Earnings Release 2Q21



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Strategic Pillars

Our strategic pillars guide our priorities to achieve our long-term goals. We combine the **financial strength of a large bank** with the **digital mindset**, placing the **customer at the center of our strategy** and ensuring the sustainability of our business in line with the **ESG principles**.



⁴ Considers the largest banks in number of assets (Sources: Reclame Aqui and Consumidor.gov); ⁵ Ranking of the 2nd quarter of 2021 in number of assets (Source: https://www.bcb.gov.br/)

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Main financial information

The table below shows the information and management indicators selected from banco BV in order to allow analysis on the same comparison basis.

| | | | | | | | Variation % | |
|---|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|------------|-------------|-----------|
| Main Financial Information | 2Q20 | 1Q20 | 2Q21 | 1H20 | 1H21 | 2Q21/1Q21 | 2Q21/2Q20 | 1H21/1H2 |
| NCOME STATEMENT (R\$ M) | | | | | | | | |
| Revenues – Total (i + ii) | 2,021 | 2,288 | 2,418 | 4,208 | 4,706 | 5.7% | 19.6% | 11.8% |
| Gross financial margin (i) | 1,629 | 1,783 | 1,854 | 3,292 | 3,637 | 3.9% | 13.8% | 10.5% |
| Income from services and brokerage fees (ii) | 393 | 504 | 564 | 916 | 1,069 | 11.9% | 43.7% | 16.6% |
| Cost of Risk | (871) | (576) | (539) | (1,786) | (1,115) | -6.4% | -38.1% | -37.6% |
| Personnel and administrative expenses | (486) | (540) | (565) | (1,003) | (1,105) | 4.6% | 16.2% | 10.1% |
| Recurring Net Income | 220 | 357 | 388 | 441 | 745 | 8.8% | 76.4% | 68.9% |
| BALANCE SHEET (R\$ M) | | | | | | | | |
| Total Assets | 121,582 | 120,960 | 118,615 | 121,582 | 118,615 | -1.9% | -2.4% | -2.4% |
| Expanded loan portfolio | 68,773 | 72,168 | 73,164 | 68,773 | 73,164 | 1.4% | 6.4% | 6.4% |
| Wholesale Segment | 23,947 | 24,628 | 24,463 | 23,947 | 24,463 | -0.7% | 2.2% | 2.2% |
| Consumer Finance Segment | 44,826 | 47,539 | 48,701 | 44,826 | 48,701 | 2.4% | 8.6% | 8.6% |
| Funding Sources | 76,037 | 78,855 | 75,848 | 76,037 | 75,848 | -3.8% | -0.2% | -0.2% |
| Shareholders' equity | 10,151 | 11,201 | 11,671 | 10,151 | 11,671 | 4.2% | 15.0% | 15.0% |
| Basel ratio (%) | 14.4% | 14.7% | 15.2% | 14.4% | 15.2% | 0.6 p.p. | 0.8 p.p. | 0.8 p.p. |
| Tier I Capital Ratio (%) | 13.3% | 14.0% | 14.7% | 13.3% | 14.7% | 0.7 p.p. | 1.3 p.p. | 1.3 p.p. |
| Common Equity Tier I (%) | 11.0% | 11.7% | 12.7% | 11.0% | 12.7% | 1.0 p.p. | 1.8 p.p. | 1.8 p.p. |
| MANAGERIAL INDICATORS (%) | | | | | | | | |
| Return on Average Equity ¹ (ROAE) - Adjusted | 8.7% | 13.3% | 13.9% | 8.8% | 13.6% | 0.6 p.p. | 5.2 p.p. | 4.8 p.p. |
| Return on Average Assets ² (ROAA) | 0.8% | 1.2% | 1.3% | 0.8% | 1.3% | 0.1 p.p. | 0.5 p.p. | 0.4 p.p. |
| Net Interest Margin ³ (NIM) - Clients | 9.2% | 10.0% | 9.9% | 9.7% | 9.9% | -0.1 p.p. | 0.6 p.p. | 0.2 p.p. |
| Net Interest Margin ⁴ (NIM) - Clients + Market | 6.7% | 7.1% | 7.2% | 7.0% | 7.2% | 0.2 p.p. | 0.5 p.p. | 0.2 p.p. |
| Efficiency Ratio (ER) - Last 12 months ⁵ | 31.2% | 32.5% | 32.6% | 31.2% | 32.6% | 0.1 p.p. | 1.4 p.p. | 1.4 p.p. |
| NPL 90-days | 5.2% | 3.3% | 3.5% | 5.2% | 3.5% | 0.2 p.p. | -1.7 p.p. | -1.7 p.p. |
| Coverage Ratio (NPL 90-days) | 183% | 263% | 242% | 183% | 242% | -21.0 p.p. | 58.9 p.p. | 58.9 p.p. |
| ADDITIONAL INFORMATION | | | | | | | | |
| Employees ⁶ (quantity) | 3,979 | 3,969 | 4,137 | 3,979 | 4,137 | 4.2% | 4.0% | 4.0% |
| Assets under Management ⁷ (R\$ Million) | 50,732 | 49,932 | 48,076 | 50,732 | 48,076 | -3.7% | -5.2% | -5.2% |

1. Ratio between net income and average equity for the period, annualized. It excludes other comprehensive income recorded in shareholders' equity; 2. Ratio between net income and average total assets for the period. Annualized; 3. Ratio between gross financial margin with clients and average assets sensitive to spreads in the period. Annualized; 4. Ratio between gross financial margin and average profitable assets for the period. Annualized; 5. ER = personnel (excluding labor claims) and administrative expenses / (gross financial margin + income from rendered services and banking fees + other operational income + other operational expenses – tax expenses – income from the real state activity); 6. It does not consider interns and statutory employees; 7. It includes onshore funds (ANBIMA criteria) and private client funds (fixed income, variable income and offshore funds).



Innovation **Business**

ESG

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Accounting versus Managerial Reconciliation

In order to better understand and analyze the Bank's financial performance, the explanations of this report are based on the Managerial Income Statement, which considers some managerial reallocations carried out in the audited Financial Statement, with no impact on the net income. These reallocations refer to :

- Expenses related to provisions (civil, labor and tax) reallocated from "(Provision) / reversal for contingent liabilities" \bigcirc and from "Personnel Expenses" to "Other Income (Expenses)"
- "Operational costs of subsidiary Promotiva S.A. reallocated from "Other income (Expenses)" to "Income from \bigcirc rendered Services"
- "Discounts granted" reallocated from "Gross Financial Margin" to "Cost of Risk" 0

Balance sheet

analysis

- o Costs directly related to business generation reallocated from "Administrative Expenses" to "Other Income (Expenses)"
- o Taxation effects of the hedge operations related to foreign currency exchange variations on investments abroad that are accounted in "Tax Expenses" (PIS and COFINS) and "Income Tax and Social Contribution" were reallocated to "Gross Financial Margin".

The strategy of managing the foreign currency exchange risk of investments abroad aims at avoiding the effects of exchange rate variation on the result and, for this purpose, the foreign exchange risk is neutralized by using derivative financial instruments.

| INCOME STATEMENT (R\$ M) | 2Q21 Accounting | Non-recurring events | Managerial Adjustments | 2Q21 Managerial |
|--|--------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------|
| Revenues – Total (i + ii) | 2,457 | 0 | (39) | 2,418 |
| Gross financial margin (i) | 1,819 | 0 | 34 | 1,854 |
| Income from services and brokerage fees (ii) | 638 | 0 | (73) | 564 |
| Cost of risk | (456) | 0 | (83) | (539) |
| Operating expenses | (1,189) | 6 | 28 | (1,154) |
| Personnel and administrative expenses | (719) | 6 | 148 | (565) |
| Tax expenses | (120) | 0 | (24) | (144) |
| Other expenses (income) | (349) | 0 | (96) | (446) |
| Result before taxes and contributions | 812 | 6 | (93) | 725 |
| Provision for income tax and social contribution | (351) | (78) | 93 | (337) |
| Recurring Net Income | 461 | (72) | 0 | 388 |

| INCOME STATEMENT (R\$ M) | 1H21 Accounting | Non-recurring events | Managerial Adjustments | 1H21 Managerial |
|--|--------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------|
| Revenues – Total (i + ii) | 4,646 | 0 | 60 | 4,706 |
| Gross financial margin (i) | 3,446 | 0 | 191 | 3,637 |
| Income from services and brokerage fees (ii) | 1,200 | 0 | (131) | 1,069 |
| Cost of risk | (954) | 0 | (161) | (1,115) |
| Operating expenses | (2,302) | 9 | 76 | (2,216) |
| Personnel and administrative expenses | (1,405) | 9 | 290 | (1,105) |
| Tax expenses | (249) | 0 | (43) | (292) |
| Other expenses (income) | (649) | 0 | (171) | (820) |
| Result before taxes and contributions | 1,390 | 9 | (25) | 1,375 |
| Provision for income tax and social contribution | (574) | (80) | 25 | (630) |
| Recurring Net Income | 816 | (71) | (0) | 745 |



Analysis of managerial results Diversified business portfolio BVx -Innovation Business unit

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Non-recurring events

| | 2Q20 | 1Q21 | 2Q21 | 1H20 | 1H21 |
|--|------|------|------|------|------|
| Net Income - Accounting | 222 | 355 | 461 | 443 | 816 |
| (-) Non-recurring events | 2 | (2) | 72 | 2 | 71 |
| Donations related to the Covid-19 combat | (27) | 0 | 0 | (27) | 0 |
| Effect of rate increase on tax credit | 0 | 0 | 76 | 0 | 76 |
| Expenses related to the BV's IPO process | 0 | (2) | (3) | 0 | (5) |
| Other | 28 | 0 | 0 | 28 | 0 |
| Recurring Net Income | 220 | 357 | 388 | 441 | 745 |

Summary of non-recurring events:

- **Donations to fight against Covid-19** Extraordinary expenses for donations aimed at combating the new Coronavirus and its effects on Brazilian society. The amount presented above is net of taxes;
- Effect of rate increase on tax credits Effect arising from the increase in the Social Contribution rate for financial institutions, from 20% to 25%, recognized in the Income Tax and Social Contribution line.
- Expenses related to BV's IPO process According to the Material Fact disclosed on April 13, 2021, BV's IPO process was canceled due to adverse market conditions.



Balance sheet

analysis

Diversified business portfolio

Innovation **Business**

BVx -

unit

Ratings

Analysis of Managerial Results

Recurring net income in 2Q21 totaled R\$ 388 million, a record quarterly level, with growth of 8.8% compared to the previous guarter and 76.4% compared to 2Q20. Recurring return on equity (ROE) in 2Q21 was 13.9%, an increase of 0.6 p.p. over 1Q21 and 5.2 p.p. higher than 2Q20. In 1H21, recurring net income totaled R\$745 million, 68.8% up on 1H20, with ROE increasing 4.8 p.p. in the 1st half of the year, to 13.6%, against 8.8% in 1H20. The consistent improvement in results, record of net income and profitability at prewith pandemic levels, reflects our diversified business model, with resilience in the bank's main business, vehicle financing, combined with important advances in the diversification strategy, with significant growth in solar panels financing (+237% vs 2Q20) and credit cards (+34.2% vs 2Q20).

In wholesale, the diversification strategy also registered important progresses, such as the 25.2% growth vs. 2Q20 in the corporate segment, in addition to expansion in the SME sector.

In addition to strategic advances, the substantial increase in the net income compared to 2020 was driven by the drop in the cost of credit, reflecting the improvement in delinquency rates and in the levels of uncertainty generated by the pandemic.

ESG

In the period, we also recorded growth in service and brokerage revenues, which reached R\$ 564 million in the quarter, +11.9% vs 1Q21 and + 43.7% vs 2Q20, mainly due to the higher volume of debt structuring/debt distribution of wholesale customers. Year-to-date revenues from services and brokerage were R\$ 1.1 billion, +16.6% vs. 1H20. Total revenues (gross margin + services and brokerage revenues) reached R\$ 2.4 billion in 2Q21 (+5.7% vs 1Q21 and +19.6% vs 2Q20) and R\$ 4.7 billion in 1H21 (+11.8% vs 1H20).

Another highlight in 2Q21 was the growth of personnel expenses, reflecting the increase in the structure to support BV's digital strategy, with investments in digital banking and technology (including cloud and insourcing), besides new businesses. Despite the increase, efficiency agenda continues to be a fundamental pillar of Banco BV's strategy, with strict control over the Bank's expenses base, as evidenced by the healthy level of its efficiency ratio.

| INCOME STATEMENT | | | | | | | Variation % | |
|--|-------|---------|---------|---------|---------|-----------|-------------|-----------|
| (R\$ M) | 2Q20 | 1Q21 | 2Q21 | 1H20 | 1H21 | 2Q21/1Q21 | 2Q21/2Q20 | 1H21/1H20 |
| Total Revenue (i + ii) | 2,021 | 2,288 | 2,418 | 4,208 | 4,706 | 5.7 | 19.6 | 11.8 |
| Gross financial margin (i) | 1,629 | 1,783 | 1,854 | 3,292 | 3,637 | 3.9 | 13.8 | 10.5 |
| Financial margin with clients | 1,404 | 1,598 | 1,615 | 2,938 | 3,214 | 1.0 | 15.0 | 9.4 |
| Financial margin with the market | 225 | 185 | 239 | 354 | 424 | 29.0 | 6.2 | 19.6 |
| Income from services and banking fees (ii) | 393 | 504 | 564 | 916 | 1,069 | 11.9 | 43.7 | 16.6 |
| Cost of risk | (871) | (576) | (539) | (1,786) | (1,115) | -6.4 | -38.1 | -37.6 |
| Operating expenses | (867) | (1,062) | (1,154) | (1,851) | (2,216) | 8.7 | 33.1 | 19.7 |
| Personnel and administrative expenses | (486) | (540) | (565) | (1,003) | (1,105) | 4.6 | 16.2 | 10.1 |
| Tax expenses | (125) | (148) | (144) | (260) | (292) | -2.8 | 15.1 | 12.1 |
| Other expenses (income) | (256) | (374) | (446) | (588) | (820) | 19.1 | 73.9 | 39.4 |
| Result before taxes and contributions | 283 | 650 | 725 | 571 | 1,375 | 11.5 | 155.8 | 140.9 |
| Income tax and social contribution | (63) | (293) | (337) | (129) | (630) | 14.8 | 433.5 | 387.2 |
| Recurring Net Income | 220 | 357 | 388 | 441 | 745 | 8.8 | 76.3 | 68.8 |
| Return on Average Equity (ROAE) | 8.7% | 13.3% | 13.9% | 8.8% | 13.6% | 0.6 p.p. | 5.2 p.p. | 4.8 p.p. |
| Efficiency Ratio (ER) - Last 12 months | 31.2% | 32.5% | 32.6% | 31.2% | 32.6% | 0.1 p.p. | 1.4 p.p. | 1.4 p.p. |









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Innovation **Business**

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unit

Ratings

Gross Financial Margin

Gross Financial Margin in 2Q21 grew 3.9% compared to 1Q21 and 13.8% compared to 2Q20, reaching R\$ 1,854 million. In 1H21, gross financial margin grew 10.5%, compared to 1H20, to R\$ 3,637 million. In all comparisons, there was an expansion in both the financial margin with clients and the financial margin with the market.

Financial Margin with Clients in 2Q21 was R\$ 1,615 million, 15.0% higher than the margin of 2Q20. Year-todate, financial margin with clients reached R\$ 3,214 million, 9.4% above the same period of 2020. In both periods, the margin improvement reflects the growth in the credit portfolio, in addition to the gradual dilution of the impact from the pro-client initiatives implemented by BV in 2020 in the context of the pandemic, which included the extension of 2 installments of the financing to the end of the contract, without additional interest.

Compared to the previous quarter, margin with clients expansion expanded by 1.0%, in line with the growth of the portfolio in the period.

The NIM (net interest margin) of clients reached 9.9% in 2Q21 and 1H21, representing an increase of 0.6 p.p. over 2Q20 (9.2%) and 0.2 p.p. over 1H20 (9.7%). In both comparisons, the improvement was driven by the same reasons stated above: portfolio growth and lower impact from contracts extensions carried out in 2020, in the context of the pandemic. In comparison with the previous guarter, NIM of clients varied -0.1 p.p..

Financial Margin with the Market in 2Q21 was R\$ 239 million, a 6.2% expansion over 2Q20. In 1H21, the financial margin with the market grew by 19.6%, to R\$ 424 million. In both periods, the growth was mainly driven by the positive result of structural hedge positions, partially offset by the lower result from the investment of shareholders' equity.

ESG

Compared to 1Q21, margin with the market grew 29.0%, mainly explained by the positive result arising from structural hedge positions and the investment of shareholders' equity.



1.Net Interest Margin: Ratio between Gross Margin with clients and Average Assets sensitive

2. Average annualized guarterly CDI (Brazilian benchmark interest rate) (source: Cetip)

| | | | 2Q21 | 1H20 | | | Variation % | |
|--|-------|-------|-------|---------|---------|-----------|-------------|-----------|
| Cost of risk (R\$ M) | 2Q20 | 1Q21 | 2Q21 | 1H20 | 1H21 | 2Q21/1Q21 | 2Q21/2Q20 | 1H21/1H20 |
| Provision expenses (managerial) | (850) | (666) | (616) | (1,796) | (1,282) | -7.6 | -27.6 | -28.6 |
| Recovery of credit written-off | 119 | 171 | 148 | 253 | 319 | -13.7 | 23.7 | 26.2 |
| Net Provision expenses | (731) | (495) | (468) | (1,543) | (963) | -5.4 | -36.0 | -37.6 |
| Discounts granted | (132) | (75) | (80) | (234) | (155) | 7.3 | -39.4 | -33.9 |
| Reversal (provision) for guarantees provided | (8) | (6) | 9 | (9) | 3 | -247.8 | -222.2 | -132.1 |
| Cost of risk | (871) | (576) | (539) | (1,786) | (1,115) | -6.4 | -38.1 | -37.6 |
| Cost of risk / credit portfolio ¹ | 5.1% | 3.2% | 3.0% | 5.3% | 3.1% | -0.3 p.p. | -2.1 p.p. | -2.2 p.p. |

¹ expanded portfolio

Cost of Risk



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BVx -Innovation **Business** unit

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Cost of risk

In the quarter, cost of credit decreased by 38.1% compared to 2Q20. In the half-year comparison, the drop was 37.6%. Consequently, cost of credit as % of the portfolio in 2Q21 was 3.0%, compared to 5.1% in 2Q20. In the semester, the ratio was 3.1%, against 5.3% in 1H20. In both periods, the drop in the cost of credit was mainly driven by the lower expense with provisions, reflecting the improvement in default indicators after the recovery in economic activity, with the advance of vaccination and lower restrictive measures being the main levers for the resumption. It is worth remembering that during 1H20, prudential provisions were accrued to face the scenario of higher uncertainty after the beginning of the pandemic, which also explains the drop observed in the 1H21 vs 1H20 comparison.

Compared to the previous quarter, cost of credit declined by 6.4%. The cost of credit/portfolio ratio improved by 0.2 p.p..



ESG

Cost of risk / credit portfolio

| Income from services and insurance fees | 0000 | 1Q21 | 2Q21 | 1H20 | 41104 | | Variation % | |
|--|------|------|-------|------|-------|-----------|-------------|-----------|
| (R\$ M) | 2Q20 | 1021 | 20,21 | THZU | 1H21 | 2Q21/1Q21 | 2Q21/2Q20 | 1H21/1H20 |
| Master file registration and appraisal of assets | 119 | 180 | 161 | 307 | 341 | -11.0 | 35.1 | 11.1 |
| Insurance brokerage fees | 86 | 136 | 136 | 223 | 272 | -0.4 | 57.3 | 22.3 |
| Credit cards | 63 | 72 | 77 | 129 | 149 | 7.2 | 22.3 | 16.1 |
| Income from guarantees provided | 28 | 28 | 27 | 57 | 54 | -3.4 | -5.4 | -5.6 |
| Management of investment funds | 36 | 28 | 30 | 69 | 58 | 8.6 | -16.6 | -15.5 |
| Commissions on securities placement | 19 | 15 | 86 | 41 | 102 | 460.9 | 343.3 | 148.0 |
| Banking correspondent (Promotiva) | 25 | 22 | 22 | 55 | 44 | 1.8 | -10.3 | -19.4 |
| Other ¹ | 16 | 23 | 25 | 37 | 48 | 10.3 | 62.2 | 31.7 |
| Total Income From Services and Insurance | 393 | 504 | 564 | 916 | 1,069 | 11.9 | 43.7 | 16.6 |

Income from services and insurance brokerage fees

Income from services and insurance brokerage totaled R\$ 564 million in 2Q21, an increase of 11.9% in the quarter compared to 1Q21, mainly due to the higher volume of structuring / distribution of debt from wholesale customers that we had in the period, with a positive impact on the line of commissions on securities placement. Compared to 2Q20, there was a 43.7% growth. In addition to the impact mentioned above, we had expansion in the lines of insurance brokerage and registration and appraisal of assets, in line with the recovery in loan and financing origination levels.

In the first half, the growth in income from service and brokerage was 16.6%, reaching R\$ 1,069 million.





Insurance brokerage fees



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Personnel and Administrative Expenses

| Personnel and Administrative Expenses | 2Q20 | 1Q21 | 2Q21 | 1H20 | 1H21 | | Variation % | |
|---|-------|-------|-------|---------|---------|-----------|-------------|-----------|
| (R\$M) | 2020 | 1921 | 20,21 | 1820 | 1821 | 2Q21/1Q21 | 2Q21/2Q20 | 1H21/1H20 |
| Salaries and Profit sharing | (180) | (198) | (210) | (320) | (408) | 5.9 | 16.6 | 27.6 |
| Benefits e Social Charges | (49) | (90) | (92) | (168) | (182) | 1.3 | 88.8 | 8.6 |
| Training | (2) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (6) | 45.3 | 85.1 | 35.2 |
| Personnel Expenses | (230) | (291) | (305) | (492) | (596) | 4.7 | 32.3 | 21.2 |
| Specialized technical services | (91) | (85) | (95) | (174) | (179) | 11.6 | 3.8 | 2.8 |
| Data processing | (47) | (47) | (59) | (92) | (106) | 24.2 | 23.3 | 14.7 |
| Judicial and Notary public fees | (12) | (17) | (16) | (35) | (32) | -6.6 | 32.4 | -8.4 |
| Marketing | (15) | (5) | (8) | (30) | (14) | 58.1 | -44.6 | -54.0 |
| Other | (54) | (58) | (37) | (112) | (96) | -36.3 | -30.9 | -14.3 |
| Subtotal | (219) | (212) | (214) | (443) | (427) | 1.0 | -2.3 | -3.7 |
| Depreciation and Amortization | (37) | (37) | (46) | (69) | (83) | 24.6 | 25.8 | 20.4 |
| Administrative Expenses | (256) | (249) | (260) | (512) | (509) | 4.5 | 1.7 | -0.5 |
| Total | (486) | (540) | (565) | (1,003) | (1,105) | 4.6 | 16.2 | 10.1 |
| Total excluding depreciation and amortization | (450) | (503) | (519) | (935) | (1,022) | 3.2 | 15.5 | 9.4 |

Personnel and administrative expenses¹ totaled R\$ 519 million in 2Q21, an increase of 3.2% over 1Q21 and 15.5% over 2Q20. Year-to-date, expenses reached R\$ 1,022 million, an increase of 9.4% over 1H20.

In the quarter, personnel expenses grew 32.3% over 2Q20. In the half-year comparison, there was expansion of 21.2%. In both comparisons, the increase was mainly driven by the expansion in the structure to support BV's digital strategy, with higher investments in digital banking, technology (including cloud and insourcing), in addition to the new businesses front. Higher provisions for variable compensation, reflecting the improvement in the bank's results, also led to this increase. Compared to 1Q21, personnel expenses increased by 4.7%.

Administrative expenses¹ decreased by 2.3% when comparing 2Q21 vs 2Q20. In the semester, there was a decrease of 3.7% compared to 1H20. It is worth stressing that in the last 12 months, official inflation (IPCA) rose by 8.4%. This performance reflects the strict control over the Bank's expense base, as well as the insourcing of activities, with the opposite impact on personnel expenses.

The Efficiency Ratio (ER) ended 2Q21 at 32.6%, +0.1 p.p. vs. 1Q21 and +1.3 p.p. vs. 2Q20. Despite the improvement in this ratio over the last quarters, the increase observed still reflects the quarters most affected by the pandemic, as the metric considers the last 12 months. Efficiency remains a fundamental pillar in Banco BV's strategy.

¹ Excluding depreciation and amortization

² Excluding interns and statutory employees.









Number of employees² at the end of 2Q21 was 4,137 vs 3,979 in 2Q20.

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|--------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|---|-----|---------|
|--------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|---|-----|---------|

Other income (expenses) and result from subsidiaries

| Other income (expenses) and result from subsidiaries | | 1001 | 0004 | (1100 | 41104 | | Variation % | |
|--|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-----------|-------------|-----------|
| (R\$ M) | 2Q20 | 1Q21 | 2Q21 | 1H20 | 1H21 | 2Q21/1Q21 | 2Q21/2Q20 | 1H21/1H20 |
| Costs associated with the production | (189) | (300) | (287) | (445) | (586) | -4.5 | 51.8 | 31.7 |
| Civel and fiscal lawsuits | (34) | (38) | (19) | (73) | (57) | -48.7 | -42.9 | -21.5 |
| Labor lawsuits | (46) | (24) | (24) | (95) | (47) | 0.9 | -48.1 | -50.2 |
| Results from real estate subsidiaries ¹ | 6 | (8) | (61) | 12 | (69) | 628.1 | - | -679.3 |
| Other | 7 | (4) | (55) | 13 | (59) | - | -918.6 | -541.2 |
| Total | (256) | (374) | (446) | (588) | (820) | 19.1 | 73.9 | 39.4 |

Other income (expenses) added to the result of subsidiaries totaled an expense of R\$ 446 million in 2Q21, an increase of 19.1% over 1Q21 and 73.9% compared to 2Q20. Year-to-date, other expenses increased by 39.4% vs 1H20, reaching R\$ 820 million.

Compared to 1Q21, the increase in other expenses was mainly driven by the impact from the value update of real estate assets from the subsidiary BVEP (operation in run-off), carried out in the quarter.

In the 2Q21 vs 2Q20 and 1H21 vs 1H20 comparison, both variations are mainly explained by higher costs associated with production, reflecting the growth in credit origination in 2021, in addition to the impact from the value update of real estate assets from BVEP.

¹ run-off operation



Diversified business portfolio BVx -Innovation Business unit

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Balance Sheet Analysis

Balance Sheet

Total assets reached R\$ 119 billion at the end of 2Q21, a variation of -1.9% compared to 1Q21 and -2.4% compared to 2Q20. The reduction in the quarter was mainly explained by the use of cash and interbank liquidity investments for the prepayment of some Guaranteed Financial Bills during the quarter.

Shareholder's equity totaled R\$ 11.7 billion at the end of the quarter, compared to R\$ 11.2 billion in the previous quarter and BRL 10.2 billion in 2Q20, representing an increase of 4.2% and 15.0%, respectively.

| Balance Sheet Assets | 2020 | 4004 | 2024 | Variat | ion % |
|--|---------|---------|---------|-----------|-----------|
| (R\$ M) | 2Q20 | 1Q21 | 2Q21 | 2Q21/1Q21 | 2Q21/2Q20 |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 3,917 | 4,723 | 4,029 | -14.7 | 2.8 |
| Financial assets | 107,779 | 106,830 | 105,371 | -1.4 | -2.2 |
| Interbank funds applied | 6,122 | 6,590 | 3,395 | -48.5 | -44.5 |
| Securities and derivative financial instruments | 39,869 | 34,062 | 36,142 | 6.1 | -9.3 |
| Derivative financial instruments | 7,353 | 5,462 | 3,957 | -27.6 | -46.2 |
| Interbank accounts or relations | 792 | 831 | 868 | 4.4 | 9.7 |
| Loan Portfolio | 56,655 | 60,803 | 62,164 | 2.2 | 9.7 |
| Allowance for loan losses | (5,164) | (4,973) | (5,067) | 1.9 | -1.9 |
| Other financial assets | 2,152 | 4,055 | 3,912 | -3.5 | 81.8 |
| Tax assets | 7,930 | 7,684 | 7,493 | -2.5 | -5.5 |
| Investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures | 43 | 6 | 14 | 135.4 | -66.3 |
| Property for use | 100 | 91 | 83 | -8.4 | -17.0 |
| Intangible assets | 436 | 478 | 548 | 14.5 | 25.6 |
| Other assets | 1,377 | 1,147 | 1,078 | -6.0 | -21.7 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | 121,582 | 120,960 | 118,615 | -1.9 | -2.4 |

| Balance Sheet Liabilities | 2020 | 4004 | 2024 | Variat | ion % |
|---|---------|---------|---------|-----------|-----------|
| (R\$ M) | 2Q20 | 1Q21 | 2Q21 | 2Q21/1Q21 | 2Q21/2Q20 |
| Financial liabilities | 108,726 | 106,932 | 104,194 | -2.6 | -4.2 |
| Deposits | 25,062 | 25,234 | 22,963 | -9.0 | -8.4 |
| Money market repurchase commitments | 24,635 | 19,674 | 20,110 | 2.2 | -18.4 |
| Securities issued | 31,964 | 38,324 | 35,054 | -8.5 | 9.7 |
| Interbank accounts | 1,383 | 1,976 | 2,250 | 13.9 | 62.6 |
| Borrowings and domestic onlendings | 4,977 | 3,707 | 4,198 | 13.2 | -15.6 |
| Derivative financial instruments | 6,846 | 4,645 | 3,938 | -15.2 | -42.5 |
| Subordinated debts and debt instruments eligible as capital | 3,919 | 3,673 | 3,305 | -10.0 | -15.7 |
| Other financial liabilities | 9,940 | 9,698 | 12,378 | 27.6 | 24.5 |
| Tax liabilities | 515 | 427 | 464 | 8.8 | -10.0 |
| Provisions for contingencies | 912 | 806 | 780 | -3.2 | -14.5 |
| Other liabilities | 1,277 | 1,595 | 1,505 | -5.6 | 17.8 |
| SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY | 10,151 | 11,201 | 11,671 | 4.2 | 15.0 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | 121,582 | 120,960 | 118,615 | -1.9 | -2.4 |



Main Highlights

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Credit portfolio

Credit portfolio reached R\$ 73.2 billion at the end of 2Q21, a 6.4% growth over 2Q20, with 8.6% expansion in Retail and 2.2% in Wholesale. Compared to the previous quarter, the portfolio grew 1.4%, with a 2.4% up in Retail and 0.7% down in Wholesale.

The Retail portfolio grew 8.6% over 2Q20, to R\$ 48.7 billion. During the period, we achieved important progresses in the diversification strategy, while maintained the leadership in auto finance¹. On the diversification front, the highlight was the 237% growth in solar panels financing, a portfolio that already reached R\$ 1.5 billion, in addition to the 34.2% expansion in the credit card portfolio, driven by enhancements in the portfolio, improvements in the digital channels and commercial strategy. In the vehicle segment, we recorded a 5.1% growth over 2Q20, with portfolio reaching R\$ 41.8 billion. Highlight to the record production of R\$ 11.5 billion in the 1H21, a 41.4% increase over 1H20.

Compared to 1Q21, the Retail portfolio grew 2.4%. Likewise, the main highlights were the solar panels financing (+30.4%) and credit card (+14.3%) portfolios.

The Wholesale portfolio grew 2.2% compared to 2Q20, to R\$ 24.5 billion, highlighting the higher penetration in the Corporate segment (companies with annual revenue between R\$ 300 million and R\$ 1.5 billion), in addition to the growth in the SME³ segment. Both highlights are in line with our strategy to increase portfolio diversification and risk dispersion, whereas we seek profitability increase. The Corporate portfolio grew 25.2% over 2Q20, to R\$ 6.5 billion, and already represents 48.1% of the Wholesale on-balance portfolio (43.8% in 2Q20). The SME portfolio, a segment in which we started operating at the end of 2020 with focus on prepayment of receivables, reached R\$ 0.9 billion.

Compared to 1Q21, the wholesale portfolio varied by -0.7%.

| Credit portfolio | 2Q20 | 1Q21 | 2Q21 | Varia | tion % |
|--|--------|--------|--------|-----------|-----------|
| (R\$ M) | 2420 | 1921 | 2021 | 2Q21/1Q21 | 2Q21/2Q20 |
| Retail segment (a) | 44,826 | 47,539 | 48,701 | 2.4 | 8.6 |
| Auto finance | 39,720 | 41,450 | 41,761 | 0.8 | 5.1 |
| Personal Loans | 2,495 | 3,023 | 3,435 | 13.6 | 37.7 |
| Credit Cards | 2,611 | 3,067 | 3,505 | 14.3 | 34.2 |
| Wholesale segment (b) | 11,829 | 13,264 | 13,463 | 1.5 | 13.8 |
| Growing Corporate | 5,177 | 6,482 | 6,479 | 0.0 | 25.2 |
| Large corporate + financial institutions | 6,642 | 6,055 | 6,096 | 0.7 | -8.2 |
| Small and mid-size enterprise (SME) | 11 | 727 | 888 | 22.1 | n/a |
| On-balance loan portfolio (a+b) | 56,655 | 60,803 | 62,164 | 2.2 | 9.7 |
| Wholesale segment (b+c+d) | 23,947 | 24,628 | 24,463 | -0.7 | 2.2 |
| Guarantees provided (c) | 7,078 | 7,279 | 7,050 | -3.2 | -0.4 |
| Private securities (d) | 5,040 | 4,085 | 3,949 | -3.3 | -21.6 |
| Retail segment (a) | 44,826 | 47,539 | 48,701 | 2.4 | 8.6 |
| Expanded credit portfolio (a+b+c+d) | 68,773 | 72,168 | 73,164 | 1.4 | 6.4 |

Credit portfolio (expanded) bridge evolution 2Q21 vs 2Q20 (R\$ M)







Loan Portfolio Quality

The credit portfolio risk segmentation in this section refers to the classified portfolio following Resolution No. 2,682/99 from CMN (National Monetary Council of Brazil), unless otherwise indicated. Banco BV maintains a consistent process of assessing and monitoring credit risk in transactions with clients.

| Credit Portfolio Quality Indicators (R\$ M, except where indicated) | 2Q20 | 1Q21 | 2Q21 |
|--|--------|--------|--------|
| 90-day NPL balance | 2,930 | 1,990 | 2,170 |
| 90-day NPL ratio – Total | 5.2% | 3.3% | 3.5% |
| 90-day NPL ratio – Retail | 6.0% | 4.1% | 4.3% |
| 90-day NPL ratio – Auto finance | 5.1% | 3.5% | 3.8% |
| 90-day NPL ratio – Wholesale | 2.1% | 0.4% | 0.4% |
| Write-off (a) | (706) | (683) | (496) |
| Credit recovery (b) | 119 | 171 | 147 |
| Net Loss (a+b) | (587) | (512) | (348) |
| Net Loss / Credit portfolio - annualized | 4.2% | 3.4% | 2.3% |
| New NPL | 1,106 | 592 | 675 |
| New NPL / Credit portfolio1 - quarter | 1.95% | 1.00% | 1.11% |
| ALL balance ² | 5,353 | 5,226 | 5,243 |
| ALL balance / Credit portfolio | 9.4% | 8.6% | 8.4% |
| ALL balance / 90-day NPL balance | 183% | 263% | 242% |
| AA-C balance | 48,831 | 53,387 | 54,630 |
| AA-C / Credit portfolio | 86.2% | 87.8% | 87.9% |

1. Δ NPL quarterly + write-offs for the period / Credit Portfolio of the immediately previous quarter; 2. Includes provisions for financial guarantees provided and the balance of the provision for generic credit recorded in liabilities in the line "Sundry".

Coverage Ratio (90-days)

Reflecting the solid risk management model and the robustness of the balance sheet, the Coverage Ratio for the balance overdue for more than 90 days remained at a comfortable level, reaching 242% in 2Q21, -21 p.p. vs 1Q21 and +59 p.p. vs 2Q20, evidencing banco BV's prudence in a more adverse economic scenario.





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Credit Portfolio by Risk Level (%)

Banco BV's credit risk management aims to maintain the quality of the credit portfolio at appropriate levels for each segment. At the end of 2Q21, the D-H range was in line with 1Q21. Remembering that the increase in the D-H range recorded in 2020 was mainly driven by the prudential provisions accrued in that year to face the higher uncertain economic scenario due to the pandemic. Such effect has been gradually declining since 4Q20.

Credit rated between AA-C represented 87.9% of the credit portfolio at the end of 2Q21, compared to 86.2% in 2Q20.



¹ Credit classified as "AA-C" following Resolution 2,682 from the Brazilian Central Bank (BACEN)

Nonperforming Loans - NPL Ratio | Over 90 days

The main delinquency indicator (over-90) remained under control, ending 2Q21 at 3.5%. Despite the 0.2 p.p. increase vs the previous quarter, the indicator still remains below pre-pandemic levels. In comparison with 2Q20, the over-90 decreased by 1.7 p.p., remembering that our NPL ratio reached the peak in 2Q20 after the impacts from the pandemic on the credit quality in that period.

- **Retail** Over-90 for Retail closed the 2Q21 at 4.3%, slightly above (+0.2 p.p.) the previous quarter and 1.7 p.p. below 2Q20. In line with the explanation above, the indicator still remains below historical levels. Such behavior still reflects the stricter credit concession policy carried out in 2020, due to the pandemic, in addition to the positive effect resulting from lower families spendings, due to restrictions imposed by governments to contain the pandemic. Over-90 for Vehicles ended 2Q21 at 3.8%, a 0.3 p.p. increase vs 1Q21 and 1.3 p.p. lower the 2Q20.
- Wholesale The Wholesale portfolio has also been recording very adequate delinquency levels. The over-90 ratio ended the quarter at 0.4%, in line with 1Q21 and 1.7 p.p. below 2Q20.





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New NPL

The New NPL, which accounts for the volume of nonperforming loans over 90 days in the quarter reached R\$ 675 million in 2Q21, 14.1% up over 1Q21 and 39.0% down vs 2Q20. This indicator presented a significant improvement in 2020 after the initiatives of extending contracts, adjustments made in the credit concession policy, in addition to the impacts of the emergency aid from the government and families spendings. With the end of such measures, the New NPL has gradually resumed the historical levels. The ratio New NPL / credit portfolio reached 1.11% in the quarter vs 1.00% in 1Q21 and 1.95% in 2Q20.

| New NPL | 2Q20 | 1Q21 | 2024 | Variation % | |
|----------------------------|--------|--------|--------|-------------|------------|
| (R\$ M) | 2020 | 1921 | 2Q21 | 2Q21/1Q21 | 2Q21/2Q20 |
| Managed loan portfolio (A) | 56,655 | 60,803 | 62,164 | 2.2 | 9.7 |
| 90-day NPL Balance (NPL) | 2,930 | 1,990 | 2,170 | 9.0 | -25.9 |
| Quartely NPL variation (B) | 400 | -91 | 180 | -297.6 | -55.1 |
| Write-off (C) | 706 | 683 | 496 | -27.4 | -29.8 |
| New NPL (D=B+C) | 1,106 | 592 | 675 | 14.0 | -39.0 |
| New NPL ratio (D/A) | 1.95% | 1.00% | 1.11% | 0.11 p.p. | -0.84 p.p. |



Overdue Renegotiated Credit

The chart below shows information about the renegotiated loan portfolio due to late payment.



² NPL 90 days of the renegotiated portfolio.

The balance of overdue renegotiated credit totaled R\$ 926 million in 2Q21. Compared to 1Q21, there was a 0.2% decline in the balance. In the same period, delinquency over 90 days (NPL 90-days) of this portfolio was 43.6%, compared to 40.6% in 1Q21, while the coverage ratio for this portfolio varied from 49.6% in 1Q21 to 49.3% in 2Q21.

More information can be found in the Financial Statements of the guarter ended on June 30, 2021, Note 11-k



Supporting our clients during the pandemic

Since the beginning of the pandemic in Brazil, we have sought to support our clients with solutions to meet their needs. In March/20, we provided installment extensions by 60 days. In this initiative, non-overdue clients were able to postpone two installments to the end of their contract, with no embedded interest and maintaining the same installment value. At the end of the 60 days¹, those clients who needed it, had an additional term through the renegotiation of their contract, which implied an additional extension of the term.

This measure provided greater financial relief to clients, allowing more flexibility and conditions to reorganize their finances amid the economic crisis generated by the pandemic. Such initiative impacted over 800,000 clients with approximately R\$ 18 billion extended and/or effectively renegotiated.

At the end of 2Q21, the balance of the extended portfolio was R\$ 10.0 billion, representing a 44% reduction over the total balance of R\$ 18 billion. Out of this balance of R\$ 10 billion, 84.7% was in regular course (up-to-date or up to 30 days overdue) being 100% of clients in regular course have already paid 3 or more installments of the contract after the renegotiation. The remaining balance includes 8.0% with delinquency up to 90 days and 7.3% with delinquency over 90 days, totaling R\$ 1.5 billion, or 15.3% of the extended portfolio balance.



Retail extended portfolio (R\$ B)



After 60 days, there was no interest exemption
Coverage Ratio of the over 90 days
Non-overdue and overdue up to 30 days

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Funding and Liquidity

Total funding reached R\$ 75.8 billion in 2Q21, 3.8% below the 1Q21 and in line with 2Q20. The variation in relation to the previous quarter was mainly driven by the prepayment of some Guaranteed Financial Bills during the quarter, as part of the bank's strategy for deconcentrating maturities. Stable funding instruments represented 59.4% of total funding at the end of 1Q21.

The ratio between the expanded credit portfolio (excluding guarantees provided) and the total funding net of compulsory deposits reached 88.2% in 2Q21, compared to 83.2% in 1Q21 and 82.1% in 2Q20.



Funding (net of compulsory) R\$B (A)

Expanded Credit Portfolio (excluding guarantees provided) - R\$B (B)

- Portfolio (B) / Funding (A)

| Funding sources | 2Q20 | 1Q21 | 2Q21 | | tion % | % of total |
|---|-------|-------|---------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|------------|
| (R\$ B) | 20,20 | 10/21 | 26/21 | 2Q21/1Q21 | 2Q21/2Q20 | 2Q21 |
| Debentures | 2.2 | 2.1 | 1.8 | -13.3 | -15.1 | 2.4 |
| Deposits | 25.1 | 25.2 | 23.0 | -9.0 | -8.4 | 30.3 |
| Time deposits | 20.8 | 20.6 | 20.4 | -1.3 | -1.9 | 26.8 |
| Deposits on demand and interbank | 4.3 | 4.6 | 2.6 | -43.4 | -39.4 | 3.4 |
| Subordinated debts (1) | 3.9 | 3.7 | 3.3 | -10.0 | -15.7 | 4.4 |
| Subordinated Financing bills | 2.3 | 1.9 | 1.8 | -6.1 | -20.8 | 2.4 |
| Others subordinated debts | 1.6 | 1.8 | 1.5 | -14.3 | -8.6 | 2.0 |
| Borrowings and onlendings | 5.0 | 3.7 | 4.2 | 13.2 | -15.6 | 5.5 |
| Bills | 26.4 | 29.4 | 27.1 | -8.0 | 2.6 | 35.7 |
| Financing bills (1) | 24.5 | 28.0 | 25.3 | -9.7 | 3.1 | 33.3 |
| Agribusiness credit bills ("LCA") and real estate credit bills ("LCI") | 1.9 | 1.5 | 1.8 | 24.3 | -3.8 | 2.4 |
| Securitization with resources (1) | 8.0 | 5.8 | 8.5 | 46.4 | 6.8 | 11.2 |
| Securities abroad (1) | 5.5 | 8.9 | 8.0 | -10.4 | 44.2 | 10.5 |
| Other | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.3 | -89.8 | 0.0 |
| Total funding | 76.0 | 78.9 | 75.8 | -3.8 | -0.2 | 100.0 |
| (-) Compulsory deposits | 0.8 | 0.8 | 0.9 | 4.2 | 9.8 | |
| (-) Cash & equivalents in local currency | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 7.0 | -53.0 | |
| Total funding net of compulsory | 75.1 | 78.0 | 74.9 | -3.9 | -0.3 | |
| (1) Stable funding instruments | | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | | |
| Stable funding instruments / Total funding | 55.1% | 58.8% | 59.4% | 0.6 p.p. | 4.3 p.p. | |

In terms of liquidity, BV maintained its cash balance at a very conservative level. Liquidity Coverage Ratio* (LCR), which aims to measure the banks' short-term liquidity in stress scenarios, reached 258% in 2Q21, compared to 230% in 1Q21 and 184% in 2Q20. It is important to point out that the regulatory minimum stipulated by the Central Bank is 100%.

Moreover, banco BV has maintained a credit line with Banco do Brasil since 2009, which represents a significant liquidity reserve, and it has never been tapped.

| Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR) | 2Q20 | 1Q21 | 2Q21 |
|---|--------|--------|--------|
| High-quality liquid assets (HQLA) ¹ R\$ M | 14,119 | 17,229 | 14,064 |
| Total cash inflows – R\$ M | 7,672 | 7,506 | 5,451 |
| LCR* | 184% | 230% | 258% |

1. Mainly federal government bonds and bank reserves



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Capital

The Basel Ratio reached 15.2% in 2Q21, with the Tier I Capital ratio totaling 14.7%, 12.7% of CET1 and 2.0% of Complementary Capital.

In the quarterly comparison, the Basel Ratio recorded an increase of 0.6 p.p, without change in the Risk weighted assets, explained by:

- (1) The net income recorded in the quarter, with a +0.5 p.p. impact;
- (2) A reduction in prudential adjustments, mainly related to tax credits, with an impact of +0.5 p.p., and;
- (3) Reduction in Additional Tier I and Tier II capital, mainly due to exchange effects on additional capital (-0.4 p.p.)

Change in the Basel Ratio 2Q21 vs 1Q21

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2Q21



| Basel Ratio (R\$ M) | 2Q20 | 1Q21 | 2Q21 | | tion % 2Q21/2Q20 |
|-----------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|-----------|---------------------|
| Total Capital | 9,978 | 11,183 | 11,653 | 4.2 | 16.8 |
| Tier I Capital | 9,228 | 10,698 | 11,230 | 5.0 | 21.7 |
| Common Equity Tier I | 7,579 | 8,939 | 9,722 | 8.8 | 28.3 |
| Additional Tier I | 1,649 | 1,759 | 1,508 | -14.3 | -8.6 |
| Tier II Capital | 750 | 485 | 424 | -12.7 | -43.5 |
| Risk Weighted Assets (RWA) | 69,156 | 76,324 | 76,438 | 0.1 | 10.5 |
| Credit risk | 61,633 | 66,054 | 66,694 | 1.0 | 8.2 |
| Market risk | 1,041 | 3,691 | 3,165 | -14.3 | 203.9 |
| Operational risk | 6,482 | 6,579 | 6,579 | 0.0 | 1.5 |
| Minimum Capital Requirement | 5,533 | 6,106 | 6,115 | 0.1 | 10.5 |
| | | | | | |
| Tier I Capital Ratio | 13.3% | 14.0% | 14.7% | 0.7 p.p. | 1.3 р.р. |
| Common Equity Tier I Ratio (CET1) | 11.0% | 11.7% | 12.7% | 1.0 p.p. | 1.8 p.p. |
| Additional Tier I Ratio | 2.4% | 2.3% | 2.0% | -0.3 p.p. | -0.4 p.p. |
| Tier II Capital Ratio | 1.1% | 0.6% | 0.6% | -0.1 p.p. | -0.5 p.p. |
| Basel Ratio (Capital/RWA) | 14.4% | 14.7% | 15.2% | 0.6 p.p. | 0.8 p.p. |

Compared to 2Q20, the Basel Ratio increased 0.8 pp, with an increase of 1.8 p.p. in CET1, which more than offset the 0.5 p.p. drop in Tier II Capital, mainly due to the decline in subordinated debt that comprise this Capital, in addition to the exchange effect on the additional Tier I Capital. The improvement in CET1 is mainly related to higher profit generation in the period and the positive impact of prudential adjustments resulting from the consumption of tax credits.

The Basel Ratio was calculated according to the Basel methodology for calculating the minimum requirements for Reference Equity, Tier I and Core Capital.

On 03/16/2020, Central Bank's Resolution 4,783/2020 temporarily amended the minimum regulatory capital. By the end of 2Q21, the minimum capital requirement was 9.625%, with 7.625% being the minimum for Tier I Capital and 6,125% for Core Capital (CET1).

PÚBLICO

managerial results

Diversified business portfolio

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Diversified Business Portfolio

Supported by the pillars of Efficiency & Financial Strength, Digital Strategy, Customer Centrality and ESG agenda

Credit portfolio¹

R\$73 billion

+6.4% vs 2Q20

Retail

Auto finance

- Leader in the light used vehicles
- Capillarity (+21,400 dealers)
- Innovation and digital transformation
- 100% digital contracting
- 98% automatic decision

other retail businesses

- Credit cards: over 1 million clients. Complete portfolio of cards. Mastercard, Visa and Elo flags
- Insurance brokerage: Auto, Ioan ws 2020 protection, residential, life, dental, credit card and assistance services (home, funeral, pet)
- Solar panel financing portfolio: a 237% growth over 2Q20
- Other loans: Personal loans, private payroll, car equity, home equity, student loans, solar panels, tourism and medical procedures

+5.1% +2.2% vs 2Q21 ၀ိ၀ vs 2Q20 ഹ R\$ 41.8 bi R\$ 24.5 bi R\$ 6.9 bi [\$] \$

Wholesale

corporate & investment banking

Corporate Banking

ESG

- Growing Corporate (> R\$ 300 million)
- Large Corporate (> R\$ 1.5 billion)
- SME (prepayment of receivables)

Corporate segment growth: +25.2% vs 2Q20, accounting for 48.1% of onbalance Wholesale portfolio

Banking as a Service (BaaS)

· Settlement and custodian bank for startups

wealth management

- **BV** Asset
 - R\$ 48 billion under management
 - Prominent position in structured funds
 - 8th largest2 real estate fund manager
 - 48% of AuM backed by real economy assets
- BV Private: Recognized brand in the industry, with customized solutions for high-income clients

BV^x is our innovation business unit that generates value through connection with the startup ecosystem, with co-creation methods, proprietary developments and investments in our partners.

Corporate venture capital

BV open -BV as a Platform

BV Lab -Lab of innovation

¹ Expanded credit portfolio (includes guarantees provided and private securities) ² According to Anbima ranking as of June 2021



ESG

Retail portfolio

Auto Finance

Throughout its 30-year history, BV has acquired relevant competitive advantages in this segment, which ensures a prominent position in Brazil.

Capillarity: presence in more than 21,400 dealers throughout Brazil; 20 physical stores

analysis

- Agility: 98% of automatic credit analysis, with a response time of less than 1 minute
- o Digital transformation: digitalization of the whole financing treadmill, from the simulation to the contract signature and payment
- Digital origination partners : Meu Carro Novo, Mobiauto, Mercado Livre and Icarros
- Expertise: continuous improvement of management tools with strong use of data science (e.g. analytics, modeling) and innovation (e.g. OCR "optical character recognition", biometrics)

The volume of auto finance origination reached R\$ 5.7 billion in the quarter, with R\$ 5.7 billion (or 92%) related to light used vehicles and R\$ 0.4 billion of other vehicles (new, motorcycles and heavy). Compared to 1Q21, there was a 1.4% drop in origination, with the light used segment remaining stable, while other vehicles declined by 11.4%. The drop in other vehicles financing was driven by the implementation of new restrictive measures during the month of April, reflecting the worsening of the pandemic, with an impact on the production of brandnew vehicles.

Compared to 2Q20, the origination level grew 76%, with an 80.9% increase in the light used financing, which ensured BV's sustained leadership in this segment. Other vehicles financing increased by 33.4%, with the gradual resumption of production of brand-new vehicles.

As a result, the auto finance portfolio ended 2Q21 at R\$ 41.8 billion, +0.8% vs 1Q21 and +5.1% vs 2Q20. The light used portfolio represented 91% of the total portfolio and grew by 1.3% and 9.2% compared to 1Q21 and 2Q20, respectively. In turn, the other vehicles portfolio decreased by 4.6% and 23.1% against the same periods, respectively.

Auto Finance origination (R\$ B)





| Auto Finance Oninination | 2022 | 4004 | 2024 | 4000 | 4004 | | Variation % | |
|--|------|------|-----------|------|------|-----------|-------------|-----------|
| Auto Finance - Origination | 2Q20 | 1Q21 | 2Q21 | 1S20 | 1S21 | 2Q21/1Q21 | 2Q21/2Q20 | 1S21/1S20 |
| Spread ¹ (% p.a.) | 16.4 | 17.9 | 17.4 | 15.3 | 17.7 | -0.5 p.p. | 1.0 p.p. | 2.4 p.p. |
| Average term (months) | 45 | 47 | 47 | 45 | 47 | 0 | 2 | 2 |
| Down payment ² (%) | 41.1 | 42.2 | 43.6 | 41.1 | 43.6 | 1.4 p.p. | 2.5 p.p. | 2.5 p.p. |
| Light used vehicles / Auto origination (%) | 89.9 | 91.5 | 92.3 | 89.9 | 92.3 | 0.8 p.p. | 2.4 p.p. | 2.4 p.p. |
| Total auto finance origination (R\$ B) | 3.2 | 5.8 | 5.7 | 8.1 | 11.5 | -1.4% | 76.1% | 41.4% |
| Auto Finance Devitatio | | 1001 | | | 1000 | | Variação % | |
| Auto Finance - Portfolio | 2Q20 | 1Q21 | 2Q21 1S20 | | 1S21 | 2Q21/1Q21 | 2Q21/2Q20 | 1S21/1S20 |
| Spread ¹ (% a.a.) | 16.8 | 17.5 | 16.4 | 16.2 | 17.1 | -1.1 p.p. | -0.4 p.p. | 0.9 p.p. |
| Average term (months) | 41.5 | 43.8 | 44.6 | 41.5 | 44.6 | 1 | 3 | 3 |
| Used cars / Auto portfolio (%) | 87.5 | 90.3 | 90.8 | 87.5 | 90.8 | 0.5 p.p. | 3.3 p.p. | 3.3 p.p. |
| | 6.4 | 6.7 | 6.7 | 6.4 | 6.7 | 0.0 p.p. | 0.3 p.p. | 0.3 p.p. |
| Average vehicle age (years) | 0.4 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.4 | 0.1 | 0.0 p.p. | 0.0 p.p. | 0.0 p.p. |



¹ Spread between the weighted average rate and the SELIC accrued over the period Based on the value of assets reported when contract is signed

| Main Highlights | Analysis of managerial results | Balance s analysi | bu | ersified siness ortfolio | BVx - Innovation Business unit | ESG | Ratings | | |
|--------------------|--|-------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------------|---|--------------------------------|-------------------------------------|----|--|
| Retail portf | Retail portfolio | | | | | | | | |
| 📄 🕥 Insu | rance brokera | ge | | | | | | | |
| A diversified p | portfolio of insu | rance products | offered by BV. | Below, the pro | ducts and its re | espective partne | ers: | | |
| Insurance | Vehicles | Credit protection | Residential | Life + personal accident | Dental | Credit card | Assistance services ¹ | | |
| Partner | SOMPO SEGUROS IN Seguros MAPFRE INCOMARNE SEGURADORA | ्रे ^ल CARDIF | ्रे ^ल CARDIF | lcatu | MetLife | ⊛ MAPFRE | CDF. | | |
| | | | | | | ¹ Home, pet and fun | eral assistance service | es | |

Insurance premiums reached R\$ 270 million in 2Q21, down 3.1% in the quarter. The drop mainly reflects the retraction in vehicle origination due to the impacts of the pandemic, as explained above. Compared to 2Q20, premiums increased by 60.0%, following the trend of recovery in vehicle origination levels.

Year-to-date, insurance premiums totaled R\$ 549 million, a 28,1% increase over 1H20, with recovery in all products.



Credit Card

- A complete credit card portfolio in the Mastercard, Visa and Elo brands, in addition we offer a card in partnership with Dotz Program
- · Distinguished benefits: program points, cashback, discounts in the annual fee and vehicle assistance
- Improvement of the cards' portfolio: Launching of a BV card with no annual fee in 1Q21
- · Cards app integrated with the digital account services and auto finance

We ended 2Q21 with a card portfolio of R\$ 3.5 billion, a 14.3% growth over 1Q21 and 34.2% over 2Q20. At the end of 2Q21, we reached the mark of 1 million card customers, compared to 960 thousand in 1Q21 and 790 thousand in 2Q20.

Volume traded grew by 14.6% in 2Q21, to R\$ 3.3 billion, compared to R\$ 2.9 billion in 1Q21. Compared to 2Q20, the volume transacted grew 72.5%. Year-to-date, volume traded grew 48.7% reaching R\$ 6.2 billion.







This segment includes BV proprietary products and products co-created in partnerships with fintechs or renowned companies in their respective sectors. In addition to broadening the product portfolio for our clients, we also have expanded and diversified our portfolio.

In 2Q21, we recorded a 13.7% growth compared to 1Q21 and 38.5% compared to 2Q20, reaching a portfolio of R\$ 3.4 billion, with important progresses in our diversification strategy. The main highlight continued to be our solar panels financing portfolio, which grew by 237% over 2Q20 and 30.4% over 1Q21, totaling R\$ 1.5 billion. By the end of the quarter, the solar panel financing represented 45% of the loan portfolio, compared to 18% in 2Q20. The car equity portfolio recorded a 5.9% increase over the previous quarter and a 1.3% decrease compared to 2Q20.

The private payroll portfolio decreased 3.8% compared to 1Q21 and 19.6% compared to 2Q20, ending the quarter at R\$ 576 million. Finally, other loans, which include personal loan, student loan and financing for medical procedures, grew by 7.3% over 1Q21 and 2Q20.



Diversified Business Portfolio | Earnings Release | 2Q21

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Digital strategy

BV App / BV Digital account

We made important progresses in the **app banco BV** strategy during 1H21. The app offers an intuitive experience in which customers can manage all their products contracted with the bank in one place. With this, credit card customers can access and integrate their card services, such as virtual card and billing in real time, on the same platform. Likewise, auto finance clients can manage their contract, issue a billet, renegotiate installments digitally, bringing more convenience to their daily lives.



ESG

The app also brings a new solution for our clients, the **BV digital account**. The account's value proposition is to help our clients to organize their financial lives. The BV digital account is 100% free and provides service packages such as PIX and transfers, payments and withdrawals on the Tecban network (Banco24Horas). And with the multiple card of the BV account, the customer will be able to pay slips up to 40 days beyond the due date, without interest and without fees. For investment and profitability option, the BV account offers the opportunity to save money in envelopes customized for the clients' life goals and that yield 100% of the benchmark interest rate (CDI).

These initiatives resulted in a significant growth in the number of downloads, users and accesses to the platform. By the end of 1H21, the app had reached more than 3 million downloads. During the 2Q21, an average of 900 thousand customers accessed the platform per month and the and the daily average of new accounts opened increased 5 times compared to 1Q21.



900 thousand

clients accessed the plataform per month¹



¹ Average for the 2nd quarter of 2021



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Digital strategy

Engagement in digital channels

In addition to the digital account, we continue to invest to improve our digital channels, always seeking the best experience for our clients. In 2021, we have seen a significant growth in the use of digital channels by clients, whether for support, performing transactions, financing simulations and acquiring products. During the period, we had more than 1.7 million¹ accesses on *Minha BV* and/or App, with 83% of customer service carried out via digital channels.



ESG

Another fact that evidences the higher digital engagement of clients is the percentage of credit origination carried out via digital channels. Auto finance from digital leads grew by 50% vs 1H20. The sale of BV credit cards is already 49% digital, compared to 18% in 1H20. Finally, 90% of personal loan was originated via digital channels (70% in the same period in 2020), either on BV's own channels or on the channels of our digital partners.



growth in auto finance origination via digital leads



% of credit origination from digital channels in 1H21

During the semester, we rolled out the new simulator for our car dealers partners, providing a better experience for the dealer and improving efficiency in the credit analysis process. We increased investments to expand sales via digital channels and expanded our digital partnerships, which today include: Icarros, Meu Carro Novo, Mercado Livre and Mobiauto. During 1H21, we recorded 8.3 million auto finance simulations, with 36% of the simulations being carried out on digital channels (BV website and digital partners), compared to 18% in 1H20.

8.3 million

of auto finance simulations carried out in 1H21 +29% vs 1H20

36%

of the simulations carried out on digital channels vs 18% in 1H20

¹ unique customers who used the web and/or App digital channels in the semester





Diversified business portfolio

BVx -Innovation **Business** unit

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Wholesale portfolio

Corporate & Investment Banking (CIB)

With agile and customized solutions that simplify the daily processes of companies, CIB offers a wide variety of loan products, capital markets, treasury and services. Our CIB serves economic groups with annual revenues above R\$ 300 million, classified as "Growing Corporate" and "Large Corporate" segments, in addition to the prepayment of receivables for Small and Medium Enterprises (SMEs).

Growing Corporate

Clients¹: Annual revenue >R\$ 300M <R\$1.5 billion Annual revenue > R\$ 1.5 billion

Strategic Focus: Expansion of the portfolio

Clients¹:

Large Corporate

Strategic Focus:

Selective approach leveraging products where we have a solid competitive advantage, such as local DCM

SME

Clients¹: Small and Medium Enterprises

ESG

Strategic Focus :

Prepayment of receivables through (i) penetration into the value chain of our CIB customers and (ii) partnership with fintechs

Wide variety of products

Local Currency & Cash Management **Derivatives Capital Markets & M&A Corporate & Project Finance Foreign Currency & FX** Fund raising

¹ Economic groups

The CIB expanded credit portfolio ended 2Q21 at R\$ 24.5 billion, down 0.7% from the previous quarter and up 2.2% in the last 12 months. Excluding the exchange rate effect, CIB portfolio expanded by 1.5% over 1Q21 and 3.6% vs 2Q20.

The Corporate segment recorded a 16.1% growth in the last 12 months, reaching R\$ 10.1 billion and now represents 41% of CIB's expanded portfolio (vs. 26% in 2Q20). Compared to 1Q21, this segment recorded a 1.7% growth.

The Large Corporate segment (including Financial Institutions), in turn, dropped 11.6% in the last 12 months, to R\$ 13.5 billion, representing 55% of CIB's expanded portfolio. Compared to 1Q21, there was a 3.6 decline%.

Finally, in line with our strategy of diversifying and spreading the portfolio's risk, as of the end of 2020, we started operating in the segment of prepayment of receivables for SME's. We ended 2Q21 with a portfolio of R\$ 0.9 billion.



¹ Regarding the On-balance credit portfolio





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CIB portfolio - Breakdown by sector

At the end of 2Q21, CIB had a very diversified portfolio, with no exposure concentrated in any economic sector.

| | 20 | 20 | 2Q21 | | |
|------------------------------|--------|----------|--------|----------|--|
| CIB portfolio by sector | R\$ M | Part.(%) | R\$ M | Part.(%) | |
| Financial Institution | 3,448 | 14.4% | 3,231 | 13.2% | |
| Industry | 1,807 | 7.5% | 2,123 | 8.7% | |
| Real Estate | 2,050 | 8.6% | 2,021 | 8.3% | |
| Sugar and ethanol | 1,669 | 7.0% | 1,668 | 6.8% | |
| Retail business | 1,678 | 7.0% | 1,352 | 5.5% | |
| Electric power | 1,064 | 4.4% | 1,233 | 5.0% | |
| Project Finance | 1,005 | 4.2% | 1,068 | 4.4% | |
| Telecommunications | 942 | 3.9% | 944 | 3.9% | |
| Agroindustry / Agrochemicals | 627 | 2.6% | 912 | 3.7% | |
| SME's | 11 | 0.0% | 888 | 3.6% | |
| Oil & gas | 861 | 3.6% | 823 | 3.4% | |
| Cooperatives | 759 | 3.2% | 780 | 3.2% | |
| Rentals | 496 | 2.1% | 762 | 3.1% | |
| Vehicle assemblers / Dealers | 710 | 3.0% | 591 | 2.4% | |
| Health | 487 | 2.0% | 460 | 1.9% | |
| Mining | 505 | 2.1% | 454 | 1.9% | |
| Services | 649 | 2.7% | 387 | 1.6% | |
| Pharmaceutical | 438 | 1.8% | 339 | 1.4% | |
| Sanitation | 597 | 2.5% | 330 | 1.3% | |
| Other | 4,145 | 17.3% | 4,097 | 16.7% | |
| Total | 23,947 | 100% | 24,463 | 100% | |





Balance sheet analysis

Diversified business portfolio

BVx -Innovation **Business** unit

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Wholesale - Wealth Management

Our Wealth Management develops and provides sustainable solutions in wealth management, with strategic well traced goals for both the distinctive markets in which it operates:

<u> Asset Management – BV Asset</u>

Recognized for its consistent performance and great innovative capacity, BV Asset has been working on the structure and selection of fund managers for the Impact Fund, which was approved by Banco BV's Sustainability Committee to be launched in 3Q21.

BV Asset has a prominent position in the asset management industry in Brazil, with approximately R\$ 48 billion under management.

In June 2021, BV Asset received the ratification of the maximum score from S&P (AMP-1), due to the discipline of investment management processes and good fiduciary principles.

Private Bank – BV Private

ESG

We offer financial products and solutions suited to investors' needs, in addition to always seeking the best solutions for wealth management in Brazil and abroad, bringing innovation and expertise from our asset allocation team to the portfolios.

We have a prominent position on the private banking industry, occupying the 8th position in the Anbima management ranking¹, with approximately R\$ 22 billion in assets under management.

| R/ | R\$ 48 billion | 225 funds under | 48% of assets backed | 8 th largest real |
|----|------------------|-----------------|------------------------|------------------------------|
| B | under management | management | by real economy assets | estate fund manager |

BV Asset ended 2Q21 with approximately R\$ 48 billion in assets under management (AuM), a 3.6% reduction compared to 1Q21, due to the Voluntary Tender Offer for the acquisition of quotas of the real estate investment funds Securities and Securities III, carried out in April. By the end of the quarter, 48% of the funds managed by BV Asset were backed by real economy assets, including real estate, energy and infrastructure, which reinforces our prominence in the real estate fund industry, where we occupy the 8th position according to the Anbima ranking.



PÚBLICO

managerial results

Analysis of

Diversified business portfolio

ESG

Innovation Business Unit

BV's digital strategy involves the constant search for better services and experiences for our clients, always using innovation as a key tool. BVx, our innovation business unit, has the mission of generating value through the connection with the startup ecosystem, through co-creation, proprietary developments and investments in strategic partnerships, and acts on 3 fronts: i) Corporate venture capital ; ii) BV Open and; iii) BV Lab (innovation laboratory).

I. Corporate Venture Capital and strategic partnerships

Balance sheet

analysis

We invest and establish partnerships with fintechs and other startups that have synergies with BV and that complement our portfolio of solutions for the clients. During 1H21, we highlight the following strategic investments:



We expanded our stake in Portal Solar¹, consolidating BV as one of the main players in the solar panel financing segment in Brazil. In addition to the great potential of solar energy in the country, the investment is in line with our ESG agenda. Portal Solar is the first and largest portal specialized in solar energy in Brazil.

Between direct investments and partnerships for co-creation and lead/distribution of products, we had approximately 30 innovative companies enriching our ecosystem at the end of 2Q21.

~30 partnerships

for co-creation and distribution of products



We invested in **Trademaster** aiming at strengthening our strategy in the SME segment². The fintech already serves more than 450,000 small and medium retailers, leveraging sales throughout the distribution chain through access to credit, better terms and commercial conditions, with large industries and their distributors.



note: non-exaustive vision of BV^x

¹ Transaction awaits approval by the Central Bank ² Small and medium enterprises



/ _ ma

Analysis of managerial results Diversified business portfolio BVx -Innovation Business unit

Ratings

B Innovation Business Unit

II. BV Open: The platform for partnerships via our API's

Balance sheet

analysis

BV Open plays an important role in Banco BV's revenue diversification strategy, acting as a distribution channel for our services. We offer our partners and customers the following BV Open solutions: **Banking as a Service (BaaS), Credit as a Service (CaaS) and Investment as a Service (IaaS).**

We ended 2Q21 with 47 partners from the most varied segments such as education, energy, healthcare and e-commerce connected and using the services of our BV Open platform.

Abastece Aí, the loyalty program for Ipiranga gas stations, is our BaaS partner, and we offer settlement bank services for the program's digital wallet structure. During 1H21, we highlight the significant growth in the number of accounts opened by Abastece Aí clients. By the end of 2Q21, the program reached over 3.5 million accounts opened.

Another highlight was the volume (number of transactions) carried out on our Banking as a Service (BaaS) platform, which reached 74 million transactions during 1H21, 308% growth over 1H20, driven by Pix, the instant payment method launched by the Brazilian Central Bank in end of 2020.

III. BV Lab: Innovation Laboratory

In addition to the innovation implemented by investments and/or strategic partnerships, our innovation lab uses technology, data and the power of the ecosystem to prototype and experiment with innovative new solutions in the finance industry.

Continuing the actions of BV Lab in Israel, during 2Q21 we signed a key partnership with StartUp Nation Central (SNC), a non-profit organization that connects Israel's innovation ecosystem with potential partners in the global market. BV was chosen to be SNC's strategic partner due to its historic commitment to open innovation and its intense digital agenda. Israel has the highest per capita concentration of startups in the world: one for each 400 people.

Open innovation

Following our vocation for digital partnerships, we carried out another batch of the institutional open innovation program, *BV/lab Facilita*. The program has the support of the District, ABFintechs, ABStartups and investment funds. During the period, we established new connections with digital startups such as TAMR (USA), Fhinck (BRA), D1 (BRA), Talent Academy (BRA). We believe that expanding the relationship with the different actors in the innovation ecosystem accelerates the bank's technological agenda.



START-UP

NATION CENTRAL

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ESG

accounts opened for our BaaS partner





ESG (Environmental, Social and Governance) initiatives

In May of this year, we released our "Pact BV for a lighter future". In it, we assumed 5 public commitments in ESG actions to be achieved by 2030, which are:





Taís Araújo is the new ambassador for banco BV

In addition to the support in the disclosing of our ESG initiatives, she will also help us in creating solutions that make life easier for people and companies. Active in environmental and social impact fronts, the actress comes with great connection to the purposes of BV, which has pillars in these areas present in its trajectory since its foundation.

Environmental

Committed with our "**BV Pact for a lighter future**", in which we aim to **offset 100% of the CO2 emissions** of the cars we finance from 2021 (and of customers prior to this period who join the program), we ended the 2Q21 with 469 thousand vehicles already part of the program, representing 212 thousand tons of CO2eq¹. Additionally, we offset 100% of our direct GHG emissions², equivalent to 3.1 thousand tons, referring to the year 2020.





vehicles have already been included in the program and will have their emissions offset



tons of CO2 will be offset referring to vehicles financed by BV



tons of CO2 were offset referring to our direct emissions

Regarding our sustainable business, after the first issuance, in 2020, of a green bond by a Brazilian private bank certified in the foreign market, during 2Q21 we issued a **Green Financial Bill**, in the amount of **R\$ 500 million**, which will be used to finance solar energy projects.

During 2Q21, we further expanded the **solar panels financing**, **recording a 237% growth** in the portfolio vs 2Q20, reaching R\$ 1.5 billion. Finally, we launched a line with differentiated rates and terms for financing electric and hybrid cars.



¹ Equivalence in carbon dioxide ² Greenhouse gases **ESG** | Earnings Release | 2Q21 Analysis of managerial results



Diversified business portfolio

Innovation Business

ESG

BVx -

unit

Social

In March of this year, we launched the **second social mobilization campaign** to collect donations to benefit families in situations of economic vulnerability. We invited clients, partners and society, individuals and companies, to engage in the donations, through which we contribute with the same amount: for every R\$ 1 donated, we double the amount. We finished the campaign at the end of June. In total, R\$ 1.3 million were collected, which have already benefited more than 15 thousand people.

We also want to ensure that the diversity present in our society is represented among our **employees**. Therefore, in 2Q21 we had the following initiatives:

"Elas por elas 2.0" ("she for she")

During 2Q21, we launched the second edition of the "*Elas por Elas*" program, an internship program that has opportunities in different areas, 100% exclusively for cis and trans women. We had more than 3,200 applications, for a total of 67 vacancies, which represents about 48 candidates per vacancy.



"Mother's place is in BV"

We launched "Mother's Place is in BV", a recruitment project that invites mothers away from the labor market to take a fresh look at their careers and take on specialist or leadership positions here at BV.

"BV on board"

We believe that it always pays off to be by the side of the loved ones, especially in the first steps. That's why we created the "BV on board", an initiative to encourage active parenting for all employees who have children, from pre-birth or adoption until returning to work, without distinctions of gender or sexual orientation.

Climate Survey GPTW 2021

For the first time open to all employees, the GPTW climate survey served to provide a more comprehensive and accurate view of the impact of our actions on the work environment and on the evolution of our culture. We had the participation of 75% of employees and registered 89% favorability, renewing the "Great Place to Work" stamp for banco BV.

89% Favorability

Renewing the stamp "Great Place to Work" The diversity and inclusion initiatives reflect the high level of satisfaction of our employees





Governance

Banco BV has an organizational structure that is aligned with the best market governance practices, committing to the principles of transparency, equity, accountability and corporate responsibility, as well as adopting standards of good practices in line with the Anti-Corruption and Social and Environmental Responsibility Laws. The organization chart below presents BV's Governance bodies:



Below, the shareholding structure of banco BV:



The administration of Banco BV is shared between the shareholders Votorantim Finanças and Banco do Brasil, with equal participation in the Board of Directors (BD). The Board is composed of 7 members, with 3 members appointed by each of the controlling shareholders and 1 independent member. Board meetings take place at least six times a year, and decisions are taken by an absolute majority, with no casting vote. At the General Meeting held in April 2021, the body was elected for the new term that will run until the 2023 General Meeting, with the following composition:

| Member | Position |
|---------------------------|--------------------|
| Fausto de Andrade Ribeiro | Chairman |
| João Henrique B. Schmidt | Vice-Chairman |
| José R. Fagonde Forni | Member |
| José Luiz Majolo | Member |
| Carlos Renato Bonetti* | Member |
| Renato Naegele* | Member |
| Jairo Sampaio Saddi | Member |
| Andrea da Motta Chamma | Independent member |



* At the Meeting held on 07/01/2021, Renato Naegele was elected (pending ratification by the Central Bank), replacing Carlos Renato Bonetti, who remains in office until his replacement takes office.



Ratings

Banco BV is rated by 2 international rating agencies, Moody's and Standard and Poor's (S&P). The grades awarded reflect its operating performance, the financial strength and quality of its management, in addition to other factors related to the financial sector and the economic environment in which the company operates.

It is noteworthy that the long-term foreign currency rating is limited to Brazil's sovereign rating, currently at Ba2 (stable) by Moody's and BB- (stable) by S&P.

On 06/29/2021, Moody's América Latina Ltda. ("Moody's Local") **assigned banco BV an issuer rating of AA.br**, long-term bank deposit ratings of AA.br and short-term bank deposit rating of ML A-1.br, stable outlook. The rating assignment reflects the launch of the new platform – Moody's Local Brasil – dedicated exclusively to national scale credit risk ratings for financial institutions in Brazil. The new platform was accompanied by a new rating assignment methodology, so that all national scale ratings, including BV, were re-evaluated. Previously, BV's national scale rating was Aa3.br (equivalent to AA-). Therefore, within Moody's Local's new methodology, **BV's rating was upgraded by 1 notch**.

The table below shows the ratings assigned to banco BV:

| RATING AG | ENCIES | Global scale | | | | L Foreign | |
|------------|------------|------------------------|-----------------------|----------------|-------------------------------|-----------|--|
| | | currency | currency | Local currency | Sovereign rating (outlook) | | |
| Maadu'a | Long-Term | Ba2 (stable) | Ba2 | AA.br | Ba2 | | |
| Moody's | Short-Term | NP | NP | A-1.br | (stable) | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| Standard & | Long-Term | | BB- (stable) brAAA | | BB- | | |
| Poor's | Short-Term | | В | brA-1+ | (stable) | | |





