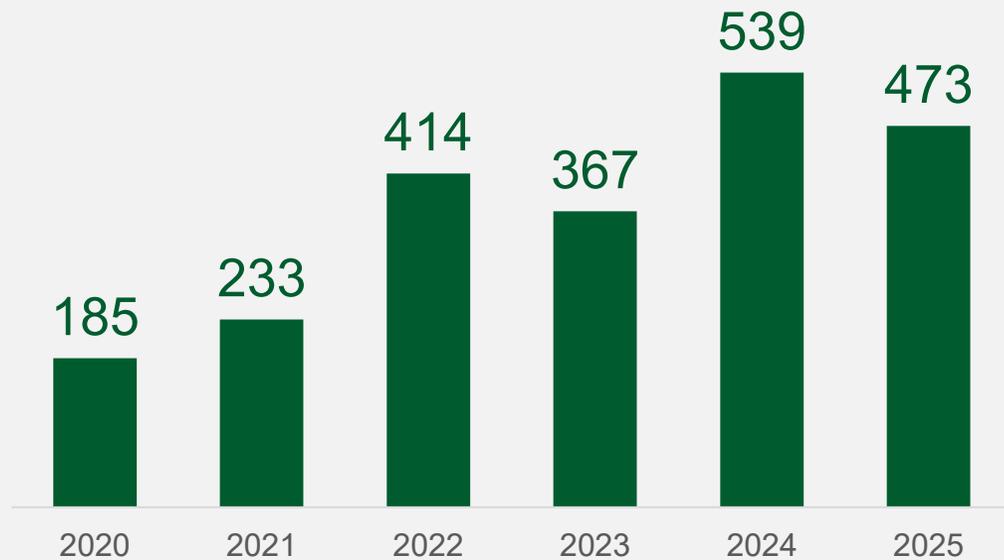
ESG social

8.3

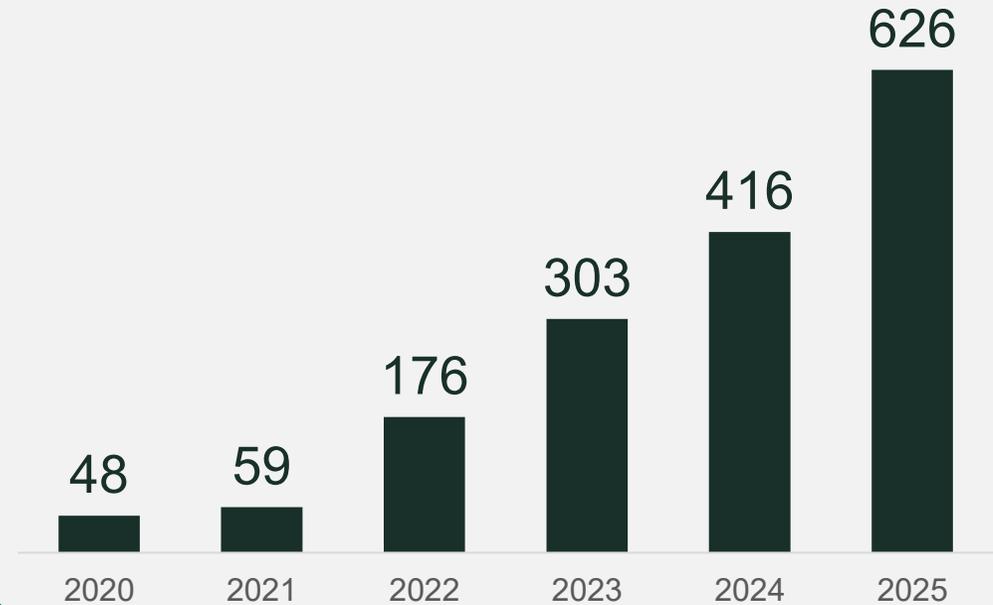


Investments in education

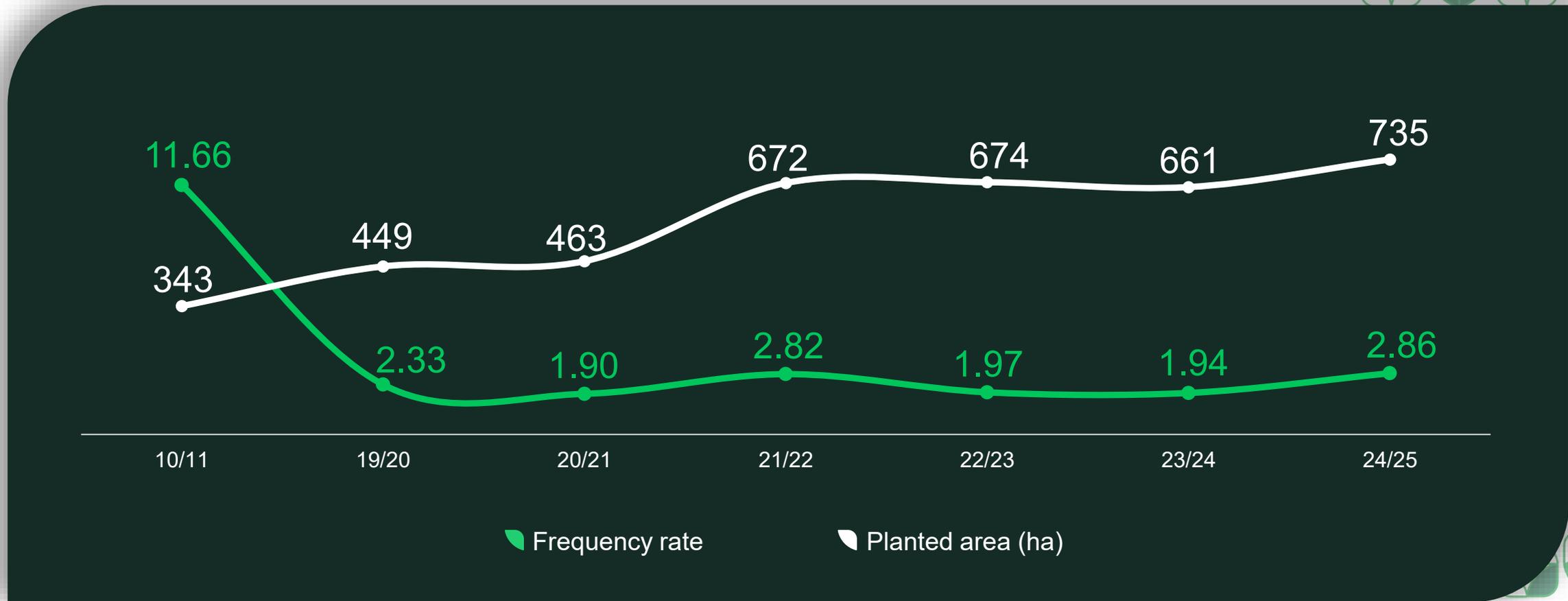
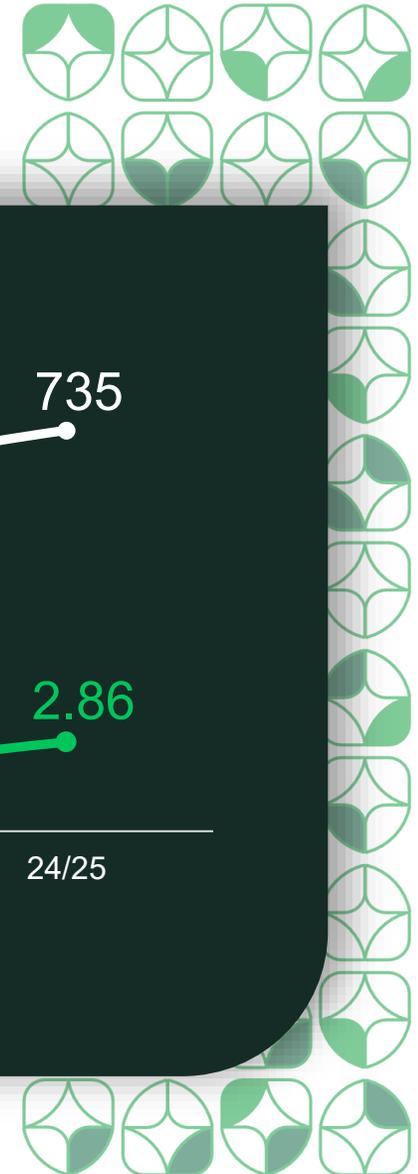
Enrolled employees
excluding evasion and graduates



Employees graduated
accumulated



Safe work environment



Source: 2024/25 crop year.

Relationship with stakeholders



R\$ 4.7 millions
invested in social projects

800
mobilized
volunteers

1,071
trained
teachers

62
impacted
municipalities

60
volunteer actions
carried out

22,854
students benefited

Awards

Awards in people management and sustainability:

2024



2025

Our Big Dream

To positively impact future generations, through global leadership in agribusiness and respect to the planet.

Our values

We believe that those who have **passion for what they do** are committed and do it with the highest quality, preserving their **integrity** through an ethical conduct, consistent and unquestionable.

These attitudes together generate **long lasting relationship** between all the interested parties, producing **sustainable results** that are economically viable, socially just and environmentally responsible.



INTEGRITY



PASSION
FOR WHAT WE DO



LASTING
RELATIONSHIPS



SUSTAINABLE
RESULTS

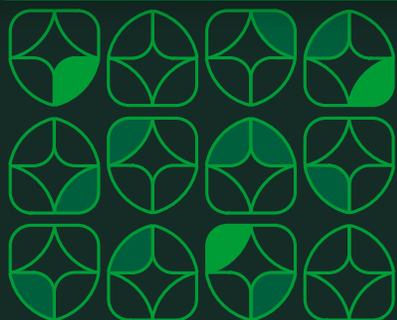
Investor Relations Department



+ 55 51 3230.7797

ri@slcagricola.com.br

slcagricola.com.br



Ivo Marcon Brum

Chief Financial and Investor Relations Officer



André Vasconcellos

Financial Planning and Investor Relations Manager



Alisandra Reis

Investor Relations Coordinator



Daniel Batista

Investor Relations Analyst



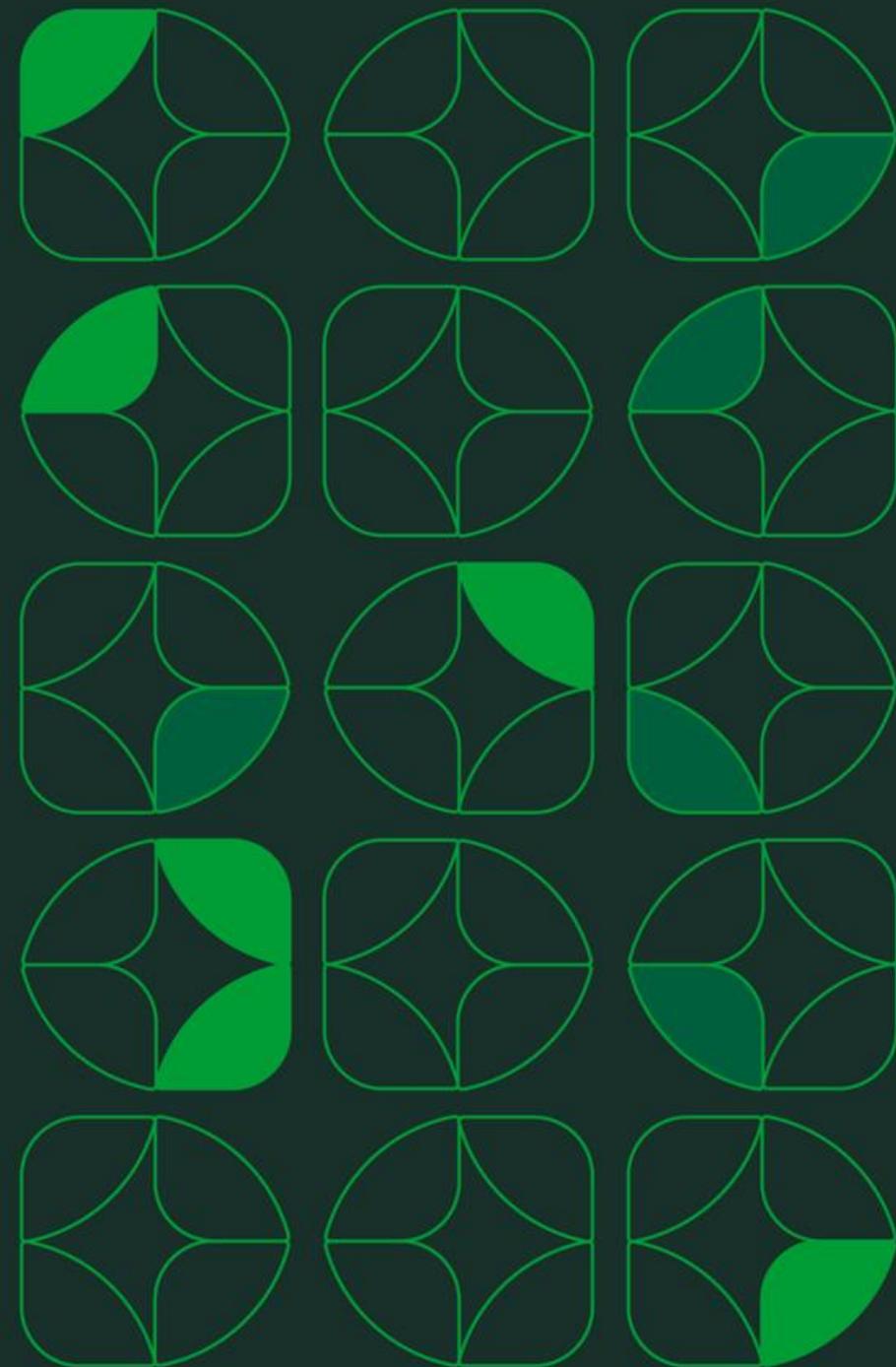
Laiza Rocha

Investor Relations Specialist

Disclaimer

We make forward-looking statements that are subject to risks and uncertainties. These statements are based on the beliefs and assumptions of our management, and on information currently available to us. Forward-looking statements include statements regarding our intent, belief or current expectations or that our directors or executive officer. Forward-looking statements also include information concerning our possible or assumed future results of operations, as well as statements preceded by, followed by, or that include the words

“believes”, “may”, “will”, “continues”, “expects”, “anticipates”, “intends”, “plans”, “estimates” or similar expressions. Forward-looking statements are not guarantees and assumptions because they relate to future events and therefore depend on circumstances that may or may not occur. Our future results and shareholder values may differ materially from those expressed in or suggested by these forward-looking statements. Many of the factors that will determine these results and values are beyond our ability to control or predict.



The logo for SLC AGRÍCOLA features a stylized white icon of a four-leaf clover on the left. To its right, the text "SLC" is written in a large, bold, white sans-serif font, followed by "AGRÍCOLA" in a smaller, white sans-serif font.

SLC AGRÍCOLA

Cultivate & Evolve