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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS FOR FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECLARATION OF THE MEMBERS OF THE EXECUTIVE BOARD ABOUT THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECLARATION OF THE MEMBERS OF THE EXECUTIVE BOARD ON THE REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

MEMBERS OF THE MANAGEMENT BODIES



MANAGEMENT COMMENTS ON PERFORMACE

Dear Shareholders,

We present the Financial Statement of BB Seguridade Participações S.A ("BB Seguridade") for the second quarter of 2025, in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) and the rules of the Accounting Pronouncements Committee (CPC), including the IFRS 17.

In the 2Q25, BB Seguridade reported net income of R\$2,416 million, an increase of 12.7% compared to 2Q24.

It is worth mentioning that, due to changes in the indexes of monetary adjustment and interest on judicial provision for claims to be settled at Brasilseg, as established by Law 14,905/24, there was a reversal of R\$151.2 million in monetary adjustments and interest on provisions, and R\$22.2 million in monetary adjustments and interest on reinsurance assets, with a positive impact of R\$129.0 million on the company's net investment income, in addition to a positive effect of R\$3.0 million in the non-financial risk adjustment (ARNF) line, with a total impact on BB Seguridade's net income of R\$63.2 million.

Setting apart the aforementioned effect, which increased the equity income in 2Q25, adjusted net income grew 9.8%, reaching R\$2,353 million. The main factors contributing to the R\$209.4 million increase in adjusted net income compared to the same period last year were:

- Brasilseg (+R\$228.3 million): due to the higher insurance margin, mainly explained by lower claims expenses, as the 2Q24 was negatively impacted by claims resulting from floods in Rio Grande do Sul. This explains much of the decline in loss ratios for crop (-55.5 p.p.), rural lien (-9.0 p.p.), mortgage life (-23.2 p.p.) and home (-6.8 p.p.) insurances. In the crop insurance, there was also a notable drop in the frequency and severity of claims related to the drought affecting the second corn crop, which impacted the states of Paraná, Mato Grosso do Sul, São Paulo and Goiás in 2Q24. Additionally, the net investment income also improved, largely due to the increase in the average Selic rate:
- BB Corretora (+R\$89.3 million): driven by higher brokerage revenues in the insurance and premium bonds segments, and by the growth in the net investment income;
- Brasilcap (+R\$2.2 million): due to the growth in both operating results, with increased collections and improvement in the average load fee quote, and net investment income, with the expansion of the average balance of interest-earning assets and higher financial margin.

Part of the effects mentioned above were offset by the decline in **Brasilprev's** contribution to net income (-R\$144.7 million), mainly due to a lower release of the loss component from traditional plans in the comparison. The new Susep Rule 678/2022, in force since January 2024, triggered outflows above the expectations, leading to a revision of actuarial assumptions, resulting in a more significant reduction of the loss component in 2Q24. On the other hand, the higher release of the CSM related to PGBL and VGBL plans in the comparison, as a result of management fee revenues growth, due to the expansion of reserves, partially offset this decline.

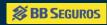
In 2Q25, the holding's other income and expenses recorded a negative balance R\$627 thousand lower than in the same period of 2024 (-12.4%), mainly due to:

- lower administrative expenses, resulting from reduced spending on data processing, specialized technical services, legal proceedings, and promotions and public relations;
- decrease in tax expenses on financial income, considering the drop in the average balance of financial investments;
- lower provisions for contingencies, reducing the line of other operating expenses; and
- reclassification of civil lawsuits from "probable" to "remote," resulting in a reversal of R\$347 thousand, positively impacting the line of other operating income.

On the other hand, personnel expenses increased, mainly due to the collective bargaining agreement.

The net investment income declined by 44.4%, due to the contraction in the average balance of financial investments.

For more information regarding BB Seguridade's performance, including a management analysis of its investees, refer to the Performance Analysis document, available on the IR website, at www.bbseguridaderi.com.br, Financial Information menu, Results Center option.

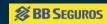


STATEMENT OF INCOME

R\$ thousand (except earnings per share)

			P	arent			Coi	nsolidated	
	Note	2 nd Quarter 2025	1st Half 2025	2 nd Quarter 2024	1st Half 2024	2 nd Quarter 2025	1st Half 2025	2 nd Quarter 2024	1st Half 2024
Operating Income		2,413,834	4,380,992	2,138,905	4,155,142	2,729,495	5,074,508	2,517,909	4,927,608
Equity income	[7.b]	2,413,834	4,380,992	2,138,905	4,155,142	1,482,136	2,587,689	1,336,823	2,555,805
Commissions income	[8]	-				1,247,359	2,486,819	1,181,086	2,371,803
Cost of Services Provided	[9]	-	-	-		(39,611)	(85,208)	(45,690)	(93,245)
Gross Profit		2,413,834	4,380,992	2,138,905	4,155,142	2,689,884	4,989,300	2,472,219	4,834,363
Other Income and Expenses		(4,416)	(9,680)	(5,043)	(9,648)	(54,362)	(107,892)	(55,817)	(98,342)
Personnel expenses	[10]	(3,221)	(6,209)	(3,060)	(5,957)	(25,044)	(47,830)	(23,084)	(44,223)
Administratives and sales expenses	[11]	(845)	(1,445)	(1,167)	(1,935)	(14,269)	(30,744)	(17,417)	(28,897)
Tax expenses	[12.c]	(451)	(5,332)	(650)	(3,332)	(12,118)	(28,557)	(6,758)	(15,869)
Other income	[13]	439	4,318	258	2,613	4,608	13,184	3,486	9,192
Other expenses	[13]	(338)	(1,012)	(424)	(1,037)	(7,539)	(13,945)	(12,044)	(18,545)
Income Before Financial Revenue and Expenses		2,409,418	4,371,312	2,133,862	4,145,494	2,635,522	4,881,408	2,416,402	4,736,021
Financial Result	[14]	6,522	8,734	11,735	25,514	257,488	419,751	142,448	258,868
Financial revenue		7,710	105,646	12,301	65,825	258,831	516,999	144,060	300,482
Financial expenses		(1,188)	(96,912)	(566)	(40,311)	(1,343)	(97,248)	(1,612)	(41,614)
Income Before Taxes		2,415,940	4,380,046	2,145,597	4,171,008	2,893,010	5,301,159	2,558,850	4,994,889
Income Tax and Social Contribution	[12.a]	(28)	135	(2,252)	(4,618)	(477,098)	(920,978)	(415,505)	(828,499)
Net Income		2,415,912	4,380,181	2,143,345	4,166,390	2,415,912	4,380,181	2,143,345	4,166,390
Number of shares	[25.d]	2,000,000,000	2,000,000,000	2,000,000,000	2,000,000,000	2,000,000,000	2,000,000,000	2,000,000,000	2,000,000,000
Weighted average number of shares - basic and diluted	[25.a]	1,941,214,909	1,941,205,600	1,956,416,631	1,965,846,226	1,941,214,909	1,941,205,600	1,956,416,631	1,965,846,226
Basic and diluted earnings per share (R\$)	[25.a]	1.24	2.26	1.10	2.12	1.24	2.26	1.10	2.12

The explanatory notes are an integral part of the interim financial statements.



STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

									R\$ thousand	
		Parent					Consolidated			
	Note	2 nd Quarter 2025	1 st Half 2025	2 nd Quarter 2024	1st Half 2024	2 nd Quarter 2025	1st Half 2025	2 nd Quarter 2024	1st Half 2024	
Net Income		2,415,912	4,380,181	2,143,345	4,166,390	2,415,912	4,380,181	2,143,345	4,166,390	
Share of Comprehensive Income Investments in Equity Holdings		184,286	185,979	(523,310)	(54,525)	184,286	185,979	(523,310)	(54,525)	
Gains / (losses) on financial assets available for sale	[25.g]	75,327	106,944	(696,315)	439,146	75,327	106,944	(696,315)	439,146	
Other comprehensive results - effects CPC 50	[25.g]	231,817	203,205	(175,868)	(530,431)	231,817	203,205	(175,868)	(530,431)	
Other		(1)	(167)		373	(1)	(167)		373	
Tax effect (1)		(122,857)	(124,003)	348,873	36,387	(122,857)	(124,003)	348,873	36,387	
Total Comprehensive Income		2,600,198	4,566,160	1,620,035	4,111,865	2,600,198	4,566,160	1,620,035	4,111,865	

⁽¹⁾ Income Tax and Social Contribution on Net Income levied on the movement of comprehensive results of the investees Aliança do Brasil Seguros, Brasilcap, Brasilcap, Brasilprev, Brasilseg (IR: 25% and CSLL: 15%) and Ciclic (IR: 25% and CSLL: 9%). The individual movement of each company is detailed in note 7.b.3.

The explanatory notes are an integral part of the interim financial statements.



BALANCE SHEET

		Paren	t	Consolid	ated
	Note	June 30, 2025	Dec 31, 2024	June 30, 2025	Dec 31, 2024
Current Assets		3,814,451	4,500,893	9,994,317	9,905,706
Cash and cash equivalents	[15]	1,046,377	335,647	7,075,552	7,789,875
Financial Assets Measured at Amortized Cost	[16.b]		-	1,597,255	719,101
Dividends/interest on equity receivable	[17]	2,733,026	4,145,402		97,446
Current tax assets	[12.d]	25,719	8,909	37,299	8,909
Commissions receivable	[18]		-	1,281,201	1,287,117
Other assets	[20]	9,329	10,935	3,010	3,258
Non-Current Assets		10,464,345	9,621,146	11,382,558	11,709,881
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	[16.a]	27,831	28,783	27,831	28,783
Financial Assets Measured at Amortized Cost	[16.b]			275,156	1,039,910
Deferred tax assets	[12.e]	124,907	116,277	175,816	173,428
Commissions receivable	[18]		· <u>-</u>	1,382,916	1,387,299
Investments in associates	[7.b]	10,309,073	9,473,239	9,259,866	8,826,456
Intangible	[19]	2,337	2,790	2,337	2,790
Other assets	[20]	197	57	258,636	251,215
Total Assets		14,278,796	14,122,039	21,376,875	21,615,587
Current Liabilities		3,783,763	4,426,026	7,113,643	8,277,884
Statutory obligation	[21]	3,770,407	4,411,346	3,770,407	4,411,346
Contingent liabilities	[22]	1,224	1,249	25,622	28,038
Current tax liabilities	[12.f]	36	602	636,855	1,117,805
Unearned commissions	[23]		-	2,569,151	2,627,914
Other liabilities	[24]	12,096	12,829	111,608	92,781
Non-Current Liabilities		1,009	592	3,769,208	3,642,282
Contingent liabilities	[22]	1,009	592	28,705	22,391
Deferred tax liabilities	[12.g]		-	228,565	228,565
Unearned commissions	[23]		-	3,511,938	3,391,326
Total Liabilities		3,784,772	4,426,618	10,882,851	11,920,166
Equity		10,494,024	9,695,421	10,494,024	9,695,421
Capital	[25.d]	6,269,692	6,269,692	6,269,692	6,269,692
Capital reserves	[25.e]	613	978	613	978
Income reserves	[25.e]	6,039,189	6,039,189	6,039,189	6,039,189
Treasury shares	[25.f.1]	(1,868,914)	(1,869,833)	(1,868,914)	(1,869,833)
Other accumulated comprehensive income	[25.g]	(558,626)	(744,605)	(558,626)	(744,605)
Retained earnings		612,070	_	612,070	
Total Equity		10,494,024	9,695,421	10,494,024	9,695,421
Total Liabilities and Equity		14,278,796	14,122,039	21,376,875	21,615,587

The explanatory notes are an integral part of the interim financial statements.



STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

		Parei	nt	Consolida	R\$ thousan
	Note	1st Half 2025	1st Half 2024	1st Half 2025	1st Half 2024
Cash flow from operating activities					
Net profit		4,380,181	4,166,390	4,380,181	4,166,390
Adjustment to net profit:					
Equity income	[7.b]	(4,380,992)	(4,155,142)	(2,587,689)	(2,555,805)
Financial income from monetary tadjustment of dividends	[14]	(87,260)	(33,904)		
Financial Expenses from monetary tadjustment of dividends	[14]	92,852	38,377	92,852	38,377
Net increase in financial assets at amortized cost	[16.b]			(113,400)	(82,336)
Monetary adjustment of taxes		(5,486)	(4,002)	(6,640)	(5,331)
Income Tax and Social Contribution			1,361	833,065	750,289
Result of deferred taxes	[12.b]	(135)	(202)	(458)	(3,739)
provisions for labor, tax and civil lawsuits	[13]	393	595	3,901	10,968
Provision for return of brokerage	[8]			(2,561)	
Other adjustments		1,020	475	1,020	474
Adjustment to net profit		573	13,948	2,600,271	2,319,287
Changes in balance sheet items:					
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		952	(4,409)	952	(4,409)
Current tax assets and deferred tax assets		(19,924)	(5,519)	(23,683)	(6,412)
Commissions receivable				10,299	(292,590)
Other assets		1,468	1,240	(7,171)	(9,050)
Unearned commissions				61,849	625,393
Income Tax and Social Contribution paid		(463)	(2,149)	(1,314,015)	(1,122,423)
Other liabilities		(733)	(2,866)	21,387	(9,842)
Cash provided by operating activities		(18,127)	245	1,349,889	1,499,954
Cash flow from investment activities					
Dividends received	[7.b]	5,232,663	3,349,332	2,439,594	1,694,279
Acquisition Asset		(15)		(15)	
Cash provided by investment activities		5,232,648	3,349,332	2,439,579	1,694,279
Cash flow from financing activities					
Dividends paid	[21]	(4,503,791)	(2,493,395)	(4,503,791)	(2,493,395)
Share repurchase	[25.f]		(1,166,630)		(1,166,630)
Cash flow provided by financing activities		(4,503,791)	(3,660,025)	(4,503,791)	(3,660,025)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		710,730	(310,448)	(714,323)	(465,792)
Opening balance	[15]	335,647	645,070	7,789,875	4,752,742
Closing balance	[15]	1,046,377	334,622	7,075,552	4,286,950
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		710,730	(310,448)	(714,323)	(465,792)

The explanatory notes are an integral part of the interim financial statements.



STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

									R\$ thousand
_ ,	•• •		Capital	Profit	Reserves	Treasury	Other accumulated comprehensive income		
Event	Note	Capital	Reserves	Legal Reserve	Statutory Reserve (1)	Shares		Retained earnings	Total
Balances at Dec 31, 2023		6,269,692	1,805	699,589	3,747,247	(704,030)	(197,821)	-	9,816,482
Share buyback						(1,166,630)			(1,166,630)
Share-based payment transactions			(827)			827			
Other comprehensive income - Update financial instruments							263,488		263,488
Other comprehensive income - Effects CPC 50							(318,259)		(318,259)
Other comprehensive income							246		246
Prescribed dividends								12	12
Net Income for the Period								4,166,390	4,166,390
Interim dividends payable								(2,700,012)	(2,700,012)
Balances at June 30, 2024		6,269,692	978	699,589	3,747,247	(1,869,833)	(252,346)	1,466,390	10,061,717
Changes in the Períod		-	(827)	-	-	(1,165,803)	(54,525)	1,466,390	245,235
Balances at Dec 31, 2024		6,269,692	978	1,134,757	4,904,432	(1,869,833)	(744,605)		9,695,421
Share-based payment transactions			(365)			919			554
Other comprehensive income - Update financial instruments	[7.b]						64,166		64,166
Other comprehensive income - Effects CPC 50	[7.b]						121,923		121,923
Other comprehensive income	[7.b]						(110)		(110)
Incorporation of results from the initial adoption of CPC 50 - Brasildental (2)								1,889	1,889
Prescribed dividends								24	24
Net Income for the Period								4,380,181	4,380,181
Interim dividends payable								(3,770,024)	(3,770,024)
Balances at June 30, 2025		6,269,692	613	1,134,757	4,904,432	(1,868,914)	(558,626)	612,070	10,494,024
Changes in the Períod			(365)		-	919	185,979	612,070	798,603

⁽¹⁾ The composition of the Statutory Reserves balances is presented in note 25.e.

Other comprehensive income is presented net of tax effects.

The explanatory notes are an integral part of the interim financial statements.

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⁽²⁾ Refers to the incorporation of the result of the initial adoption of CPC 50 by Brasildental's profit reserve.



STATEMENT OF VALUE ADDED

	Parent			Consolida	ated
	Note	1st Half 2025	1st Half 2024	1 st Half 2025	1 st Half 2024
Income		4,318	2,613	2,823,909	2,689,933
Commissions income	[8]		·	2,810,725	2,680,740
Other income		4,318	2,613	13,184	9,193
Input Acquired from Third Parties		(2,088)	(2,564)	(127,194)	(138,368)
Administrative expenses diverse		(1,157)	(1,610)	(28,681)	(30,620)
Cost of services provided	[9]			(85,208)	(89,842)
Other expenses		(931)	(954)	(13,305)	(17,906)
Gross Added Value		2,230	49	2,696,715	2,551,565
Depreciation and amortization	[13]	(81)	(83)	(640)	(639)
Net Added Value Generated by the Entity		2,149	(34)	2,696,075	2,550,926
Added Value Received Through Transfer		4,486,638	4,220,967	3,104,688	2,856,287
Equity in the earnings of associates	[7.b]	4,380,992	4,155,141	2,587,689	2,555,804
Financial income	[14]	105,646	65,826	516,999	300,483
Total Added Value to Distribute		4,488,787	4,220,933	5,800,763	5,407,213
Distribution of Added Value		4,488,787	4,220,933	5,800,763	5,407,213
Personnel		5,360	5,166	41,514	38,328
Direct remuneration - Earnings and fees		3,895	3,751	29,763	27,388
Benefits and training		835	815	7,104	6,590
FGTS		243	236	1,894	1,794
Other charges		387	364	2,753	2,556
Taxes, fees and contributions		6,046	8,741	1,279,757	1,159,201
Federal		6,046	8,741	1,214,873	1,097,761
Municipal				64,884	61,440
Remuneration of third-party capital		97,200	40,636	99,311	43,294
Interest	[14]	96,912	40,312	97,248	41,615
Rents		288	324	2,063	1,679
Equity remuneration		4,380,181	4,166,390	4,380,181	4,166,390
Dividends		3,770,024	2,700,012	3,770,024	2,700,012
Retained earnings for the period		610,157	1,466,378	610,157	1,466,378

The explanatory notes are an integral part of the financial statements,



EXPLANATORY NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1 - OPERATIONAL CONTEXT

BB Seguridade Participações S.A. ("BB Seguridade" or "Company") is a *holding* company controlled by Banco do Brasil SA, incorporated on December 20th, 2012, which operates in insurance business. It is a publicly-held corporation and its shares are traded on the Novo Mercado segment of B3 SA - Brazil, Stock, Counter, under the code "BBSE3", and its ADRs (*American Depositary Receipts*) on the *Over-the-Counter* market in the United States of America under the code "BBSEY".

It is registered with the CNPJ under No. 17.344.597/0001-94 and headquartered in the Northern Local Government Sector, Quadra 05, Lote B, Torre Sul, 3rd Floor, Banco do Brasil Building, Asa Norte, Brasília, Distrito Federal, Brazil.

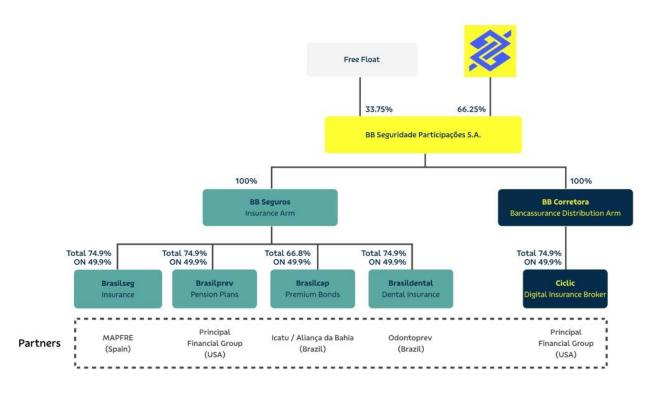
Its corporate purpose is to participate in insurance companies, capitalization companies, open supplementary pension entities and private health care plans, as well as in other companies whose corporate purpose is the brokerage and feasibility of business involving insurance companies in the elementary, life, health, capitalization, pension and asset management fields.

BB Seguridade has two wholly-owned subsidiaries, BB Seguros Participações S.A. ("BB Seguros") and BB Corretora de Seguros e Administradora de Bens S.A. ("BB Corretora"), the corporate structure that makes up the BB Seguridade Group ("Group").

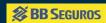
Such stake are currently organized into two segments: risk and accumulation businesses, which operate insurance, open pension funds, capitalization and dental care plans products through BB Seguros with private partners; and distribution business, which sells insurance, open pension funds, capitalization bonds and private dental care plans, through BB Corretora, in addition to an investment that operates in the distribution of insurance products through digital channels.

In the risk and accumulation business, the Group operates through stakes in the companies BB MAPFRE, Brasilprev, Brasilcap and Brasildental, which are directly invested in by BB Seguros, and indirectly in the companies Brasilseg and Aliança do Brasil Seguros, subsidiaries of BB MAPFRE. In the distribution business, it operates through BB Corretora, which holds a stake in the investee Ciclic.

We present below the corporate structure of the Company:



BB MAPFRE has a direct stake in the companies Brasilseg Companhia de Seguros and Aliança do Brasil Seguros S.A. and indirect in the company Broto S.A. (invested by Brasilseg).



2 - PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

a) Statement of Compliance

The consolidated financial statements were prepared and are being presented in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB), including IAS 34 - Interim Financial Reporting, and with the accounting practices adopted in Brazil, including in accordance with CPC 21 (R1) - Interim Financial Reporting.

The individual financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting guidelines derived from Brazilian corporation law and are presented in compliance with accounting practices adopted in Brazil (BRGAAP), ncluding in accordance with CPC 21 (R1) - Interim Financial Statements, which include the guidelines issued by the Corporations Law and the pronouncements of the Comitê de Pronunciamentos Contábeis – CPC (Accounting Pronouncements Committee), approved by Comissão de Valores Mobiliários - CVM (Securities Commission).

All the relevant information specific to the financial statements are evidenced and correspond to those used by the Company's Management.

These financial statements were approved and authorized by BB Seguridade's Executive Board on August 01, 2025.

b) Continuity

Management evaluated the capacity of BB Seguridade to continue normally operating and it is convinced that it has the resources to continue its business in the future. In addition, Management is not aware of any material uncertainties that could generate significant doubts about its ability to continue operating, Accordingly, these consolidated and individual financial statements were prepared based on the assumption of operating continuity.

c) Measurement Basis of Assets and Liabilities

These individual and consolidated financial statements were prepared using historical cost as a measurement basis, except when otherwise indicated.

d) Functional and Presentation Currency

BB Seguridade's financial statements are presented in Reais, which is the functional currency. Unless otherwise indicated, quantitative financial information is presented in thousands of Reais (R\$ thousand).

e) Consolidation Basis

The consolidated financial statements of the BB Seguridade and subsidiaries are included the consolidation of assets and liabilities from BB Seguridade and its controlled entities, as follows:

Company	Activity	Country of	% Share		
	Activity	constitution	June 30, 2025	Dec 31, 2024	
BB Seguros Participações S.A.	Holding	Brazil	100%	100%	
BB Corretora de Seguros e Administradora de Bens S.A.	Brokerage	Brazil	100%	100%	

The intra-group balances and transactions, such as any unrealized income or expenses on transactions between companies of the consolidated, are eliminated in preparing the consolidated financial statements.

f) Seasonality of Operations

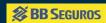
BB Seguridade and its owned subsidiaries consider the nature of their transactions as non-seasonal and non-cyclical, taking into account the activities carried out by the Group. Consequently, no specific disclosures are provided in these notes

g) Main Judgments and Accouting Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting practices adopted in Brazil and IFRS requires Management to make judgments and estimates that affect the recognized values of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses. The estimates and assumptions adopted are analyzed on an ongoing basis, with any revisions made recognized in the year in which the estimate is reevaluated, with prospective effects. It should be noted that the results achieved may be significantly different from current estimates.

Considering that, in many situations, there are alternatives to accounting treatment, the results disclosed could be different if a different treatment was chosen. Management considers that the choices are appropriate and that the financial statements adequately present the financial position of BB Seguridade, the results of its operations and its cash flows, individual and consolidated, in all materially relevant aspects.

Significant assets and liabilities subject to these estimates and assumptions include items such as fair value of financial instruments, impairment of financial and non-financial assets, recognition and measurement of deferred taxes and provisions, and contingent liabilities.



3 - MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Accounting practices are the principles, bases, conventions and specific rules applied by BB Seguridade in the preparation and presentation of financial. BB Seguridade applied accounting policies consistently to all periods presented in these interim financial statements.

a) Revenue and Expense Recognition

Revenues and expenses are recognized on an accrual basis and are reported in the financial statements for the periods to which they refer. Revenues are increases in assets, or decreases in liabilities, resulting in increases in the shareholders' equity, except for those referring to contributions from holders of rights on the equity.

This concept is applied to the main revenues arising from the activities of BB Seguridade and its investees, namely:

- **a.1) Revenue from investments in shareholdings –** Revenue from the application of the equity method for assessment of the investments in shareholdings are recognized in proportion to the BB Seguridade's equity on the investees' income, according to the CPC 18 (R2) [IAS 28] Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures.
- **a.2) Revenue from commissions** Revenue from commissions are recognized pro rata when its value, its related costs and the conclusion stage of the transaction can be measured reliably and when its related economic benefits are likely to be effective, according to the CPC 47 [IFRS 15] Revenue from Contracts with Customers.

To recognize its revenue, BB Corretora uses a five-stage model concept to determine when to recognize the revenue: i) identification of the contract; ii) identification of the performance obligations; iii) determination of the price for the transaction; iv) allocation of the price for the transaction and v) recognition of revenue.

Revenues from commissions are recognized when the Company meets (or as the Company meets) its performance obligation when transferring the goods and services (in other words, assets) in agreement with a client. Revenues from commissions arise from the segments of people insurance, casualty insurance, pension plans, capitalization and health insurance. These revenues are recognized over time (products with established validity), where the performance obligation is diluted linearly over the lifetime of the product/insurance, or at a specific time (monthly products), where the performance obligation is due monthly, according to the characteristics of the products.

In cases of return of the Premium to the insured parties, the broker reimburses, to the insurer, the commission received in proportion to the value refunded in relation to the remaining period of the policy.

For insurance whose expiry date is not objectively established (monthly insurance), monthly payment of premiums is decisive for the continuity of the policies, and, in general, there are no refunds of the commissions.

For pension plans, amounts arising from cancellations are recognized and returned monthly. Additionally, a provision is set up for the return of brokerage fees, estimated for future cancellations in the 12 months following the date of sale, recognized in Current Liabilities (Other Liabilities).

a.3) Financial revenues and expenses – Revenues and expenses from financial instruments arising from assets and liabilities that generate and pay for monetary correction and/or interest, as well as the values related to the correction of the fair value, are recognized in the income for the fiscal year on an accrual basis, using the effective interest rate method, according to the CPC 48 [IFRS 9] – Financial Instruments.

In the case of instruments measured at fair value through income (in accordance with item c.3 below), the fair value is determined as described in item c.4.

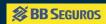
b) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are represented by the cash available in national currency and investments in committed operations, with high liquidity and insignificant risk of change in value, with maturity equal to or less than 90 days.

c) Financial instruments

The financial instruments are classified in relation to the business model and the contractual characteristics of the cash flows of the instruments according to the CPC 48 [IFRS 9] – Financial Instruments.

Financial instruments are initially measured at fair value plus the transaction cost, except when financial assets and liabilities are recorded at fair value through the income.



Financial assets and liabilities can be classified into one of the categories: i) financial instrument measured at fair value through the income, ii) financial instrument measured at amortized cost and iii) financial instrument measured at fair value through other comprehensive income.

The main financial instruments of BB Seguridade and its subsidiaries are securities held in custody at Banco do Brasil (government securities and repurchase agreements backed by federal government securities). During this period, there was no use of derivative instruments by the Group.

For health plan operators, ANS adopted CPC 48 (IFRS 9) - Financial Instruments for periods starting in 2023. For insurance companies, SUSEP adopted the standard for periods starting in 2024.

c.1) Amortized Cost - This category includes financial assets held (i) for the purpose of receiving its contractual cash flow rather than for sale with realization of profits or losses and (ii) whose contractual terms generate cash flows at specified dates exclusively for principal payments and interest payments on the outstanding principal value.

Commissions receivable and LFTs - Financial Treasury Bills are recognized as financial assets measured at amortized cost.

c.2) Fair value through other comprehensive income - VJORA - This category includes financial assets held (i) both for the receipt of its contractual cash flow and for sale with realization of profits or losses and (ii) whose contractual terms generate cash flows at specified dates exclusively for principal payments and interest payments on the outstanding principal value.

For the period, the Group did not have financial assets classified in this category.

c.3) Fair value through profit or loss (VJR) - Financial assets that are not measured at amortized cost or at fair value through other comprehensive income are classified in this category.

Repurchase agreements are recognized as financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss.

c.4) Determination of fair value - Fair value is the price that would be received for the sale of an asset or would be paid by the transfer of a liability in a non-forced transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

The fair value of financial instruments traded in active markets on the base date of the balance sheet is based on the quoted market price or on the quotation of the over-the-counter price (selling price for purchased positions or purchasing price for sold positions), without any deduction of transaction cost.

In situations where there is no market price for a particular financial instrument, its fair value is estimated based on valuation methods commonly used in the financial markets, which are appropriate to the specific characteristics of the instrument and capture the various risks to which it is exposed. The valuation methods include: the discounted cash flow method, comparison to similar financial instruments for which there is a market with observable prices, option pricing models, credit models and other well-known valuation models.

The internal pricing models may involve some level of estimation and judgment by the Administration, whose intensity will depend, among other factors, on the complexity of the financial instrument.

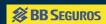
c.5) Financial liabilities - An instrument is classified as a financial liability when there is a contractual obligation, of which its settlement is made through the delivery of money or other financial asset, regardless of its legal form. Financial liabilities include short-term and long-term debt that are initially measured at fair value, which is the net value received of costs levied upon the transaction and, subsequently, upon the amortized cost.

d) Write-off of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities

- **d.1) Financial assets** A financial asset is written off when: (i) the contractual rights related to the respective cash flows expire; (ii) most of the risks and benefits associated with the asset is transferred to third parties; or (iii) when control over the asset is transferred, even if part of the risks and benefits associated with its holding is retained.
- **d.2) Financial liabilities** A financial liability is written off when its obligation is eliminated, canceled or expired. If an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same creditor in substantially different terms, or the terms of the existing liability are substantially modified, such modification is treated as a write-off of the original liability and as the recognition of a new liability, and the difference between the book values is recognized in the income.

e) Reduction in the Recoverable Value of Financial Assets – Impairment

For the recoverable value of financial assets (impairment), the CPC 48 [IFRS 9] – Financial Instruments considers the expected credit losses, which are a weighted estimate of the probability of credit losses (that is, the present value of all cash deficits) over the expected life of the financial instrument.



Cash deficit is the difference between the cash flows due to the entity according to the contract and the cash flows that the entity expects to receive. As the expected credit losses consider the value and timing of the payments, the credit loss occurs even if the entity expects to be paid in full, but after the due date stipulated by the contract.

For the impairment of commissions receivable, the simplified approach allowed by the CPC 48 [IFRS 9] for commercial receivables was used, in which the recognition of expected credit losses follows the model for the entire life of the instrument.

Annually or whenever there is an indication that the financial asset may be devalued, an assessment to check if there is any objective evidence of impairment of its financial assets is carried out at BB Seguridade, in accordance with the CPC 48 [IFRS 9] – Financial Instruments.

During the period, there were no losses due to devaluation of BB Seguridade Group's financial assets.

f) Share Premium and Other Intangible Assets

The share premium generated on the acquisition of investments on shareholdings is accounted for considering the fair value assessment of the identifiable assets and the assumed liabilities of the acquired company on the acquisition date and, in accordance with the applicable standards, is not amortized. However, it is tested, at least annually, for impairment purposes. After the initial recognition, the share premium is measured at cost minus any accrued impairment losses.

Intangible assets are separately recognized from the share premium when they are separable or arise from contractual rights or other legal rights, their fair value can be measured reliably, and it is probable that the expected future economic benefits will be transferred to BB Seguridade. The cost of intangible assets acquired in a business combination is its fair value at the acquisition date. The other acquired intangible assets, not linked to the business combination, are initially measured at cost.

The useful lives of intangible assets is definite or indefinite. Intangible assets with defined useful lives are amortized over the course of their economic life. They are initially registered at cost, minus the accrued amortization and impairment losses. Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives are recorded at cost minus any impairment losses.

The period and method for the amortization of intangible assets with definite useful lives are reviewed, at a minimum, annually. Changes in the expected useful life or proportion of expected use of the future benefits incorporated to the asset are recognized through changes in the period or method for the amortization, when appropriate, and treated as changes in accounting estimates.

The costs incurred related to the acquisition, production and development of software are capitalized and registered as intangible assets. Expenditures from the research phase are registered as expenses.

The expense with the amortization of intangible assets with definite useful life and impairment losses are recognized in the income for the year in the line "Other" of the Income Statement.

g) Reduction in the Recoverable Value of Non-Financial Assets - Impairment

Annually or whenever there is an indication that the asset may be devalued, an assessment, based on internal and external sources of information, to check if there is any indication that a non-financial asset may be with recoverability problems is carried out. If there is such an indication, the asset's recoverable value is estimated. The recoverable value of the asset is the highest between its fair value minus the costs to sell it or its value in use.

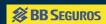
Whether there was any indication of reduction in the recoverable value, the impairment test of an intangible asset with indefinite useful life is annually carried out, including the share premium acquired in a business combination, or an intangible asset not yet available for use. This test can be carried out at any time during an annual period, provided it is performed at the same time each year.

If the recoverable value of the asset is lower than its book value, the book value of the asset is reduced to its recoverable value through recording an impairment loss, for which the consideration is recognized in the income statement for the period in which it occurs, in other Operating Expenses/Revenues.

Annually, it is further assessed if there is any indication that a loss by impairment recognized in previous fiscal years for an asset other than the share premium for expected future profitability, might no longer exist or may have been reduced. If there is such indication, the recoverable value of this asset is estimated. The reversal of a loss by impairment of an asset will be immediately recognized in the income for the fiscal year, as a rectifier of the balance of other Operating Expenses/Revenues.

During the period, there were no losses due to the devaluation of non-financial assets of the BB Seguridade Group.

h) Investments in Associates



Under the equity method, the investment is initially measured at cost and subsequently adjusted by the investor's recognition of changes in the net assets of the investee. In addition, the portion of the investor's income in the profits and losses generated by the investee must be included in the income for the fiscal year of the investor, according to the CPC 18 (R2) [IAS 28] – Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures.

Investments in equity interests in the companies BB Seguros Participações S.A. and BB Corretora de Seguros e Administradora de Bens S.A. are classified as investments in subsidiaries and valued using the equity method and are consolidated.

Investments in equity interests in the companies BB MAPFRE Participações S.A., Brasilprev Seguros e Previdência S.A., Brasilcap Capitalização S.A., Brasildental Operadora de Planos Odontológicos S.A. and Ciclic Corretora de Seguros S.A. are valued using the equity method, whether classified as investments in associates or joint ventures.

In accordance with CPC 18 [IAS 28], the equity value of investees, for purposes of applying the equity method, will be recognized based on the balance sheet or verification balance prepared, on the same date, or within two months of lag. Due to operational issues the accounting recognition of the investment in Brasildental, through the equity method, is being carried out with a delay of one month. For the other companies, the dates coincide with the accounting closing date of the BB Seguridade Group.

In situations where the investees use different accounting practices in events and transactions of the same nature in similar circumstances, the necessary adjustments are carried out to make the financial statements of the investees suitable to the accounting practices adopted by the investor.

i) Provisions and Contingent Liabilities

The recognition, measurement and disclosure of contingent liabilities and legal obligations are carried out in accordance with the criteria defined in the CPC 25 [IAS 37] – Provisions Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets.

Provisions related to legal and administrative proceedings are recognized in the financial statements when, based on the analysis of legal advisors and the Management, the risk of loss of a legal or administrative action is deemed probable, with a probable outflow of funds for the settlement of obligations and when the amounts involved are measurable with sufficient certainty, being quantified upon the court summons/notification and reviewed monthly on an individual basis, thus considering the processes related to causes considered unusual or whose value is deemed relevant under the analysis of advisors, considering the intended compensation amount.

Contingent liabilities classified as possible losses are not recognized in accounting and are only disclosed in the explanatory notes, and those classified as remote do not require provision and disclosure.

Tax legal obligations are derived from tax obligations provided for by the legislation, irrespective of the probability of success of lawsuits in progress, and their amounts are fully recognized in the financial statements.

j) Taxes

Taxes are calculated based on the rates shown in the table below:

Taxes	Jun 30, 2025	Dec 31, 2024
Individual Income Tax (IRPJ) ⁽¹⁾	25%	25%
Social Contribution on Net Income (CSLL)	9%	9%
Contribution to PIS (Social Integration Program) / Pasep (Investment Program for Civil Servants)	1.65%	1.65%
Contribution to the Financing of Social Security (COFINS)	7.60%	7.60%
Contribution to PIS / Pasep on income from financial investments	0.65%	0.65%
Contribution to the Financing of the Social Security (COFINS) on income from financial investments	4%	4%
Service Tax – ISS ⁽²⁾	Up to 5%	Up to 5%

⁽¹⁾ Includes basic (15%) and additional (10%) rates

The deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are constituted by the application of the current tax rates on their respective bases. For constitution, maintenance and write-off of deferred tax assets, the criteria established by the CPC 32 [IAS 12] – Income Taxes are observed, and they are supported by a realization capacity study.

Tax reform

In December 2023, Constitutional Amendment 132/2023, also known as Consumption Tax Reform, was approved, which substantially changes the current form of taxation of goods and services, replacing current indirect taxes with the Tax on Added Value (VAT) in dual mode, comprising the Contribution on Goods and Services (CBS) and the Tax on Goods and Services (IBS), in addition to the creation of a selective tax (IS). Through the Amendment, the general guidelines of the national tax system were defined.

⁽²⁾ Incident on the services provided by BB Corretora.



On 01/16/2025, Complementary Law 214/2025 (Complementary Bill 68/2024) was sanctioned, the first act that regulates the consumption tax reform provided for in Constitutional Amendment 132/2023, thus creating the Tax on Goods and Services (IBS), the Social Contribution on Goods and Services (CBS) and the Selective Tax (IS).

To advance the reform, there are other regulations to be considered, such as Complementary Bill 108/2024, which establishes the Goods and Services Tax Management Committee, provides for the tax administrative process related to the official launch of the IBS, in addition to other matters.

Considering that the current stage of the reform still lacks standardization of the matters, it is not possible to estimate its impact. The Company continues to monitor the subject.

k) Segment Disclosure

The CPC 22 [IFRS 8] – Operating Segments requires the disclosure of financial information of the entity's operating segments based on the internal disclosures that are used by the Management to allocate resources and to assess its financial and economic performance.

I) Interest in Net Equity and Dividends

Brazilian companies may assign a nominal interest expense, deductible for tax purposes, on their net equity. The value of the interest on the net equity is considered as a dividend and, when applicable, presented in these consolidated financial statements as a direct reduction in the stockholders' equity.

Under the current dividends policy, BB Seguridade distributes to shareholders, as mandatory dividends, a portion corresponding to at least 25% of the adjusted net profit with the deductions and increases provided for in Art. 202 of Law 6.404/76, which are recognized as a liability and deducted from the shareholders' equity when allocating the income for the year.

During the period, there was no recognition and payment of interest on shareholders' equity by BB Seguridade.

m) Earning per share

The disclosure of the earnings per share is made in accordance with the criteria defined in the CPC 41 [IAS 33] – Earnings per Share – approved by the CVM Resolution 636/2010. The basic and diluted earnings per share of BB Seguridade were calculated by dividing the net profit attributable to the shareholders by the weighted average number of total common shares, excluding treasury shares. BB Seguridade has no optional instruments, subscription bonus or their equivalents that provide for its holder the right to acquire shares. Thus, basic and diluted earnings per share are equivalent.

n) Leases

The recognition, measurement and disclosure of leases are carried out in accordance with the criteria defined in the CPC 06 (R2) [IFRS 16] – Leases. BB Seguridade and its controlled companies do not have significant lease operations.

Leasing operations are present in insurance companies and health operators, in which BB Seguridade holds shares, through its subsidiary BB Seguros.

The companies Brasilseg, Aliança do Brasil Seguros, Brasilprev and Brasilcap (from January 1, 2021); and Brasildental (from January 1, 2022) started to adopt CPC 06 (R2) [IFRS 16] – Leases, since then, there is no divergence of accounting practice related to the treatment of leases.

o) Insurance Contracts

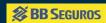
Recognition, measurement and disclosure of insurance contracts are carried out in accordance with the criteria defined in CPC 50 [IFRS 17] – Insurance Contracts. The insurance contract is defined by CPC 50 [IFRS 17] as an agreement between the insurer and the insured, in which the insurer accepts the risk of a possible financial loss or other adverse event that may affect the insured. In return, the policyholder pays a premium to the insurer.

The operational investees that commercialize insurance contracts apply the insurance contract grouping levels, by harvest, portfolio, groups and harvest.

The portfolios were determined by first identifying contracts subject to similar risks and managed together, in pension plans: Traditional, PGBL/VGBL, Conjugated VGBL, Risk Coverage and Reinsurance; and in insurance: annual risk and multi-year risk.

The portfolio groups are divided into onerous and non-onerous contracts, the latter having no significant possibility of becoming onerous after initial recognition and other contracts remaining in the portfolio.

Furthermore, the contracts of each group are segregated into harvests, with periods of up to one year between the start dates (annual cuts). Reinsurance contracts are established so that each group contains a single contract.



According to the characteristics of insurance contracts, the application of accounting models is divided into:

- BBA Building Block Approach (General Measurement Model): standard model for all insurance contracts based on future cash flow estimates segregated into three main components: i) Contractual Service Margin (CSM), which represents the profit that the insurer expects to generate with insurance contracts over time, to be realized over the term of the contract; ii) Present value of future cash flows, which represents the estimate of cash flows that the insurer expects to receive and pay in the future, adjusted for the time value of money and; iii) Non-financial risk adjustments which are estimates of risks associated with insurance contracts that cannot be measured using the time value of money, including risks related to events such as mortality, morbidity, claims and expenses. This measurement model includes the portfolios of lending insurance and housing insurance; and the Traditional pension products, VGBL Conjugated and Risk Coverage, as well as their Reinsurance operations.
- PAA Premium Allocation Approach: optional simplified model, indicated for short-term insurance contracts (coverage up to one year) or when the remaining coverage is not materially different from the value calculated in the BBA model. This model includes all insurance contracts with a duration equal to or less than one year, both life and non-life, and those contracts with a duration of up to 5 years whose valuation results would not differ significantly in relation to the general BBA model.
- VFA Variable Fee Approach: model for treating insurance contracts with underlying return components. It follows
 the same general measurement model (BBA), with the difference being a variable remuneration component in its
 compliance flows. The VFA modifies the treatment of the CSM in subsequent measurement to include contracts
 where the insured participates in a substantial part of the returns of underlying items, such as an asset portfolio. This
 model includes PGBL and VGBL pension products.

When recognizing the BBA model, it is necessary to consider future cash flow estimates, as well as adjustments to present value and upon initial recognition by the non-financial risks, to assess whether insurance contracts are in surplus or in deficit. If the future cash flow is positive, the contractual service margin is recognized in liabilities and is converted into revenue over the term of the insurance contracts. However, if the cash flow is negative, insurance contracts are considered onerous, as they have a deficit contractual service margin, and the amounts must be accounted for immediately in income.

In the PAA model, based on the remaining coverage liability, like the current methodology of unearned premiums, liability amounts are recognized in income according to the period of effectiveness of the insurance contracts.

Estimates are part of the accounting recognition and measurement process, since uncertainty is an inherent characteristic of insurance contracts. According to CPC 23 [IAS 8] – Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors, accounting estimates may require revision as the facts and/or circumstances in which they were made change, increase the level of experience and additional information becomes available. The effect of changing estimates must be recognized prospectively.

The estimates are periodically reviewed by the operational investees with the objective of verifying their adherence to the operations based on the greater experience verified with the behavior of the insurance contracts.

The individual companies BB Seguridade, BB Seguros and BB Corretora do not have operations that are within the scope of the insurance contract rule. However, the operating investees that sell insurance contracts – Brasilseg and Aliança do Brasil Seguros, controlled by the holding company BB MAPFRE, Brasilprev and Brasildental – are affected by the accounting rules.

Brasilcap's products are not within the scope of CPC 50 [IFRS 17] and the impacts related to CPC 48 [IFRS 9] have already been recognized at BB Seguridade since 2018, through the harmonization of accounting practices.

The respective impacts on investee companies are presented in Note 07 – Investment.

p) Harmonization of accounting practices of CPC 50 [IFRS 17]

Although CPC 50 [IFRS 17] has not yet been approved by SUSEP and ANS, the respective operational investees of BB Seguridade that sell insurance contracts within the scope of the standard must prepare their financial statements in the new standard, to comply with the accounting standards applicable to BB Seguridade.

In this sense, at the initial moment of adoption, the impacts on shareholders' equity and investments in equity interests were reflected in the financial statements of BB Seguridade and, later, the subsequent impacts through equity equivalence.

Despite the initial adoption of accounting standard by the operational investees that sell insurance contracts, in which the accounting effects occur through the harmonization of accounting practices, insurance companies and health plan operators are not yet adopting these standards and, therefore, there will be no impacts for the effects of regulatory requirements, determined by SUSEP and ANS.



Likewise, considering that the regulatory and corporate rules for insurance companies and health plan operators will not be affected by the accounting standard, no impacts are expected on the distribution of dividends or on the capital management of such companies arising from the harmonization of their accounting practices to those of BB Seguridade and BB Seguros.

q) Standards recently issued, applicable or to be applied in future periods

IFRS 18 - Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements - IFRS 18 is a new accounting standard, issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) on April 9, 2024. This standard aims to improve the communication of information in financial statements, with a special focus on business performance, that is, on the income statement and the respective explanatory notes.

The main change in the new standard is the presentation structure of the income statement, in which there will basically be a segregation of results from operational, investment and financing activities, according to the companies' business model. In this sense, the standard aims to increase comparability, provide greater transparency to performance measures defined by management and promote a more useful grouping of this accounting information.

IFRS 18 will replace the IAS 1 standard - Presentation of Financial Statements, equivalent in Brazil to CPC 26 (R1). The adoption of the new standard is scheduled for January 1, 2027.

The Accounting Pronouncements Committee (CPC), the Federal Accounting Council (CFC), and the Securities and Exchange Commission (CVM) jointly published, on July 14, 2025, Public Hearing Notice 01/2025 to submit the Draft Technical Pronouncement CPC 51 - Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements.

This Pronouncement is aligned with IFRS 18 - Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements and will replace Technical Pronouncement CPC 26 (R1) - Presentation of Financial Statements.

The impacts of adopting the new standards are currently being assessed by the Company.

IFRS S1 - General requirements for disclosure of sustainability-related financial information and IFRS S2 - Climate-related disclosures - In June 2023, the International Sustainability Standards Board (ISSB) issued the first two sustainability reporting standards, with the aim of developing and issue a comprehensive global framework of sustainability reporting standards. IFRS S1 and IFRS S2 require the entity to disclose information about risks and opportunities related to sustainability and climate. IFRS S1 covers general requirements for reporting sustainability information, while IFRS S2 focuses on specific climate disclosures.

In Brazil, the Comitê Brasileiro de Pronunciamentos de Sustentabilidade (CBPS) promotes the adoption of these standards, standardizing reports and facilitating the analysis of organizations' financial performance and future strategy in relation to sustainability. In October 2023, the Comissão de Valores Mobiliários (CVM) published CVM Resolution No. 193, which provides for the preparation and disclosure of financial information reports related to sustainability, based on the international standard issued by the ISSB.

On October 29, 2024, the CBPS released Pronouncement CBPS 01 – General Requirements for Disclosure of Financial Information Related to Sustainability and Pronouncement CBPS 02 – Climate-Related Disclosures, both approved by the Federal Accounting Council (CFC) through NBC TDS 01 and NBC TDS 02, respectively. The standards were also approved by CVM, on the same date, through CVM Resolutions 217 and 218.

Publicly held companies may adopt disclosure, on a voluntary basis, for the report relating to the 2024 financial year. From the 2026 fiscal year onwards, the report becomes mandatory for publicly held companies, together with the annual financial statements. Sustainability financial statements must be presented in a consolidated form and separated from the financial statements.

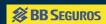
The impacts of adopting the new regulations are being assessed by the BB Seguridade Group.

4 - ACQUISITIONS, DISPOSALS AND CORPORATE RESTRUCTURINGS

Broto S.A.

Broto S.A. ("Broto" or "Company"), a company established on January 4, 2023, to conduct the business of the Broto Digital Platform, has as shareholders Brasilseg Companhia de Seguros ("Brasilseg") and Banco do Brasil S.A. ("Banco do Brasil").

As provided for in the corporate agreements, Brasilseg maintains access to the Broto Digital Platform to sell its insurance products, which is exclusively brokered by BB Corretora de Seguros e Administradora de Bens S.A., a company controlled by BB Seguridade.



The corporate documents establish a purchase option granted to Banco do Brasil – not yet exercised – by Brasilseg, on all of its shares in Broto, exercisable upon payment of the full amount contributed by it to Broto, adjusted by the CDI accumulated in the period, within a period of up to 12 months, counted from the date of execution of the Shareholders' Agreement, extendable for the same period. Upon formalization of the Second Extension Term signed between the parties on January 2, 2025, the term for exercising the purchase option was extended until January 4, 2026.

On April 8, 2025, Broto's General Meetings approved increases in the Company's share capital totaling R\$ 10,000,000.00, through the issuance of 10,000,000 registered shares with no par value, at an issue price of R\$ 1.00 per share, of which 5,000,000 are common shares and 5,000,000 are preferred shares without voting rights, with the advantages and characteristics described in the Company's Bylaws, which were fully subscribed and paid in by the shareholders Banco do Brasil and Brasilseg, in proportion to their original interests in the share capital. Therefore, Banco do Brasil paid the amount of R\$ 5,000,000.00 and Brasilseg paid the amount of R\$ 5,000,000.00. The capital increase did not involve funds from BB Seguridade or BB Seguros.

After full payment, Broto's share capital was R\$ 99,400,000.00, represented by 99,400,000 registered shares with no par value, of which 49,700,000 are common shares and 49,700,000 are preferred shares without voting rights, distributed among the shareholders in the following proportion:

Charabaldara	Common S	hares	Preferred S	hares	Total		
Shareholders —	Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount	%	
Brasilseg	49,700,000	100		-	49,700,000	50	
Banco do Brasil			49,700,000	100	49,700,000	50	
Total	49,700,000	100	49,700,000	100	99,400,000	100	

5 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The risk management at BB Seguridade follows the guidelines established in its Capital and Risk Management Policy, approved by the Board of Directors, and disclosed to the market through the investors' relations website.

The Company understands that its risk exposure originates from its interests, and therefore the Capital, Risk, Internal Controls and Compliance Management Policy contemplates two risk management dimensions: risk management (risks arising from the operations of BB Seguridade and its subsidiaries) and risk governance (risks arising from associates/joint ventures).

By means of its Risk Appetite Statement, approved by the Board of Directors, the Company defines the maximum levels of risks that it agrees to incur the fulfillment of its objectives.

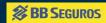
The risk management process at BB Seguridade is based on the international framework of ISO 31000:2018 and comprises the steps of setting the context, identifying, analysis, evaluating and treating risks. Transversal to each step of risk management, there are consultations with interested parties, monitoring, and critical analysis, which help in continuous improvement. This process is internally documented in the Group's Risk Management, Internal Controls and Compliance Model.

BB Seguridade's risk management is integrated into the corporate strategy, from the preparation of planning, as well as during the execution of the strategy, scenario analysis and decision-making support at all levels of the Company.

The Company has the Superintendence of Risk Management and Capital and the Superintendence of Internal Controls Management and Integrity. The first is responsible for providing fundamentals and support for the execution of the risk management process; the second is responsible for internal controls, compliance, and the Integrity Program. Both also act in the governance of risks and controls, respectively, in the companies in which BB Seguridade holds interests. For this to work properly, the areas are segregated from the business and Internal Audit areas.

a) Risk management at BB Seguridade and its subsidiaries

The risk management framework adopted by BB Seguridade, as defined in its Risk Management, Internal Control and Compliance Policy, is structured based on a three-line model: in the first line, the process managers (risk owners) are responsible for implementing preventive and corrective actions that mitigate the weaknesses identified in the processes and control deficiencies; in the second line, the Superintendence of Risk Management and Capital and the Superintendence of Internal Controls Management and Integrity assist and monitor the risk owner in managing risks and internal controls in order to adjust them to the Group's risk appetite; and in the third line, the Internal Audit works independently, by providing to governance bodies assessments on the risk management and internal control effectiveness.



The risk management mechanisms and tools also include, among others: segregation of duties; joint decisions; Information Security and Cybernetics Policy, Preventing and Combating Money Laundering and Terrorist Financing Policy, in line with Circular Susep 612/2020 and subsequent amendments; Preventing and Combating Corruption Policy, Code of Ethics and Conduct and an Integrity Program in line with Law 12,846/2013 (Anti-Corruption Law) and the Decree 11,129/2022 (documents disclosed internally and also to the market, available at the investors relations website); internal risk management, internal controls and compliance regulations, in addition to internal communication program on risk management, internal controls and compliance, continuously promoting the adaptation of the entire Group to these subjects.

The Executive Board is supported by the Continuity and Crisis Management Committee, which advises on the assessment and mitigation of risks of discontinuity, incidents, or crises.

BB Seguridade's governance structure also comprises the Risk and Capital Committee, a statutory agency to advise the Board of Directors, which is responsible, among other things, for assessing and monitoring the Group's risk exposures.

The Audit Committee, a statutory agency, is responsible, among other things, for sharing, with the Board of Directors, the risks, weaknesses, or concerns that may have a significant impact on the Company's financial condition and business.

Information related to risk management and internal controls is periodically reported to the Collegiate Board of Directors, the Administrative Council, and the Fiscal Council.

a.1) Risks associated with investments in financial assets

The Group has a Financial Investment Policy, approved by the Board of Directors and applicable to all companies of the Group, that sets out the criteria relating to the nature, terms, and acceptable risks of financial investments. The current policy allows the investment only in federal government bonds, repurchase agreement guaranteed by federal government bonds and extra-market investment funds.

The investments in financial assets of BB Seguridade and its subsidiaries, classified as cash equivalents, are concentrated on repurchase agreements backed by Federal Government Bonds (Note 15). Other investments in financial assets classified as financial instruments are invested in fixed-income long-term mutual funds and federal government bonds (Note 16).

a.2) Market Risk

Market risk is defined as the possibility of negative impacts resulting from fluctuation in the market values of positions in financial instruments held by the Group. At BB Seguridade and its subsidiaries, the exposure to this risk arises from the investment portfolio in financial assets. According to the latest Relevant Risks Inventory and considering the Financial Investment Policy and current portfolio, the risk is not considered relevant.

The market risk is managed based on the Financial Investment Policy, that defines which assets may comprise the portfolio and the VaR (Value at Risk) limit, calculated for 21 business days, with the portfolio volatility estimated using the exponentially weighted moving average (EWMA) and 95% confidence level. The indicator is monitored by the Finance and Investment Committee.

Market risk exposure in investments in financial assets

							R\$ tho	usand
			Impact in the	portfolio				
		Pare	nt			Consolid	dated	
	June 30, 2025	%	Dec 31, 2024	%	June 30, 2025	%	Dec 31, 2024	%
Value at Risk (VaR)	1	0.00	9	0.00	3	0.00	210	0.00

Sensitivity analysis on market risk factors

On June 30, 2025, there were no derivative instruments in the Group's portfolio, which was entirely composed of postfixed financial instruments linked to Selic rate. Based on the studies carried out, there is no relevant exposure to market risk factors.

a.3) Credit Risk

The credit risk is defined by the Group as the possibility of negative impacts associated with the non-fulfillment, by a borrower or a counterparty, of its corresponding financial obligations according to negotiated terms, and/or to the devaluation of receivables due to a drop in the borrower's or counterparty's risk rating. At BB Seguridade and its subsidiaries BB Seguros and BB Corretora, the exposure to this risk arises from the investment portfolio in financial assets, which is composed of Bonds issued by private counterparties. However, currently, the portfolio does not include securities issued by private counterparties. Therefore, exposure to this risk is not relevant.



The credit risk arising from the payment of brokerage for products sold by BB Corretora is considered duly mitigated due to the nature of the Group's operation, since most of the business takes place through the Banco do Brasil channel, whose brokerage is transferred automatically.

Credit risk exposure to investments in financial assets

							R\$ tl	nousand
Figure (1)		Pare	nt		Consolidated			
Financial Assets (1)	June 30, 2025	%	Dec 31, 2024	%	June 30, 2025	%	Dec 31, 2024	%
Federal Government Bonds	1,045,908	100.00	335,176	100.00	7,072,012	60.92	7,784,574	63.71
Financial Treasury Bills					1,872,411	16.13	1,759,011	14.40
Commissions receivable (up to 1 year)					1,281,201	11.04	1,287,117	10.53
Commissions receivable (more than 1 year)					1,382,916	11.91	1,387,299	11.36
Total	1,045,908	100.00	335,176	100.00	11,608,540	100.00	12,218,001	100.00

⁽¹⁾ Does not include the amount invested in Equity Investment Funds (FIP), with a total amount of R\$ 27,831 thousand on June 30, 2025 (R\$ 28,783 on Dec 31, 2024).

a.4) Liquidity Risk and capital management

Liquidity risk is defined by the Group as the possibility of negative impacts due to the lack of resources to honor its obligations due to the mismatch between assets and liabilities.

BB Seguridade and its subsidiaries maintain assets with a high degree of conversion in cash to cover liabilities and other expected allocations to short term. The parameters used are defined by the Financial Investment Policy and the Capital Plan.

The Capital Plan, prepared for a minimum three-year horizon, presents the projected financial flows from the operational activity, such as compensation from commissions, equity interests, expenses inherent to the Group's activities and those resulting from strategic movements, such as allocation of funds to equity interests, strategic investments, divestitures and disposals and considers the maintenance of a liquidity margin in order to keep the financial balance in case of unpredictable events.

BB Seguridade and its subsidiaries' main liabilities refer to administrative costs, payment of taxes and dividends, as presented below.

					R\$ thousand
			Parent		
Lincolds Biols		June 3	30, 2025	Dec	31, 2024
Liquidy Risk	Note	Up to 1 year	More than 1 year	Up to 1 year	More than 1 year
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	[15]	1,046,377		335,647	
Financial assets at fair value through profit	[16.a]	-	27,831		28,783
Dividends/interest on equity receivable	[17]	2,733,026	-	4,145,402	
LIABILLITIES					
Corporate and statutory obligations	[21]	3,770,407	-	4,411,346	
Current tax liabilities	[12.g]	36	-	602	
Other liabilities	[24]	12,096	-	12,829	

R\$ thousand

			Consolidated		
Limited Biole		June 30), 2025	Dec 31, 2024	
Liquidity Risk	Note	Up to 1 year	More than 1 year	Up to 1 year	More than 1 year
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	[15]	7,075,552	-	7,789,875	
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	[16.a]		27,831		28,783
Financial Assets Measured at Amortized Cost	[16.b]	1,597,255	275,156	719,101	1,039,910
Commissions receivable	[18]	1,281,201	1,382,916	1,287,117	1,387,299
Dividends/interest on equity receivable	[17]			97.446	
LIABILITIES					
Corporate and statutory obligations	[21]	3,770,407	-	4,411,346	
Current tax liabilities	[12.g]	636,855		1,117,805	
Unearned commissions (1)	[23]	2,569,151	3,511,938	2,627,914	3,391,326
Other liabilities	[24]	111,608		92,781	

⁽¹⁾ Unearned commissions refer to brokerage revenues to be recognized over the course of the insurance contracts, and such revenues will be realized over the term of these operations, and whose corresponding amounts are received, in large part, before that date. Therefore, in general, commissions to be appropriated do not represent amounts to be disbursed and, consequently, do not generate relevant impacts on the company's liquidity.

b) Risk Governance applied to affiliated companies

BB Seguridade's affiliated companies maintain their own risk management structures compatible with the nature and complexity of their businesses, being regulated by the Superintendence of Private Insurance (Susep), in accordance with the requirements established in CNSP Resolutions 416/2021 and 432/2021 and subsequent amendments and Susep Circular 648/2021 and subsequent amendments. For companies regulated by the National Supplementary Health Agency (ANS), Normative Resolution 518/2022 provides for the adoption of minimum corporate governance practices, with an emphasis on internal controls and risk management, for the purposes of solvency of health care plans operators.

CNSP Resolution No. 416/2021 and subsequent amendments informs about the integration of the Internal Controls System into the Risk Management Structure of investments, with the obligation to have a statutory Director responsible for internal controls and compliance, in addition to the need for specific policies on managed risks, and a statutory risk committee with the presence of independent members.

Circular Susep 666/2022 provides for sustainability requirements, to be observed by insurance companies, open private pension entities (EAPCs), capitalization companies and local reinsurers.

Based on the results of the work carried out by the investees, BB Seguridade continuously monitors and assesses the levels of risk exposure, acting, via governance, to ensure the adoption of the best risk management practices in its investees.

b.1) Liquidity, solvency, and capital management

In the capital management of affiliated companies supervised by Susep, the main indicator used is the Minimum Required Capital (CMR), which represents the total capital that a company must maintain, at any time, to operate, and aims to guarantee the risks inherent to its operations, as regulated by CNSP Resolution 432/2021 and subsequent amendments.

CMR is composed of portions relating to underwriting, credit, operational and market risks, and the solvency capital requirement adequacy is measured using the Adjusted Net Equity (PLA) of the entity, which must be equal to or above the calculated CMR.

CNSP Resolution 432/2021 and subsequent amendments establishes technical provisions calculation models and requires additional liquid assets to maintain the company's liquidity. In addition, it contains criteria for the preparation of solvency and liquidity regularization plans in cases of regulatory non-compliance. It is important to highlight that the investees, according to guidelines defined by the Group, do not have an appetite for the risk of non-compliance with regulatory solvency.

CNSP Resolution 471/2024 establishes the risk and solvency self-assessment - ORSA and capital management for insurance companies, open supplementary pension entities, capitalization companies, and local reinsurers. Companies regulated by the Superintendence of Private Insurance (SUSEP) are in the process of implementing the adjustments, according to the deadlines established in the regulation.

For companie regulated by the National Agency of Supplementary Health (ANS), there are rules for recognition of technical reserves, PLA criteria and Solvency Margin criteria according to Regulatory Resolution 569/2022.



For investments, where minimum capital is required, there is a search for maintaining additional capital to the regulatory one, to minimize the chances of non-compliance with the required amounts and in line with the risk appetite defined by their Board of Directors.

On June 30, 2025, considering the data provided by each investee, all companies in which BB Seguridade holds interests and that are subject to regulatory capital requirements, had sufficient capital, solvency, and coverage of technical provisions, in accordance with current legislation applicable.

6 - SEGMENT INFORMATION

The information by segment has been prepared considering the criteria used by Management to evaluate the performance, in decisions made regarding the allocation of funds for investment and other purposes, considering the regulatory environment and the similarities between goods and services,

BB Seguridade Group's operations are basically divided into two segments: i) insurance (risk and accumulation businesses), which include insurance operations, pension plans, capitalization and health; and ii) brokerage (distribution business).

a) Insurance

In this segment, products and services offered are related to life, property and vehicle insurance, property insurance, rural, special risks and financial, transport, hulls, and housing people, supplementary pension plans, dental plans and capitalization plans.

The profit or loss from this segment derives mainly from revenues from insurance premiums, contributions to private pension plans, contributions to dental plans, capitalization bonds and investments in securities, less sales expenses, technical reserves and expenses related to claims,

The accounting record of these results is made through the equity method of investments in equity interests. Explanatory note 7 - Investments in Associates contains the description of Investments in Shareholdings, by Segment / Business Area.

b) Brokerage

In this segment, products and services offered are related to brokerage and management, fulfillment, promotion and facilitation of casualty, life and capitalization insurance, pension plans and dental plans, it includes the balances of BB Corretora and its investee Ciclic.

c) Financial Information by Reportable Segment

			R\$ thousand		
	2 nd Quarter 2025				
	Seguridade	Corretagem	Total		
Operating Income	1,480,575	1,248,920	2,729,495		
Equity income	1,480,575	1,561	1,482,136		
Commissions income	-	1,247,359	1,247,359		
Cost of Services Provided	-	(39,611)	(39,611)		
Gross Profit	1,480,575	1,209,309	2,689,884		
Other Income and Expenses	(11,488)	(42,874)	(54,362)		
Personnel expenses	(5,723)	(19,321)	(25,044)		
Adminstrative expenses	(1,312)	(12,957)	(14,269)		
Tax expenses	(4,254)	(7,864)	(12,118)		
Other	(199)	(2,732)	(2,931)		
Income Before Financial Revenue and Expenses	1,469,087	1,166,435	2,635,522		
Financial Result	88,558	168,930	257,488		
Financial revenue	89,767	169,064	258,831		
Financial expenses	(1,209)	(134)	(1,343)		
Income Before Taxes and Equities	1,557,645	1,335,365	2,893,010		
Income Tax and Social Contribution	(25,509)	(451,589)	(477,098)		
Net Income	1,532,136	883,776	2,415,912		

R\$ thousand



	2 nd Quarter 2024				
	Seguridade	Corretagem	Total		
Operating Income	1,333,052	1,184,857	2,517,909		
Equity income	1,333,052	3,771	1,336,823		
Commissions income		1,181,086	1,181,086		
Cost of Services Provided	-	(43,826)	(43,826)		
Gross Profit	1,333,052	1,141,031	2,474,083		
Other Income and Expenses	(9,023)	(48,658)	(57,681)		
Personnel expenses	(5,341)	(17,743)	(23,084)		
Adminstrative expenses	(1,727)	(17,554)	(19,281)		
Tax expenses	(1,624)	(5,134)	(6,758)		
Other	(331)	(8,227)	(8,558)		
Income Before Financial Revenue and Expenses	1,324,029	1,092,373	2,416,402		
Financial Result	32,945	109,503	142,448		
Financial revenue	33,519	110,541	144,060		
Financial expenses	(574)	(1,038)	(1,612)		
Income Before Taxes and Equities	1,356,974	1,201,876	2,558,850		
Income Tax and Social Contribution	(8,105)	(407,400)	(415,505)		
Net Income	1,348,869	794,476	2,143,345		



			R\$ thousan		
	1 nd Half 2025				
	Seguridade	Corretagem	Total		
Operating Income	2,582,644	2,491,864	5,074,508		
Equity income	2,582,644	5,045	2,587,689		
Commissions income	-	2,486,819	2,486,819		
Cost of Services Provided		(85,208)	(85,208)		
Gross Profit	2,582,644	2,406,656	4,989,300		
Other Income and Expenses	(26,189)	(81,703)	(107,892)		
Personnel expenses	(10,984)	(36,846)	(47,830)		
Adminstrative expenses	(4,704)	(26,040)	(30,744)		
Tax expenses	(13,053)	(15,504)	(28,557)		
Other	2,552	(3,313)	(761)		
Income Before Financial Revenue and Expenses	2,556,455	2,324,953	4,881,408		
Financial Result	124,228	295,523	419,751		
Financial revenue	184,975	332,024	516,999		
Financial expenses	(60,747)	(36,501)	(97,248)		
Income Before Taxes and Equities	2,680,683	2,620,476	5,301,159		
Income Tax and Social Contribution	(33,528)	(887,450)	(920,978)		
Net Income	2,647,155	1,733,026	4,380,181		

			R\$ thousand		
	1 nd Half 2024				
	Seguridade	Corretagem	Total		
Operating Income	2,551,142	2,376,466	4,927,608		
Equity income	2,551,142	4,663	2,555,805		
Commissions income		2,371,803	2,371,803		
Cost of Services Provided		(89,842)	(89,842)		
Gross Profit	2,551,142	2,286,624	4,837,766		
Other Income and Expenses	(17,302)	(84,443)	(101,745)		
Personnel expenses	(10,433)	(33,790)	(44,223)		
Adminstrative expenses	(3,015)	(29,285)	(32,300)		
Tax expenses	(5,240)	(10,629)	(15,869)		
Other	1,386	(10,739)	(9,353)		
Income Before Financial Revenue and Expenses	2,533,840	2,202,181	4,736,021		
Financial Result	57,796	201,072	258,868		
Financial revenue	73,520	226,962	300,482		
Financial expenses	(15,724)	(25,890)	(41,614)		
Income Before Taxes and Equities	2,591,636	2,403,253	4,994,889		
Income Tax and Social Contribution	(12,981)	(815,518)	(828,499)		
Net Income	2,578,655	1,587,735	4,166,390		



d) Balance sheet by segment

			R\$ thousand	
		June 30, 2025		
	Seguridade	Corretagem	Total	
Current assets	3,352,500	6,641,817	9,994,317	
Non-current assets	9,418,219	1,964,339	11,382,558	
Total assets	12,770,719	8,606,156	21,376,875	
Current liabilities	2,052,386	5,061,257	7,113,643	
Non-current liabilities	230,317	3,538,891	3,769,208	
Equity	10,488,016	6,008	10,494,024	
Total liabilities and equity	12,770,719	8,606,156	21,376,875	

			R\$ thousand	
		Dec 31, 2024		
	Seguridade	Corretagem	Total	
Current assets	3,643,189	6,262,517	9,905,706	
Non-current assets	8,988,708	2,721,173	11,709,881	
Total assets	12,631,897	8,983,690	21,615,587	
Current liabilities	2,712,895	5,564,989	8,277,884	
Non-current liabilities	229,699	3,412,583	3,642,282	
Equity	9,689,303	6,118	9,695,421	
Total liabilities and equity	12,631,897	8,983,690	21,615,587	



7 - INVESTMENTS IN ASSOCIATES

a) Description of Investments in Equity Holdings, by business segment

Segment	Line of	Company	Description	Original Acconting		6 of total sh 2025 and D	are on ec 31, 2024 ⁽¹⁾
Segment	business	Description	Practice	ON	PN	Total (2)	
		BB Seguros Participações S.A. (BB Seguros)	Holding of companies operating in the insurance, open pension, capitalization and dental plans sectors.	BRGAAP	100.00		100.00
		BB MAPFRE Participações S.A. (BB Mapfre)	Holding of companies operating in the insurance and business intermediation services sector in general	BRGAAP	49.99	100.00	74.99
	Insurance - Life, housing, rural and	Brasilseg Companhia de Seguros S.A. (Brasilseg)	Expertise in personal insurance, rural insurance and housing insurance.	SUSEPGAAP	49.99	100.00	74.99
property Security	property	Aliança do Brasil Seguros S.A. (Aliança do Brasil)	Expertise in insurance in the damage and rural insurance sectors.	SUSEPGAAP	49.99	100.00	74.99
		Broto S.A.	Intermediation and agency services and business in general.	BRGAAP	74,99		37,50
	Capitalization	Brasilcap Capitalização S.A. (Brasilcap)	Establishment and marketing of capitalization plans, as well as other products and services offered to capitalization companies.	SUSEPGAAP	49.99	86.43	66.77
Private Pens	Private Pension	Brasilprev Seguros e Previdência S.A. (Brasilprev)	Sale of life insurance with survival coverage and pension, personal and individual life benefit plans.	SUSEPGAAP	49.99	100.00	74.99
	Health	Brasildental Operadora de Planos Odontológicos S.A. (Brasildental)	It sells dental plans.	ANSGAAP	49.99	100.00	74.99
Brokerage		BB Corretora de Seguros e Adm. de Bens S.A. (BB Corretora)	Insurance brokerage, capitalization plans, open supplementary pension plans and asset management.	BRGAAP	100.00		100.00
		Ciclic Corretora de Seguros S.A. (Ciclic)	Insurance brokerage, capitalization plans, open supplementary pension plans and incentives for the sale of products on a digital channel.	BRGAAP	49.99	100.00	74.99

⁽¹⁾ There was no change in the participation percentages of Investments in Shareholdings.

The invested companies of BB Seguros and BB Corretora, direct subsidiaries of BB Seguridade, are jointly controlled or associated companies measured by the equity method, and do not have shares regularly traded on stock exchanges. There is no indication of operational discontinuity for such companies.

⁽²⁾ The total percentage of BB Seguridade's shareholding is represented by the proportion in relation to the total number of shares, based on the total number of common and preferred shares and the proportion held of each type of share.



b) Equity interests valued using the equity method

b.1) Capital and Stockholders' equity

The values of net assets and share capital presented in the tables below are not proportional to the percentage of equity interest held by BB Seguridade, that is, they represent the total balance of the net assets and share capital of the respective companies.

		R\$ thousand	
	Parent		
_	BB Seguros	BB Corretora	
Balance on June 30, 2025			
Capital	6,112,624	1,000	
Stockholders' equity	10,303,065	6,008	
Balance on Dec 31, 2024			
Capital	6,112,624	1,000	
Stockholders' equity	9,467,121	6,118	

					R\$ thousand	
		Consolidated				
	BB MAPFRE	Brasilprev	Brasilcap	Brasildental	Ciclic	
Balance on June 30, 2025						
Capital	1,469,848	3,529,257	354,398	9,500	61,133	
Stockholders' equity	3,405,075	7,335,512	931,532	17,326	22,604	
Balance on Dec 31, 2024						
Capital	1,469,848	3,529,257	354,398	9,500	61,133	
Stockholders' equity	3,318,328	6,954,395	803,744	17,257	15,877	

b.2) Equity Income

			R\$ thousand
		Parent	
	BB Seguros	BB Corretora	Total
2 nd Quarter 2025	1,530,056	883,778	2,413,834
1 st Half 2025	2,647,966	1,733,026	4,380,992
2 nd Quarter 2024	1,344,430	794,475	2,138,905
1 st Half 2024	2,567,405	1,587,737	4,155,142

						R\$ thousand
			Consolida	ted		
	BB MAPFRE	Brasilprev	Brasilcap	Brasildental	Ciclic	Total
2 nd Quarter 2025	1,026,735	399,611	49,190	5,039	1,561	1,482,136
1 st Half 2025	1,846,931	640,008	85,249	10,456	5,045	2,587,689
2 nd Quarter 2024	735,267	544,275	46,991	6,519	3,771	1,336,823
1 st Half 2024	1,498,406	948,592	94,217	9,927	4,663	2,555,805



b.3) Investment Movement

			R\$ thousand
	BB Seguros	BB Corretora	Total
Book Balance on Dec 31, 2024	9,467,121	6,118	9,473,239
Dividends	(2,000,000)	(1,733,026)	(3,733,026)
Other comprehensive income - Financial Instruments	64,166	-	64,166
Other comprehensive income - CPC 50	121,923	-	121,923
Other comprehensive income		(110)	(110)
Other Events (5)	1,889	-	1,889
Equity Income	2,647,966	1,733,026	4,380,992
Book Balance on June 30, 2025	10,303,065	6,008	10,309,073

						R\$ thousand
	Consolidated					
	BB MAPFRE (1)	Brasilprev (2)	Brasilcap (3)	Brasildental (4)	Ciclic	Total
Book Balance on Dec 31, 2024	2,952,111	5,203,322	647,389	11,593	12,041	8,826,456
Dividends	(1,801,520)	(530,202)		(10,425)		(2,342,147)
Other comprehensive income - Financial Instruments	28,169	35,925	72	-		64,166
Other comprehensive income - CPC 50	(17,039)	140,830		(1,868)		121,923
Other comprehensive income	-				(110)	(110)
Other Events (5)	-			1,889		1,889
Equity Income	1,846,931	640,008	85,249	10,456	5,045	2,587,689
Book Balance on June 30, 2025	3,008,652	5,489,883	732,710	11,645	16,976	9,259,866

- (1) The book balance, on June 30, 2025, of the investment in BB MAPFRE of R\$ 3,008,652 thousand, includes intangible assets defined in the net amortization amount of R\$ 116,181 thousand (R\$ 124,693 thousand on 12,31,2024), with the amortization amount of R\$ 8,512 thousand in 1st Half 2025 (R\$ 8,090 thousand in 1st Halft 2024), R\$ 4,256 thousand in 2nd Quarter 2025 (R\$ 4.045 thousand in 2nd Quarter 2024) and intangible assets with an indefinite useful life in the amount of R\$ 339,004 thousand resulting from the partnership agreement with Grupo MAPFRE.
- (2) The accounting balance on June 30, 2025, of the investment in Brasilprev, of R\$ 5,489,883 thousand, includes R\$ 11,384 thousand of unrealized results from the sale of Mapfre Nossa Caixa Vida e Previdência (MNCVP).
- (3) The book balance on June 30, 2025, of the investment in Brasilcap of R\$ 732,710 thousand, includes the goodwill of R\$ 110,749 thousand, in the acquisition of equity interest in the company Sulacap by BB Seguros, which occurred on 07,22,2011.
- (4) At Brasildental, despite the one-month delay in the accounting recognition of equity, the dividends received in June 2025 and December 2024 are reflected in the investment balances, being R\$ 1,350 thousand on June 30, 2025 and R\$ 1,350 thousand on December 31, 2024.

Due to operational issues, the accounting recognition of the investment in Brasildental, through equity equivalence, is being carried out with a delay of one month, as provided for in CPC 18 [IAS 28], According to the aforementioned standard, the recognition of investment using the equity method must be carried out based on the balance sheet or verification balance drawn up on the same date or up to two months out of date.

BB MAPFRE adopts BRGAAP in its accounting information, Therefore, it makes the necessary adjustments to standardize the practices adopted by its subsidiaries, Brasilseg and Aliança do Brasil, which adopt the accounting standards defined by SUSEP (SUSEPGAAP).

R\$ 5,232,663 thousand in dividends were received from investments in equity interests valued using the equity method in 1st Haft 2025 (R\$ 3,349,332 thousand in 1st Halft 2024) by the Controller and R\$ 2,439,594 thousand of dividends in 1st Halft 2025 (R\$ 1,694,279 thousand in 1st Halft 2024) by Consolidated.



c) Summary financial information on Investments in Equity Holdings

The amounts presented below refer to the financial statements of the investees with accounting practices in the international standard (IFRS).

c.1) BB MAPFRE Participações, Brasilseg and Aliança do Brasil Seguros

c.1.1) BB MAPFRE Participações S.A. (BB MAPFRE)

Income Statement Information

				R\$ thousand
	2 nd Quarter 2025	1st Half 2025	2 nd Quarter 2024	1st Half 2024
Equity income	1,369,275	2,463,563	985,879	2,009,008
Financial result	9,072	17,517	262	536
Financial income	9,072	17,517	262	536
Other income and expenses	(653)	(1,375)	(258)	(637)
Income before taxes	1,377,694	2,479,705	985,883	2,008,907
Income Tax and Social Contribution	(2,856)	(5,452)	(1)	24
Net income	1,374,838	2,474,253	985,882	2,008,931
Other comprehensive results	9,327	14,842	(10,877)	(14,581)
Comprehensive income	1,384,165	2,489,095	975,005	1,994,350
Attributable to BB Seguridade	1,030,991	1,855,443	739,313	1,506,497
Amortization of intangible assets (1)	(4,256)	(8,512)	(4,046)	(8,091)
Equity income	1,026,735	1,846,931	735,267	1,498,406

⁽¹⁾ Arising from the partnership agreement with MAPFRE.

The impacts of adopting CPC 50 [IFRS 17] on Net income and Comprehensive Income, for comparability purposes, are shown in the following table:

				R\$ thousand
	2 nd Quarter 2025	1st Half 2025	2 nd Quarter 2024	1st Half 2024
Net income - BRGAAP and IFRS	1,374,838	2,474,253	985,882	2,008,931
Net income - SUSEPGAAP	1,340,007	2,445,227	1,002,846	2,019,829
Comprehensive income - BRGAAP and IFRS	1,384,165	2,489,095	975,005	1,994,350
Comprehensive income - SUSEPGAAP	1,360,894	2,481,852	999,926	2,018,896



Balance Sheet Information

		R\$ thousand
	June 30, 2025	Dec 31, 20224
Current Assets	259,403	277,505
Cash and cash equivalents	510	
Receivables	389	400
Financial Instruments	255,751	275,645
Current tax asset	2,523	1,335
Other assets	230	125
Non-current assets	3,146,927	3,041,869
Investments in associates	3,146,927	3,041,869
Total Assets	3,406,330	3,319,374
Current Liabilities	1,255	1,046
Amounts payable	17	2
Current tax liability	1,238	1,044
Equity	3,405,075	3,318,328
Capital and reserves	1,763,817	3,410,449
Retained earnings	1,718,537	
Other comprehensive results	(77,279)	(92,121)
Liabilities and Equity	3,406,330	3,319,374
Attributable to BB Seguridade	2,553,467	2,488,414
Intangible (1)	455,185	463,697
Investment balance	3,008,652	2,952,111

⁽¹⁾ Includes in the book value of the investment, intangible assets with a defined useful life in the amount net of amortizations of R\$ 116,181 thousand (R\$ 124,693 thousand on Dec 31, 2024) and intangible assets with an indefinite useful life in the amount of R\$ 339,004 thousand arising from of the partnership agreement with the MAPFRE Group.

The impacts of CPC 50 [IFRS 17] on Shareholders' Equity, for comparability purposes, are shown in the table below:

		R\$ thousand
	June 30, 2025	Dec 31, 20224
Equity - BRGAAP and IFRS	3,405,075	3,318,328
Equity - SUSEPGAAP	3,438,018	3,358,514



c.1.2) Brasilseg Companhia de Seguros S.A. (Brasilseg)

Income Statement Information

				R\$ thousand
	2 nd Quarter 2025	1st Half 2025	2 nd Quarter 2024	1st Half 2024
Result of insurance contracts	4,190,850	8,305,559	4,003,428	7,778,370
Result of contracts BBA (1)	1,080,894	2,091,341	892,166	1,589,361
Result of contracts PAA (1)	3,109,956	6,214,218	3,111,262	6,189,009
Insurance expenses	(2,141,033)	(4,845,902)	(2,439,495)	(4,570,566)
Reinsurance Result	(345,093)	(307,480)	(170,752)	(373,635)
Revenue from Reinsurance contracts	(86,532)	257,403	177,484	445,906
Reinsurance Contract Expenses	(258,561)	(564,883)	(348,236)	(819,541)
Insurance and Reinsurance margin	1,704,724	3,152,177	1,393,181	2,834,169
Financial result	324,599	535,537	125,669	235,653
Financial income	274,979	561,721	220,205	455,805
Financial expenses (2)	49,620	(26,184)	(94,536)	(220,152)
Non-Attributable Expenses	(266,180)	(509,395)	(246,440)	(462,535)
Other income and expenses	(4,004)	(7,994)	(8,286)	(11,339)
Income before taxes	1,759,139	3,170,325	1,264,124	2,595,948
Income Tax and Social Contribution	(423,613)	(757,230)	(285,992)	(596,787)
Shares on the result	(10,267)	(15,453)	(9,376)	(15,309)
Net income	1,325,259	2,397,642	968,756	1,983,852
Other comprehensive results	10,258	15,808	(10,904)	(14,451)
Comprehensive income	1,335,517	2,413,450	957,852	1,969,401

The impacts of adopting CPC 50 [IFRS 17] on Net income and Comprehensive Income, for comparability purposes, are shown in the following table:

				R\$ thousand
	2 nd Quarter 2025	1st Half 2025	2 nd Quarter 2024	1st Half 2024
Net income - BRGAAP and IFRS	1,325,259	2,397,642	968,756	1,983,852
Net income - SUSEPGAAP	1,291,360	2,368,267	986,250	1,998,909
Comprehensive income - BRGAAP and IFRS	1,335,517	2,413,450	957,852	1,969,401
Comprehensive income - SUSEPGAAP	1,313,015	2,406,633	983,303	1,998,107

BBA - Building Block Approach (General Measurement Model) and PAA - Premium Allocation Approach (Premium Allocation Approach).
 In the 2nd Quarter and 1st Half of 2025, the update of judicial liabilities was recalculated using the new criteria provided for in Law N°. 14,905/2024.



Balance Sheet Information

		R\$ thousand
	June 30, 2025	Dec 31, 20224
Current Assets	8,411,489	8,509,780
Cash and cash equivalents	1,377	10,206
Receivables	150,465	105,089
Financial Instruments	7,310,262	7,585,057
Insurance contracts	825,866	682,430
Current tax asset	100,373	96,685
Other assets	23,146	30,313
Non-current assets	3,902,571	4,367,509
Financial Instruments	1,841,167	2,266,623
Insurance and reinsurance contracts	214,104	224,922
Deferred tax asset	285,637	318,913
Fixed and intangible	490,998	504,211
Investments in associates	9,489	13,052
Other assets	1,061,176	1,039,788
Total Assets	12,314,060	12,877,289
Current Liabilities	6,426,282	6,476,179
Amounts payable	215,627	190,312
Current tax liability	483,745	654,203
Insurance and Reinsurance Contracts	5,701,033	5,608,520
Other liabilities	25,877	23,144
Non-Current Liabilities	3,286,738	3,880,581
Insurance contract	2,244,583	2,831,521
Other liabilities	1,042,155	1,049,060
Equity	2,601,040	2,520,529
Capital and reserves	771,420	2,612,676
Retained earnings	1,906,898	-
Other comprehensive results	(77,278)	(92,147)
Liabilities and Equity	12,314,060	12,877,289

The impacts of CPC 50 [IFRS 17] on Shareholders' Equity, for comparability purposes, are shown in the table below:

		R\$ thousand
	June 30, 2025	Dec 31, 2024
Equity - BRGAAP and IFRS	2,601,040	2,520,529
Equity - SUSEPGAAP	2,631,585	2,556,952



c.1.3) Aliança do Brasil Seguros S.A. (Aliança do Brasil)

Income Statement Information

				R\$ thousand
	2 nd Quarter 2025	1st Half 2025	2 nd Quarter 2024	1st Half 2024
Result of insurance contracts	224,431	436,447	129,766	435,737
Result of contracts PAA (1)	224,431	436,447	129,766	435,737
Insurance expenses	(145,834)	(326,467)	(126,700)	(387,065)
Reinsurance Result	(2,733)	11,729	33,903	15,114
Revenue from Reinsurance contracts	14,896	57,532	42,341	52,503
Reinsurance Contract Expenses	(17,629)	(45,803)	(8,438)	(37,389)
Insurance and Reinsurance margin	75,864	121,709	36,969	63,786
Financial result	24,604	38,616	13,369	24,870
Financial income	12,598	27,355	14,487	28,661
Financial expenses (2)	12,006	11,261	(1,118)	(3,791)
Non-attributable expenses	(27,199)	(49,480)	(21,248)	(46,756)
Other income and expenses			2	(63)
Income before taxes	73,269	110,845	29,092	41,837
Income Tax and Social Contribution	(29,049)	(44,100)	(11,727)	(15,735)
Shares on the result	(205)	(824)	(242)	(946)
Net income	44,015	65,921	17,123	25,156
Other comprehensive results	8	(27)	27	(131)
Comprehensive income	44,023	65,894	17,150	25,025

The impacts of adopting CPC 50 [IFRS 17] on Net income and Comprehensive Income, for comparability purposes, are shown in the following table:

				R\$ thousand
	2 nd Quarter 2025	1st Half 2025	2 nd Quarter 2024	1st Half 2024
Net income - BRGAAP and IFRS	44,015	65,921	17,123	25,156
Net income – SUSEPGAAP	43,083	66,270	16,592	20,996
Comprehensive income - BRGAAP and IFRS	44,023	65,894	17,150	25,025
Comprehensive income - SUSEPGAAP	43,091	66,243	16,619	20,866

PAA - Premium Allocation Approach.
In the 2nd Quarter and 1st Half of 2025, the update of judicial liabilities was recalculated using the new criteria provided for in Law N°. 14,905/2024.



Balance Sheet Information

		R\$ thousand
	June 30, 2025	Dec 31, 2024
Current Assets	569,480	548,546
Cash and cash equivalentes	400	8,796
Receivables	9,299	4,943
Financial Instruments	477,007	470,133
Insurance and reinsurance contracts	74,381	55,828
Current tax asset	7,955	8,660
Other assets	438	186
Non-current assets	111,109	103,348
Insurance and reinsurance contracts	30,043	24,545
Deferred tax asset	15,409	14,533
Fixed and intangible	13,639	13,520
Investments in associates	343	343
Other assets	51,675	50,407
Total Assets	680,589	651,894
Current Liabilities	294,613	312,487
Amounts payable	18,573	16,443
Current tax liability	27,037	29,741
Insurance and Reinsurance Contracts	249,872	265,970
Other liabilities	(869)	333
Non-Current Liabilities	205,164	183,141
Insurance and Reinsurance Contracts	157,096	137,499
Other liabilities	48,068	45,642
Equity	180,812	156,266
Capital and reserves	147,391	156,239
Retained earnings	33,421	
Other comprehensive results		27
Liabilities and Equity	680,589	651,894

The impacts of CPC 50 [IFRS 17] on Shareholders' Equity, for comparability purposes, are shown in the table below:

		R\$ thousand
	June 30, 2025	Dec 31, 2024
Equity - BRGAAP and IFRS	180,812	156,266
Equity - SUSEPGAAP	184,923	160,028



c.2) Brasilprev Seguros e Previdência S.A. (Brasilprev)

Income Statement Information

				R\$ thousand
	2 nd Quarter 2025	1st Half 2025	2 nd Quarter 2024	1st Half 2024
Result of insurance contracts	1,113,282	2,230,540	1,087,736	2,132,526
Result of contracts BBA (1)	187,370	385,284	197,921	384,962
Result of contracts VFA (1)	925,912	1,845,256	889,815	1,747,564
Insurance expenses	(257,354)	(930,267)	(9,556)	(122,768)
Reinsurance Result	9	104	100	(64)
Revenue from Reinsurance contracts	35	72	45	92
Reinsurance Contract Expenses	(26)	32	55	(156)
Insurance margin	855,937	1,300,377	1,078,280	2,009,694
Financial result	55,251	167,556	153,924	151,079
Financial income	15,290,210	28,200,996	7,169,292	16,148,348
Financial expenses	(15,234,959)	(28,033,440)	(7,015,368)	(15,997,269)
Non-attributable expenses	(21,119)	(40,006)	(19,587)	(39,846)
Other income and expenses			(6)	(82)
Income before taxes	890,069	1,427,927	1,212,611	2,120,845
Income Tax and Social Contribution	(352,728)	(564,902)	(482,485)	(846,822)
Shares on the result	(4,987)	(10,615)	(4,872)	(10,139)
Net income	532,354	852,410	725,254	1,263,884
Other comprehensive results	238,662	235,690	(689,681)	(65,854)
Comprehensive income	771,016	1,088,100	35,573	1,198,030
Attributable to BB Seguridade	399,240	639,266	543,904	947,850
Adjustment (2)	371	742	371	742
Equity income	399,611	640,008	544,275	948,592

The impacts of adopting CPC 50 [IFRS 17] on Net income and Comprehensive Income, for comparability purposes, are shown in the following table:

				R\$ thousand
	2 nd Quarter 2025	1st Half 2025	2 nd Quarter 2024	1st Half 2024
Net income - BRGAAP and IFRS	532,354	852,410	725,254	1,263,884
Net income - SUSEPGAAP	415,571	771,719	217,473	522,899
Comprehensive income - BRGAAP and IFRS	771,016	1,088,100	35,573	1,198,030
Comprehensive income - SUSEPGAAP	307,189	932,746	(22,338)	1,144,858

BBA - Building Block Approach and VFA - Variable Fee Approach.

In the 2nd Quarter and 1st Half of 2024, there was a reduction in the burden on traditional plans, due to the greater volume of resource outflows compared to that projected for the period, resulting from the application of the new rules for treating provisions for defined benefit pension plans introduced by Susep Circular N°. 678.

Recognition of unrealized results of Mapfre Nossa Caixa Vida e Previdência (MNCVP).



Balance Sheet Information

		R\$ thousand
	June 30, 2025	Dec 31, 2024
Current Assets	435,412,513	415,394,760
Cash and cash equivalents	99,293	28,576
Financial Instruments	435,113,603	415,173,160
Credit from operations	9,553	14,003
Other assets	190,064	179,021
Non-current assets	19,357,776	18,889,264
Financial Instruments	19,114,521	18,597,565
Credit from operations	8,296	40,494
Other assets	234,959	251,205
Total Assets	454,770,289	434,284,024
Current Liabilities	57,162,619	53,790,732
Amounts payable	2,003,591	1,524,892
Debt from insurance operations	6,866	15,035
Insurance contract	54,930,899	52,210,355
Other liabilities	221,263	40,450
Non-Current Liabilities	390,272,158	373,538,897
Insurance contract	388,797,490	371,849,947
Other liabilities	1,474,668	1,688,950
Equity	7,335,512	6,954,395
Capital and reserves	7,150,652	7,857,636
Retained earnings	852,410	
Asset valuation adjustment	(295,149)	(343,053)
Other comprehensive results	(372,401)	(560,188)
Liabilities and Equity	454,770,289	434,284,024
Attributable to BB Seguridade	5,501,267	5,215,449
Unrealized result (1)	(11,384)	(12,127)
Investment balance	5,489,883	5,203,322

⁽¹⁾ Amount refers to the unrealized result of the sale of the shareholding in MAPFRE Nossa Caixa Vida e Previdência (MNCVP) in July 2012.

The impacts of CPC 50 [IFRS 17] on Shareholders' Equity, for comparability purposes, are shown in the table below:

		R\$ thousand
	June 30, 2025	Dec 31, 2024
Equity - BRGAAP and IFRS	7,335,512	6,954,395
Equity - SUSEPGAAP	5,794,848	5,569,085



c.3) Brasildental Operadora de Planos Odontológicos S.A. (Brasildental)

Income Statement Information

	March 1,2025 to May 31,2025 (2)	January 1,2025 to May 31,2025 (2)	March 1,2024 to May 31,2024 (2)	R\$ thousand January 1,2024 to May 31,2024 ⁽²
Result of insurance contracts	31,297	51,861	31,294	50,542
Result of contracts BBA (1)	10,290	16,972	10,085	15,348
Result of contracts PAA (1)	21,007	34,889	21,209	35,194
Insurance expenses	(21,347)	(34,621)	(19,675)	(35,432)
Insurance margin	9,950	17,240	11,619	15,110
Financial result	298	493	212	411
Financial income	997	1,651	809	1,359
Financial expenses	(699)	(1,158)	(597)	(948)
Other income and expenses			708	
Income before taxes	10,248	17,733	12,539	15,521
Income Tax and Social Contribution	(3,450)	(5,974)	(4,320)	(5,312)
Profit sharing	(77)	(120)	472	370
Net income	6,721	11,639	8,691	10,579
Other comprehensive results	597	262	(172)	(197)
Comprehensive income	7,318	11,901	8,519	10,382
Attributable to BB Seguridade	5,039	8,728	6,519	7,935
Adjustment (3)		1,728		1,992
Equity income	5,039	10,456	6,519	9,927

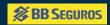
BBA - Building Block Approach and PAA - Premium Allocation Approach. (1)

The impacts of adopting CPC 50 [IFRS 17] on Net income and Comprehensive Income, for comparability purposes, are shown in the following table:

				R\$ thousand
	March 1,2025 to May 31,2025 ⁽¹⁾	January 1,2025 to May 31,2025 ⁽¹⁾	March 1,2024 to May 31,2024 ⁽¹⁾	January 1,2024 to May 31,2024 ⁽¹⁾
Net income - BRGAAP and IFRS	6,721	11,639	8,691	10,579
Net income - ANSGAAP	5,995	10,769	6,698	10,611
Comprehensive income - BRGAAP and IFRS	7,318	11,901	8,519	10,382
Comprehensive income - ANSGAAP	5,995	10,769	6,526	10,414

⁽¹⁾ Balance with a one-month lag.

Balance with a one-month lag.
In 2025, it refers to the equity income of December 2024 and in 2024, to the equity income of December 2023, recognized respectively in BB Seguridade in January 2025 and January 2024, due to the one-month time lag used for the purposes of recognizing the equity income, as discussed in note 03.h.



Balance Sheet Information

		R\$ thousand
	May 31, 2025 ⁽¹⁾	Nov 30, 2024 ⁽¹⁾
Current Assets	28,831	37,292
Cash and cash equivalents	1,087	1,156
Financial Instruments	27,140	35,315
Current tax assets	201	244
Other assets	403	577
Non-Current Assets	1,280	1,235
Deferred tax assets	1,242	1,189
Fixed and intangible	38	46
Total Assets	30,111	38,527
Current Liabilities	11,392	20,049
Amounts payable	3,271	11,786
Current tax liability	1,075	1,135
Debt from insurance operations	1,241	1,051
Insurance Contract	5,805	6,077
Non-Current Liabilities	1,393	1,221
Deferred tax liability	1,027	845
Other liabilities	366	376
Equity	17,326	17,257
Capital and reserves	16,529	12,932
Retained earnings	870	1,907
Other comprehensive results	(73)	2,418
Liabilities and Equity	30,111	38,527
Attributable to BB Seguridade	12,995	12,943
Adjustment (2)	(1,350)	(1,350)
Investment balance	11,645	11,593

The impacts of CPC 50 [IFRS 17] on Shareholders' Equity, for comparability purposes, are shown in the table below:

	R\$ thousand
May 31, 2025 ⁽¹⁾	Nov 30, 2024 ⁽¹⁾
17,326	17,257
15,334	15,617
	17,326

⁽¹⁾ Balance with a one-month lag.

Balance with a one-month lag.

Despite the one-month time lag in the accounting recognition of the equity method, the dividends received in June 2025 and December 2024 are reflected in the investment balances.



c.4) Brasilcap

Income Statement Information

				R\$ thousand
	2 nd Quarter 2025	1st Half 2025	2 nd Quarter 2024	1st Half 2024
Net income from capitalization operations	(17,758)	(25,594)	(31,991)	(52,001)
Income from operations	1,849,055	3,508,109	1,490,198	3,154,007
Costs	(1,866,813)	(3,533,703)	(1,522,189)	(3,206,008)
Financial result	123,316	196,772	116,361	242,673
Financial income	339,933	653,374	289,593	582,464
Other financial income	3,845	40,108	15,963	17,610
Financial expenses	(204,313)	(387,259)	(176,054)	(338,490)
Other financial expenses	(16,149)	(109,451)	(13,141)	(18,911)
Equity result	(781)	(1,543)	(1,573)	(2,295)
Depreciation and amortization	(781)	(1,601)	(732)	(1,454)
Other asset income/expenses		58	(841)	(841)
Other income and expenses	22,336	44,935	19,327	34,540
Other income	22,752	45,835	20,018	35,888
Other expenses	(416)	(900)	(691)	(1,348)
Operational result	127,113	214,570	102,124	222,917
Gains/losses on non-current assets	(7)		(37)	(49)
Income before taxes	127,106	214,570	102,087	222,868
Income Tax and Social Contribution	(49,600)	(81,393)	(28,627)	(76,276)
Profit sharing	(3,833)	(5,497)	(3,081)	(5,482)
Net income	73,673	127,680	70,379	141,110
Other comprehensive results			3,298	8,536
Comprehensive income	73,673	127,680	73,677	149,646
Attributable to BB Seguridade	49,190	85,249	46,991	94,217
Equity income	49,190	85,249	46,991	94,217

Balance Sheet Information

		R\$ thousand
	June 30, 2025	Dec 31, 2024
Current Assets	6,214,435	6,085,371
Cash and cash equivalents	31	370
Financial instruments	6,123,856	6,047,423
Other assets current	90,548	37,578
Non-Current Assets	7,688,088	7,445,779
Financial instruments	6,112,021	5,917,867
Court and Tax Deposits	1,360,676	1,315,059
Other non-current assets	215,391	212,853
Total Assets	13,902,523	13,531,150
Current Liabilities	11,622,669	11,418,697
Financial liabilities		2,355
Technical provisions	11,279,297	11,020,215
Dividends payable	2,312	2,312
Other liabilities	341,060	393,815
Non-Current Liabilities	1,348,322	1,308,709
Financial liabilities	9,566	10,291
Tax and Civil Provisions	1,338,426	1,297,845
Other liabilities	330	573
Equity	931,532	803,744
Liabilities and Equity	13,902,523	13,531,150
Attributable to BB Seguridade	621,961	536,640
Adjustment (1)	110,749	110,749
Investment balance	732,710	647,389

(1) Goodwill on the acquisition of equity interest in the company Sulacap by BB Seguros, which took place on 07,22,2011.



c.5) Ciclic

Income Statement Information

				R\$ thousand
	2 nd Quarter 2025	1st Half 2025	2 nd Quarter 2024	1st Half 2024
Commission income	11,885	20,186	4,644	9,026
Costs	(3,087)	(6,144)	(2,810)	(5,242)
Financial result	191	581	(141)	(547)
Other financial income	36	581	47	99
Interest expense	59	-		(35)
Other financial expenses	96	-	(188)	(611)
Resultado patrimonial	(5,287)	(9,747)	(2,820)	(8,935)
Depreciation and amortization	(538)	(1,085)	(575)	(1,235)
Other equity income/expenses	(4,749)	(8,662)	(2,245)	(7,700)
Other income and expenses	(406)	3,938	6,161	11,925
Other income (1)	208	6,596	7,922	15,963
Other expenses	(614)	(2,658)	(1,761)	(4,038)
Operational result	3,296	8,814	5,034	6,227
Income before taxes	3,296	8,814	5,034	6,227
Income Tax and Social Contribution	(1,215)	(2,087)	(5)	(10)
Net income	2,081	6,727	5,029	6,217
Attributable to BB Seguridade	2,081	6,727	5,029	6,217
Balance adjustment	1,561	5,045	3,771	4,663
Equity income	1,561	5,045	3,771	4,663

⁽¹⁾ Starting in 2025, amounts related to revenue from the Benefits Club, previously recognized until 2024 in "Other income", began to be recognized in "Commission income".

Balance Sheet Information

		R\$ thousand
	June 30, 2025	Dec 31, 2024
Current Assets	25,131	19,092
Applications	13,258	10,784
Other assets	11,873	8,308
Non-Current Assets	4,616	5,776
Other assets	4,616	5,776
Total Assets	29,747	24,868
Current Liabilities	7,143	8,991
Financial liabilities	836	1,187
Technical provisions	3,572	3,246
Other liabilities	2,735	4,558
Equity	22,604	15,877
Liabilities and Equity	29,747	24,868
Attributable to BB Seguridade	16,951	11,908
Results from previous exercises (1)	25	133
Investment balance	16,976	12,041

⁽¹⁾ Refers to results from years prior to BB Corretora's participation in Ciclic.



c.6) BB Corretora

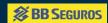
Income Statement Information

				R\$ thousand
	2 nd Quarter 2025	1st Half 2025	2 nd Quarter 2024	1st Half 202
Operating income	1,247,359	2,486,819	1,181,086	2,371,803
Commission income, net	1,247,359	2,486,819	1,181,086	2,371,803
Cost of Services Provided	(39,611)	(85,208)	(45,365)	(93,245)
Gross Profit	1,207,748	2,401,611	1,135,721	2,278,558
Other income and expenses	(41,310)	(76,657)	(43,349)	(76,375)
Income from investments in equity interests	1,561	5,045	3,771	4,663
Personnel expenses	(19,321)	(36,845)	(17,743)	(33,790)
Administrative and selling expenses	(12,956)	(26,040)	(16,015)	(25,882)
Tax expenses	(7,863)	(15,504)	(5,134)	(10,629)
Other operating income	4,137	8,830	3,199	6,477
Other operating expenses	(6,868)	(12,143)	(11,427)	(17,214)
Income Before Financial Income and Expenses	1,166,438	2,324,954	1,092,372	2,202,183
Financial result	168,929	295,523	109,503	201,072
Financial income	169,064	332,024	110,541	226,963
Financial expenses	(135)	(36,501)	(1,038)	(25,891)
Income before taxes	1,335,367	2,620,477	1,201,875	2,403,255
Income Tax and Social Contribution	(451,589)	(887,451)	(407,400)	(815,518)
Net income	883,778	1,733,026	794,475	1,587,737
Other comprehensive results	(1)	(110)		246
Comprehensive Income	883,777	1,732,916	794,475	1,587,983
Attributable to BB Seguridade	883,778	1,733,026	794,475	1,587,983
Equity income	883,778	1,733,026	794,475	1,587,983



Balance Sheet Information

		R\$ thousand
	June 30, 2025	Dec 31, 2024
Current Assets	6,641,817	6,262,517
Cash and cash equivalents	3,760,533	4,253,180
Financial Assets Measured at Amortized Cost	1,597,255	719,101
Commissions receivable	1,281,201	1,287,117
Other assets	2,828	3,119
Non-Current Assets	1,964,339	2,721,173
Financial Assets Measured at Amortized Cost	275,156	1,039,910
Deferred tax assets	30,852	30,765
Commissions receivable	1,382,916	1,387,299
Investments in associates	16,976	12,041
Other assets	258,439	251,158
Total Assets	8,606,156	8,983,690
Current Liabilities	5,061,257	5,564,989
Statutory obligation	1,733,026	1,720,402
Contingent liabilities	23,549	26,428
Current tax liabilities	627,816	1,101,598
Unearned commissions	2,569,151	2,627,914
Other liabilities	107,715	88,647
Non-Current Liabilities	3,538,891	3,412,583
Other provisions	26,953	21,257
Commissions to be appropriated	3,511,938	3,391,326
Total Liabilities	8,600,148	8,977,572
Equity	6,008	6,118
Capital	1,000	1,000
Capital reserves	4,975	4,975
Income reserves	200	200
Other comprehensive results	(167)	(57)
Total Liabilities and Equity	8,606,156	8,983,690
Attributable to BB Seguridade	6,008	6,118
Investment balance	6,008	6,118



8 - COMMISSIONS INCOME

Commission income comes from the investee BB Corretora, arising from brokerages related to the sale of insurance, open pension plans, capitalization bonds and dental assistance plans.

				R\$ thousand
		Cons	olidated	
	2 nd Quarter 2025	1st Half 2025	2 nd Quarter 2024	1st Half 2024
Gross commission income	1,443,242	2,879,757	1,363,890	2,739,160
Brasilseg/ABS	1,144,645	2,251,626	1,052,910	2,053,331
Brasilprev (1)	113,705	261,850	158,564	356,567
Brasilcap	144,771	279,382	111,797	247,067
MAPFRE Seguros Gerais (2)	37,637	82,109	38,330	77,860
Others	2,484	4,790	2,289	4,335
Cancellations	(33,295)	(69,031)	(29,333)	(58,420)
Brasilseg/ABS	(20,764)	(42,133)	(16,879)	(33,476)
Brasilprev	(11,728)	(25,474)	(11,899)	(23,178)
Brasilcap	(274)	(469)	(233)	(948)
MAPFRE Seguros Gerais (2)	(529)	(955)	(322)	(818)
Deductions from commission income	(162,588)	(323,907)	(153,471)	(308,937)
Cofins	(106,677)	(212,818)	(101,228)	(203,349)
ISS	(32,751)	(64,885)	(30,266)	(61,440)
PIS	(23,160)	(46,204)	(21,977)	(44,148)
Net commission income	1,247,359	2,486,819	1,181,086	2,371,803

⁽¹⁾ On June 30, 2025, there was a reversal of R\$ 2,561 thousand of the provision for the return of brokerage fees to Brasilprev due to plan cancellations, within the scope of the new commission model implemented in March 2024.

There are no amount of commissions income in parent.

9 - COSTS OF SERVICES PROVIDED

				R\$ thousand		
	Consolidated					
	2 nd Quarter 2025	1st Half 2025	2 nd Quarter 2024	1st Half 2024		
Administrative cost of products	(21,325)	(48,543)	(23,976)	(53,547)		
Operational support	(8,871)	(16,736)	(11,459)	(21,759)		
Data processing	(1,723)	(3,942)	(3,066)	(5,326)		
System development and maintenance	(4,955)	(9,947)	(5,325)	(9,210)		
Banking correspondent compensation (1)	(2,737)	(6,040)	(1,864)	(3,403)		
Total	(39,611)	(85,208)	(45,690)	(93,245)		

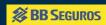
⁽¹⁾ In the 1st Half of 2025, it includes R\$ 3,303 thousand (R\$ 1,864 thousand in the 2nd Quarter of 2024 and R\$ 3,403 thousand in the 1st Half of 2024) referring to the reclassified amounts of Sales expenses - note 11.

There are no service costs provided in Parent.

10 - PERSONNEL EXPENSES

				R\$ thousand	
	Pare	Parent		Consolidated	
	2 nd Quarter 2025	2 nd Quarter 2024	2 nd Quarter 2025	2 nd Quarter 2024	
Salaries	(1,869)	(1,795)	(14,788)	(13,612)	
Social security costs	(823)	(809)	(6,525)	(6,177)	
Benefits	(265)	(248)	(2,261)	(2,028)	
Fees	(256)	(189)	(1,381)	(1,124)	
Training	(8)	(19)	(89)	(143)	
Total	(3,221)	(3,060)	(25,044)	(23,084)	

⁽²⁾ Includes Auto and Major Risk Insurance.



				R\$ thousand	
	Paren	Parent		Consolidated	
	1 st Half 2025	1st Half 2024	1 st Half 2025	1 st Half 2024	
Salaries	(3,422)	(3,370)	(27,187)	(25,232)	
Social security costs	(1,775)	(1,676)	(13,509)	(12,557)	
Benefits	(502)	(503)	(4,352)	(4,045)	
Fees	(473)	(382)	(2,576)	(2,157)	
Training	(37)	(26)	(206)	(232)	
Total	(6,209)	(5,957)	(47,830)	(44,223)	

11 - ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES AND SALES

				R\$ thousand
	Parent		Consolidated	
	2 nd Quarter 2025	2 nd Quarter 2024	2 nd Quarter 2025	2 nd Quarter 2024
Data processing	(75)	(204)	(4,539)	(4,924)
Selling expenses (1)	-		(2,108)	(7,376)
Donation and sponsorship	-		(2,880)	(300)
Specialized technical services	(168)	(275)	(845)	(1,037)
Promotions and public relations	(22)	(73)	(119)	(108)
Rent expenses and condominium fee	(206)	(235)	(1,295)	(1,248)
Digital communication			(117)	(743)
Lawsuits		(86)	(916)	(323)
Service travel	(280)	(237)	(570)	(480)
Other	(94)	(57)	(881)	(878)
Total	(845)	(1,167)	(14,269)	(17,417)

				R\$ thousand	
	Pa	Parent		Consolidated	
	1st Half 2025	1st Half 2024	1st Half 2025	1st Half 2024	
Data processing	(148)	(390)	(8,790)	(9,158)	
Selling expenses (1)	-		(5,091)	(11,045)	
Donation and sponsorship	-	-	(2,880)	(300)	
Specialized technical services	(262)	(390)	(4,659)	(1,827)	
Promotions and public relations	(88)	(76)	(2,640)	(254)	
Rent expenses and condominium fee	(418)	(492)	(2,719)	(2,501)	
Digital communication	-		(650)	(996)	
Lawsuits	(56)	(97)	(1,154)	(572)	
Service travel	(309)	(348)	(816)	(969)	
Other	(164)	(141)	(1,345)	(1,274)	
Total	(1,445)	(1,935)	(30.744)	(28.897)	

12 - TAXES

a) Breakdown of income tax (IR) and social contribution expenses (CSLL)

				R\$ thousand
	Parent		Consolidated	
	2 nd Quarter 2025	2 nd Quarter 2024	2 nd Quarter 2025	2 nd Quarter 2024
Current values	-	(2,313)	(477,086)	(418,327)
Domestic income tax and social contribution	-	(2,313)	(477,086)	(418,327)
Deferred values	(28)	61	(12)	2,822
Deferred tax assets	(28)	61	(12)	2,822
Temporary differences	(28)	61	(12)	2,822
Total	(28)	(2,252)	(477,098)	(415,505)



				R\$ thousand
	Parent		Consolidated	
	1 st Half 2025	1 st Half 2024	1 st Half 2025	1 st Half 2024
Current values	-	(4,820)	(921,436)	(832,238)
Domestic income tax and social contribution		(4,820)	(921,436)	(832,238)
Deferred values	135	202	458	3,739
Deferred tax assets	135	202	458	3,739
Temporary differences	135	202	458	3,739
Total	135	(4,618)	(920,978)	(828,499)

b) Reconciliation of Income Tax and Social Contribution Expenses

				R\$ thousand
	Par	ent	Consolidated	
	2 nd Quarter 2025	2 nd Quarter 2024	2 nd Quarter 2025	2 nd Quarter 2024
Profit before income tax and social contribution	2,415,940	2,145,597	2,893,010	2,558,850
a) Total income tax (25%) and CSLL (9%) chages	(821,420)	(729,503)	(983,623)	(870,009)
Effect on the tax calculation:				
b) Nontaxable income - share of profit (loss) of subsidiaries associates and joint ventures (34%)	820,704	727,228	503,926	454,520
c) Tax-induced incentive			2,880	
d) Sponsorship/donation (34%)			(979)	-
e) Non-deductible expenses, net of nontaxable income (34%)	716	(38)	710	(2,838)
Income tax and social contribution (a+b+c+d+e)	-	(2,313)	(477,086)	(418,327)
Intertemporal Differences				
Constitution/(Reversal) of the Period:	(28)	61	(12)	2,822
d) (Expenses)/Deferred Tax Income	(28)	61	(12)	2,822
Total IR and CS (a+b+c+d+e+f)	(28)	(2,252)	(477,098)	(415,505)

				R\$ thousand
	Parent		Consolidated	
	1st Half 2025	1 st Half 2024	1 st Half 2025	1 st Half 2024
Profit before income tax and social contribution	4,380,046	4,171,008	5,301,159	4,994,889
a) Total income tax (25%) and CSLL (9%) chages	(1,489,216)	(1,418,143)	(1,802,394)	(1,698,262)
Effect on the tax calculation:				
 b) Nontaxable income - share of profit (loss) of subsidiaries associates and joint ventures (34%) 	1,489,537	1,412,748	879,814	868,974
c) Tax-induced incentive			2,880	
d) Sponsorship/donation (34%)		-	(979)	
e) Non-deductible expenses, net of nontaxable income (34%)	(321)	575	(757)	(2,950)
Income tax and social contribution (a+b+c+d+e)		(4,820)	(921,436)	(832,238)
Intertemporal Differences				
Constitution/(Reversal) of the Period:	135	202	458	3,739
d) (Expenses)/Deferred Tax Income	135	202	458	3,739
Total IR and CS (a+b+c+d+e+f)	135	(4,618)	(920,978)	(828,499)

c) Tax Expenses

				R\$ thousand
	Parent		Consolidated	
	2 nd Quarter 2025	2 nd Quarter 2024	2 nd Quarter 2025	2 nd Quarter 2024
On financial income and other				
Cofins	(299)	(481)	(10,333)	(5,738)
PIS/Pasep	(48)	(78)	(1,678)	(927)
IOF	(10)	(1)	(10)	(1)
Other	(94)	(90)	(97)	(92)
Total	(451)	(650)	(12,118)	(6,758)



				R\$ thousand
	Parent		Consolidated	
	1st Half 2025	1st Half 2024	1st Half 2025	1 st Half 2024
On financial income and other				
Cofins	(4,485)	(2,775)	(24,408)	(13,492)
PIS/Pasep	(743)	(459)	(3,979)	(2,195)
IOF	(10)	(2)	(10)	(2)
Other	(94)	(96)	(160)	(180)
Total	(5,332)	(3,332)	(28,557)	(15,869)

d) Current tax assets

				R\$ thousand
	Paren	nt	Consolid	ated
	June 30, 2025	Dec 31, 2024	June 30, 2025	Dec 31, 2024
Antecipation of IR e CS	-	-	306,846	
IRRF	25,719	9,829	70,494	54,545
(-) Current taxes deducted/offset		(920)	(340,041)	(45,636)
Total	25,719	8,909	37,299	8,909

e) Deferred Tax Assets

Unused tax credits

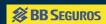
				R\$ thousand
	Paren	t	Consolid	ated
	June 30, 2025	Dec 31, 2024	June 30, 2025	Dec 31, 2024
Taxes to compensate	124,370	115,831	147,965	145,913
(-) Current taxes deducted/offset	(222)	(180)	(1,555)	(1,436)
Total	124,148	115,651	146,410	144,477

Temporary differences

				R\$ thousand
		Parei	nt	
	Dec 31, 2024	Addition	Derecognition	June 30, 2025
Temporary differences				
Liabilities provision	626	457	(324)	759
Total deferred tax assets	626	457	(324)	759
Incone tax	461	336	(238)	559
Social contribution	165	121	(86)	200

				R\$ thousand
		Pare	nt	
	Dec 31, 2023	Addition	Derecognition	Dec 31, 2024
Temporary differences				
Liabilities provision	222	961	(557)	626
Total deferred tax assets	222	961	(557)	626
Incone tax	163	707	(409)	461
Social contribution	59	254	(148)	165

				R\$ thousand		
		Consolidated				
	Dec 31, 2024	Addition	Derecognition	June 30, 2025		
Temporary differences						
Liabilities provision	25,898	6,745	(6,290)	26,353		
Amortization of goodwill	3,053			3,053		
Total deferred tax assets	28,951	6,745	(6,290)	29,406		
Incone tax	22,094	4,960	(4,625)	22,429		
Social contribution	6,857	1,785	(1,665)	6,977		



				R\$ thousand		
		Consolidated				
	Dec 31, 2023	Addition	Derecognition	Dec 31, 2024		
Temporary differences						
Liabilities provision	10,191	22,718	(7,011)	25,898		
Amortization of goodwill	3,053		-	3,053		
Total deferred tax assets	13,244	22,718	(7,011)	28,951		
Incone tax	10,543	16,704	(5,153)	22,094		
Social contribution	2,701	6,014	(1,858)	6,857		

f) Current tax liabilities

				R\$ thousand
	Paren	Parent		ated
	June 30, 2025	Dec 31, 2024	June 30, 2025	Dec 31, 2024
Icome tax	-	920	676,790	832,772
Social contribution		463	244,645	270,915
Cofins	191	155	38,240	40,841
ISS		-	10,632	11,501
Pasep	31	25	8,097	8,680
Other	36	138	47	168
(-) Current taxes deducted/offset	(222)	(1,100)	(341,596)	(47,072)
Total	36	602	636,855	1,117,805

g) Deferred Tax Liabilities

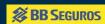
		R\$ thousand
	Consolidated	
	June 30, 2025	Dec 31, 2024
Arising from partnership with Mapfre (1)	223,387	223,387
Arising from amortization of Brasilcap's goodwill	4,647	4,647
Other temporay differences	531	531
Total	228,565	228,565

⁽¹⁾ Refers to the provision for deferred taxes arising from intangibles in the investment in BB MAPFRE.

There is no balance of deferred tax liabilities in the Controller.

13 - OTHER INCOME AND EXPENSE

				R\$ thousand
	Pare	nt	Conso	lidated
	2 nd Quarter 2025	2 nd Quarter 2024	2 nd Quarter 2025	2 nd Quarter 2024
Other income	439	258	4.608	3.485
Income of ADR (1)	55	55	55	55
Reversal of provisions for labor, tax and civil lawsuits	384	203	4.553	3.430
Other expenses	(338)	(424)	(7,539)	(12,045)
Addition of provisions for labor, tax and civil lawsuits	(297)	(383)	(7,213)	(11,731)
Depreciation/amortization expense	(41)	(40)	(326)	(314)
Other income and expense	101	(166)	(2,931)	(8,560)



				R\$ thousand
	Parent		Consolid	lated
	1 st Half 2025	1st Half 2024	1st Half 2025	1st Half 2024
Other income	4,318	2,613	13,184	9,192
Income of ADR (1)	3,780	2,255	3,780	2,255
Reversal of provisions for labor, tax and civil lawsuits	538	358	9,404	6,937
Other expenses	(1,012)	(1,037)	(13,945)	(18,545)
Addition of provisions for labor, tax and civil lawsuits	(931)	(954)	(13,305)	(17,906)
Depreciation/amortization expense	(81)	(83)	(640)	(639)
Other income and expense	3,306	1,576	(761)	(9,350)

⁽¹⁾ Refers to the sharing, by the depositary bank of the ADR Level I program, of the income from issuance fees, cancellation and processing of dividends charged to investors holding ADRs (American Depositary Receipts) of BB Seguridade, with the purpose of defray Program expenses.

14 - FINANCIAL RESULT

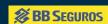
				R\$ thousand
	Pare	ent	Consolidated	
	2 nd Quarter 2025	2 nd Quarter 2024	2 nd Quarter 2025	2 nd Quarter 2024
Financial Income	7,710	12,301	258,831	144,060
Yield from financial investments	4,896	10,153	251,678	138,422
Monetary adjustment of judicial deposits	4	1	3,797	2,851
Monetary adjustment of taxes	2,779	2,147	3,325	2,787
Exchange rate variation	31	-	31	
Financial Expenses	(1,188)	(566)	(1,343)	(1,612)
Monetary adjustment of dividends	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Financial system services	(134)	(416)	(289)	(551)
Loss on financial investments	(857)	(149)	(857)	(148)
Fair Value Reversal - LFT				(911)
Exchange rate variation	(196)	-	(196)	
Other		-	-	(1)
Financial Result	6,522	11,735	257,488	142,448

				R\$ thousand
	Parent		Consolidated	
	1st Half 2025	1st Half 2024	1st Half 2025	1 st Half 2024
Financial Income	105,646	65,825	516,999	300,482
Yield from financial investments	12,854	27,912	503,164	289,391
Monetary adjustment of judicial deposits	7	1	7,156	5,755
Monetary adjustment of taxes	5,486	4,002	6,640	5,331
Monetary adjustment of dividends	87,260	33,904	-	
Exchange rate variation	31		31	
Other	8	6	8	6
Financial Expenses	(96,912)	(40,311)	(97,248)	(41,614)
Monetary adjustment of dividends	(92,852)	(38,377)	(92,852)	(38,377)
Financial system services	(1,233)	(1,040)	(1,568)	(1,304)
Loss on financial investments	(2,631)	(894)	(2,632)	(894)
Fair Value Reversal - LFT	-		-	(1,038)
Exchange rate variation	(196)		(196)	
Other	-		-	(1)
Financial Result	8,734	25,514	419,751	258,868

15 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

				R\$ thousand
	Paren	nt	Consolid	ated
	June 30, 2025	Dec 31, 2024	June 30, 2025	Dec 31, 2024
Cash	469	471	3,541	5,302
Repurchase agreements (1)	1,045,908	335,176	7,072,011	7,784,573
Total	1,046,377	335,647	7,075,552	7,789,875

⁽¹⁾ Refers to investments in repurchase agréments with Banco do Brasil S.A., backed by federal government securities with daily liquidity and insignificante risk of change in fair value.



The financial investments in repurchase agreements are categorized as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and level 1 in the fair value hierarchy.

16 - FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

a) Financial Assets at Fair Value through Profit or Loss

						R\$	thousand
				Parent			
	Dec 31,		June 30	, 2025			
	Cost Value	Market Value	Applications	Redemptions	Yield	Cost Value	Market Value
Long-term fund (1)	20,048	28,783	778		(1,730)	20,826	27,831
Total	20,048	28,783	778	-	(1,730)	20,826	27,831

⁽¹⁾ Refers to investments in Private Equity Investment Funds (FIP) whose objective is to invest its Shareholders' Equity in the acquisition of shares, or financial.

						R\$	thousand
				Consolidated			
	Dec 31,	2024				June 30	, 2025
	Cost Value	Market Value	Applications	Redemptions	Yield	Cost Value	Market Value
Long-term fund (1)	20,048	28,783	778		(1,730)	20,826	27,831
Total	20,048	28,783	778	-	(1,730)	20,826	27,831

⁽¹⁾ Instruments that present participation, in companies in the initial stage of operation.

b) Financial Assets Measured at Amortized Cost

						R\$ 1	thousand
			Consolidat	ted			
	Dec 31, 2024					June 3	0, 2025
	Cost Value	Market Value	Applications	Redemptions	Yield	Cost Value	Market Value
LFT (1)	1,433,111	1,759,011	-	-	113,400	1,433,111	1,872,411
Total	1,433,111	1,759,011			113,400	1,433,111	1,872,411

⁽¹⁾ Amounts invested in Federal Government Securities, all LFTs with maturities on 09.2025, 03.2026 and 09.2026.

There is no balance of financial assets measured at amortized cost in the Controller.

c) Fair Value Hierarchy

The Company classifies financial instruments into three levels of subjectivity in determining fair value. The different levels are defined as follows:

- Level 1: Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (prices) or indirectly (derived from prices);
- Level 3: Assumptions for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).
 There are no financial instruments classified in level 3 of the investment portfolio.

⁽²⁾ In the 2nd quarter of 2024, a reassessment of the classification of the Treasury Financial Bills (LFTs) portfolio, which make up BB Corretora's investment portfolio, was carried out. After the reassessment, it was concluded that the classification of the LFTs portfolio as Amortized Cost was more appropriate, replacing the classification as Fair Value Through Profit or Loss.



						R\$ thousand
			Parent			
	D	Dec 31, 2024			Mar 31, 2025	
	Level 1	Level 3	Total	Level 1	Level 3	Total
Long-term fund	_	27,831	27,831	-	28,783	28,783
Total		27,831	27,831		28,783	28,783

						R\$ thousand
		Consol	idated			
	С	Dec 31, 2024			Mar 31, 2025	
	Level 1	Level 3	Total	Level 1	Level 3	Total
Long-term fund	_	27,831	27,831	-	28,783	28,783
TPF	1,872,411		1,872,411	1,759,011		1,759,011
Total	1,872,411	27,831	1,900,242	1,759,011	28,783	1,787,749

17 - DIVIDENDS RECEIVABLE

				R\$ thousand
	Pare	ent	Consc	olidated
	June 30, 2025		June 30, 2025	Dec 31, 2024 ⁽²⁾
Dividends receivable	2,733,026	4,142,402	-	97,446

⁽¹⁾ R\$ 2,425,000 refers to dividends receivable from BB Seguros. R\$ 1,720,402 thousand refers to dividends receivable from BB Corretora. Paid on Mar 03, 2025.

18 - COMMISSIONS RECEIVABLE

		R\$ thousand
	Consolidated	
	June 30, 2025	Dec 31, 2024
Current Assets	1,281,201	1,287,117
Brasilseg/ABS	1,172,096	1,192,619
MAPFRE Seguros Gerais	91,534	83,084
Brasilcap	13,815	2,260
Brasilprev	3,644	9,111
Others	112	43
Non-Current Assets	1,382,916	1,387,299
Brasilseg	1,382,916	1,387,299
Total	2,664,117	2,674,416

There are no amount of comissions receivable in parent.

Comissions Receivables are classified as financial assets valued at amortized cost, as described in Note 3.

19 - INTANGIBLE ASSET

a) ERP - Enterprise Resource Planning

						R\$ thousand
			Parent and Conso	olidated		
	Dec 31, 2024	1	st Half 2025		June 30, 2025	
	Book value	Acquisitions	Amortization	Cost value	Accumulated amortization	Book value
Software – ERP (1)	2,790	15	(468)	7,852	(5,515)	2,337

⁽¹⁾ In January 2018, the amortization of Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP) began, according to CPC 04 [IAS 38] - Intangible Assets in which the amortization period of intangible assets with a defined useful life is 10 years and amortization is calculated at the annual rate of 10% and recognized to the income statement on a straight-line method. For new acquisitions, the amortization period is the remaining of the useful life.

⁽²⁾ R\$ 97,446 thousand refers to dividends receivable from Brasilprev. Paid on Feb 21, 2025.



a.1) Estimate for amortization

				R\$ thousand
	07.01 to 12.31.2025	2026	2027	Total
Amounts to be amortized	467	935	935	2,337

20 - OTHER ASSETS

				R\$ thousand
	Paren	t	Consolid	ated
	June 30, 2025	Dec 31, 2024	June 30, 2025	Dec 31, 2024
Current Assets	9,329	10,935	3,010	3,258
Receivables from related comparies (1)	9,149	10,799	2,628	3,196
Receivables from ADR	37		37	-
Other	143	136	345	62
Non-Current Assets	197	57	258,636	251,215
Judicial deposits (2)	188	44	258,627	251,202
Fixed asset	9	13	9	13
Total	9,526	10,992	261,646	254,473

⁽¹⁾ In the parent company, refers to the reimbursement of apportionment of administrative expenses between BB Seguridade and its subsidiaries BB Seguros and BB Corretora. In the consolidated, it includes amounts receivable related to the reimbursement agreement entered between BB Corretora, Brasilseg and Aliança do Brasil Seguros and amounts receivable relating to brokerage in processing.

21 - CORPORATE AND STATUTORY OBLIGATIONS

				R\$ thousand
	Paren	t	Consolid	ated
	June 30, 2025	Dec 31, 2024	June 30, 2025	Dec 31, 2024
Dividends payable (1)	3,770,332	4,411,271	3,770,332	4,411,271
Capital reduction payable	75	75	75	75
Total	3,770,407	4,411,346	3,770,407	4,411,346

⁽¹⁾ The dividends distributed on Dec 31, 2024, were paid to the shareholders on Mar 06, 2025.

Dividends Paid in the Period

From January 1, 2025, to June 30, 2025, BB Seguridade paid R\$ 4,503,791 thousand in dividends related to the 2024 fiscal year (corresponding to the profit, minus the interim dividend advances), plus the respective monetary adjustment.

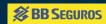
22 - PROVISIONS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

a) Provisions for contingent liabilities - probable losses

In accordance with CPC 25 [IAS 37], BB Seguridade constitutes a provision for tax, civil and labor claims with a probable risk of loss.

These provisions refer, mainly, to the contingencies recorded in BB Corretora.

⁽²⁾ It refers, mainly, to a lawsuit of a fiscal nature, with the purpose of annulling an administrative decision that did not ratify declarations of compensation of negative balances of IRPJ with several taxes of its own. The updated value of the referred judicial deposit is R\$ 189,303 thousand (R\$ 184,132 thousand on December 31, 2024), monetary restatement using the SELIC rate.



				R\$ thousand
		1 st Half 2025 -	Consolidated	
	Initial balance	Addition/Update	Reversal of the provision	Closing balance
Civil	49,907	13,160	(9,352)	53,715
Labor	454	117	(8)	563
Tax	68	26	(45)	49
Total	50,429	13,303	(9,405)	54,327

				R\$ thousand
		1st Half 2024 -	Consolidated	
	Initial balance	Addition/Update	Reversal of the provision	Closing balance
Civil	29,894	17,458	(6,937)	40,415
Labor	71	416		487
Tax	34	31	-	65
Total	29,999	17,905	(6,937)	40,967

In the period ending on June 30, 2025, the amounts of R\$ 369 thousand related to Labor claims and R\$ 1,864 thousand related to Civil claims were provisioned in the BB Seguridade (Parent). Regarding the tax claims there are no provisions.

a.1) Civil Lawsuits

In civil lawsuits involving BB Seguridade, BB Seguros and BB Corretora, we highlight the claims for various indemnities (material damages, moral damages, etc., for example), notably resulting from consumer relations involving security products and the like (personal insurance and equity, open private pension, capitalization and dental plans).

a.2) Labor Lawsuits

The labor lawsuits involving BB Corretora arise mainly from labor claims of a civil nature, arising mainly from business group life insurance, whose original employers (private companies customers of the conglomerate) contract for their employees and, the beneficiaries of these in the process of inventory and sharing, demand the payment of insurance indemnity; and third-party claims to the detriment of BB Seguros and its investees and BB Corretora, as a member of the BB Seguridade Group, especially, requiring any subordinate of the Companies.

The labor lawsuits involving BB Seguridade are filed by former employees (assigned by Banco do Brasil), discussing rights arising from the 7th and 8th bank overtime and the respective effect on other salary amounts.

a.3) Tax Lawsuits

Tax lawsuits related to BB Corretora, which arise, mainly, from municipal/district tax assessments (discussing the collection of the Tax on Services of Any Nature - ISSQN); and lawsuits of the Federal Government filed in the administrative or judicial spheres discussing federal taxes (notably non-validation of offsetting of own taxes against other taxes).

On June 30, 2025, BB Corretora had a total of 35 active tax lawsuits discussing tax matters. These lawsuits are distributed as follows: (i) 25 of them in the administrative sphere, exclusively, with the Federal Revenue of Brazil (RFB); and (ii) 10 of them filed in the Brazilian courts, 6 of them in the State courts and 4 in the Federal courts.

In the main lawsuit classified as probable, BB Corretora is a party in a lawsuit whose cause of action is related to the collection of ISSQN, in progress with the TJ/MG, to which the initial cause value of R\$ 8.3 million was attributed and filed on June 29, 1998. This action was judged by the competent court, which recognized the right of the Municipality to receive only part of the ISSQN required. In the decision favorable to the plaintiff, in the settlement of the sentence, the court ordered the payment of R\$ 528 thousand, on August 16, 2021, relating to the undisputed case.

As for BB Seguridade and BB Seguros, they do not have tax lawsuits with significant amounts.

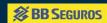
b) Expected outflows of economic benefits

				R\$ thousand
	Labor lawsuits	Tax lawsuits	Civil lawsuits	Total
Up to 5 years	550	43	47,220	47,813
More than 5 years	13	6	6,495	6,514
Total	563	49	53,715	54,327

Given the scenario of uncertainties in the duration of the proceedings, as well as the possibility of changes in the jurisprudence of the courts, the outflow of economic benefits has been estimated based on the best available information.

c) Contingent liabilities - possible losses

Tax and civil demands classified as possible risk are exempt from provisioning, in accordance with CPC 25 [IAS 37].



				R\$ thousand
	Paren	Parent		ated
	June 30, 2025	Dec 31, 2024	June 30, 2025	Dec 31, 2024
Tax ⁽¹⁾			360,428	338,628
Civil	710	652	7,837	6,842
Total	710	652	368,265	345,470

⁽¹⁾ Refers mainly to the tax lawsuit filed by BB Corretora with the objective of annulling an administrative decision that did not ratify declarations of offsetting negative IRPJ balances with different taxes. There is a guaranteed deposit for the mentioned action as shown in item "d) Deposits in guarantee of funds".

BB Seguridade does not have contingent liabilities of its investees shared with other shareholders of the investees and is not jointly and severally liable for all or part of the liabilities of its investees.

c.1) Tax Lawsuits

BB Corretora contests the non-recognition of IRPJ, CSLL, PIS and COFINS compensation requests made between 1999 and 2003, due to the non-recognition of negative balances from 1995 and 1997 and the deduction of CSLL amounts from the IRPJ calculation basis granted in a Writ of Mandamus decision.

In the main lawsuit filed against the Company, BB Corretora has a legal dispute related to "DCOMP - IRPJ Negative Balance", with TRF1 / Court of Brasília/DF, whose initial value of the cause was R\$ 82 million, filed on Apr 18, 2011. The process is in the initial knowledge phase (no judgment has been issued yet). It should also be mentioned that this process has a judicial deposit (coming from the administrative phase of the discussion) in the amount of approximately R\$ 189.3 million (base date: June 30, 2025) deposited in a judicial account at Caixa Econômica Federal.

BB Seguridade and BB Seguros do not have tax claims with significant amounts.

c.2) Civil Lawsuits

In civil lawsuits involving BB Seguridade, BB Seguros and BB Corretora, we highlight the claims for various indemnities (material damages, moral damages, etc., for example), notably resulting from consumer relations involving security products and the like (personal insurance and equity, open private pension, capitalization and dental plans).

d) Deposits in guarantee of funds

Guarantee deposits are cash deposits and are made with Banco do Brasil or another official financial institution, as a means of payment or as a means of guaranteeing the payment of convictions, indemnities, agreements and other expenses resulting from legal proceedings. The amounts are presented in the balance sheet under Other Assets.

				R\$ thousand		
	Paren	Parent		Consolidated		
	June 30, 2025	Dec 31, 2024	June 30, 2025	Dec 31, 2024		
Tax ⁽¹⁾		-	250,183	243,400		
Civil	173	30	8,415	7,787		
Labor	15	14	29	15		
Total	188	44	258,627	251,202		

⁽¹⁾ Refers mainly to a tax lawsuit aimed at annulling an administrative decision that did not ratify declarations of offsetting negative IRPJ balances with various taxes. The updated amount of the afore-mentioned judicial deposit is R\$ 189,303 thousand (R\$ 184,132 thousand on Dec 31, 2024), referring to the investee BB Corretora.

23 - UNEARDED COMMISSIONS

		R\$ thousand
	Consolidated	
	June 30, 2025	Dec 31, 2024
Current Liabilities	2,569,151	2,627,914
Brasilseg/ABS	2,458,906	2,525,041
MAPFRE Seguros Gerais	110,037	102,663
Others	208	210
Non-Current Liabilities	3,511,938	3,391,326
Brasilseg/ABS	3,493,174	3,372,309
MAPFRE Seguros Gerais	18,762	19,015
Others	2	2
Total	6,081,089	6,019,240

There are no amount of unearned commissions in parent.



24 - OTHER LIABILITIES

				R\$ thousand
	Paren	t	Consolidated	
	June 30, 2025	Dec 31, 2024	June 30, 2025	Dec 31, 2024
Current Liabilities				
Amounts payable to related companies (1)	9,944	9,730	85,108	62,429
Provision for return of brokerage (2)	-		23,180	25,741
Annual variable remuneration program of the Executive Board	1,918	2,990	1,918	2,990
Obligations to pay	115		673	530
Other	119	109	729	1,091
Total	12,096	12,829	111,608	92,781

⁽¹⁾ Refers to the apportionment of expenses calculated in accordance with the contract for sharing customer data, use of staff, distribution network and technological and administrative material resources, entered between Banco do Brasil, BB Seguridade, BB Corretora and BB Seguros. In the Consolidated, it also includes amounts payable to related companies, resulting from brokerage commissions to be returned.

25 - EQUITY

a) Book value per share and earnings per share

The shareholders' equity amounted R\$ 10,494,024 thousand on June 30, 2025 (R\$ 9,695,421 thousand on Dec 31, 2024), corresponding a book value per share of R\$ 5.25 on June 30, 2025 (R\$ 4.85 on Dec 31, 2024).

	Parent and Consolidated		
	1st Half 2025	1st Half 2024	
Net income attributable to shareholders of the Bank (R\$ thousand)	4,380,181	4,166,390	
Weighted average number of shares - basic and diluted	1,941,205,600	1,965,846,226	
Earnings per share – basic and diluted (R\$)	2.26	2.12	

The weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the period is the number of total shares of common stock held by shareholders at the beginning of the period, adjusted by the number of shares reacquired or issued during the period multiplied by the number of days the shares outstanding have been shareholders in proportion to the total number of days in the period.

The basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing net income attributable to shareholders of the BB Seguridade by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding (not considered treasury shares) in each of the periods presented.

The diluted earnings per share is calculated by dividing net income attributable to shareholders of the BB Seguridade by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding (not considered treasury shares), including the effect of all dilutive potential ordinary shares.

The BB Seguridade has no option, bonus of subscription or its equivalents which provide their holder the right to acquire shares. Thus, the basic and diluted earnings per share are equal and was calculated by dividing the profit attributable to the holders of common shares of the company by the weighted average number of common shares held by shareholders during the period.

b) Dividends

BB Seguridade has a Shareholder Compensation Policy, available on the Investor Relations website, which is reviewed at least every three years or, exceptionally, at any time and approved by the Board of Directors. The current Policy was approved on May 30, 2025.

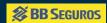
In March 2025, BB Seguridade paid R\$ 4,411,000 in dividends related to the profit for the second half of 2024, plus R\$ 14,000 in prescribed dividends, as approved by the Board of Directors on December 20, 2024. These amounts were subject to monetary restatement of R\$ 92,851,000, based on the Selic rate, totaling R\$ 4,503,865,000.

BB Seguridade will pay R\$ 3,770,000 in interim dividends related to the profit for the first half of 2025 and R\$ 24,000 in dividends due during the period, as approved by the Board of Directors of BB Seguridade on June 27, 2025.

b.1) Dividends per Share

	1 st Half 2025		1 st Half 20	24
	Amount (R\$ thousand)	Amount per share (R\$)	Amount (R\$ Thousand)	Amount per share (R\$)
Dividends	3,770,024	1.942	2,700,012	1.391

⁽²⁾ On 03/31/2025 and 12/31/2024, refers to the provision for the return of brokerage to Brasilprev.



c) Shareholdings (number of shares)

Stockholders	June 30, 20	Dec 31, 2024		
	Shares	% Total	Shares	% Total
Banco do Brasil	1,325,000,000	66.25	1,325,000,000	66.25
Other stockholders	616,214,909	30.81	616,186,019	30.81
Treasury shares	58,785,091	2.94	58,813,981	2.94
Total	2,000,000,000	100.00	2,000,000,000	100.00
Locals	1,607,968,520	80.40	1,625,887,537	81.29
Foreign	392,031,480	19.60	374,112,463	18.71

d) Capital

The capital, fully subscribed and paid in, amounted to R\$ 6,269,692 thousand on June 30, 2025 and Dec 31, 2024, it is divided into 2,000,000,000 (two billion) shares, represented in book-entry form and without par value.

e) Capital and Profit Reserves

		R\$ thousand
	Parent and Co	nsolidated
	June 30, 2025	Dec 31, 2024
Capital Reserves	613	978
Profit Reserves	6,039,189	6,039,189
Legal Reserve	1,134,757	1,134,757
Reserve for Equalization of Capital Remuneration	4,904,432	4,904,432

The Capital Reserve is made up of the amounts relating to transactions with payment based on shares, as well as the gain or loss on the sale of treasury shares.

The purpose of the Legal Reserve is to ensure the integrity of the capital stock and may only be used to offset losses or increase the capital stock. Of the net income for the period, 5% is invested, before any other allocation, in the constitution of the legal reserve, which will not exceed 20% of the share capital and the balance of the legal reserve plus the amounts of capital reserves that will not exceed 30% of the capital stock.

The Statutory Reserve for Equalization of Capital Remuneration has the purpose of guaranteeing resources for the payment of dividends, including in the form of interest on own capital or its prepayments, limited to 80% of the capital stock value, being formed with resources: equivalent to up to 50% of the net income for the year.

f) Treasury shares

f.1) Number of Treasury Shares

Parent and Co	onsolidated	
June 30, 2025	Dec 31, 2024	
58,785,091	58,813,981	

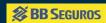
The cost value of treasury shares is R\$ 1,868,914 thousand (R\$ 1,869,833 thousand on Dec 31, 2024) and the exchange price on June 30, 2025 is R\$ 2,104,506 thousand (R\$ 2,127,890 mil on Dec 31, 2024).

f.2) Share-Based Payment - Variable Wage Program

The BB Seguridade Board of Directors' Variable Compensation Program, which is annual, provides for the payment of 50% of the total variable compensation in shares (BBSE3), with 20% of the shares transferred immediately to the beneficiary and 80% of the shares transferred on a deferred basis, over a five-year period. The total amount to be received is determined based on the achievement of indicators that represent corporate and individual goals.

The number of shares allocated to each participant is determined by dividing the net value equivalent to 50% of the fees to which they are entitled, as variable remuneration, by the average price of the share in the week prior to payment. The average price is the simple average of the average daily prices for the week prior to payment. In March 2025, 28,890 shares were paid, at an average price of R\$ 37.84.

On November 13, 2014, the Brazilian Securities and Exchange Commission (CVM) authorized BB Seguridade to make annually the private trading of its own shares, in order to fund, through these shares, part of the payment of the variable remuneration compensation of its Executive Board members, without the need to submit, every year, that commission new requests, in the case therefore of permanent authorization.



We present the statement of acquired shares, its distribution and its transfer schedule:

	2020 Program	2021 Program	2022 Program	2023 Program	2024 Program	Total
Shares Distributed	22,460	22,057	16,327	13,828	4,528	79,200
Shares to Distribute	-	5,037	10,876	13,539	18,125	47,577
Total Program Shares	22,460	27,094	27,203	27,367	22,653	126,777

Estimated Schedule Transfers						
	Period	2021 Program	2022 Program	2023 Program	2024 Program	Total
Shares to Distribute	March 2026	5,037	5,438	5,413	6,794	22,682
Shares to Distribute	March 2027		5,438	3,789	4,528	13,755
Shares to Distribute	March 2028			2,706	3,170	5,876
Shares to Distribute	March 2029		-	1,631	2,263	3,894
Shares to Distribute	March 2030				1,370	1,370
Total shares to be distributed	I	5,037	10,876	13,539	18,125	47,577

f.3) Repurcharse Program

On August 4, 2023, the Board of Directors approved the opening of a Share Buyback Program issued by the Company, intended for the acquisition of up to 64,249 thousand common shares, for maintenance in treasury and subsequent sale or cancellation, aiming to maximize the generating value for shareholders. The program term is 18 months. In 2023, 19,884 thousand shares were acquired. In the first half of 2024, an additional 35,708 thousand shares were acquired, totaling 55,592 thousand shares. From the second half of 2024 until the program's end date in February 2025, no new acquisitions will occur.

Share Buyback Program	
Number of shares repurchased	55,591,700
2023	19,884,100
1 st Half 2024	35,707,600
Avarage price (R\$)	32.20
Total (R\$ thousand)	1,790,324

f.4) Employee Rewards Program

On December 18, 2019, the Board of Directors approved the Employee Rewards Program, which aims to recognize BB Seguros employees in non-statutory positions, with outstanding performance in the Development and Career Committee. Considering the new wording of § 4 of art. 457 of the CLT, amended by Law No. 13,467/2017, the program is classified as an award and there is no incidence of labor and social security charges.

On October 25, 2024, the Board of Directors approved an update to the program rules, which maintained the same objective and the same legal framework.

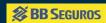
The program is activated annually and is conditional on achieving the scores defined in the company's employment agreement, which is reflected in the percentage of employees awarded, which can be 40% or 50% according to the performance provided for in the respective agreement. The target audience includes employees by position, in the case of managerial or equivalent functions, and by position and by directorate, in the case of technical functions. The criteria for choosing the employees involves an assessment of technical and behavioral skills, achievement of targets and management style. The bonus is credited 100% (one hundred percent) in cash, after due payment of income tax, in a single installment, within 30 days of the publication of the Career and Development Committee's results.

g) Other Accumulated Comprehensive Income

The negative balance recorded in Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income in the amount of R\$ 558,626 thousand (R\$ 744,605 thousand negative on December 31, 2024) is mainly composed of:

- i Negative R\$ 247,253 thousand, related to the devaluation resulting from the adjustment to market value of securities classified as Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income of the investees, net of tax effects.
- ii Negative R\$ 311,382 thousand, relating to the effects of CPC 50, mainly referring to variations in interest rates on products classified as General Model (BBA) in the companies Brasilprev and BB MAPFRE.

Considering that BB Seguridade does not have securities classified as fair value through other comprehensive income, the amounts contained in its financial statements reflect the amounts existing in the companies in which BB Seguros holds an interest.



26 - RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

BB Seguridade has a policy for transactions with related parties approved by the Board of Directors and disclosed to the market, which guides the behavior of BB Seguridade and its subsidiaries, employees, administrators, and shareholders in relation to transactions with related parties.

As provided for in the policy, transactions with related parties are carried out at usual market prices and rates.

BB Seguridade has an agreement with the controlling shareholder Banco do Brasil, signed on December 20, 2012, with a term of 20 years, it has been updated, through an amendment, on July 24, 2023. BB Seguridade reimburses the Bank direct and indirect expenses and costs determined by apportionment criteria, arising from the use of staff and material, technological and administrative resources necessary to maintain activities and sell products in the banking channel.

BB Seguridade also has an agreement with its subsidiaries BB Corretora and BB Seguros, signed on June 15, 2016, with a term of 20 years, having been updated, through an amendment, on December 6, 2017. BB Brokerage and BB Seguros reimburse BB Seguridade for direct and indirect expenses and costs determined by apportionment, resulting from the use of staff, physical space and material, technological and administrative resources necessary to maintain activities.

The agreements aim to capture synergies arising from the sharing of resources and the economy in their use, based on the apportionment criteria defined based on calculation methodologies provided for in the agreement, observing the effective use of resources. The apportionment amounts are calculated and paid monthly.

The costs of salaries and other benefits granted to key management personnel of the BB Seguridade (Executive Board, Audit Committee, Board of Directors, and Fiscal Council):

The costs of remuneration and other benefits attributed to the Key Management Personnel of BB Seguridade, formed by the Executive Board, Audit Committee, Related Party Transactions Committee, Risk and Capital Committee and Board of Directors and the costs attributed to the Fiscal Council:

		R\$ thousand
	1st Half 2025	1st Half 2024
Short-term benefits	5,008	4,362
Fees and social charges	3,918	3,357
Executive Board	2,732	2,326
Audit Committee	445	405
Board of Directors	226	158
Fiscal Council	159	144
Party Transactions Committee	89	81
Risks and capital Committee	267	243
Variable Remuneration (1)	685	699
Other (2)	405	306
Variable Wage Program ⁽³⁾	1,508	1,222
Total	6,516	5,584

¹⁾ Refers to the value in kind of settlement of the Administrators' Variable Remuneration Program (PRVA) of 2024. Gross value, before the discount related to Income Tax

According to the variable remuneration policy of BB Seguridade, established in accordance with Law 6.404/1976, Article 152, and Accounting Pronouncements Committee 10 - CPC 10 (R1) [IFRS 2] - Share-based Payment, the part of variable remuneration of the Executive Board is paid in shares.

BB Seguridade does not provide post-employment benefits to its key management personnel or to its employees.

Current personnel costs are reimbursed to the controller Banco do Brasil S.A., under the employee assignment agreement, in the period in which they are allocated to the Company's activities.

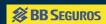
The Group trades banking transactions with its Controller, Banco do Brasil S.A. such as current account deposits (unpaid), use of corporate cards issued by the Bank, financial applications, service deliveries and warranty in conditions equivalent to those available to other customers.

The Group does not grant loans to its Directors, Fiscal Council members, Board of Directors, and Audit Committee.

BB Corretora has commercialization contracts for insurance products in the banking channel with all its investees, the main ones being listed below:

²⁾ Benefits considered: medical care, health assessment (promotion and prevention actions in occupational health), life insurance, removal advantage (partial cost of expenses in case of removal to other locations) and supplementary pension plan of the administrators.

³⁾ Refers to the cost of shares relating to the installments of the share-based payment programs for 2020, 2021, 2022, 2023 and 2024. Gross value, before the income tax discount



- Brasilseg Companhia de Seguros S.A. and Aliança do Brasil Seguros S.A., subsidiaries of BB Mapfre Participações S.A., for the sale of insurance, signed on June 30, 2011, valid until June 30, 2031, renewable for subsequent periods of 5 years.
- Brasilprev Seguros e Previdência S.A., for the sale of private pension plans, signed on October 06, 1999, for a period of 5 years, automatically renewable for equal periods.
- Brasilcap Capitalização S.A., for the sale of capitalization bonds, signed on July 14, 1999, for a period of 5 years, automatically renewable for equal periods.

The schedules below introduce the main transactions involving the companies within the effective utilization of resources:

BB Seguridade – Controller

			R\$ thousand
June 30	, 2025	Dec 31, 2024	
Banco do Brasil	Subsidiaries (1)	Banco do Brasil	Subsidiaries (1)
1,046,377		335,647	-
-	2,733,026		4,145,402
-	9,146		10,799
2,497,895		2,922,517	-
9,944		9,730	
	1,046,377 2,497,895	1,046,377 2,733,026 9,146 2,497,895	Banco do Brasil Subsidiaries (1) Banco do Brasil 1,046,377 335,647 2,733,026 9,146 2,497,895 2,922,517

				R\$ thousand	
	2º Quarte	er 2025	2º Quarter 2024		
	Banco do Brasil	Subsidiaries (1)	Banco do Brasil	Subsidiaries (1)	
Income					
Interest in earnings of financial instruments	4,600		9,185	-	
Personnel expenses	(3,221)		(3,060)	-	
Administrative expenses (2)	(259)	-	(446)		

(1) BB Seguros and BB Corretora.

⁽⁷⁾ Be degree the Description of the Description of

				R\$ thousand
	1 st Half	2025	1 st Half 2024	
	Banco do Brasil	Subsidiaries (1)	Banco do Brasil	Subsidiaries (1)
Income				
Interest in earnings of financial instruments	11,953		25,529	
Personnel expenses	(6,209)	-	(5,957)	
Administrative expenses (2)	(605)	-	(830)	-
Monetary assets changes		87,260	-	33,904
Monetary liabilities changes	(63,377)		(25,425)	-

(1) BB Seguros and BB Corretora.

⁽²⁾ Refers to expenses as sharing contract customer data, use of staff, distribution network and resource materials technological and administrative, between the Banco do Brasil, BB Seguridade, BB Corretora and BB Seguros.



BB Seguridade - Consolidated

				R\$ thousand
	June	30, 2025	Dec 31, 2024	
	Banco do Brasil	Associates and joint ventures (1)	Banco do Brasil	Associates and joint ventures (1)
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	7,075,552		7,789,875	
Dividends/interest on equity receivable				97,446
Commissions to be received		2,572,583		2,591,329
Receive with related parties		2,628		2,993
Liabilities				
Social and statutory obligations	2,497,895		2,922,517	
Obligations with related parties (2)	22,699	58,717	22,968	36,079
Unearned Commissions		5,952,290		5,897,562

				R\$ thousand
	2º C	Quarter 2025	2º Qua	rter 2024
	Banco do Brasil	Associates and joint ventures (1)	Banco do Brasil	Associates and joint ventures (1)
Income				
Interest in earnings of financial instruments	190,802		96,232	
Income from Commission	-	1,368,850	_	1,295,455
Personnel expenses	(25,044)		(23,084)	
Administrative expenses/costs of services provided (2)	(44,278)		(52,237)	

⁽¹⁾ Related companies BB MAPFRE Participações S.A. and its subsidiaries, Brasilprev Seguros e Previdência S.A. Brasilcap Capitalização S.A. and Brasildental S.A.

⁽²⁾ Refers to expenses as sharing contract customer data, use of staff, distribution network and resource materials technological and administrative, between the Banco do Brasil, BB Seguridade, BB Corretora and BB Seguros.

				R\$ thousand
	15	^t Half 2025	1 st H	alf 2024
	Banco do Brasil	Associates and joint ventures (1)	Banco do Brasil	Associates and joint ventures (1)
Income				
Interest in earnings of financial instruments	388,862		203,635	
Income from Commission	-	2,724,641	-	2,601,730
Personnel expenses	(47,830)		(44,223)	
Administrative expenses/costs of services provided (2)	(96,485)		(105,034)	
Monetary liabilities changes	(63,377)		(25,425)	

⁽¹⁾ Related companies BB MAPFRE Participações S.A. and its subsidiaries, Brasilprev Seguros e Previdência S.A. Brasilcap Capitalização S.A. and Brasildental S.A.

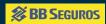
a) Compensation Paid to Employees and Directors

On April 15, 2021, and May 27, 2021, an agreement of assignment new version of employees of Banco do Brasil S.A, to BB Seguridade, for the office of Director levels, Management and other positions of trust was signed. The Banco do Brasil S.A. continues to process the payroll of the transferred employees, receiving a monthly repayment of all current costs from BB Seguridade. On June 30, 2025, there were 194 employees assigned (188 on December 31, 2024), considering those occupying non-statutory and statutory functions (Executive Board).

b) Remuneration of Employees, Managers and Advisors

Monthly wages paid to employees, Directors and advisiors of the BB Seguridade S.A.

⁽²⁾ Refers to expenses as sharing contract customer data, use of staff, distribution network and resource materials technological and administrative, between the Banco do Brasil, BB Seguridade, BB Corretora and BB Seguros.



		In Reais
	June 30, 2025	Dec 31, 2024
Management (1)		
Director-President	80,722.79	70,205.95
Director	68,414.22	59,500.97
Council members (1)		
Board of Directors	7,744.90	6,735.87
Fiscal Council	7,744.90	6,735.87
Audit Committee - Member	12,941.72	11,255.63
Risk and Capital Committee	12,941.72	11,255.63
Employees		
Lowest salary	6,337.58	6,337.58
Highest salary	50,492.35	50,492.35
Average salary	19,502.49	19,902.26

Application of a 14.98% adjustment to the remunerations received by members of the Executive Board, Boards and Statutory Committees approved by the Ordinary General Meeting held on April 29, 2025.

Below are the benefits and monthly remunerations (highest, lowest and average) for employees and directors:

	In Reais
1st Half 2025	1st Half 2024
120,012.16	128,887.40
160,138.60	132,301.86
144,007.04	130,594.63
11,457.72	10,708.38
86,627.31	72,029.54
29,685.95	27,427.26
	120,012.16 160,138.60 144,007.04 11,457.72 86,627.31

⁽¹⁾ Average monthly remuneration for the Directors who held the position during all months of the respective period, including the Chief Executive Officer, considering variable remuneration and benefits offered, except social charges.

The overall average value of benefits offered to Employees, relating to medical and dental assistance, food and meal allowances, daycare assistance, transportation assistance and supplementary pension, was R\$ 5,455.21 in the 1st Half of 2025 (R\$ 5,189.27 in the 1st Half of 2024).

27 - EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

Increase in the share capital of Broto S.A.

On July 28, 2025, the General Meeting of Broto S.A. ("Broto" or "Company") approved an increase in the Company's share capital in the amount of R\$ 20,000,000.00, divided into 20,000,000 registered shares with no par value, at an issue price of R\$ 1.00 per share, of which 10,000,000 are common shares and 10,000,000 are preferred shares without voting rights, with the advantages and characteristics described in the Company's Bylaws, which were fully subscribed and paid up on said date by the shareholders Banco do Brasil and Brasilseg, in proportion to their original interests in the share capital.

Broto's share capital, after full payment, became R\$ 119,400,000.00, represented by 119,400,000 registered shares with no par value, of which 59,700,000 are common shares and 59,700,000 are preferred shares without voting rights, distributed among Broto's shareholders, maintaining the shareholding of 50% for Banco do Brasil and 50% for Brasilseg.

⁽²⁾ Average monthly remuneration for the period of Employees who have remained with the company during all months of the respective period, considering expenses with salaries, personal benefits, commissions, bonuses, additional payments, overtime, and other expenses linked to remuneration, including benefits offered, except social charges.



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(A free translation of the original report in Portuguese on Individual and Consolidated Interim Financial Information)

Report on Review of Individual and Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

To the Board of Directors, Management, and Shareholders of **BB Seguridade Participações S.A.**Brasília - DF

Introduction

We have reviewed the individual and consolidated interim financial statements of BB Seguridade Participações S.A. ("Company"), which comprise the individual and consolidated balance sheets as at June 30, 2025, and the respective individual and consolidated statements of income and comprehensive income for the three and six month periods ended on that date, changes in shareholders' equity and cash flows for the six-month period ended on that date, as well as related notes, including material accounting policies and other explanatory information.

The Company's management is responsible for the preparation and proper presentation of the individual interim financial statements in accordance with accounting practices adopted in Brazil, including CPC 21(R1) Interim Financial Statements, and the consolidated interim financial statements in accordance with accounting practices adopted in Brazil, including CPC 21(R1) Interim Financial Statements, and with International Accounting Standards (IFRS Accounting Standards) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB), including IAS 34 – Interim Financial Reporting . Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on these interim financial statements based on our review.

Scope of the Review

We conducted our review in accordance with Brazilian and international review standards (NBC TR 2410 - Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Entity's Auditor and ISRE 2410 - Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity, respectively). A review of interim financial statements consists of making inquiries, primarily of individuals responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. The scope of a review is substantially less than that of an audit conducted in accordance with Brazilian and international auditing standards and, consequently, does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.



Conclusion on the Individual Interim Financial Statements

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying individual interim financial statements do not present fairly, in all material respects, the individual financial position of BB Seguridade Participações S.A. as at June 30, 2025, the individual performance of its operations for the three and six month periods ended on that date and its individual cash flows for the six-month period then ended, in accordance with accounting practices adopted in Brazil, including CPC 21(R1) Interim Financial Statements

Conclusion on the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying consolidated interim financial statements do not present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of BB Seguridade Participações S.A. as at June 30, 2025, the consolidated performance of its operations for the three and six month periods ended on that date and its consolidated cash flows for the six-month period then ended, in accordance with accounting practices adopted in Brazil, including CPC 21(R1) Interim Financial Statements, and with International Accounting Standards (IFRS Accounting Standards) issued by the IASB, including IAS 34 – Interim Financial Reporting

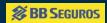
Other Matters - Statements of Value Added

The individual and consolidated interim financial statements include the individual and consolidated statements of value added (DVA) for the six-month period ended June 30, 2025, prepared under the responsibility of the Company's management, and presented as supplementary information for IAS 34 purposes. These statements were subjected to review procedures performed in conjunction with the review of the individual and consolidated interim financial statements to conclude whether they are reconciled with the interim financial statements and accounting records, as applicable, and whether their form and content are in accordance with the criteria defined in Technical Pronouncement CPC 09 - Statement of Value Added. Based on our review, we are not aware of any facts that lead us to believe that these statements of value added were not prepared, in all material respects, according to the criteria defined in this pronouncement and consistent with the individual and consolidated interim financial statements taken as a whole.

Brasília, August 4, 2025

KPMG Auditores Independentes Ltda. CRC SP- 014428/F-0

Pedro Henrique Moura Machado Contador CRC GO-022139/O-4



DECLARATION OF THE MEMBERS OF THE EXECUTIVE BOARD ABOUT THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

In accordance with Article 27 of CVM Rule 80, dated March 29, 2022, I declare that I have reviewed the Financial Statements for the fiscal year ended on June 30, 2025, of the BB Seguridade Participações S.A. and, based on subsequent discussions, I agree that such statements reflect fairly, in all material respects, the financial position for the period presented.

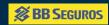
Brasília, August 1, 2025.

André Gustavo Borba Assumpção Haui Chief Executive Officer

Bruno Alves do Nascimento Chief Strategy Officer

Allan Trancoso Ferraz Silva Chief Commercial Officer

Rafael Augusto Sperendio Chief Financial Officer



DECLARATION OF THE MEMBERS OF THE EXECUTIVE BOARD ON THE REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

In accordance with Article 27 of CVM Rule N. 80, dated March 29, 2022, I declare that based on my knowledge, the planning submitted by the auditors and the subsequent discussions on the audit results, I agree with the opinions expressed in the KPMG Independent Auditors' report, related to the financial statements of BB Seguridade Participações S.A. for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025, there being no disagreement.

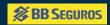
Brasília, August 1, 2025.

André Gustavo Borba Assumpção Haui Chief Executive Officer

Bruno Alves do Nascimento Chief Strategy Officer

Allan Trancoso Ferraz Silva Chief Commercial Officer

Rafael Augusto Sperendio Chief Financial Officer



MEMBERS OF THE MANAGEMENT BODIES DIRECTOR-PRESIDENT

André Gustavo Borba Assumpção Haui

DIRECTORS

Allan Trancoso Ferraz Silva

Bruno Alves do Nascimento

Rafael Augusto Sperendio

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Kamillo Tononi Oliveira Silva (President)

André Gustavo Borba Assumpção Haui

Gilberto Lourenço da Aparecida

Marcos Rogério de Souza

Maria Carolina Ferreira Lacerda

Rosiane Barbosa Laviola

FISCAL COUNCIL

Francisco Olinto Velo Schmitt

Marcelo Henrique Gomes da Silva

Rafael Rezende Brigolini

AUDIT COMMITTEE

André Coji

Antônio Martiningo Filho

Cícero Przendsiuk

Gilberto Lourenço da Aparecida

Manoel Gimenes Ruy

ACCOUNTANT

Pedro Kiefer Braga

CRC-DF 020.786/O-0

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