

Individual and Consolidated Financial Statements 2024 Azul Linhas Aéreas Brasileira S.A.



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Management Comments

I would like to start by thanking our crewmembers for all their hard work throughout 2024. The combination of a weakening Brazilian real, the floods in Rio Grande do Sul state, significanct OEM and supply chain issues, and higher-than-expected fuel prices made for a very challenging year, and once again our strong culture proved as essential and unique as ever.

Despite these headwinds, we achieved our full-year guidance by delivering a record EBITDA of more than R\$6.0 billion for the year, and we remain confident that the fundamentals of our business are working as expected. The year's results demonstrate the strength of our business model, overcoming challenges that were out of our control. This is a true testament to our incredible crewmembers, who delivered a world-class experience to our 30 million customers this year, each and every day. Once again, we clearly demonstrated our ability to continue increasing profitability despite higher currency.

We also delivered an all-time record revenue of R\$19.5 billion in 2024, an increase of 4.4% over the same period last year, mainly driven by a healthy demand environment, robust revenues from our business units, and an increase in capacity. RASK and PRASK remained at high levels at R\$42.18 cents and R\$39.15 cents, respectively, demonstrating the strength of our business model. Capacity for the year grew 5.2%, supported by 8% domestic growth offset by a temporary reduction in our international network due to a transition in our widebody fleet.

Another important factor contributing to our healthy revenues and margins is our growth beyond the metal, i.e. our diversified business units. They continued their growth trajectories this year, contributing to our healthy revenues and margins. Our loyalty program Azul Fidelidade is now at more than 18 million members, with active users also at all-time highs. Gross billings for the program increased 27% versus 2023. Our vacations business Azul Viagens increased gross billings 63% year over year thanks to strong demand in leisure markets supported by our dedicated network. Finally, our cargo business remained strong, with continued recovery in international markets, where revenues increased almost 9% year over year.

We effectively managed our costs, with a 3.6% decrease in CASK in 2024 compared to 2023, mainly driven by the 7.6% reduction in fuel prices and our cost reduction initiatives and productivity gains to offset 7.8% year-over-year depreciation of the currency and almost 5% inflation over the last 12 months.

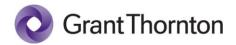
Immediate liquidity remained above R\$3 billion, representing 16% of the last twelve months' revenues. Additionally, in January we announced the successful conclusion of our agreements with bondholders, lessors and OEMs, and the closing of the previously announced offering of US\$525 million in Superpriority Notes due 2030. This comprehensive balance sheet restructuring included a broad financing plan, focused on improving liquidity and cash generation, and reducing leverage, with more than US\$1.6 billion in debt being extinguished from the balance sheet, and improving our cash generation up to US\$200 million per year.

By achieving these results, we have strengthened our balance sheet, and we can now turn our attention to executing our margin expansion plan and generating positive free cash flow, as we continue to add larger, next-generation aircraft to our fleet. These aircraft are more fuel-efficient, resulting in lower unit costs and improving revenue across our network.

The year's results demonstrate the strength and uniqueness of our business model, overcoming numerous challenges. Now that 2024 is behind us, I could not be more confident on our ability to build a better Azul with sustainable long-term competitive advantages.

Finally, I would like to thank our stakeholders for supporting our plan and once again believing in Azul and our team. Our best years are ahead of us.

John Rodgerson.



(Free translation from the original issued in Portuguese. In the event of any discrepancies, the Portuguese language version shall prevail.)

Independent auditor's report on the individual and consolidated financial statements

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To the Management, Directors, and Shareholders of **Azul Linhas Aéreas Brasileiras S.A.**Barueri – SP

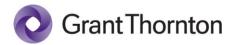
Opinion

We have audited the accompanying individual and consolidated financial statements of Azul Linhas Aéreas Brasileiras S.A. (the Company), identified as parent and consolidated, respectively, which comprise the statement of financial position as of December 31, 2024 and the respective statements of income, of comprehensive income, of changes in equity and of cash flows for the year then ended, and the corresponding explanatory notes, including material accounting policies and other explanatory **information.**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the individual and consolidated financial position of Azul Linhas Aéreas Brasileiras S.A. as of December 31, 2024, its individual and consolidated financial performance and individual and consolidated cash flows for the year then ended, in accordance with accounting practices adopted in Brazil and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) (currently denominated IFRS Accounting Standards).

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Brazilian and International Standards on Auditing (ISAs). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the individual and consolidated financial statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Company and its subsidiaries in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements set forth in the Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants and the professional standards issued by the Federal Accounting Council and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.



Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our judgment, were of most significance in our audit in the current year. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the individual and consolidated financial statements taken as a whole and in forming our opinion on such individual and consolidated financial statements and, therefore, we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Revenue from passenger transport (including breakage) (Explanatory Note No. 34)

Reason why the matter was considered a key audit matter

The Company recognizes passenger transportation revenue after the effective render of the transportation service, with sold and unflown flight segments recorded under "Air traffic liability and loyalty program", net of the estimated revenue from the expiration of unused tickets ("breakage"). Additionally, the ticket sales process and passenger transportation revenue recognition are highly dependent on information technology systems to systematically and accurately record transactions. However, these systems use assumptions and judgments in recognizing breakage revenue, which involves certain assumptions and judgments made by management, such as the expectation of unused ticket expiration, historical data, among others considered by management for revenue recognition. Therefore, this matter was considered a risk area in the current year and, thus, a key audit matter due to the high degree of judgment and uncertainties inherent in the process of determining assumptions and the relevance of the amounts involved.

How the matter was addressed in our audit

Our audit procedures included, among others:

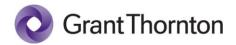
- Understanding the automated IT internal controls used by management for recording and controlling passenger transportation revenue activities and estimating revenue from the expiration of unused tickets ("breakage");
- Performing analytical audit procedures using an automated audit tool called Audit Data Analytics (ADA) for passenger transportation revenues;
- On a sample basis, testing through observation procedures, passenger boarding, and verifying the recognition of the respective revenue for a sample of flights;
- Performing substantive tests, on a sample basis, to verify if revenue transactions were adequately supported and recognized;
- Challenging the assumptions determined by management for breakage calculation, with the assistance of our internal actuarial specialists, to verify the reasonableness of the model used by management and if there were any inconsistent assumptions and/or those that should be reviewed;
- Evaluating if the disclosures in the explanatory notes were consistent with the information and representations obtained from management.

Based on the evidence obtained and the audit procedures described above, we consider the procedures adopted by management for recognizing passenger transportation revenue (including breakage), as well as the respective disclosures, are reasonable in the context of the individual and consolidated financial statements taken as a whole.

Going Concern Assessment (Explanatory Notes Nos. 2 and 40)

Reason why the matter was considered a key audit matter

The individual and consolidated financial statements were prepared by management using the going concern assumption, based on the assumption that the Company is in operation and expects to continue operating for the foreseeable future, at least twelve months from the balance sheet date of the financial statements.



This assumption assumes that management does not intend to liquidate the Company or cease its operations, having concluded that there is a reasonable expectation regarding the Company's going concern, supporting the preparation of the individual and consolidated financial statements using this assumption.

The Company incurred a loss of R\$ 8,854,345 thousand during the year ended December 31, 2024, and at that date, it had negative equity, both individual and consolidated, amounting to R\$ 28,938,351 thousand, as well as consolidated current liabilities exceeding consolidated current assets by R\$ 15,549,251 thousand at that date. The actions and measures in progress by the Company's management, described in the explanatory notes, include measures already implemented and ongoing to maintain going concern. The calculations supporting the assumptions of expected profitability and cash flow require management to make judgments with a high degree of subjectivity. Therefore, due to the degree of judgment involved in preparing cash flow projections and evaluating the use of the going concern assumption by the Company's management in preparing the individual and consolidated financial statements, we considered this a significant matter for our audit.

How the matter was addressed in our audit

Our audit procedures included, among others:

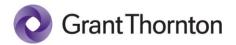
- Analyzing the Company's and its subsidiaries' ability to continue operating in the foreseeable future based on existing factual information and data provided by management;
- Reviewing the methodology and assumptions used by management in the going concern study for the next twelve months from the balance sheet date of the individual and consolidated financial statements and respective cash flows, including the evaluation of relevant subsequent effects up to the issuance date of the aforementioned financial statements;
- With the assistance of our internal corporate finance specialists, evaluating the assumptions used by the Company's management in determining cash flow projections, considering the realized results, as well as the consistency of the projections compared to the actual results for the past periods;
- Analyzing ongoing restructurings to reduce costs, as well as expected profitability in the foreseeable future to support operations;
- · Reviewing the debt negotiation schedule and future financing sources; and
- · Evaluating if the respective disclosures presented by the Company's management were adequate.

Based on the procedures performed, we consider the judgments exercised and assumptions adopted by the Company's management in evaluating the going concern assumption, as well as the respective disclosures provided, to be reasonable in the context of the individual and consolidated financial statements taken as a whole.

Other matters

Statements of value added

The individual and consolidated statements of value added (DVA) for the year ended December 31, 2024, prepared under the responsibility of the Company's management and presented as supplemental information for IFRS purposes, have been subject to auditing procedures which were performed together with the audit of the Company's financial statements. In forming our opinion, we evaluated if these statements are reconciled to the financial statements and accounting records, as applicable, and if their form and content are in accordance with the criteria defined in NBC TG 09 – Statement of Value Added. In our opinion, these statements of value added were appropriately prepared, in all material respects, according to the criteria defined in said technical pronouncement and are consistent in relation to the individual and consolidated financial statements taken as a whole.



Audit of the corresponding values for the comparative year

The audit of the individual and consolidated financial statements of the Company as of December 31, 2023, which corresponding values are presented for comparison purposes, was conducted under the responsibility of another independent auditor, who issued an unmodified audit report on April 25, 2024.

Other information accompanying the individual and consolidated financial statements and auditor's report thereon

The Company's Management is responsible for this other information that is included in the Management Report.

Our opinion on the individual and consolidated financial statements does not cover the Management Report and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the individual and consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the Management Report and, in doing so, consider whether this report is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise, appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement in the Management Report, we are required to report this fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and those charged with governance for the individual and consolidated financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the individual and consolidated financial statements in accordance with accounting practices adopted in Brazil and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) (currently denominated IFRS Accounting Standards), and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the individual and consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements, unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with the Company's and its subsidiaries' governance are responsible for overseeing the financial reporting process.

Auditor's responsibility for the audit of the individual and consolidated financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the individual and consolidated financial statements, taken as a whole, are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Brazilian and International Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Brazilian and International Standards on Auditing, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:



- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the individual and consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve override of internal control, collusion, forgery, intentional omissions or misrepresentations;
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's and its subsidiaries' internal controls;
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management;
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the individual and consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern;
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure, and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the individual and consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation; and
- Obtain sufficient and appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial statements of the entities or business activities within the group to express an opinion on the individual and consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision, and performance of the group audit and, consequently, for the audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we may have identified during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements, including those regarding independence, and communicate to them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence and, where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determined those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements for the current year and are, therefore, the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our audit report, unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Campinas, March 31, 2025

Grant Thornton Auditores Independentes Ltda. CRC 2SP-028.281/O-4 F SP

Élica Daniela da Silva Martins Accountant CRC 1SP-223.766/O-0



Statements of financial position December 31, 2024 and 2023 (In thousands of Brazilian reais – R\$)

		Parent company		Consolidated	
	N		December 31,		The second secon
Assets	Note	2024	2023	2024	2023
Current assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	6	1,188,236	1,534,002	1,207,947	1,894,527
Short-term investments	7	71,898	-	71,898	-
Accounts receivable	8	1,612,851	1,000,205	1,775,374	1,109,408
Aircraft sublease	9	-	14,592	-	14,592
Inventories	10	930,079	785,190	943,578	799,208
Deposits	11	328,115	507,888	328,876	507,890
Taxes recoverable	12	202,012	212,329	203,651	214,449
Derivative financial instruments	24	-	21,909	-	21,909
Related parties	30	5,569	52,171	5,291	52,129
Advances to suppliers	13	158,283	177,673	274,282	221,051
Other assets	14	817,068	242,901	847,695	243,439
Total current assets		5,314,111	4,548,860	5,658,592	5,078,602
Non-current assets					
Long-term investments	7	1,040,454	780,312	1,040,454	780,312
Aircraft sublease	9	-	16,210	-	16,210
Deposits	11	3,050,341	1,767,935	3,063,684	1,777,733
Taxes to recover	12	36,136	-	36,136	-
Related parties	30	443,151	148,464	1,083,007	683,763
Other assets	14	363,919	135,793	411,701	143,781
Investments	16	722,310	704,598	-	-
Property and equipment	17	1,994,915	1,946,836	3,034,554	2,295,851
Right-of-use assets	18	11,371,037	8,895,219	11,470,679	9,011,558
Intangible assets	19	555,424	463,727	778,619	682,253
Total non-current assets		19,577,687	14,859,094	20,918,834	15,391,461
Total assets		24,891,798	19,407,954	26,577,426	20,470,063





Statements of financial position

December 31, 2024 and 2023 (In thousands of Brazilian reais – R\$)

		Parent company		Consolidated	
Liabilities and equity	Note	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023
Current liabilities					
Loans and financing	20	1,063,847	683,802	2,207,199	1,100,051
Reverse factoring	23	-	290,847	-	290,847
Leases	21	4,895,012	3,325,882	5,072,903	3,471,004
Accounts payable	22	3,929,610	2,203,282	4,074,551	2,267,190
Airport taxes and fees	25	584,005	587,552	584,739	588,404
Air traffic liability and loyalty program	26	5,384,829	4,636,663	6,326,057	5,205,876
Salaries and benefits	27	497,363	•	505,978	472,453
Taxes payable	28	122,130	•	,	141,662
Derivative financial instruments	24	65,375	•	65,375	68,905
Provisions	29	670,161	734,463	•	736,430
Related parties	30	4,967,922			216,388
Other liabilities		268,904	•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	150,362
Total current liabilities		22,449,158	14,799,195	21,207,843	14,709,572
Non-current liabilities					
Loans and financing	20	534,249	577,759	12,774,218	8,598,861
Leases	21	12,320,774	9,025,206	13,622,779	10,015,668
Accounts payable	22	546,067	808,064	1,054,980	1,201,086
Airport taxes and fees	25	792,680		792,680	1,171,679
Derivative financial instruments	24	-	840	-	840
Taxes payable	28	197,764	112,287	197,764	112,287
Provisions	29	3,474,098	2,373,342	3,486,369	2,384,181
Related parties	30	10,198,374	8,493,716	1,570,407	1,578,332
Provision for loss on investment	16	2,508,253	1,348,719	-	-
Other liabilities		808,732	828,500	808,737	828,506
Total non-current liabilities		31,380,991	24,739,708	34,307,934	25,891,440
Equity	31				
Issued capital		4,798,563	4,798,563	4,798,563	4,798,563
Capital reserve		284,021	239,889		239,889
Other comprehensive income		5,917			3,106
Accumulated losses		(34,026,852)	(25,172,507)	(34,026,852)	(25,172,507)
		(28,938,351)			(20,130,949)
Total liabilities and equity		24,891,798	19,407,954	26,577,426	20,470,063





Statements of operations

Years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 (In thousands of Brazilian reais – R\$, except basic and diluted loss per share)

		Parent company Consolidated			lidated
			Years	ended	
		December 31,	December 31,	December 31,	December 31,
	Note	2024	2023	2024	2023
Passenger revenue		17,862,562	17,019,825	18,123,135	17,227,728
Other revenues		1,231,456	1,199,292	1,403,073	1,326,697
Net revenue	34	19,094,018	18,219,117	19,526,208	18,554,425
Cost of services	35	(14,107,607)	(14,995,891)	(14,310,434)	(15,178,018)
Gross profit		4,986,411	3,223,226	5,215,774	3,376,407
Selling expenses		(882,668)	(775,967)	(934,145)	(820,029)
Administrative expenses		(469,906)	(423,374)	(496,053)	(439,762)
Other income (expenses), net		(323,033)	(527,043)	(324,459)	(466,496)
	35	(1,675,607)	(1,726,384)	(1,754,657)	(1,726,287)
Equity	16	(1,946,304)	(800,822)	-	-
Operating profit		1,364,500	696,020	3,461,117	1,650,120
Financial income		223,513	200,048	246,487	216,317
Financial expenses		(3,490,976)	(4,041,611)	(4,947,147)	(5,003,603)
Derivative financial instruments, net		(119,306)	(168,249)	(119,306)	(213,209)
Foreign currency exchange, net		(6,832,076)	1,508,660	(7,494,802)	1,545,243
Financial result	36	(10,218,845)	(2,501,152)	(12,314,768)	(3,455,252)
Loss before IR and CSLL		(8,854,345)	(1,805,132)	(8,853,651)	(1,805,132)
Current income tax and social contribution	15	-	-	(694)	-
Loss for the year		(8,854,345)	(1,805,132)	(8,854,345)	(1,805,132)
Basic loss per common share – R\$	32	(1.85)	(0.38)	(1.85)	(0.38)
Diluted loss per common share – R\$	32	(1.85)	(0.38)	(1.85)	(0.38)





Statements of comprehensive (loss) income Years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 (In thousands of Brazilian reais – R\$)

	Parent company and Consolidated			
	Years ended			
	December 31, December 3			
	2024	2023		
Loss for the year	(8,854,345)	(1,805,132)		
Other comprehensive income				
Post-employment benefit	2,811	(2,175)		
Total comprehensive income	(8,851,534)	(1,807,307)		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these individual and consolidated financial statements

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Statements of changes in equity Years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 (In thousands of Brazilian reais – R\$)

Description	Note	Issued capital	Capital reserve	Other comprehensive income	Accumulated losses	Total
At December 31, 2022		4,798,563	171,508	5,281	(23,367,375)	(18,392,023)
Loss for the year Post-employment benefit	29	-	-	- (2,175)	(1,805,132)	(1,805,132) (2,175)
Total comprehensive income		-	-	(2,175)	(1,805,132)	(1,807,307)
Share-based payment (a)	33		68,381	-	-	68,381
At December 31, 2023		4,798,563	239,889	3,106	(25,172,507)	(20,130,949)
Loss for the year Post-employment benefit	29	-	-	- 2.811	(8,854,345)	(8,854,345) 2.811
Total comprehensive income		-	-	2,811	(8,854,345)	(8,851,534)
Share-based payment (a)	33		44,132			44,132
At December 31, 2024		4,798,563	284,021	5,917	(34,026,852)	(28,938,351)

Refers to the receipt of the exercise of share options and the vesting of share-based compensation plans (Stock Options and RSU), net of income tax relating to the transfer of RSU.



Statements of cash flows

Years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 (In thousands of Brazilian reais – R\$)

	Parent o	Parent company Consolidated		
		Years	ended	
	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023
Cash flows from operating activities				
Loss for the year	(8,854,345)	(1,805,132)	(8,854,345)	(1,805,132)
Result reconciliation items				
Depreciation and amortization	2,523,865	2,359,910	2,563,982	2,404,223
Gain (loss) from impairment of assets	(143,790)	(245,636)	(143,790)	(245,636)
Derivative financial results, net	119,306	168,249	119,306	213,209
Share-based payment	43,457	71,643	43,455	71,643
Foreign currency exchange, net	6,671,698	(1,498,793)	7,342,347	(1,537,290)
Financial income and expenses, net	3,278,873	3,798,736	4,701,671	4,713,739
Tax transaction	(252,757)	(400 700)	(252,757)	(405.400)
Provisions, net	(156,327)	(100,792)	(149,781)	(165,402)
Asset write-offs	(855,441)	269,486	(855,441)	269,486
Result from modification lease and provision	(221,391)	(203,827)	(221,391)	(204,017)
Result of write-offs of fixed assets, right of use, intangible assets and inventories	141,426	297,224	143,417	297,349
Sale and leaseback	(91,613)	6,356	(91,613)	6,356
Equity	1,946,304	800,822	4.045.000	4 040 500
Reconciled result	4,149,265	3,918,246	4,345,060	4,018,528
Changes in operating assets and liabilities				
Accounts receivable	(247,211)	748,520	(300,917)	876,735
Aircraft sublease	-	19,485	-	19,485
Inventories	(159,928)	(150,290)	(159,409)	(153,502)
Deposits	(453,288)	(435,132)	(455,116)	(452,877)
Taxes recoverable	(25,386)	9,089	(24,968)	9,724
Derivative financial results, net	(101,767)	32,031	(101,767)	(137,998)
Other assets	(507,901)	(120,394)	(575,515)	(128,214)
Accounts payable	630,461	(503,853)	859,425	(222,312)
Airport taxes and fees	80,370	228,494	79,824	227,996
Air traffic liability and loyalty program	1,037,862	846,522	1,409,877	1,134,387
Salaries and benefits	128,270	14,578	128,429	16,484
Taxes payable	77,322	(25,539)	77,913	(25,785)
Provisions	(420,754)	(235,944)	(423,083)	(237,456)
Other liabilities	50,744	74,839	50,679	72,589
Total changes in operating assets and liabilities	88,794	502,406	565,372	999,256
Interest paid	(1,002,690)	(1,019,159)	(1,975,626)	(1,623,902)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	3,235,369	3,401,493	2,934,806	3,393,882
Cash flows from investing activities				
Acquisition of short-term investments	(101,219)	-	(101,219)	-
Restricted cash	-	-	-	6,145
Cash received in the sale and leaseback operation	29,346	91,688	29,346	91,688
Acquisition of property and equipment	(392,651)	(464,354)	(681,329)	(464,354)
Acquisition of capitalized maintenance	(576,373)	(338,990)	(577,517)	(338,990)
Acquisition of intangible assets	(228,223)	(168,971)	(234,936)	(168,971)
Net cash used by investing activities	(1,269,120)	(880,627)	(1,565,655)	(874,482)
Cash flows from financing activities				
Loans and financing				
Proceeds	1,367,068	902,252	2,959,990	4,733,292
Repayment	(1,053,504)	(1,626,583)	(1,473,166)	(1,907,123)
Costs	(87,166)	(15,493)	(100,457)	(367,296)
Reverse factoring	(496,286)	(831,477)	(496,286)	(831,477)
Lease payment	(2,781,431)	(2,329,150)	(2,803,166)	(2,353,262)
Related parties	1,532,416	2,537,606	(153,845)	(616,097)
Capital increase	(804,480)	(205,677)		
Net cash provided (used) by financing activities	(2,323,383)	(1,568,522)	(2,066,930)	(1,341,963)
Foreing currency exchange on cash and cash equivalents	11,368	(22,806)	11,199	56,859
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(345,766)	929,538	(686,580)	1,234,296
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	1,534,002	604,464	1,894,527	660,231
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	1,188,236	1,534,002	1,207,947	1,894,527





Statements of value added

Years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 (In thousands of Brazilian reais – R\$)

		Parent company Consolidated			
			Years	ended	
	Note	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023
Gross sales revenue					
Passenger revenue	34	17,865,112	17,021,829	18,125,685	17,229,732
Other revenues	34	1,325,650	1,352,575	1,506,303	1,487,286
Expected loss with accounts receivable	8	155	(2,961)	(490)	(3,150)
,		19,190,917	18,371,443	19,631,498	18,713,868
Inputs acquired from third parties					, ,
Aircraft fuel		(5,553,075)	(5,859,974)	(5,583,503)	(5,890,485)
Materials, energy, third-party services and others		(4,914,666)	(6,205,620)	(5,042,841)	(6,249,541)
Insurances	35	(71,427)	(76,271)	(72,323)	(77,247)
	,	(10,539,168)	(12,141,865)	(10,698,667)	(12,217,273)
Gross value added		8,651,749	6,229,578	8,932,831	6,496,595
Retentions					
Depreciation and amortization	35	(2,523,865)	(2,359,910)	(2,563,982)	(2,404,223)
Impairment of assets	35	143,790	245,636	143,790	245,636
Net value added		6,271,674	4,115,304	6,512,639	4,338,008
Value added received in transfers					
Equity	16	(1,946,304)	(800,822)	_	-
Financial income	36	223,513	200,048	246,487	216,317
Other revenues		870	-	870	-
	,	(1,721,921)	(600,774)	247,357	216,317
Value added to be distributed	,	4,549,753	3,514,530	6,759,996	4,554,325
Distribution of value added:					
Personnel (a)	35				
Salaries and wages		1,732,533	1,554,042	1,771,523	1,587,377
Benefits		382,804	311,840	402,586	325,289
F.G.T.S.		155,071	136,435	158,408	139,554
		2,270,408	2,002,317	2,332,517	2,052,220
Taxes, fees and contributions					
Federal		370,694	337,375	388,581	348,743
State		51,012	52,055	52,033	53,141
Municipal		4,726	4,213	11,895	8,733
Third waster conited	,	426,432	393,643	452,509	410,617
Third party capital					
Financial expenses	36	3,490,976	4,041,611	4,947,147	5,003,603
Derivative financial instruments, net	36	119,306	168,249	119,306	213,209
Foreign currency exchange, net	36	6,832,076	(1,508,660)	7,494,802	(1,545,243)
Rentals	35	264,900 10,707,258	222,502 2,923,702	268,060 12,829,315	225,051 3,896,620
Own capital		10,707,256	2,923,702	12,029,313	3,090,020
•		(0.054.045)	(4.005.453)	(0.054.045)	(4.005.465)
Loss for the year		(8,854,345)	(1,805,132)	(8,854,345)	(1,805,132)

⁽a) Not including INSS in the amount of R\$353,801 in the parent company R\$364,125 in the consolidated, as it is in the federal tax line.

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Azul Linhas Aéreas Brasileiras S.A. Statements of value added

Years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 (In thousands of Brazilian reais – R\$)



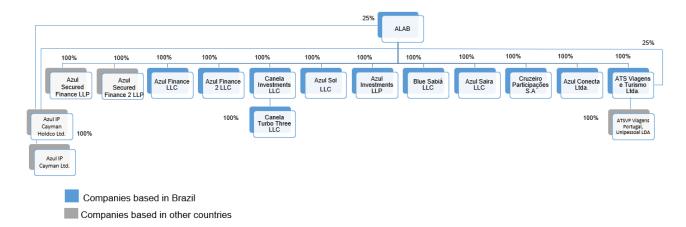
1. OPERATIONS

Azul Linhas Aéreas Brasileiras S.A. ("ALAB") together with its subsidiaries ("Company") is a corporation governed by its bylaws, as per Law 6,404/76. The ALAB was incorporated on January 4, 2008, and its core business comprises the operation of regular and non-regular airline passenger services, cargo or mail, passenger charter, provision of maintenance and hangarage services for aircraft, engines, parts and pieces, aircraft acquisition and lease, development of frequent-flyer programs, development of related activities and equity holding in other companies since the beginning of its operations on December 15, 2008.

The Company is headquartered at Avenida Marcos Penteado de Ulhôa Rodrigues, 939, 9th floor, in the city of Barueri, state of São Paulo, Brazil.

1.1 Organizational structure

The Company organizational structure as of December 31, 2024 is as follows:





The table below lists the operational activities in which the ALAB subsidiaries are engaged, as well as the changes in ownership that occurred in period, when applicable.

					%equity	/ interest
	Type of				December	December
Company	investment	Main activity	State	Country	31, 2024	31, 2023
Azul IP Cayman Holdco Ltd. (Azul Cayman Holdco)	Direct	Equity holding	George Town	Cayman Islands	25%	25%
Azul IP Cayman Ltd. (Azul Cayman)	Indirect	Intellectual property owner	George Town	Cayman Islands	100%	100%
Azul Conecta Ltda. (Conecta)	Direct	Airline operations	São Paulo	Brazil	100%	100%
ATS Viagens e Turismo Ltda. (Azul Viagens)	Direct	Travel packages	São Paulo	Brazil	100%	100%
ATSVP Viagens Portugal, Unipessoal LDA (Azul Viagens Portugal)	Indirect	Travel packages	Lisbon	Portugal	100%	100%
Azul IP Cayman Holdco Ltd. (Azul Cayman Holdco)	Indirect	Equity holding	George Town	Cayman Islands	25%	25%
Cruzeiro Participações S.A (Cruzeiro)	Direct	Equity holding	São Paulo	Brazil	100%	100%
Azul Investments LLP (Azul Investments)	Direct	Funding	Delaware	USA	100%	100%
Azul SOL LLC (Azul SOL)	Direct	Aircraft financing	Delaware	USA	100%	100%
Azul Finance LLC (Azul Finance)	Direct	Aircraft financing	Delaware	USA	100%	100%
Azul Finance 2 LLC (Azul Finance 2)	Direct	Aircraft financing	Delaware	USA	100%	100%
Blue Sabiá LLC (Blue Sabiá)	Direct	Aircraft financing	Delaware	USA	100%	100%
Canela Investments LLC (Canela)	Direct	Aircraft financing	Delaware	USA	100%	100%
Canela Turbo Three LLC (Canela Turbo)	Indirect	Aircraft financing	Delaware	USA	100%	100%
Azul Saira LLC (Azul Saira)	Direct	Aircraft financing	Delaware	USA	100%	100%
Azul Secured Finance LLP (Azul Secured)	Indirect	Funding	Delaware	USA	100%	100%
Azul Secured Finance LLP (Azul Secured 2)	Indirect	Funding	Delaware	USA	100%	-

Azul Secured 2 was incorporated in September, 2024.

1.2 Seasonality

The Company's operating revenues depend substantially on the general volume of passenger and cargo traffic, which is subject to seasonal changes. Our passenger revenues are generally higher during the summer and winter holidays, in January and July respectively, and in the last two weeks of December, which corresponds to the holiday season. Considering the distribution of fixed costs, this seasonality tends to cause variations in operating results between periods of the fiscal year.

2. GOING CONCERN

2.1 Management Statement

The Company's individual and consolidated financial statements were prepared on going concern basis, which assumes that the Company will be able to fulfill its payment obligations in accordance with contracted maturities, which is confirmed by a positive trend in generating operating cash flows.

On performing the Company's going concern assessment, management considered the financial position and results of operations up to December 31, 2024, as well as other foreseen or occurred events up to the date of issuance of these individual and consolidated financial statements. Management understands that even with the existence of a certain degree of uncertainty regarding the Company's ability to fulfill its obligations, the renegotiations carried out between the Company and its creditors, including lessors and other suppliers, as disclosed in notes 20, 21 and 40, corroborate Management's assessment of the Company's reasonable expectation of having sufficient resources to continue operating in the foreseeable future.

Additionally, Management's conclusion is based on the Company's business plan approved by the Board of Directors in December 2024 and the entire debt restructuring process described in these individual and consolidated financial statements. The Company's business plan includes future actions, macroeconomic and aviation sector assumptions, such as the level of demand for air transport with corresponding increase in fees and estimated exchange rates and fuel prices.



Management confirms that all relevant information specific to the individual and consolidated financial statements is being disclosed and corresponds to that used by it in the development of its business management activities.

2.2 Extreme weather event

During the quarter ended June 30, 2024, there was an extreme weather event with heavy rains in the central region of the State of Rio Grande do Sul in Brazil, making it impossible to provide air services due to flooding and the consequent closure of Salgado Filho Airport in Porto Alegre, the main airport in the region. The Company dedicated humanitarian efforts with the aim of supporting actions carried out by local authorities who acted in response to the emergency with the affected population. In order to face this scenario, the Company began to monitor and establish operational and financial strategies to get through this period until the resumption of operations, increasing flights to nearby cities, in order to serve affected passengers.

Since October 2024, air services gradually resumed at Salgado Filho international airport.

2.3 Tax transaction

In 2024, the Company signed an individual settlement agreement with the Attorney General's Office ("AGU"), through the Attorney General's Office of the National Treasury ("PGFN") and the Special Secretariat of the Federal Revenue of Brazil ("RFB"), for the regularization of tax debts.

The total amount of the renegotiated debts is approximately R\$2.9 billion, of which more than R\$1.8 billion will be deducted with the use of tax losses and effective reductions of interest, fines and charges, with the remaining balance, paid within 60 months for social security debts and 120 months for other debts.

As collateral, the Company offers: airport slots, media spaces on aircraft and other proprietary vehicles, current contracts with different government agencies, in addition aircraft parts and engines in second-degree.

Adherence to the tax transaction brought economic benefits to the Company, such as reductions in litigation, interest, fines, charges and the use of tax losses.

Due to the ongoing consolidation of the tax transaction, these amounts will change over the next few periods.



The movement of tax transactions is as follows:

		Consolidated					
Description	Airport taxes and fees	Taxes	pavable	Total			
		Social security	Other debts				
Renegotiated debts	1,317,815	539,255	1,021,056	2,878,126			
Reductions	(415,392)	(262,770)	(534,362)	(1,212,524)			
Use of tax losses		(193,540)	(340,686)	(534,226)			
Remaining balance	902,423	82,945	146,008	1,131,376			
At December 31, 2024							
Current	109,743	16,589	14,601	140,933			
Non-current	792,680	66,356	131,407	990,443			

The effects on the result of the tax transaction are presented below:

	Consolidated
Description	Total
Operating result Financial result	57,235 195,522
Total	252,757

2.4 Net working capital and capital structure

As of December 31, 2024, the Company's working capital and liquid equity position are as shown below:

	December 31,	December 31,	
Description	2024	2023	Variation
Net working capital	(15,549,251)	(9,630,970)	(5,918,281)
Equity	(28,938,351)	(20,130,949)	(8,807,402)

The negative variation in the balance of net working capital is mainly due to the increase in liabilities in foreign currency, due to the 27,9% devaluation of the real against the US dollar and the postponement of accounts payable and leases payments.

The negative variation of equity is mainly due to the Company's negative financial result, which exceeds by R\$8,853,652 the operating profit due to the foreign currency exchange mentioned above and interest on leases, loans and financing.



3. BASIS OF PREPARATION AND PRESENTATION OF THE INDIVIDUAL AND CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Company's individual and consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting practices adopted in Brazil and the International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB"). The accounting practices adopted in Brazil include those included in the Brazilian corporation law and the technical pronouncements, guidelines and interpretations issued by the Accounting Pronouncements Committee ("CPC"), approved by the Federal Accounting Council ("CFC") and the Brazilian Securities and Exchange Commission ("CVM").

The Company's individual and consolidated financial statements have been prepared based on the real ("R\$") as a functional and presentation currency. All currencies shown are expressed in thousands unless otherwise noted.

The Company operates mainly through its aircraft and other assets that support flight operations, making up its cash generating unit (CGU) and its only reportable segment: air transport.

The preparation of the Company's individual and consolidated financial statements requires Management to make judgments, use estimates and adopt assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenses. However, the uncertainty related to these judgments, assumptions and estimates can lead to results that require a significant adjustment to the carrying amount of assets, liabilities, income and expenses in future years.

When preparing these individual and consolidated financial statements of the Company, Management used the following disclosure criteria to understand the changes observed in the equity and in its performance, since the end of the last fiscal year ended December 31, 2023, disclosed on April 25, 2024: (i) regulatory requirements; (ii) relevance and specificity of the information; (iii) informational needs of users of the individual and consolidated financial statements; and (iv) information from other entities participating in the passenger air transport market.

As a consequence of the improvements made to the presentation of some items in the statements of cash flows and costs and expenses by nature, the following reclassifications were carried out to ensure comparability of balances from the previous year:

		Parent company			
		December 31, 2023			
Statements of Cash Flows	As reported	As reported Reclassifications Reclass			
Changes in operating assets and liabilities					
Advances to suppliers	(2,762,853)	2,762,853	-		
Accounts payable	2,259,000	(2,762,853)	(503,853)		
Total	(503,853)	-	(503,853)		



	Consolidated					
		December 31, 2023				
Statements of Cash Flows	As reported	As reported Reclassifications Recla				
Changes in operating assets and liabilities						
Advances to suppliers	(2,888,463)	2,888,463	-			
Accounts payable	2,666,151	(2,888,463)	(222,312)			
Total	(222,312)	-	(222,312)			

The individual and consolidated financial statements have been prepared based on the historical cost, except for the items significant:

Fair value:

- Long-term investments -TAP Bond; and
- Derivative financial instruments

Other:

Investments accounted for under the equity method.

3.1 Approval and authorization for issue of the individual and consolidated financial statements

The approval and authorization for issue of these individual and consolidated financial statements occurred at the Executive Board meeting held on March 31, 2025.

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND PRACTICES

The material accounting policies and practices adopted by the Company are described in each corresponding note, except those that refer to more than one note, described below. The accounting policies have been consistently applied for the comparative years presented and for the Company's individual and consolidated financial statements.

4.1 Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include information about the Company and its subsidiaries in which it held direct or indirect control. Control of a subsidiary is achieved when the Company is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns in such subsidiaries and has the power to influence the investee's operating and financial decisions.

The financial statements of the subsidiaries have been prepared using the same accounting policies as the Company.

All assets, liabilities, equity, income and expenses related to transactions between related parties are eliminated in full in the consolidation process.



4.2 Impairment

An annual review for impairment indicators to assess events or changes in economic, technological, or operating conditions that may indicate that an asset is impaired.

The recoverable amount of an asset or cash-generating unit is the higher of its fair value, less costs to sell and its value in use. When the carrying amount of an asset or cash-generating unit exceeds its recoverable amount, a provision for impairment is set up by adjusting the carrying amount.

The previously recognized impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the assumptions used to determine the asset's recoverable amount. The reversal is limited, so that the carrying amount of the asset does not exceed its recoverable amount, nor does it exceed the carrying amount previously determined, net of depreciation or amortization.

In estimating the asset's value in use, estimated future cash flows are discounted to present value, using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects the weighted average cost of capital for the cash-generating unit.

4.3 Statement of value added ("SVA")

Its purpose is to evidence the wealth generated by the Company and its distribution during a given year, and is presented by the Company as required by Brazilian corporate law as part of its individual financial statements and as supplementary information to the consolidated financial statements, as it is not an expected or mandatory statement according to IFRS standards, being prepared based on information obtained from the accounting records following the provisions contained in CPC 09 - Statement of value added.

4.4 Main accounting estimates

As disclosed in note 3, Management makes judgments that have a significant effect on the amounts recognized in the individual and consolidated financial statements, namely:

Description	Note
Provision expected loss with accounts receivable	8
Provision expected loss with inventories	10
Provision for losses with maintenance reserves	11
Provision expected loss taxes withheld	12
Provision expected loss advances to suppliers	13
Impairment of property and equipment	17
Analysis of the recoverable value of goodwill and slots	19
Revenue from ticket breakage and loyalty programs	26
Provision for return of aircraft and engines	29,1,1
Provision for tax, civil and labor risks	29,1,2
Provision for post-employment benefit	29,1,3

The Company continually reviews the assumptions used in its accounting estimates. The effect of revisions on accounting estimates is recognized in the financial statements in the year in which such revisions are made.



4.5 New relevant accounting standards, changes and interpretations effective 2024

The following accounting standards came into effect on January 1, 2024 and did not significantly impact on the Company's balance sheet or income statement.

Norm	Charge
CPC 26 – equivalent to IAS 1 CPC 06 – equivalent to IFRS 16 CPC 03 – equivalent to IAS 7 CPC 40 – equivalent to IFRS 7	Classification of liabilities as current and non-current Lease liabilities in a sale and leaseback transaction Reverse factoring Reverse factoring
CPC 09	Clarification of the requirements for applying the standard and concept for preparation and dissemination.

4.6 New relevant accounting standards, changes and interpretations effective from 2025

The following accounting standards will into force from January 1, 2025, and Management is analyzing the impacts on the Company's balance sheet or statement of operations.

Norm	Charge
CPC 02 – equivalent to IAS 21	Lack of convertibility between currencies
CPC 40 – equivalent to IFRS 7	Classification and measurement of financial instruments
CPC 48 – equivalent to IFRS 9	Classification and measurement of financial instruments
CPC 18 – equivalent to IAS 28	Application of the equity method for the measurement of investments in subsidiaries
ICPC 09	Review for writing correction and reference
IFRS 18	New presentation and disclosure requirements in financial statements
IFRS 19	Reduced disclosures for subsidiaries without public accountability

4.7 Foreign currency transactions

Foreign currency transactions are recorded at the exchange rate in effect at the date the transactions take place. Monetary assets and liabilities designated in foreign currency are determined based on the exchange rate in effect on the balance sheet date, and any difference resulting from currency conversion is recorded under the heading "Foreign currency exchange, net" in the statements of operation.

The exchange rates to Brazilian reais are as follows:

			Exchange	ge rate		
		Final rate	Average rate			
	Years ended					
	December 31,	December 31,		December 31,	December 31,	
Description	2024	2023	Variation %	2024	2023	Variation %
U.S. dollar	6.1923	4.8413	27.9%	5.8369	4.9553	17.8%
Euro	6.4363	5.3516	20.3%	6.2275	5.3325	16.8%



5. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Company considers that it has a single reportable segment: air transport. This segment corresponds to 98.7% (99.0% as of December 31, 2023) of the Company's revenues. The Company's activities have functional relationship, making them inseparable from other revenues and reflects the way in which the Company's Management analyzes financial information to make decisions. The main decision makers are the Company's directors.

The Company segregates revenues as shown below:

	Consolidated			
Revenue	December 31, 2024	%	31.12.23	%
Air transport	19,278,094	98.7%	18,374,696	99.0%
Other revenues	248,114	1.3%	179,729	1.0%
Total	19,526,208	100.%	18,554,425	100.0%

6. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

6.1 Accounting policies

Cash and cash equivalents include cash balances, bank deposits and short-term investments with immediate liquidity, which are readily convertible into a known amount of cash with an insignificant risk of change in value.

6.2 Breakdown of cash and cash equivalents

		Parent company		Consolidated	
Description	Weighted	December	December	December	December
Description	average rate p.a.	31, 2024	31, 2023	31, 2024	31, 2023
Cash and bank deposits	-	157,483	230,120	165,991	270,148
Cash equivalents					
Bank Deposit Certificate – CDB	92.1% of CDI	698,979	1,136,390	698,979	1,354,020
Repurchase agreements	94.4% of CDI	283,212	164,507	294,415	267,332
Time Deposit (a)	5.1%	48,554	2,985	48,554	2,985
Investment funds	10.8%	8	-	8	42
		1,188,236	1,534,002	1,207,947	1,894,527

⁽a) Investment in U.S. dollar.

7. SHORT AND LONG-TERM INVESTMENTS

7.1 Accounting policies

In the presentation and measurement of the financial investments, the Company considers the provisions of CPC 48 - Financial Instruments, equivalent to IFRS 9, which determines that financial assets should be initially measured at fair value less costs directly attributable to their acquisition. In turn, the subsequent measurement is divided into two categories:



7.1.1 Amortized cost

Long-term investments are measured at amortized cost when all the following conditions are met:

- The Company plans to hold the financial assets to collect cash flows set forth in contract;
- Contractual cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest ("SPPI"); and
- The Company did not opt for the fair value methodology to eliminate measurement inconsistencies or an "accounting mismatch".

7.1.2 Fair value

- <u>Through comprehensive income</u>: short and long-term investments shall be measured at fair value through comprehensive income when both of the following conditions are met:
 - (i) the Company plans to hold the financial asset to collect cash flows set forth in contract and sell the asset; and
 - (ii) contractual cash flows represent SPPI.
- <u>Through profit or loss</u>: it is a residual category, in other words, the Company does not plan to hold the financial asset to collect cash flows set forth in contract and/or sell the asset, it shall be measured at fair value through profit or loss.

Financial instruments designated at fair value through profit or loss are used to eliminate or significantly reduce an accounting mismatch and are therefore measured at fair value.

7.2 TAP Bond

On March 14, 2016, the Company acquired series A convertible debt issued by TAP ("TAP Bond") in the amount of €90 million. The TAP Bond has a maturity of 10 years from its issuance, with annual interest of 3.75% until September 20, 2016, and 7.5% in subsequent years. The accrued interest will be paid on the maturity date or early redemption of the securities, whichever occurs first.

TAP Bond is being measured at fair value through profit or loss.

7.3 Breakdown of short and long-term investments

			Parent company and Consolid		
	Weighted average		December 31,	December 31,	
Description	rate p.a.	Maturity	2024	2023	
Bond TAP	7.5%	mar/26	1,004,505	780,312	
Exclusive investment funds	12.6%	jun/26	107,847	-	
			1,112,352	780,312	
Current			71,898	700 242	
Non-current			1,040,454	780,312	



8. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

8.1 Accounting policies

Accounts receivables are measured based on the invoiced amount, net of the provision for losses, and approximate the fair value given their short-term nature.

Considering the requirements of CPC 48 - Financial Instruments, equivalent to IFRS 9, the provision for losses on receivables are measured by applying the simplified approach, through the use of historical data, projecting the expected loss over the life of the contract, by segmenting the receivables portfolio into groups that have the same pattern of collection and according to the respective maturities. Additionally, for certain cases, the Company carries out individual analyses to assess the risks of collecting the receivables to recognize an additional provision, if necessary.

8.2 Breakdown of accounts receivable

	Parent company		Consolidated	
	December	December	December	December
Description	31, 2024	31, 2023	31, 2024	31, 2023
Local currency				
Credit card companies	557,212	418,248	720,938	498,609
Cargo and travel agencies	228,053	276,896	234,036	282,654
Travel package financing entities	-	-	19	29,203
Loyalty program partners	37,497	114,932	37,497	114,932
Others	48,148	66,748	43,583	40,121
Total local currency	870,910	876,824	1,036,073	965,519
Foreign currency				
Credit card companies	19,659	18,556	19,659	18,556
Reimbursement receivable for maintenance reserves	101,487	57,528	101,487	57,528
Airline partner companies	14,455	8,612	14,455	8,612
Clearinghouse – agencies and cargo	37,748	30,533	37,748	30,533
Others	593,676	33,391	593,676	55,894
Total foreign currency	767,025	148,620	767,025	171,123
Total	1,637,935	1,025,444	1,803,098	1,136,642
Allowance for losses	(25,084)	(25,239)	(27,724)	(27,234)
Total net	1,612,851	1,000,205	1,775,374	1,109,408

The increase in "Other" accounts receivable in foreign currency mainly refers to contractual quarantees from aeronautical manufacturers and sale and leaseback operations.

In Brazil, credit card receivables are not exposed to credit risk of the cardholder. The balances can easily be converted into cash, when necessary, through advance payment with credit card companies.

During the year ended December 31, 2024, the Company anticipated the receipt of R\$11,398,429 in accounts receivable from credit card administrators, without right of return, with an average cost of 0.9% p.m. on the anticipated amount. On the same date, the balance of accounts receivable is net of R\$4,434,864 due to such advances (R\$3,349,391 on December 31, 2023).



The breakdown of accounts receivable by maturity, net of allowances for losses:

	Parent c	ompany	Consolidated		
	December	December	December	December	
Description	31, 2024	31, 2023	31, 2024	31, 2023	
Not past due (a)					
Up to 90 days	618,665	750,953	682,785	802,461	
91 to 360 days	458,858	112,627	553,415	167,685	
	1,077,523	863,580	1,236,200	970,146	
Past due (a)					
Up to 90 days	307,415	119,389	311,261	122,041	
91 to 360 days	219,495	16,337	219,495	16,337	
Over 360 days	8,418	899	8,418	884	
	535.328	136.625	539,174	139,262	

⁽a) Such balances were segregated in the disclosure on December 31, 2023.

As of January 31, 2025, of the total amount due, R\$68,024 has been received.

The movement of allowances for losses is presented below:

	Parent company		Consolidated	
	December	December	December	December
Description	31, 2024	31, 2023	31, 2024	31, 2023
Balances at the beginning of the year	(25,239)	(22,278)	(27,234)	(24,084)
Additions	(24,642)	(30,887)	(27,643)	(34,183)
Reversal	24,475	27,027	26,051	29,098
Write-off of uncollectible amounts	322	899	1,102	1,935
Balances at the end of the year	(25,084)	(25,239)	(27,724)	(27,234)

9. AIRCRAFT SUBLEASE

9.1 Accounting policies

The aircraft subleases are transactions whereby the lessee, in this case the Company, subleases an asset that is leased from a third party, thus becoming an intermediate lessor. CPC 06 (R2) – Leases, equivalent to IFRS 16, requires an intermediate lessor to classify the sublease as finance or operating.

Considering that the contracts entered by the Company covered most of the term of the head lease, the subleases were accounted for as follows:

- Derecognition of the right-of-use asset related to the head lease and recognition of the receivables arising from the sublease contracts at present value;
- Recognition in profit or loss for the year of any difference between the right of use written off and the receivables arising from the sublease contract at present value;
- Maintenance of the lease obligations of the host contract in the statement of financial position;



Recognition of financial income over the term of the sublease, and
Recognition of financial expenses relating to obligations of the host lease contract.

As of December 31, 2024, the Company did not have any sublease (3 aircraft of December 31, 2023).

9.2 Breakdown of aircraft sublease

	Parent company	and Consolidated
	December 31,	December 31,
Description	2024	2023
2024		- 15,386
2025		- 15,386
2026		- 4,001
Gross sublease		- 34,773
Accrued interest		- (3,971)
Net sublease		- 30,802
Current		- 14,592
Non-current		- 16,210

10. INVENTORIES

10.1 Accounting policies

Inventory balances mainly comprise parts and materials for maintenance. Inventories are measured at average acquisition cost plus expenses such as non-recoverable taxes, customs expenses, and transportation expenses. Expenses with freight transfers between operational bases are not capitalized. Provisions for obsolescence of inventories are recorded for items not expected to be realized.

10.2 Breakdown of inventories

	Parent company		Consolidated	
	December	December	December	December
Description	31, 2024	31, 2023	31, 2024	31, 2023
Maintenance materials and parts	953,202	811,481	966,701	825,499
Flight attendance, uniforms and others	30,430	21,367	30,430	21,367
Provision for losses	(53,553)	(47,658)	(53,553)	(47,658)
Total net	930,079	785,190	943,578	799,208



11. DEPOSITS

11.1 Accounting policies

11.1.1 Security deposits

Security deposits are represented by amounts deposited by the Company, mostly to the lessors of aircraft and engines, as guarantee for the fulfillment of the lease contract. Security deposits do not bear interest and are reimbursable at the end of the contracts. Judicial deposits are also classified in this group.

11.1.2 Maintenance reserves

Certain master lease agreements provide for the payment of aircraft and engine maintenance reserves made to be held as collateral for the performance of major maintenance activities, and therefore these deposits are reimbursable upon completion of the maintenance event in an amount equal to or less than:

- the amount of the maintenance reserve held by the lessor associated with the specific maintenance event; or
- the costs related to the specific maintenance event.

Substantially all these maintenance reserve payments are calculated based on an aircraft utilization measure, such as flight hours or cycles.

As of the date of these individual and consolidated financial statements, we assess whether the maintenance reserve deposits required by the master lease agreements are expected to be recovered through reimbursement of future expenses with carrying out with the performance of qualifying maintenance on the leased assets. Maintenance deposits expected to be recovered are held in assets, and the amounts identified as non-recoverable are readily transferred to statement of operations.

Aircraft and engine maintenance reserves are classified as current or non-current depending on the dates on which the amounts are expected to be recovered.



(In thousands of Brazilian reais – R\$, unless otherwise indicated)

11.2 Breakdown of deposits

	Parent c	ompany	Consolidated			
	December 31,	December 31,	December 31,	December 31,		
Description	2024	2023	2024	2023		
Security deposits	674,693	401,133	687,932	410,665		
Maintenance reserves	2,941,851	2,153,042	2,942,716	2,153,310		
Total	3,616,544	2,554,175	3,630,648	2,563,975		
Provision for loss	(238,088)	(278,352)	(238,088)	(278,352)		
Total net	3,378,456	2,275,823	3,392,560	2,285,623		
Current	328,115	507,888	328,876	507,890		
Non-current	3,050,341	1,767,935	3,063,684	1,777,733		

The movement of security deposits and maintenance reserves is as follows:

		Parent company			
Description	Security deposits	Maintenance reserves	Total		
At December 31, 2022	356,096	2,164,602	2,520,698		
Additions Returns Provision movement Use by the lessor Foreign currency exchange	217,289 (151,623) - - (20,629)	357,484 (417,725) 135,284 (221,054) (143,901)	574,773 (569,348) 135,284 (221,054) (164,530)		
At December 31, 2023	401,133	1,874,690	2,275,823		
Additions Returns Provision movement Use by the lessor Foreign currency exchange	219,230 (47,876) - - 102,206	396,805 (183,923) 113,149 (41,042) 544,084	616,035 (231,799) 113,149 (41,042) 646,290		
At December 31, 2024	674,693	2,703,763	3,378,456		
At December 31, 2024 Current Non-current	113,038 561,655	215,077 2,488,686	328,115 3,050,341		
At December 31, 2023 Current Non-current	56,985 344,148	450,903 1,423,787	507,888 1,767,935		



(In thousands of Brazilian reais – R\$, unless otherwise indicated)

		Consolidated	
	Security	Maintenance	
Description	deposits	reserves	Total
At December 31, 2022	366,474	2,164,602	2,531,076
Additions	234,760	357,759	592,519
Returns	(169,212)	(417,725)	(586,937)
Provision movement	-	135,284	135,284
Use by the lessor	-	(221,054)	(221,054)
Foreign currency exchange	(21,357)	(143,908)	(165,265)
At December 31, 2023	410,665	1,874,958	2,285,623
Additions	220,582	397,277	617,859
Returns	(48,133)	(183,923)	(232,056)
Provision movement	-	113,149	113,149
Use by the lessor	-	(41,042)	(41,042)
Foreign currency exchange	104,818	544,209	649,027
At December 31, 2024	687,932	2,704,628	3,392,560
At December 31, 2024			
Current	113,799	215,077	328,876
Non-current	574,133	2.489.551	3.063.684
	07 -1,100	2,400,001	0,000,004
At December 31, 2023		.== == :	
Current	56,986	450,904	507,890
Non-current	353,679	1,424,054	1,777,733

The movement of provision for loss of maintenance reserves is as follows:

		mpany and lidated
Description	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023
Balances at the beginning of the year Movements	(278,352)	(446,342)
Additions (a)	(74,324)	(208,287)
Reversals (a)	149,873	163,498
Use by the lessor	37,600	180,073
	113,149	135,284
Foreign currency exchange	(72,885)	32,706
Balances at the end of the year	(238,088)	(278,352)

⁽a) Such balances refer to the "Additions" line disclosed on December 31, 2023.

12. TAXES RECOVERABLE

12.1 Accounting policies

Recoverable taxes represent rights that will be realized, for the most part, through offsets against taxes payable arising from the Company's operating activities. The Company continually reviews the realizability of these assets. When necessary, provisions are made to ensure that these assets are accounted for at their realizable value.



12.2 Breakdown of taxes recoverable

	Parent company		Consolidated	
Description	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023
2000 Ipiloti	01, 2021	01, 2020	01, 2021	01, 2020
PIS and COFINS	76,396	73,029	76,420	73,029
IRPJ and CSLL	-	3,343	28	3,398
ICMS	51,908	18,602	53,018	19,940
Taxes withheld	108,994	116,548	114,443	121,149
Allowance for withheld taxes losses	-	-	(4,972)	(3,875)
Others	850	807	850	808
	238,148	212,329	239,787	214,449
Current	202.012	212,329	203,651	214.449
Non-current	36,136	212,329	36,136	-

13. ADVANCE TO SUPPLIERS

13.1 Accounting policies

Advances to suppliers represent the advance payment for goods or services that will be delivered in the future and are recognized at the time such amounts are paid. Such amounts are presented net of provision for losses.

13.2 Breakdown of advances to suppliers

	Parent c	Parent company		idated
	December	December December		December
Description	31, 2024	31, 2023	31, 2024	31, 2023
Local currency	84,751	87,903	138,352	124,866
Foreign currency	138,551	115,241	205,203	124,861
Provision for losses (a)	(65,019)	(25,471)	(69,273)	(28,676)
	158,283	177,673	274,282	221,051

⁽a) Such balances were presented net in the amount of R\$6,424 and R\$19,046 in the national currency and foreign currency lines, respectively, in the Parent Company and in the amount of R\$6,424 and R\$22,252 in the national currency and Foreign currency lines, respectively, in the Consolidated disclosed on December 31, 2023.

The movement of the provision for losses on advances from suppliers is presented below:

	Parent c	Parent company		lidated
Description	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023
Balances at the beginning of the year	25,471	23,057	28,676	23,057
Additions	43,468	18,350	46,559	21,556
Reversal	(3,920)	(15,936)	(5,962)	(15,937)
Balances at the end of the year	65,019	25,471	69,273	28,676



14. OTHER ASSETS

14.1 Composition of other assets

	Parent co	mpany	Consolidated		
	December 31,	December 31,	December 31,	December 31,	
Description	2024	2023	2024	2023	
Insurances	94.975	79.869	95.326	80.166	
Maintenance	724.668	192.214	737.297	192.214	
Others	361.344	106.611	426.773	114.840	
Total	1.180.987	378.694	1.259.396	387.220	
Current	817.068	242.901	847.695	243.439	
Non-current	363.919	135.793	411.701	143.781	

15. INCOME TAX AND CONTRIBUTION

15.1 Accounting policies

15.1.1 Current taxes

In Brazil, current taxes comprise corporate income tax ("IRPJ") and social contribution on profit ("CSLL"), which are calculated monthly based on taxable profit, after offsetting tax losses and negative basis social contribution, limited to 30% of real profit. A rate of 15% plus an additional 10% for IRPJ and 9% for CSLL applies to this base.

The result from foreign subsidiaries is subject to taxation in accordance with the rates and legislation in force. In Brazil such income is taxed in accordance with Law No. 12,973/14, in which it provides that the parent company, directly or indirectly, of a company abroad adds the results of its subsidiaries when calculating the real profit for the period.

15.1.2 Deferred taxes

Deferred taxes represent credits and debits on tax loss carryforwards, as well as temporary differences between the tax and accounting bases. Deferred tax and contribution assets and liabilities are classified as non-current. When the Company's internal studies indicate that the future use of these credits is not likely, such values are promptly transferred to the result.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are presented net if there is a legally enforceable right to set off tax liabilities against tax assets, and if they are related to taxes levied by the same tax authority on the same taxable entity; therefore, for presentation purposes, balances of tax assets and liabilities which do not meet the legal criteria for realization are disclosed separately. Deferred tax assets and liabilities shall be measured at the rates that are expected to be applicable in the period in which the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on the tax rates and legislation in force at the reporting date. The projections for future taxable profits on tax loss carryforwards are prepared based on the business plans and are reviewed and approved annually by the Board of Directors.



15.1.3 Uncertainty over income tax treatments

On January 1, 2019, the accounting standard ICPC 22 – Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments, equivalent to IFRIC 23, became effective, addressing the application of recognition and measurement requirements when there is uncertainty over income tax treatments.

The Company analyzes the relevant tax decisions of higher courts and whether they conflict in any way with the positions adopted. For known uncertain tax positions, when necessary, the Company establishes a provision based on the legal opinions issued by its legal advisors. The Company evaluates continuously the positions taken in which there are uncertainties about the tax treatment adopted.

15.2 Breakdown of deferred taxes

	Parent company and Consolidated		
	December	Profit or	December
Description	31, 2023	loss	31, 2024
Deffered liabilities			
Breakage	(195,923)	(98,496)	(294,419)
Leases	(3,034,585)	(831,567)	(3,866,152)
Others	(1,057)	(956)	(2,013)
Total	(3,231,565)	(931,019)	(4,162,584)
Deffered assets (a)			
Allowance for losses	48,889	(46,697)	2,192
Financial instruments	21,112	1,116	22,228
Provisions	1,402,282	363,780	1,766,062
Leases	4,199,370	1,653,998	5,853,368
	5,671,653	1,972,197	7,643,850
Deferred tax asset reducer	(2,440,088)	(1,041,178)	(3,481,266)
Total	3,231,565	931,019	4,162,584
Total income tax and deferred social contribution	-	-	-

⁽a) Such balances were totaled in the disclosure on December 31, 2023.



15.3 Reconciliation of the effective income tax rate

	Parent of	Parent company		lidated
	Years ended			
	December 31,	December 31,	December 31,	December 31,
Description	2024	2023	2024	2023
Profit loss income tax and social contribution	(8,854,345)	(1,805,132)	(8,853,651)	(1,805,132)
Combined nominal tax rate	34%	34%	34%	34%
Taxes calculated at nominal rates	3,010,477	613,745	3,010,241	613,745
Adjustments to determine the effective rate				
Equity	(661,743)	(272,279)	-	-
Unrecorded benefit on tax losses and temporary differences (a)	(1,994,470)	(427,668)	(2,674,796)	(718,016)
Permanent differences	(354,264)	86,202	(355,248)	79,894
Others (b)		-	19,109	24,377
	-	-	(694)	
Current income tax and social contribution		-	(694)	_
	-	-	(694)	-

⁽a) Such balances refer to the line "Result from investments not taxed abroad" and "Unrecorded benefit on tax losses and temporary differences" disclosed on December 31, 2023.

The Company has tax losses that are available indefinitely for offset against 30% of future taxable profits on which deferred income tax and social contribution assets have not been created, as it is not likely that future taxable profits will be available for the Company to use them, as below:

	Parent c	Parent company		Consolidated	
	December 31,	December 31,	December 31,	December 31,	
Description	2024	2023	2024	2023	
Tax losses and negative bases	19,503,820	16,958,712	19,676,371	17,113,067	
Tax loss (25%) Negative social contribution base (9%)	4,875,955 1,755,344	,,	,,	, -, -	

16. INVESTMENTS

16.1 Accounting policies

In the individual financial statements, investments represent the Company's equity interest in subsidiaries. Investments are initially stated at cost and subsequently adjusted using the equity method. The Company does not have equity interests in companies over which it does not hold the control.

⁽b) Such balances refer to the line "Rate differential" and "Others" disclosed on December 31, 2023.



(In thousands of Brazilian reais – R\$, unless otherwise indicated)

16.2 Movement investments

Description	December 31, 2023	Equity	Capital increase	December 31, 2024
Conecta	222,815	(40,571)	12,600	194,844
Azul Viagens	264,399	24,305	-	288,704
Azul Secured	(515,619)	(1,491,183)	-	(2,006,802)
Azul Secured 2	-	(61,659)	-	(61,659)
Azul Investments	(833,101)	(215,883)	609,191	(439,793)
Azul Finance	95,964	(143,432)	171,210	123,742
Azul Finance 2	102,382	(1,937)	11,404	111,849
Canela	19,039	(15,944)	77	3,172
	(644,121)	(1,946,304)	804,482	(1,785,943)
Investment	704,598			722,310
Provision for loss with investment	(1,348,719)			(2,508,253)

Description	December 31, 2022	Equity	Capital increase	December 31, 2023
Conecta	125.979	10.993	85.843	222.815
Azul Viagens	196.886	67.513	-	264.399
Azul Secured	-	(515.619)	-	(515.619)
Azul Investments	(500.831)	(353.508)	21.238	(833.101)
Azul Finance	23.886	(8.664)	80.742	95.964
Azul Finance 2	84.551	(23)	17.854	102.382
Canela	20.553	(1.514)	-	19.039
	(48.976)	(800.822)	205.677	(644.121)
Investment	451.854			704.598
Provision for loss with investment	(500.830)			(1.348.719)

17. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

17.1 Accounting policies

Property and equipment are stated at acquisition cost.

Depreciation is calculated according to the estimated economic useful life of each assets using the straight-line method. The estimates and depreciation methods are reviewed annually, and the effects of any changes are accounted for prospectively.

When there are indications of assets recorded with values that exceed their recovery values, the Company must estimate the recoverable value of the asset.

An item of property and equipment is derecognized upon its disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from the use of the asset. Any gains or losses arising on the sale or derecognition of an item are determined by the difference between the amount received on the sale and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognized in statements of operation.



The Company receives credit from manufacturers when purchasing certain aircraft and engines, which can be used to pay for maintenance services. These credits are recorded as a reduction in the acquisition cost of aircraft and related engines.

17.1.1 Sales and leaseback transactions

First, sale and leaseback transactions are analyzed within the scope of CPC 47– Revenue from Contracts with Customers, equivalent to IFRS 15, in order to verify whether the performance obligation has been satisfied, and therefore to account for the sale of the asset. If this requirement is not met, it is financing with the asset given as guarantee.

If the requirements related to the performance obligation set out are met, the Company measures a right-of-use asset arising from the sale and leaseback transaction in proportion to the carrying amount of the asset related to the right of use retained by the Company. Accordingly, only the gains or losses related to the rights transferred to the buyer-lessor are recognized.

During the year ended December 31, 2024, the Company carried out "sale and leaseback" transactions of three engines and two aircraft, where the revenue, net of sales costs, corresponds to a gain of R\$91,613 (loss of R\$6,356 on December 31, 2023) being recognized under the heading "Other costs of services provided".

17.1.2 Advance payments for acquisition of aircraft

Prepayments for the acquisition of aircraft during the manufacturing phase are recorded in fixed assets and are recognized when such amounts are paid.



(In thousands of Brazilian reais – R\$, unless otherwise indicated)

17.2 Breakdown of property and equipment

		Parent company							
	Weighted								
	average	December				December			
Description	rate (p.a.)	31, 2023	Acquisitions	Write-offs	Transfers (b)	31, 2024			
Cost									
Maintenance materials and parts (a)		2,027,571	329,925	(191,534)	(43,138)	2,122,824			
Equipment		188,993	20,378	(5,124)	818	205,065			
Aircraft, engines and simulators (a)		445,488	316,014	(533,279)	-	228,223			
Improvements		553,755	59,784	(24,445)	65,468	654,562			
Maintenance (a)		47,596	75,692	(34,551)	-	88,737			
Others		28,532	2,794	(3,606)	-	27,720			
Construction in progress		93,319	61,266	(63,592)	(31,681)	59,312			
Advance payments for acquisition of airc	craft		40,280	-	-	40,280			
		3,385,254	906,133	(856,131)	(8,533)	3,426,723			
Depreciation									
Maintenance materials and parts (a)	8%	(779,819)	(163,438)	53,109	-	(890,148)			
Equipment	13%	(119,231)	(24,502)	4,685	-	(139,048)			
Aircraft, engines and simulators (a)	5%	(164,162)	(21,424)	64,084	-	(121,502)			
Improvements	12%	(188,900)	(68,193)	23,752	-	(233,341)			
Maintenance	25%	(19,616)	(12,101)	5,686	-	(26,031)			
Others	9%	(22,900)	(2,435)	3,597	-	(21,738)			
		(1,294,628)	(292,093)	154,913	-	(1,431,808)			
Property and equipment		2,090,626	614,040	(701,218)	(8,533)	1,994,915			
Impairment		(143,790)	-	143,790	-				
Total property and equipment, net		1,946,836	614,040	(557,428)	(8,533)	1,994,915			

⁽a) Such balances refer to the "Aircraft" line disclosed on December 31, 2023.

⁽b) The transfer balances are to the group "Right-of-use assets".

			Parent co	mpany		
	Weighted					
	average	December				December
Description	rate (p.a.)	31, 2022	Acquisitions	Write-offs	Transfers (b)	31, 2023
Cost						
Aircraft (a)		2,504,485	386,765	(392,030)	21,435	2,520,655
Improvements		523,115	103,409	(97,127)	24,358	553,755
Equipment and facilities		217,409	28,468	(56,884)	-	188,993
Others		31,179	2,269	(4,916)	-	28,532
Construction in progress		42,252	88,206	(13,984)	(23,155)	93,319
Advance payments for acquisition of airc	craft	-	3,846	-	(3,846)	-
		3,318,440	612,963	(564,941)	18,792	3,385,254
Depreciation				, ,		
Aircraft (a)	8%	(877,477)	(205,331)	119,211	-	(963,597)
Improvements	14%	(214,299)	(71,607)	97,006	-	(188,900)
Equipment and facilities	11%	(150,753)	(24,485)	56,007	-	(119,231)
Others	9%	(25,145)	(2,673)	4,918	-	(22,900)
		(1,267,674)	(304,096)	277,142	-	(1,294,628)
Property and equipment		2,050,766	308,867	(287,799)	18,792	2,090,626
Impairment		(279,077)	_	135,287		(1/13 700)
III pail III e II		(219,011)	-	133,267	-	(143,790)
Total property and equipment, net		1,771,689	308,867	(152,512)	18,792	1,946,836

⁽a) Includes aircraft, engines, simulators, and flight equipment.

⁽b) The transfer balances are between groups "Property and equipment", "Right-of-use assets" and "Intangible".

			Consolid	lated		
	Weighted					
	average	December			(b)	December
Description	rate (p.a.)	31, 2023	Acquisitions	Write-offs	Transfers (b)	31, 2024
Cost						
Maintenance materials and parts (a)		2,036,144	332,469	(191,944)	(43,654)	2,133,015
Equipment		195,810	21,356	(5,124)	818	212,860
Aircraft, engines and simulators (a)		593,953	323,056	(533,279)	552	384,282
Improvements		555,412	59,848	(24,445)	69,809	660,624
Maintenance (a)		44,016	75,692	(34,551)	-	85,157
Others		29,231	2,877	(3,606)	-	28,502
Construction in progress		96,095	64,822	(65,582)	(36,021)	59,314
Advance payments for acquisition of air	craft	298,040	738,334	-	-	1,036,374
		3,848,701	1,618,454	(858,531)	(8,496)	4,600,128
Depreciation						
Maintenance materials and parts (a)	8%	(785,204)	(164,285)	53,518	-	(895,971)
Equipment	13%	(120,860)	(25,310)	4,685	-	(141,485)
Aircraft, engines and simulators (a)	7%	(271,104)	(39,385)	64,084	-	(246,405)
Improvements	12%	(188,987)	(68,273)	23,752	-	(233,508)
Maintenance	27%	(19,616)	(12,101)	5,686	-	(26,031)
Others	8%	(23,289)	(2,482)	3,597	-	(22,174)
		(1,409,060)	(311,836)	155,322	-	(1,565,574)
Property and equipment		2,439,641	1,306,618	(703,209)	(8,496)	3,034,554
Impairment		(143,790)	-	143,790	-	
Total property and equipment, net		2,295,851	1,306,618	(559,419)	(8,496)	3,034,554

⁽a) Such balances refer to the "Aircraft" line disclosed on December 31, 2023.

⁽b) The transfer balances are between the groups ""Right-of-use assets" and "Intangible".

(In thousands of Brazilian reais – R\$, unless otherwise indicated)

		Consolidated					
Description	Weighted average rate (p.a.)	December 31, 2022	Acquisitions	Write-offs	Transfers (b)	December 31, 2023	
Cost							
Aircraft ^(a)		2,656,771	388,247	(392,148)	21,243	2,674,113	
Improvements		524,075	104,167	(97,188)	24,358	555,412	
Equipment and facilities		222,482	30,296	(56,968)	-	195,810	
Others		32,205	2,340	(5,314)	-	29,231	
Construction in progress		44,243	88,991	(13,984)	(23,155)	96,095	
Advance payments for acquisition of airc	craft	109,487	192,399	-	(3,846)	298,040	
		3,589,263	806,440	(565,602)	18,600	3,848,701	
Depreciation							
Aircraft (a)	9%	(965,066)	(230,143)	119,285	-	(1,075,924)	
Improvements	14%	(214,411)	(71,643)	97,067	-	(188,987)	
Equipment and facilities	11%	(151,732)	(25,139)	56,011	-	(120,860)	
Others	8%	(25,888)	(2,715)	5,314	-	(23,289)	
		(1,357,097)	(329,640)	277,677	-	(1,409,060)	
Property and equipment		2,232,166	476,800	(287,925)	18,600	2,439,641	
Impairment		(279,077)	-	135,287	-	(143,790)	
Total property and equipment, net		1,953,089	476,800	(152,638)	18,600	2,295,851	

⁽a) Includes aircraft, engines, simulators and flight equipment.

18. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS

18.1 Accounting policies

CPC 06 (R2) – Leases, equivalent to IFRS 16, establishes the principles for the recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of leasing operations and requires lessees at the start date of the contract to recognize a lease liability to make payments and an asset representing the right to use the underlying asset during the lease term ("ROU"). Lessees must separately recognize interest expenses on the lease liability and the depreciation expense of the right-of-use asset in the statements of operation.

Lessees are also required to reassess the lease liability in the event of certain events, for example, change in the lease term, or a change in future lease payment flows as a result of a change in an index or rate used to determine such payments. In general, the lessee must recognize the remeasurement amount of the lease liability as an adjustment to the right-of-use asset.

Considering the dollar-denominated environment in which the Company raises funds, in determining the discount, the Company used as a basis the funding rates for loans and financing in foreign currency on the start and/or modification dates of the lease agreements.

⁽b) Transfer balances are between the groups "Property and equipment", "Right-of-use assets" and "Intangible"



18.1.1 Componentization of aircraft

At the receipt and initial recognition of right-of-use assets, the Company allocates the total cost of the aircraft between five major components: airframe, auxiliary power unit ("APU"), or propeller landing gear and two engines. The useful life of each component is limited to the final term of the contract/and or the estimated useful life of the asset component, the smaller of the two.

18.1.2 Capitalization of heavy maintenance events

Heavy maintenance events that increase the useful life of assets are capitalized. Such contracts are usually of the "power-by-the-hour" type, in which the amounts owed to maintenance providers are calculated based on the flight hours and cycles.

Subsequently, they are depreciated during the period of use considering the shorter period between the next scheduled maintenance or the end of the lease of the two. Repairs and other routine maintenance are appropriate to the results during the year in which they are incurred.

18.1.3 Recognition of contractual obligations relating to return of aircraft

The costs resulting from the maintenance events that will be carried out to return of the aircraft to the lessors are recognized at present value, increasing the value of the asset as a balancing item to an obligation, if they can be reasonably estimated. Assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the lease contract term, while liabilities are updated by interest rates and exchange effects.

18.2 Breakdown of right-of-use assets

		Parent company					
Description	Weighted average rate (p.a.)	December 31, 2023	Acquisitions	Write-offs	Modifications	Transfers ^(a)	December 31, 2024
Cost							
Aircraft, engines and simulators		14,154,686	2,701,036	(439,430)	248,712	66,248	16,731,252
Maintenance		1,552,036	744,988	(105,738)	(12,390)	-	2,178,896
Restoration		1,694,601	713,649	(56,491)	(208,098)	-	2,143,661
Others		310,748	64,138	(40,407)	1,827	-	336,306
		17,712,071	4,223,811	(642,066)	30,051	66,248	21,390,115
Depreciation							
Aircraft, engines and simulators	8%	(7,391,251)	(1,169,674)	439,430	-	-	(8,121,495)
Maintenance	23%	(616,379)	(362,563)	95,121	-	-	(883,821)
Restoration	26%	(700,778)	(444,458)	54,633	211,506	-	(879,097)
Others	19%	(108,444)	(58,074)	31,853	-	-	(134,665)
		(8,816,852)	(2,034,769)	621,037	211,506	-	(10,019,078)
Right-of-use assets, net		8,895,219	2,189,042	(21,029)	241,557	66,248	11,371,037

(a) The transfer balances are between the group "Property and equipment".

(In thousands of Brazilian reais – R\$, unless otherwise indicated)

		Parent company						
Description	Weighted average rate (p.a.)	December 31, 2022	Acquisitions	Write-offs	Modifications	Transfers (b)	December 31, 2023	
Cost								
		40.050.050	4 000 407	(004.400)	4 004 755	44.004	44454000	
Aircraft ^(a)		12,656,250	1,063,167	(861,120)	1,281,755	14,634	14,154,686	
Maintenance of aircraft and engines		1,938,788	568,874	(892,072)	(30,128)	(33,426)	1,552,036	
Restoration of aircraft and engines		1,815,486	501,864	(455,967)	(166,782)	-	1,694,601	
Others		214,758	19,724	-	76,266	-	310,748	
		16,625,282	2,153,629	(2,209,159)	1,161,111	(18,792)	17,712,071	
Depreciation								
Aircraft (a)	7%	(7,245,762)	(942,566)	797,077	_	_	(7,391,251)	
Maintenance of aircraft and engines	17%	(1,159,612)	(327,401)	870,634	-	-	(616,379)	
Restoration of aircraft and engines	31%	(628,352)	(557,431)	455,967	29,038	-	(700,778)	
Others	23%	(58,921)	(49,648)	125	-	-	(108,444)	
		(9,092,647)	(1,877,046)	2,123,803	29,038	-	(8,816,852)	
Right-of-use assets		7,532,635	276,583	(85,356)	1,190,149	(18,792)	8,895,219	
Impairment		(110,349)	-	110,349	-	-		
Right-of-use assets, net		7,422,286	276,583	24,993	1,190,149	(18,792)	8,895,219	

(a) The transfer balances are between the group "Property and equipment", "Right-of-use assets" and "Intangible".

		Consolidated						
Description	Weighted average rate (p.a.)	December 31, 2023	Acquisitions	Write-offs	Modifications	Transfers (a)	December 31, 2024	
Cost								
Aircraft, engines and simulators		14,279,939	2,701,036	(439,430)	248,712	66,248	16,856,505	
Maintenance		1,552,036	744,988	(105,738)	(12,390)	-	2,178,896	
Restoration		1,699,610	713,649	(56,491)	(208,098)	-	2,148,670	
Others		324,650	64,138	(40,407)	2,544	-	350,925	
		17,856,235	4,223,811	(642,066)	30,768	66,248	21,534,996	
Depreciation								
Aircraft, engines and simulators	8%	(7,417,554)	(1,185,460)	439,430	-	-	(8,163,584)	
Maintenance	23%	(616,379)	(362,563)	95,121	-	-	(883,821)	
Restoration	26%	(701,501)	(445,171)	54,633	211,506	-	(880,533)	
Others	18%	(109,243)	(58,989)	31,853	-	-	(136,379)	
		(8,844,677)	(2,052,183)	621,037	211,506	-	(10,064,317)	
Right-of-use assets, net		9,011,558	2,171,628	(21,029)	242,274	66,248	11,470,679	

(a) The transfer balances are between the groups "Aircraft sublease", "Inventories", "Other assets" and "Property and equipment"



(In thousands of Brazilian reais – R\$, unless otherwise indicated)

				Consolidate	d		
Description	Weighted average rate (p.a.)	December 31, 2022	Acquisitions	Write-offs	Modifications	Transfers (b)	December 31, 2023
Cost							
		40.750.004	4 000 407	(000 055)	4 004 755	45.540	44.070.000
Aircraft ^(a)		12,753,324	1,063,167	(833,855)	1,281,755	15,548	, ,
Maintenance of aircraft and engines		1,938,788	568,874	(892,072)	(30,128)	(33,426)	1,552,036
Restoration of aircraft and engines		1,819,438	501,864	(455,967)	(165,725)	-	1,699,610
Others		226,621	21,763	-	76,266	-	324,650
		16,738,171	2,155,668	(2,181,894)	1,162,168	(17,878)	17,856,235
Depreciation							
Aircraft (a)	8%	(7,228,226)	(958,351)	769,937	-	(914)	(7,417,554)
Maintenance of aircraft and engines	17%	(1,159,612)	(327,401)	870,634	-	-	(616,379)
Restoration of aircraft and engines	31%	(628,522)	(557,984)	455,967	29,038	-	(701,501)
Others	22%	(58,914)	(50,329)	-	-	-	(109,243)
		(9,075,274)	(1,894,065)	2,096,538	29,038	(914)	(8,844,677)
Right-of-use assets		7,662,897	261,603	(85,356)	1,191,206	(18,792)	9,011,558
Impairment		(110,349)	-	110,349	_	-	_
Right-of-use assets, net		7,552,548	261,603	24,993	1,191,206	(18,792)	9,011,558

⁽a) Includes aircraft, engines, and simulators.

19. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

19.1 Accounting policies

19.1.1 Finite useful life

Intangible assets acquired are measured at cost at the time of their initial recognition. After initial recognition, intangible assets with finite useful lives, generally software, are stated at cost, less accumulated amortization, and accumulated impairment losses, where applicable. Intangible assets generated internally, excluding development costs, are not capitalized and the expense is reflected in the statements of operations for the year when it was incurred.

19.1.2 Indefinite useful life

19.1.2.1 Goodwill

This category records the values corresponding to the goodwill arising from the business combinations of IntelAzul and Conecta. The goodwill value is tested annually by comparing the carrying value of the CGU with the value in use. Management makes judgments and establishes assumptions to assess the impact of macroeconomic and operational changes, to estimate future cash flows and measure the recoverable value of assets.

⁽b) The balances of transfers are between groups "Property and equipment", "Right-of-use assets" and "Intangible."



19.1.2.2 Rights of operations in airports (slots)

In the business combination of IntelAzul and Conecta, slots were acquired that were recognized at their fair values on the acquisition date and are not amortized. The estimated useful life of these rights was considered indefinite due to several factors and considerations, including applications and authorizations for permission to operate in Brazil and limited availability of operating rights at the most important airports in terms of air traffic volume. The value of slots is tested annually by comparing the book value with the value in use.

19.2 Breakdown of intangible assets

		Pa	rent company		
	Weighted				
	average rate	December			December
Description	(p.a.)	31, 2023	Acquisitions	Write-offs	31, 2024
Cost					
Slots		54,705	-	-	54,705
Software		747,104	292,990	(178,404)	861,690
		801,809	292,990	(178,404)	916,395
Amortization					
Software	29%	(338,082)	(198,532)	175,643	(360,971)
		(338,082)	(198,532)	175,643	(360,971)
Total intangible assets, net		463,727	94,458	(2,761)	555,424
		Pa	rent company		
	Weighted				
	average rate	December			December
Description	(p.a.)	31, 2022	Acquisitions	Write-offs	31, 2023
Cost					
Slots ^(a)		54,705	-	-	54,705
Software		931,780	237,404	(422,080)	747,104
		986,485	237,404	(422,080)	801,809
Amortization					
Software	19%	(546,722)	(180,553)	389,193	(338,082)
		(0.0,: ==/			
		(546,722)	(180,553)	389,193	(338,082)

⁽a) As part of the partial spin-off of the net assets of IntelAzul (formerly TRIP Linhas Aéreas S.A.), ALAB obtained the value of the operating licenses for certain "slots" airports, assets with an indefinite useful life.

(In thousands of Brazilian reais – R\$, unless otherwise indicated)

		Consolidated							
Description	Weighted average rate (p.a.)	December 31, 2023	Acquisitions	Write-offs	Transfers ^(a)	December 31, 2024			
Cost									
Goodwill		147,915	-	-	-	147,915			
Slots		99,056	-	-	-	99,056			
Software		776,295	300,595	(178,404)	(37)	898,449			
		1,023,266	300,595	(178,404)	(37)	1,145,420			
Amortization									
Software	28%	(341,013)	(201,431)	175,643	-	(366,801)			
		(341,013)	(201,431)	175,643	-	(366,801)			
Total intangible assets, net		682,253	99,164	(2,761)	(37)	778,619			

⁽a) The transfer balances are between the groups "Aircraft sublease", "Inventories", "Other assets" and "Property and equipment".

			Consolida	ted		
Description	Weighted average rate (p.a.)	December 31, 2022	Acquisitions	Write-offs	Transfers ^(a)	December 31, 2023
Cost						
Goodwill		147,915	-	-	-	147,915
Slots		99,056	-	-	-	99,056
Software		946,500	251,683	(422,080)	192	776,295
		1,193,471	251,683	(422,080)	192	1,023,266
Amortization						
Software	19%	(547,942)	(182,264)	389,193	-	(341,013)
		(547,942)	(182,264)	389,193	-	(341,013)
Total intangible assets, net		645,529	69,419	(32,887)	192	682,253

⁽a) The balances of transfers are between "Property and equipment", "Right-of-use assets, and "Intangible assets".

19.3 Impairment of intangible assets without a finite useful life

On December 31, 2024, the Company carried out annual recoverability tests of the book value, through the discounted cash flow of the cash generating unit.

The assumptions used in the impairment tests of goodwill and slots are consistent with the Company's operating plans and internal projections, prepared for a period of five years. After this period, a perpetuity rate of growth of operating projections is assumed. The discounted cash flow that determined the value in use of the cash-generating unit was prepared according to the Company's business plan approved by the Board of Directors in December 2024.

The following assumptions were considered:

- Fleet and capacity: plan for operational fleet, utilization and capacity of aircraft in each route;
- Passenger revenue: historical revenue per seat per kilometer flown with growth in line with the Company's business plan;
- Operating costs: specific performance indicators by cost line, in line with the Company's business plan, as well as macroeconomic assumptions; and



• <u>Investment needs:</u> aligned with the Company's business plan.

The macroeconomic assumptions commonly adopted include the Gross Domestic Product ("GDP") and projections of the US dollar, both obtained from the Focus Report issued by the Central Bank of Brazil, in addition to future kerosene barrel prices and interest rates, obtained from specific Bloomberg disclosures.

The result of the goodwill and slots impairment test demonstrated that the estimated recoverable value is significantly greater than the carrying value allocated to the cash generating unit and, therefore, no adjustment to the recoverable value to be recorded during the year ended December 31, 2024, was identified. To calculate recoverable value, a pre-tax discount rate of 12.4% (11.4% as of December 31, 2023) and a growth rate in perpetuity of 4.8% (3.0% as of December 31, 2023).

	Parent c	ompany	Consolidated		
	December	December	December	December	
scription	31, 2024	31, 2023	31. 2024	31. 2023	
ring amount - Goodwill and slots	54.705	54.705	246.971	246.971	

20. LOANS AND FINANCING

20.1 Accounting policies

Loans and financing are initially recognized at fair value, less any directly attributable transaction costs. After initial recognition, these financial liabilities are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method.



20.2 Movement of loans and financing

	Parent company													
Description	Average nominal rate p.a.	Effective rate p.a.	Maturity	December 31, 2023	Funding (–) costs	Transfers ^(a)	Payment of principal	Payment of interest	Interest incurred	Foreign currency exchange	Effects of restriction	Amortized cost	December 31, 2024	
In foreign currency - US\$														
Aircraft, engines and others	4.9%	5.9%	Mar-29	284,279	-	-	(163,646)	(11,328)	9,961	45,547	-	943	165,756	
				284,279	-	-	(163,646)	(11,328)	9,961	45,547	-	943	165,756	
In local currency - R\$														
Working capital Debentures	CDI +1.6% CDI +5.0% Selic + 5.5%	20.0% 15.2% 10.0%	Jan-25 Dec-28	27,491 919,072 12,771	982,796 297,107	-	(387,676)	(9,811) (122,648)	44,118 108,269 1,362	-	- 18,173	9,561	841,858	
Aircraft and engines	6.5%	6.5%	May-25 Mar-27	17,948	-		(1,000)	(7,173) (543)	546		-	79	-	
· ····································				977,282	1,279,903	-	(000 000)	(140,175)	154,295		18,173	32,719	1,432,340	
Total in R\$				1,261,561	1,279,903		(1,053,503)	(151,503)	164,256	45,547	18,173	33,662	1,598,096	
Current Non-current				683,802 577,759									1,063,847 534,249	

Parent company												
Description	Average nominal rate p.a.	Effective rate p.a.	Maturity	December 31, 2022	Funding (–) costs	Transfers ^(a)	Payment of principal	Payment of interest	Interest incurred	Foreign currency exchange	Amortized cost	December 31, 2023
In foreign currency - US\$												
Aircraft, engines and others	6.5%	9.3%	Mar-29	731,224 731,224	-	(1,007)	(402,994) (402,994)	(42,727) (42,727)	47,720 47,720	(53,401) (53,401)	5,524 5,524	284,279 284,279
In local currency - R\$												
Working capital Debentures Aircraft and engines	CDI + 3.1% CDI + 5.4% Selic + 5.5% 6.3%	CDI + 3.1% 16.3% 17.4% 6.3%	Feb-24 Dec-28 May-25 Mar-27	496,997 747,170 19,284 34,491 1,297,942	301,098 585,661 - - 886,759	- - - -	(770,795) (431,530) (4,697) (16,569) (1,223,591)	(59,807) (123,907) (4,714) (1,577) (190,005)	58,454 131,629 2,868 1,490 194,441	- - - -	10,049 30 113	27,491 919,072 12,771 17,948 977,282
Total in R\$				2,029,166	886,759	(1,067)	(1,626,585)	(232,732)	242,161	(53,401)	17,260	1,261,561
Current Non-current				1,097,976 931,190								683,802 577,759

⁽a) The balances of the transfers are between the headings "Loans and financing" and "Leases".

					Consolidated	d						
Description	Average nominal rate p.a.	Effective rate p.a.	Maturity	December 31, 2023	Funding (–) costs	Payment of principal	Payment of interest	Interest incurred	Foreign currency exchange	Effects of restriction	Amortized cost	December 31, 2024
In foreign currency - US\$												
Senior notes – 2024	5.9%	6.3%	Oct-24	332,099	-	(397,696)	(12,017)	17,121	59,679	-	814	-
Senior notes – 2026	7.3%	7.8%	Jun-26	152,572	-	-	(13,299)	12,998	43,322	-	648	196,241
Senior notes – 2028	11.9%	13.3%	Aug-28	3,922,731	905,219	-	(620,516)	633,483	1,325,488	(7,502)	37,378	6,196,281
Senior notes – 2029	11.5%	11.5%	May-29	1,165,545	41,476	-	(148,653)	149,819	325,472	-	-	1,533,659
Senior notes – 2030	10.9%	10.9%	May-30	2,777,513	93,517	-	(335,174)	337,752	775,577	-	-	3,649,185
Bridge notes – 2025	Sofr Index + 8.3% a 10.7%	37.8% ^(b)	Jan-25	-	856,502	-	-	18,726	65,215	-	36,525	976,968
	Sofr 1M +4.6%	9.8%	May-26	79,086	545,797	-	(36,214)	40,895	99,546	-	-	729,110
				-	104,892	-	(1,819)	2,616	10,021	-	435	116,145
Aircraft, engines and others	4.9%	5.9%	Mar-29	284,279		(183,580)	(11,328)	9,961	45,547	- ()	943	145,822
				8,713,825	2,547,403	(581,276)	(1,179,020)	1,223,371	2,749,867	(7,502)	76,743	13,543,411
In local currency - R\$												
Working capital (a)	CDI +1.6%	20.0%	Jan-25	29,648	982,796	(477,191)	(9,811)	44,118	-	-	23,079	592,639
Debentures	CDI +5.0%	15.2%	Dec-28	919,072	297,107	(387,676)	(122,648)	108,269	-	18,173	9,561	841,858
	Selic + 5.5%	10.0%	May-25	12,771	-	(7,039)	(7,173)	1,362	-	-	79	-
Aircraft and engines	6.5%	6.5%	Mar-27	23,596	-	(19,984)	(936)	833	-	-	-	3,509
				985,087	1,279,903	(891,890)	(140,568)	154,582	-	18,173	32,719	1,438,006
Total in R\$				9,698,912	3,827,306	(1,473,166)	(1,319,588)	1,377,953	2,749,867	10,671	109,462	14,981,417
Current				1,100,051								2,207,199
Non-current				8,598,861								12,774,218

⁽a) The balances of the transfers are between the headings "Loans and financing" and "Leases".

⁽b) This refers mainly to the write-off of borrowing costs considered extinguished in accordance with the requirements of paragraph 33.6 of CPC 48 – Financial instruments equivalent to IFRS 9, which determines that a substantial modification of the terms of an existing financial liability, or part thereof, will be accounted for with an extinguishment of such obligation.

*

Azul Linhas Aéreas Brasileiras S.A.

Notes

December 31, 2024

Consolidated													
Description	Average nominal rate p.a.	Effective rate p.a.	Maturity	December 31, 2022	Funding (–) costs	Transfers ^(a)	Payment of principal	Payment of interest	Interest incurred	Foreign currency exchange	Effects of restriction (b)	Amortized cost	December 31, 2023
In foreign currency - US\$													
Senior notes – 2024	5.9%	6.3%	Oct-24	2,097,402	-	(1,596,972)	-	(02,000)	76,569	(157,024)	1,212		
Senior notes – 2026	7.3%	7.8% 13.5%	Jun-26	3,095,665	- 2 6 4 2 2 2 2	(2,725,010)	-	(120,000)	121,218	(253,595)	34,278	6,966	152,572 3,922,731
Senior notes – 2028 Senior notes – 2029	11.9% 11.5%	11.5%	Aug-28 May-29	-	3,643,382	186,005 1,410,967	(277,961)	(173,450) (52,893)	218,885 65,165	31,138 20,267	-	16,771	1,165,545
Senior notes – 2030	10.9%	10.9%	May-30	-	-	2,725,010	(277,001)	()	140,308	24,648	-	-	2,777,513
Aircraft, engines and others	6.5% Sofr 1M + 4.6%	9.3% 10.0%	Mar-29 May-26	731,224 - 5,924,291	79,222 3,722,604	(1,067) - (1,067)	(402,994) - (680,955)	(42,727) - (601,458)	47,720 196 670,061	(53,401) (332) (388,299)	- - - 35,490	5,524 - 33,158	79,086
In local currency - R\$													
Working capital	CDI + 3.1%	CDI + 3.1%	Feb-24 Sep-25	496,997 2,675	301,098	-	(770,795) (546)	. , ,	58,454 183	-	-	1,544	
Debentures	CDI + 5.4%	16.3%	Dec-28	747,170	585,661	-	(431,530)	` ,	131,629	-	-	10,049	
Aircraft and engines	Selic + 5.5%	17.4%	May-25	19,284	-	-	(4,697)	(4,714)	2,868	-	-	30	,
	6.3%	6.3%	Mar-27	42,282	-	-	(18,600)	. , ,	1,912	-	-	113	-,
				1,308,408	886,759	-	(1,226,168)	(190,694)	195,046	-	-	11,736	985,087
Total in R\$				7,232,699	4,609,363	(1,067)	(1,907,123)	(792,152)	865,107	(388,299)	35,490	44,894	9,698,912
Current Non-current				1,112,940 6,119,759									1,100,051 8,598,861

- (a) The balance of transfers is between groups "Loans and financing" and "Leases".
- (b) Refers mainly to the write-off of funding costs considered extinguished in accordance with the requirements of paragraph 33.6 of CPC 48 Financial instruments equivalent to IFRS 9, which determines that a substantial modification of the terms of an existing financial liability, or a part thereof, will be accounted for with an extinguishment of such obligation.



20.3 Schedule of amortization of debt

	Parent c	ompany	Consc	olited	
	December	December	December	December	
Description	31, 2024	31, 2023	31, 2024	31, 2023	
2024	-	683,823	-	1,100,051	
2025	1,063,848	217,861	2,207,199	222,201	
2026	252,383	123,591	1,211,585	355,930	
2027	141,432	116,146	160,172	116,146	
2028 ^(a)	138,164	118,370	6,267,806	3,998,142	
After 2028 ^(a)	2,269	1,770	5,134,655	3,906,442	
	1,598,096	1,261,561	14,981,417	9,698,912	
Current	1,063,847	683,802	2,207,199	1,100,051	
Non-current	534,249	577,759	12,774,218	8,598,861	

⁽a) Such balances refer to the "After 2027" line disclosed on December 31, 2023.

20.4 New funding

20.4.1 Senior notes 2028

In February 2024, the subsidiary Azul Secured issued additional notes in the principal amount of R\$740,585 (equivalent to US\$148,700), with funding costs of R\$13,289, with interest of 11.9% per year paid quarterly and principal due in August 2028. These notes were issued to qualified institutional investors.

20.4.2 Aircraft, engines and others

During the year ended December 31, 2024, the subsidiary Azul Finance raised R\$545,797 (equivalent to US\$100,664), respectively, with interest equivalent to Sofr 1M + 4.6% p.a., payment monthly interest and maturity in May 2026.

During the year ended of December 31, 2024, the subsidiary Azul Investments raised R\$109,057 (equivalent to US\$19,462), with funding costs of R\$4,165, with interest equivalent to Sofr 3M + 2.6% p.a., quarterly payments and maturity in June 2027.

20.4.3 Working capital

In March 2024, the Company funding R\$450,000, with costs of R\$1,802, with interest equivalent to CDI+1.5% p.a. and single payment of interest and principal in the second quarter of 2024.

In June 2024, the Company funding R\$556,000, with costs of R\$19,048, interest equivalent to CDI+1.6% p.a. and single payment of interest and principal in January 2025.



20.4.4 Debentures

In June 2024, the Board of Directors approved the issuance of simple debentures not convertible into shares, of the type with real guarantee, with additional personal guarantee, in a single series, from the Company, in total value of up to R\$600,000. During the year ended December 31, 2024, the Company issued respectively the amount of R\$303,333, with costs of R\$3,630, nominal unit value of R\$1, interest equivalent to CDI+6.3% p.a., monthly amortization and maturity in June 2026.

20.4.5 Bridge notes 2025

In October 2024, the subsidiary Azul Secured 2 raised R\$910,072 (equivalent to US\$157,500), with costs of R\$53,570 (equivalent to US\$9,268), interest equivalent to between 8.3% p.a. and 10.7% p.a. + Sofr Index, maturing in January 2025. In January 2025, the balance paid off.

20.5 Renegotiations

The loans and financing below were renegotiated and in accordance with CPC 48 – Financial Instruments, equivalent to IFRS 9, the Company concluded that the renegotiation does not fall within the scope of debt extinguishment.

20.5.1 Working capital

In April 2024, the Company renegotiated the R\$450,000, resulting in the postponement of the payment deadline to June 2024 with additional costs of R\$2,354. In June 2024, the balance paid off.

20.5.2 Debentures

During the second quarter, the Company renegotiated the terms of the debentures, with a total value of R\$700,000, with costs of R\$2,597 in order to postpone the due date of the principal installments from 2024 to March 2025. There was no change in rates of interest.

20.5.3 Senior notes

In November 2024, the subsidiary Azul Secured renegotiated the terms of the Senior Notes 2028, 2029 and 2030, with amounts of R\$177,923, R\$41,476 and R\$93,517 (equivalent to US\$29,392, US\$6,851 and US\$15,448), respectively, to incorporating the interest payable for a specific period into the principal.



20.6 Covenants

The Company measures restrictive clauses ("covenants") in some of its loan and financing contracts, as shown below:

Covenant related to:	Frequency of measurement	Indicators needed to a measurement	Reached
	Quarterly	(i) Immediate Liquidity exceeding R\$1 billion.	Reached
12 th debentures issue	Annual	(ii) Leverage: equal to or less than 3.75x, as of December 31, 2024, with said ratio being obtained by adjusted net debt / adjusted EBITDA.	Waiver
9 th and 10 th issue	Annual	(i) adjusted debt service coverage ratio (ICSD) equal to or greater than 1.2;(ii) financial leverage less than or equal to 6.5 in 2023; 5.0 in 2024 and 2025; and 4.5 in 2026 and 2027.	Waiver
Aircraft angines and others	Quarterly	(i) The total cash balance on the last day of the quarter is not less than R\$1 billion.	Reached
Aircraft, engines and others –	Annual	(ii) Leverage: equal to or less than 5.50, with the referred Index being obtained by net debt / EBITDA on the last day of the year.	Waiver

As per the table above, the Company requested a waiver from the counterparty and obtained them for the year ending December 31, 2024. Therefore, the related debt continues to be classified in these financial statements in accordance with the contractual flow originally established.

21. LEASES

21.1 Accounting policies

Lease liabilities are recognized, measured, presented, and disclosed in accordance with CPC 06 (R2) – Leases, equivalent to IFRS – 16, against right-of-use assets. Other accounting policies adopted by the Company for leasing operations are presented in note 18.

In 2023, the Company defined the general conditions for renegotiations and began to enter into definitive agreements with its lessors, who agreed to receive negotiable debt securities maturing in 2030 ("Notes").

21.2 Lease Composition

	Parent c	ompany	Consolidated			
	December 31,	December 31,	December 31,	December 31,		
Description	2024	2023	2024	2023		
Leases	17,215,786	12,351,088	17,338,698	12,455,827		
Leases - Notes		-	1,356,984	1,030,845		
	17,215,786	12,351,088	18,695,682	13,486,672		
Current liabilities Non-current assets	4,895,012 12,320,774	3,325,882 9,025,206	5,072,903 13,622,779	3,471,004 10,015,668		



21.3 Leases

	Parent company												
Description	Average remaining term	Weighted average rate p.a.	December 31, 2023	Additions	Modifications	Payments	Interest incurred	Transfers ^(a)	Write-offs	Foreign currency exchange	December 31, 2024		
Lease without purchase option: Aircraft, engines and simulators Others	8.0 4.5	16.2% 11.4%	11,528,192 231,937	2,605,615 64,138	- ,	(2,947,044) (82,119)	1,885,848 23,521	(226,490)	(17,942) (12,916)	3,246,141 37,780	16,311,385 264,168		
Lease with purchase option: Aircraft, engines and simulators	3.8	14.3%	590,959	-	(8,150)	(173,908)	79,428	-	-	151,904	640,233		
Total			12,351,088	2,669,753	230,742	(3,203,071)	1,988,797	(226,490)	(30,858)	3,435,825	17,215,786		
Current Non-current			3,325,882 9,025,206								4,895,012 12,320,774		

(a) Transfer balances are between the "Leases" classifications.

Parent company												
Description	Average remaining term	Weighted average rate p.a.	December 31, 2022	Additions	Modificações	Payments	Interest incurred	Transfers (b)	Write-offs	Foreign currency exchange	December 31, 2023	
Lease without purchase option:												
Aircraft (a)	8.1	16.3%	13,538,133	1,086,943	1,090,251	(2,825,188)	2,204,831	(2,544,154)	(103,107)	(919,517)	11,528,192	
Others	4.3	10.2%	182,207	19,724	76,266	(55,210)	18,514	-	-	(9,564)	231,937	
Lease with purchase option:												
Aircraft ^(a)	4.8	13.5%	741,784	-	70,806	(178,011)	90,120	(90,815)	-	(42,925)	590,959	
Total			14,462,124	1,106,667	1,237,323	(3,058,409)	2,313,465	(2,634,969)	(103,107)	(972,006)	12,351,088	
Current			4,001,623								3,325,882	
Non-Current			10,460,501								9,025,206	

- (a) Includes aircraft, engines and simulators.
- (b) The balances of the transfers are between the headings "Loans and financing", "Leases"; "Leases: Notes and Equity"; "Suppliers" and "Other liabilities".

Azul Linhas Aéreas Brasileiras S.A. Notes December 31, 2024 (In thousands of Brazilian reais – R\$, unless otherwise indicated)

			C	onsolidated	I						
Description	Average remaining term	Weighted average rate p.a.	December 31, 2023	Additions	Modifications	Payments	Interest incurred	Transfers ^(a)	Write-offs	Foreign currency exchange	December 31, 2024
Lease without purchase option: Aircraft, engines and simulators Others	8.0 4.8	16.2% 11.5%	11,567,882 237,254	2,605,615 64,138	237,065 2,544	(2,955,177) (83,264)	1,890,622 24,350	(226,490)	(17,942) (12,916)		
Lease with purchase option: Aircraft, engines and simulators	4.0	14.5%	650,691	-	(8,150)	(188,206)	89,187	-	-	167,372	710,894
Total			12,455,827	2,669,753	231,459	(3,226,647)	2,004,159	(226,490)	(30,858)	3,461,495	17,338,698
Current Non-current			3,349,056 9,106,771								4,928,197 12,410,501

(a) The. balances of the transfers are between the headings "Loans and financing", "Leases"; "Leases: Notes and Equity"; "Suppliers" and "Other liabilities".

	Consolidated										
Description	Average remaining term	Weighted average rate p.a.	December 31, 2022	Additions	Modificações	Payments	Interest incurred	Transfers (b)	Write-offs	Foreign currency exchange	December 31, 2023
Lease without purchase option: Aircraft (a) Others Lease with purchase option:	8.1 4.6	16.3% 10.3%	13,585,810 185,527	1,086,943 21,763	1,090,251 76,266	(2,834,794) (55,934)	2,209,708 19,194	,	(103,107)	(0.500)	
Aircraft (a)	5.0	13.8%	811,496	-	70,806	(192,819)	99,766	(90,815)	-	(47,743)	650,691
Total			14,582,833	1,108,706	1,237,323	(3,083,547)	2,328,668	(2,634,969)	(103,107)	(980,080)	12,455,827
Current Non-Current			4,025,948 10,556,885								3,349,056 9,106,771

- (a) Includes aircraft, engines, and simulators.
- (b) The transfer balances are between groups "Loans and financing", "Leases"; "Leases: Notes and Equity"; "Accounts payable" and "Other liabilities".



21.4 Leases - Notes

Parent company									
Description	Average remaining term	Weighted average rate p.a.	December 31, 2023	Payments	Interest incurred	Transfers ^(a)	Foreign currency exchange	December 31, 2024	
Financing with Lessors	5.5	14.8%		(123,703)	161,996	(326,138)	287,845	-	
Total				(123,703)	161,996	(326,138)	287,845	-	

(a) The transfer balances are for "Related parties".

Parent company								
	Average remaining	Weighted average	December 31,		Interest		Foreign currency	December
Description	term	rate p.a.	2022	Additions	incurred	Transfers (a)	exchange	31, 2023
Financing with Lessors	6.5	14.8%	-	11.097	36,292	(12,441)	(34,948)	-
Total				11.097	36,292	(12,441)	(34,948)	-

(a) The transfer balances are between the headings "Leases", "Leases – Notes" and "Related parties".

			Consolidated				
Description	Average remaining term	Weighted average rate p.a.	December 31, 2023	Payments	Interest incurred	Foreign currency exchange	December 31, 2024
Leases - Notes Financing with Lessors	5.5	14.8%	1,030,845	(123,703)	161,996	287,846	1,356,984
Total			1,030,845	(123,703)	161,996	287,846	1,356,984
Current Non-current			121,948 908,897				144,706 1,212,278

(a) The transfer balances are between groups "Leases" and "Leases – Notes".

			Cons	olidated				
Description	Average remaining term	Weighted average rate p.a.		Additions	Interest incurred	Transfers ^(a)	Foreign currency exchange	December 31, 2023
Financing with Lessors	6.5	14.8%	-	11.097	36,292	1,018,404	(34,948)	1,030,845
Total			-	11.097	36,292	1,018,404	(34,948)	1,030,845
Current Non-current			- -					121,948 908.897

(a) The transfer balances are between groups "Leases" and "Leases – Notes".



21.5 Leases – Convertible to equity

	Parent company and Consolidated									
Description	Average remaining term	Weighted average rate p.a.	December 31, 2023	Payments	Interest incurred	Transfers ^(a)	Foreign currency exchange	December 31, 2024		
Financing with Lessors	2.6	14.4%		(61,245)	294,359	(796,936)	563,822	-		
Total				(61,245)	294,359	(796,936)	563,822	-		

(a) The transfer balance is to the group of "Related parties".

	Parent company and Consolidated								
Description	Average remaining term	Weighted average rate p.a.	December 31, 2022	Additions	Interest incurred	Transfers ^(a)	Foreign currency exchange	December 31, 2023	
Financing with Lessors	3.6	14.6%	-	17.270	55,597	(18,968)	(53,899)	-	
Total			_	17.270	55,597	(18,968)	(53,899)	<u>-</u>	

⁽a) The transfer balances are between groups "Leases", "Leases – Equity" and "Related parties".

21.6 Schedule of amortization of leases

	Parent co	ompany	Consolidated		
Description	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	
2024	_	3,545,305	-	3,570,147	
2025	5,184,478	2,826,569	5,219,787	2,851,258	
2026	3,904,273	2,591,028	3,935,627	2,615,718	
2027	3,441,732	2,201,624	3,473,086	2,226,313	
2028 ^(a)	3,064,271	1,963,612	3,095,203	1,987,968	
After 2028 ^(a)	13,308,089	7,561,974	13,360,566	7,606,103	
Minimum lease payment	28,902,843	20,690,112	29,084,269	20,857,507	
Financial charges	(11,687,057)	(8,339,024)	(11,745,571)	(8,401,680)	
Present value of minimum lease payments	17,215,786	12,351,088	17,338,698	12,455,827	
Current Non-current	4,895,012 12,320,774	3,325,882 9,025,206	5,072,903 13,622,779	3,471,004 10,015,668	

⁽a) Such balances refer to the "After 2027" line disclosed on December 31, 2023.



21.7 Schedule of amortization of leases - Notes

	Consol	idated
	December	December
Description	31, 2024	31, 2023
2024	-	130,432
2025	155,502	103,883
2026	132,873	103,883
2027	132,873	103,883
2028 ^(a)	132,873	103,883
After 2028 ^(a)	1,970,950	1,540,940
Minimum lease payment	2,525,071	2,086,904
Financial charges	(1,168,087)	(1,056,059)
Present value of minimum lease payments	1,356,984	1,030,845
Current	144,706	121,948
Non-current Service Se	1,212,278	908,897

⁽a) Such balances refer to the "After 2027" line disclosed on December 31, 2023.

21.8 Covenants

As of December 31, 2024, the Company had leases subject to restrictive clauses ("covenants") related to the level of indebtedness and coverage of debt payments.

Covenant related to:	Indicators for the measurement	Frequency of measurement	Required	
Aircraft lease	Annual	(i) Adjusted debt service coverage ratio (DSCR); and (ii) Financial leverage	(i) equal to or greater than 1.2;and(ii) less than or equal to 5.5.	Waiver

As per the table above, the Company requested a waiver from the counterparty and was granted one for the year ended December 31, 2024. Therefore, the related debt continues to be classified in these financial statements in accordance with the originally established contractual flow.

22. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE

22.1 Accounting policies

Amounts payable to suppliers are initially recognized at fair value and subsequently increased, when applicable, by the corresponding charges and monetary and exchange variations.

22.2 Breakdown of accounts payable

In 2023, due to negotiations with aircraft service and parts suppliers, the Company issued Notes with interest of 7.5% p.a. to be paid quarterly starting in December 2023 and principal due in June 2030.

Parent company Consolidated December December December **December Description** 31, 2024 31, 2023 31, 2024 31, 2023 Accounts payable 4,475,677 3,011,346 4,618,142 3,066,574 Accounts payable - Notes 401,702 511.389 4,475,677 5,129,531 3,468,276 3,011,346 Current 4.074.551 3.929.610 2.203.282 2.267.190

546.067

23. REVERSE FACTORING

Non-Current

23.1 Accounting policies

The Company promotes negotiations with suppliers with the aim of extending their payment terms. In this way, agreements were signed with financial institutions that allow their suppliers to advance the payment titles, mainly fuel, with interest rates ranging from 1.19% and 1.27% p.m.

When the notes payable is included in the drawn risk, this amount is transferred from the item "Accounts payable" to "Reverse factoring".

23.2 Movement of reverse factoring

		Pa	rent company	and Consolidate	ed	
	December				Interest	December
Description	31, 2023	Addition	Payment	Interest paid	incurred	31, 2024
Reverse factoring	290,847	208,804	(496,286)	(13,589)	10,224	-
	290,847	208,804	(496,286)	(13,589)	10,224	
		Pai	rent company	and Consolidate	ed	
	December				Interest	December
Description	31, 2022	Addition	Payment	Interest paid	incurred	31, 2023
Reverse factoring	753,352	391,676	(831,477)	(39,714)	17,010	290,847
	753,352	391,676	(831,477)	(39,714)	17,010	290,847

24. DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

24.1 Accounting policies

Variations in interest rates, exchange rates and aviation fuel prices expose the Company and its subsidiaries to risks that may affect their financial performance. In order to mitigate such risks, the Company contracts derivative financial instruments. Operations present the variation in their fair value recorded directly in the financial result.

1,054,980

808.064

1,201,086



(In thousands of Brazilian reais – R\$, unless otherwise indicated)

24.2 Breakdown of derivative financial instruments

	Parent company							
Chanches in fair value	Interest rate Swap	Forward - fuel	Option fuel	Forward - foreig currency	n Total			
At December 31, 2022	(54,101)	(28,701)	-	235,246	152,444			
Gains (losses) recognized in result Payments (receipts)	10,885 43,216	(168,378) 136,977	13,796 (1,530)	(24,552) (210,694)	(168,249) (32,031)			
At December 31, 2023		(60,102)	12,266	-	(47,836)			
Gains (losses) recognized in result Payments (receipts)	- -	(108,435) 103,162	(10,871) (1,395)	- -	(119,306) 101,767			
At December 31, 2024	-	(65,375)	-	-	(65,375)			
Obligations with current derivative financial instruments		(65,375) (65,375)	-	-	(65,375) (65,375)			

	Consolidated					
Chanches in fair value	Interest rate Swap	Forward - fuel	Option fuel	Forward - foreign	n Total	
At December 31, 2022	(179,170)	(28,701)	-	235,246	27,375	
Gains (losses) recognized in result Payments (receipts)	(34,075) 213,245	(168,378) 136,977	13,796 (1,530)	(24,552) (210,694)	(213,209) 137,998	
At December 31, 2023		(60,102)	12,266	-	(47,836)	
Gains (losses) recognized in result Payments (receipts)	- -	(108,435) 103,162	(10,871) (1,395)	- -	(119,306) 101,767	
At December 31, 2024		(65,375)	-	-	(65,375)	
Obligations with current derivative financial instruments		(65,375) (65,375)	-	<u>-</u> -	(65,375) (65,375)	

25. AIRPORT TAXES AND FEES

25.1 Accounting policies

The amounts payable in airport taxes and fees are initially recognized at fair value and subsequently increased, when applicable, by the corresponding charges and monetary and exchange variations.

25.2 Breakdown of airport taxes and fees

	Parent co	Parent company		idated
	December	December	December	December
Description	31, 2024	31, 2023	31, 2024	31, 2023
Tax transaction (b)	916,690	-	916,690	-
Government installment payment program federal (a)	-	97,271	-	97,271
Airport fees (a)	211,680	1,391,907	212,125	1,393,243
Boarding tax	232,028	248,769	231,913	248,689
Others	16,287	20,880	16,691	20,880
	1,376,685	1,758,827	1,377,419	1,760,083
Current	584,005	587,552	584,739	588,404
Non-current	792,680	1,171,275	792,680	1,171,679

⁽a) Such balances refer to the "Airport fees" line disclosed on December 31, 2023.



⁽b) The difference in the balance in note 2.3 refers to the movement after the signing of the tax transaction.



26. AIR TRAFFIC LIABILITY AND LOYALTY PROGRAM

26.1 Accounting policies

Air traffic liability and loyalty program line comprises the Company's obligations for the early receipt of air transport services and other auxiliary services related to the main obligation with its customers. They are accounted for at the amount of the transaction and as they are non-monetary items they are not subject to exchange differences or monetary adjustment of any nature. These obligations are extinguished with the provision of the transport services against operating income in the statements of operations for the year.

The breakage revenue consists of the calculation based on the historical issuance of tickets that will expire due to non-use, that is, passengers who purchased tickets and are highly likely not to use them. For the purpose of recognizing this revenue, the average periods for providing air transport services are also considered, and these assumptions are included in a statistical model that determines the forecast breakage rate to be adopted. At least annually, the calculations are reviewed to reflect and capture changes in customer behavior regarding ticket expiration.

In the loyalty program, the Company estimates the points that will expire without being used historical data and recognizes the corresponding revenue upon point issuance (breakage) considering the average exchange term.

26.2 Breakdown of air traffic liability and loyalty program

	Parent company		Consol	idated
	December	December	December	December
Description	31, 2024	31, 2023	31, 2024	31, 2023
Air traffic liability and loyalty program Breakage	6,250,770 (865,941)	5,212,908 (576,245)	7,191,998 (865,941)	5,782,121 (576,245)
	5,384,829	4,636,663	6,326,057	5,205,876
Average use term (a)	59 days	56 days	59 days	56 days

⁽a) Does not consider the loyalty program.

27. SALARIES AND BENEFITS

27.1 Accounting policies

Amounts payable relating to salaries and social security obligations are initially recognized at fair value and subsequently increased, when applicable, by the corresponding charges and monetary and exchange rate variations.



27.2 Breakdown salaries and benefits

	Parent co	Parent company		idated
	December	December	December	December
Description	31, 2024	31, 2023	31, 2024	31, 2023
Salaries and benefits	497,327	462,260	505,942	470,716
Share-based payment	36	1,737	36	1,737
	497,363	463,997	505,978	472,453

28. TAXES PAYABLE

28.1 Accounting policies

Amounts payable in respect of taxes payable represent tax obligations arising from the Company's operating activities, mainly from the passengers and cargo transport are initially recognized at fair value and subsequently increased, when applicable, by the corresponding charges and monetary and exchange rate variations.

28.2 Breakdown of taxes payable

	Parent co	Parent company Co		olited
Description	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023
Description	- , -	- ,		, , ,
Tax transaction	228,953	-	228,953	-
Government installment payment program federal	-	157,970	-	157,970
PIS and COFINS	308	4,053	414	4,231
Taxes withheld	79,185	75,054	80,364	76,099
Import taxes	8,988	13,402	9,140	13,398
Others	2,460	2,160	2,927	2,251
	319,894	252,639	321,798	253,949
Current	122.130	140,352	124,034	141,662
Non-current	197,764	112,287	197,764	112,287

29. PROVISIONS

29.1 Accounting policies

29.1.1 Provision for return of aircraft and engines

Aircraft and engines negotiated under lease without purchase options regularly provide for contractual obligations establishing conditions for the return of these assets.

In this way, the Company provides for return costs, since these are present obligations arising from past events and which will generate future disbursements, which are measured with reasonable certainty.



These expenses basically refer to aircraft reconfiguration (interior and exterior), obtaining licenses and technical certifications, verifications of returns, maintenance, painting, etc., as established in the contract. The cost of return is initially recognized at present value as part of the cost of right-of-use assets, and the provision for aircraft return costs is recorded in the "Provisions" account. After initial recognition, the liability is updated according to the capital remuneration rate estimated by the Company, with a corresponding entry recorded in the financial result. Any changes in the estimate of expenses to be incurred are recognized prospectively against the right of use asset or in the statement of operations for the year if the right-of-use balance is insufficient.

29.1.2 Tax, civil and labor risks

The Company is a party to several legal and administrative proceedings, mainly in Brazil. Assessments of the likelihood of loss in these cases include an analysis of the available evidence, the hierarchy of laws, the available case laws, the most recent court decisions and their significance in the legal system, as well as the assessment of lawyers.

Provisions are revised and adjusted to reflect changes in circumstances, such as the applicable statute of limitations, conclusions of tax inspections or additional exposures identified based on new matters or court decisions.

The Company's Management believes that the provision for tax, civil and labor risks is sufficient to cover any losses on legal and administrative.

29.1.3 Post-employment benefits

The Company recognizes actuarial liabilities related to health insurance benefits offered to its employees in accordance with CPC 33 (R1) – Employee Benefits, equivalent to IAS 19. Actuarial gains and losses are recognized in other comprehensive income based on the actuarial report prepared by independent experts, while the current service cost and interest cost are recognized in statement of operations for the year.



29.2 Breakdown of provisions

	Parent company			
	Return		Provision for post-	
	of aircraft and	Tax, civil and	employment	
Description	engines ^(a)	labor risks	benefit	Total
At December 31, 2022	2,671,314	466,845	7,001	3,145,160
Additions	501,864	280,326	115	782,305
Modifications	(251,001)	-	-	(251,001)
Write-offs	(401,014)	(235,805)	-	(636,819)
Interest incurred	238,671	18,462	760	257,893
Effect of change in financial assumptions	-	-	(23)	(23)
Effect of plan experience	-	-	2,198	2,198
Benefit paid by the plan	-	-	(141)	(141)
Foreign currency exchange	(191,767)	-	-	(191,767)
At December 31, 2023	2,568,067	529,828	9,910	3,107,805
Modifications	503,080	82,950	154	586,184
Write-offs	(77,086)	(343,668)	-	(420,754)
Interest incurred	150,875	(74,566)	972	77,281
Foreign currency exchange	796,554	-	-	796,554
At December 31, 2024	3,941,490	194,544	8,225	4,144,259
At December 31, 2024				
Current	560,587	109,574	-	670,161
Non-current	3,380,903	84,970	8,225	3,474,098
At December 31, 2023				
Current	497,525	236,938	-	734,463
Non-current	2,070,542	292,890	9,910	2,373,342

⁽a) Nominal discount rate 10.8% p.a. (10.7% p.a. on December 31, 2023).



(In thousands of Brazilian reais - R\$, unless otherwise indicated)

	Consolidated				
Description	Return of aircraft and engines ^(a)	Tax, civil and labor risks	Post- employment benefit	Total	
At December 31, 2022	2,675,266	540,858	7,001	3,223,125	
Additions Modifications Write-offs Interest incurred Effect of change in financial assumptions Effect of plan experience Benefit paid by the plan	501,864 (250,134) (401,014) 239,078	215,517 - (237,306) 18,462 - -	115 - 760 (141) (23) 2,198	717,496 (250,134) (638,320) 258,300 (141) (23) 2,198	
Foreign currency exchange	(191,890)	-	-	(191,890)	
At December 31, 2023	2,573,170	537,531	9,910	3,120,611	
Modifications Write-offs Interest incurred Effect of plan experience Foreign currency exchange	503,080 (77,086) 151,153 - 798,015	83,564 (345,996) (74,566)	154 - 972 (2,811)	586,798 (423,082) 77,559 (2,811) 798,015	
At December 31, 2024	3,948,332	200,533	8,225	4,157,090	
At December 31, 2024 Current Non-current	560,587 3,387,745	110,134 90,399	- 8,225	670,721 3,486,369	
At December 31, 2023 Current Non-current	497,525 2,075,645	238,905 298,626	- 9,910	736,430 2,384,181	

⁽a) Nominal discount rate 10.8% p.a. (10.7% p.a. on December 31, 2023).

29.2.1 Tax, civil and labor risks

The balances of the proceedings with estimates of probable and possible losses are shown below:

		Parent company			
	Probab	le loss	Possible	loss	
Description	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	
Tax	78,936	282,607	88,427	351,148	
Civil	55,267	113,316	63,849	46,286	
Labor	60,341	133,905	194,014	68,539	
	194,544	529,828	346,290	465,973	

		Consolidated			
	Probal	Probable loss Possible loss			
	December 31,	December 31,	December 31,	December 31,	
Description	2024	2023	2024	2023	
Tax	78,936	282,607	88,427	420,915	
Civil	55,426	113,625	122,650	46,286	
Labor	66,171	141,299	194,014	68,539	
	200.533	537.531	405.091	535,740	

29.2.1.1 Taxes

The Company has tax-related lawsuits and, as detailed in note 2.3, lawsuits were added to the tax transaction regardless of the probability of loss in which they were classified.

29.2.1.2 Cível

The Company has civil lawsuits, mainly related to compensation actions in general, such as flight delays and cancellations, lost and damaged luggage. The values are dispersed, and it is not possible to highlight any specific process.

During the second quarter of 2024, the Company changed the risk of lawsuits involving flight delays and cancellations from probable to possible after a detailed analysis of recent court decisions.

29.2.1.3 Labor

The Company has labor complaints, mainly related to discussions related to overtime, hazard pay, unhealthy conditions and equal pay. The values are scattered, and it is not possible to highlight any specific process.

During the second quarter of 2024, the Company changed the risk of process involving crew hours on the ground, from probable to possible, taking into account the current stage of the process.

29.2.2 Post-employment benefit

Below are the assumptions used to calculate post-employment benefits:

	Parent company a	and Consolidated
	December 31,	December 31,
Weighted average of assumptions	2024	2023
Nominal discount rate p.a.	11.8%	9.9%
Actual discount rate p.a.	7.4%	5.8%
Estimated inflation rate in the long term p.a.	4.1%	3.9%
HCCTR - Average nominal inflation rate p.a.	7.2%	7.0%
HCCTR - Actual nominal inflation rate p.a.	3.0%	3.0%
Mortality table	AT-2000	AT-2000
	dowrated by 10%	dowrated by 10%



30. RELATED-PARTY TRANSACTIONS

30.1 Accounting policies

Transactions with related parties were entered into in the ordinary course of the Company's business, at prices, terms and financial charges according to the conditions established between the parties. Such operations include, among other aspects, shared service agreements and loan agreements.

30.2 Transactions between companies

30.2.1 Balances

In compliance with accounting standards, such transactions were duly eliminated for consolidation purposes.

		Parent company		
			December	December
Creditor	Debtor	Type of operation	31, 2024	31, 2023
ALAB	Azul	Loan	264,718	86,659
ALAB	Azul	Renegotiation of convertible debentures – costs	-	496
ALAB	Investments	Debt securities exchange offers – costs	26,873	21,010
ALAB	Secured	Issuance of debt securities 2028 – costs	26,222	17,285
ALAB	Canela	Prepayment for aircraft acquisition	39,734	20,530
ALAB	ATS	Sharing administrative services	32,091	30,276
ALAB	ATS	Sale of loyalty program points	38,171	14,054
ALAB	Conecta	Sharing administrative services	20,639	10,282
ALAB	Conecta	Provision of services – Freight and passenger charter	272	42
Investments	ALAB	Renegotiation of lease – Convertible to equity	(1,501,183)	(1,659,740)
Investments	ALAB	Renegotiation of lease – Notes	(554,595)	(1,004,297)
Investments	ALAB	Renegotiation of accounts payable – Notes	(173,448)	(393,893)
Investments	ALAB	Loan	(85,658)	-
Azul	ALAB	Renegotiation of accounts payable – Convertible to equity	(2,683,166)	(119,841)
Secured	ALAB	Loan	(8,131,258)	(6,369,651)
Secured	ALAB	Renegotiation of leases – costs	(55,650)	(43,508)
Secured	ALAB	Loan	(879,031)	-
ATS	ALAB	Advance payment for purchasing ticket	(786,198)	(276,003)
ATS	ALAB	Buying a travel package	(298,193)	(132,233)
Conecta	ALAB	Provision of services – Freight and passenger charter	(17,515)	(7,406)
Conecta	ALAB	Sharing administrative services	(401)	(326)
			(14,717,576)	(9,806,264)
Rights with re	lated parties o	urrent	5,569	52,171
	lated parties o		443,151	148,464
Obligations w	ith current rela	ated parties	(4,967,922)	(1,513,183)
Obligations w	ith related par	ties non-current	(10,198,374)	(8,493,716)
			(14,717,576)	(9,806,264)



(In thousands of Brazilian reais – R\$, unless otherwise indicated)

Consolidated				
			December	December
Creditor	Debtor	Type of operation	31, 2024	31, 2023
ALAB	Azul	Loan	264,718	86,659
ALAB	Azul	Renegotiation of convertible debentures – costs	12,386	496
Secured	Azul	Loan	811,195	639,052
Secured	Azul	Renegotiation of convertible debentures – costs	-	9,685
Azul	Investiment	Debt securities exchange offers – costs	(10,826)	(8,464)
Azul	Secured	Issuance of debt securities 2028 – costs	(10,320)	(6,676)
Azul	ALAB	Renegotiation of accounts payable - Convertible to equity	(173,448)	(119,841)
Azul	ALAB	Renegotiation of accounts payable – Convertible to equity	(2,683,165)	(1,659,739)
			(1,789,460)	(1,058,828)
Rights with re	elated parties o	current	5,291	52,129
Rights with re	elated parties r	non-current	1,083,007	683,763
•	Obligations with current related parties		(1,307,351)	(216,388)
Obligations w	ith related par	ties non-current	(1,570,407)	(1,578,332)
_	•		(1,789,460)	(1,058,828)

30.2.2 Compensation of key management personnel

The Company's employees are entitled to profit sharing based on certain goals agreed annually. In turn, executives are entitled to bonus based on statutory provisions proposed by the Board of Directors and approved by the shareholders. The amount of profit sharing is recognized in profit or loss for the year in which the goals are achieved.

Key management personnel comprise the directors, officers and members of the Executive Committee and directors. Expenses incurred with remuneration and the respective charges, paid or payable, are shown below:

	Parent company Consolid		lidated	
	Years ended			
	December 31,	December 31,	December 31,	December 31,
Description	2024	2023	2024	2023
Salaries and benefits	45,015	3,404	45,767	4,341
Post-employment benefits	1,125	595	716	595
Share-based payment plan	39,870	63,529	39,870	63,529
	86,010	67,528	86,353	68,465

Stock-based compensation plan considers the Stock Options, RSU and phantom shares. Such plans are expected to be settled in up to eight years and, therefore, do not represent a cash outflow.

30.2.3 Technology service sharing contract

The Company carried out transactions with Águia Branca Participações S.A. one of its shareholders the Azul S.A., for the sharing of information technology resources for an indefinite period and the total involved is not significant. The contract was terminated in February 2024.



30.2.4 Ticket sales contract and corporated contract

On March 2018, the Company entered into a ticket sales contract with Caprioli Turismo Ltda., a travel agency owned by the Caprioli family (which holds an indirect stake in the Azul S.A. through TRIP former shareholders), whereby Caprioli Turismo Ltda. is granted a R\$20 credit line for the purchase and resale of tickets for flights operated by the Company. This credit line is guaranteed by a non-interest-bearing promissory note in the same amount payable.

In August 2024, the Company entered into a corporate agreement with Águia Branca Participações S.A., one of its shareholders, to obtain airline tickets.

30.2.5 Breeze

The Company signed sublease agreements for three aircraft with Breeze Aviation Group ("Breeze"), an airline founded by the controlling shareholder of Azul, headquartered in the United States. The transaction was voted on and approved by 97% of the Azul's shareholders at the Extraordinary General Meeting held on March 2020. Following good corporate practices, the controlling shareholder did not participate in the voting.

During the year ended December 31, 2024, the Company finalized the sublease contracts. The operations with Breeze are presented below:

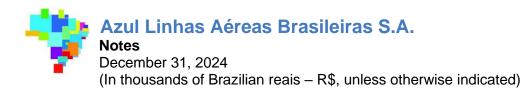
Parent company and Consolidated						
				December 31,	December 31,	
Creditor	Debtor	Type of operation	Note	2024	2023	
ALAB	Breeze	Aircraft sublease	Aircraft sublease	-	30,802	
ALAB	Breeze	Reimbursement receivable for maintenance reserves	Accounts receivable	2,703	3,901	
Breeze	ALAB	Reimbursement receivable for maintenance reserves	Other liabilities	(11,411)	(19,559)	
		Parent company and Consolidated		Years	Years ended	
				December 31,	December 31,	
Income	Expenses	Type of operation	Note	2024	2023	
ALAB	Breeze	Interest incurred	Financial income	1,754	5,824	

30.2.6 Azorra

In August 2022, the Company made agreements for purchase and sale of aircraft and engines with entities that are part of Azorra Aviation Holdings LLC. ("Azorra"), which has become a related party as the Company's Board of Directors' Chairman was elected independent member of Azorra's Board of Directors.

The operations with Azorra are presented below:

Parent company and Consolidated					
Creditor	Debtor	Type of operation	Note	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023
ALAB ALAB Azorra Azorra Azorra	Azorra Azorra ALAB Azul Investments Azul	Accounts receivable Security deposits Leases Leases – Notes Leases – Convertible to equity	Accounts receivable Deposits Leases Leases Leases	118,013 46,213 (473,428) (96,458) (150,441)	4,643 (302,947) (74,572) (102,683)
		Parent company and Consolida	Years ended		
Income	Expenses	Type of operation	Note Eineneigl expanse	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023
Azorra	ALAB	Interest incurred	Financial expense	78,451	17,106



30.2.7 Lilium

In August 2021, the Company announced plans to make a strategic partnership with *Lilium GmbH*, a wholly owned subsidiary of *Lilium N.V.* ("*Lilium*), which has ultimately become a related party as the Azul S.A. Board of Directors' Chairman was elected independent member of *Lilium*'s Board of Directors.

As of December 31, 2024, and 2023, the Company has no outstanding balances with Lilium.

30.2.8 United

The Company has agreements with United Airlines Inc. ("United"), one of its shareholders, for the use of the loyalty program and for the re-accommodation of passengers. As of December 31, 2024, the balance is not significant.

31. EQUITY

31.1 Issued capital

	Parent company an	Parent company and Consolidated		
Description	Company's capital	Number of common shares		
At December 31, 2022	4,798,563	4,798,562,334		
At December 31, 2023	4,798,563	4,798,562,334		
At December 31, 2024	4,798,563	4,798,562,334		

As established in the Company's bylaws, each common share entitles you to 1 (one) vote. Preferred shares of any class do not confer voting rights.

32. EARNINGS (LOSS) PER SHARE

32.1 Accounting policies

The basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing the net income for the year attributable to the Company's controlling shareholders by the weighted average number of all classes of shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted earnings per share are calculated by adjusting the weighted average number of shares outstanding. However, due to the losses recorded for the years ended December 31, 2024, and 2023, these instruments issued by the Company have a non-dilutive effect and, therefore, were not considered in the total number of shares outstanding to determination of diluted loss per share.



Although there are differences between common and preferred shares regarding voting rights and preference in the event of liquidation, the Company's preferred shares do not grant the right to receive fixed dividends. Preferred shares have an economic power and the right to receive dividends 75 times greater than common shares. The Company considers that the economic power of preferred shares is superior to that of common shares. Thus, the result for the year attributable to controlling shareholders is allocated proportionally in relation to the total economic participation of the amount of common and preferred shares.

32.2 Earnings (loss) per share calculation

	Parent com	Parent company and			
	Years e	Years ended			
Description	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023			
Numerator Loss for the year	(8,854,345)	(1,805,132)			
Denominator Number of common shares	4,798,563	4,798,563			
Basic earnings (loss) per common share – R\$ Diluted earnings (loss) per common share – R\$	(1.85) (1.85)	` ,			

33. SHARE-BASED PAYMENT

33.1 Accounting policies

The Company offers executives share-based compensation plans to be settled with Company shares or cash, according to which the Company receives services as consideration.

The cost of instruments is measured based on fair value on the date they were granted or on the date of these financial statements for phantom shares. To determine the fair value of purchase options, the Company uses the Black-Scholes model.

The cost of transactions settled with equity securities is recognized in profit or loss under "Salaries and Benefits", together with corresponding increase in the "Capital reserve" or "Salaries and social charges" liability for phantom shares, over the period in which performance and/or service condition are met, ending on the date on which the employee acquires full right to the award (vesting date) or settlement and cancellation for phantom shares. The outstanding liability is revalued at fair value on the date of this financial statement.

33.2 Compensation plans

The Company has three share-based compensation plans: the Stock Option Plan ("Option Plan"), the Restricted Stock Plan ("RSU") and the Stock Purchase Plan ("phantom Shares"). All of them aim to stimulate and promote the alignment of the objectives of the Company, shareholders, management and employees, and mitigate the risks in the generation of value of the Company by the loss of its executives, strengthening their commitment and productivity in the long-term results.



The movement of the plans is shown below:

	Parent company and Consolidated							
	Number of shares							
			Phantom					
Description	Option plan	RSU	shares	Total				
At December 31, 2022	19,069,705	1,795,401	326,472	21,191,578				
Granted	1,800,000	500,000	-	2,300,000				
Exercised	(124,388)	(609,313)	(22,884)	(756,585)				
Canceled	(223,633)	(142,023)	(56,658)	(422,314)				
At December 31, 2023	20,521,684	1,544,065	246,930	22,312,679				
Granted	4,200,000	1,007,253	-	5,207,253				
Exercised	(3,000)	(608,472)	(18,177)	(629,649)				
Canceled	(94,181)	(101,824)	(47,742)	(243,747)				
At December 31, 2024	24,624,503	1,841,022	181,011	26,646,536				

	Parent Company and Consolidated			
	December 31,	December 31,		
Description	2024	2023		
Share price (in reais)	3.54	16.01		
Weighted average price of the stock option (in reais)	5,97	12,93		
Weighted average price of the phantom shares (in reais)	10,35	10,35		
Cash inflow option plan	18	1,608		
Flat cash inflow of phantom shares	188	237		
Total obligation related to the phantom shares plan	36	1,736		
Income tax regarding RSU transfer	1,021	3,239		
Number of shares equivalent to RSU IR	167,093	167,447		

The expenses of share-based compensation plans are shown below:

	Consolidated	
	Years ended	
Description		nber 31, 023
Stock option	38,794	61,646
RSU	6,361	9,093
Phantom shares	(1,700)	904
	43,455	71,643

Due to the reduction in the share value in the year ended December 31, 2023, from R\$16.01 to R\$3.54, there was a decrease in the estimated remuneration of phantom shares and consequently a reversal of the expense recorded in previous periods.



33.3 Assumptions

33.3.1 Stock option

During the fourth quarter the 2024, the Company granted two programs with the following conditions:

	Option exercise	Everage fair value of the option on the			Average risk-	Exercise	Deadline remainder of	Purchasing	Total	Total	Total options
	price	grant	Historical	Expected	free rate of	rate per	vesting period	period up to	options	outstanding	available for
Date of grant	(in R\$)	(in R\$)	volatility	dividend	return	tranche	(in years)	(years)	granted	options	exercise
December 11, 2009	3.42	1.93	47.7%	1.1%	8.8%	25.0%	-	4.0	5,032,800	180,870	180,870
March 24, 2011	6.44	4.16	54.8%	1.1%	12.0%	25.0%	-	4.0	1,572,000	84,000	84,000
April 5, 2011	6.44	4.16	54.8%	1.1%	12.0%	25.0%	-	4.0	656,000	6,200	6,200
June 30, 2014	19.15	11.01	40.6%	1.1%	12.5%	25.0%	-	4.0	2,169,122	708,993	708,993
July 1, 2015	14.51	10.82	40.6%	1.1%	15.7%	25.0%	-	4.0	627,810	177,592	177,592
July 1, 2016	14.50	10.14	43.1%	1.1%	12.2%	25.0%	-	4.0	820,250	280,124	280,124
July 6, 2017	22.57	12.82	43.4%	1.1%	10.3%	25.0%	-	4.0	680,467	442,796	442,796
August 8, 2022	11.07	8.10	70.0%	-	13.0%	25.0%	1.6	4.0	1,774,418	1,701,057	865,714
August 8, 2022	11.07	6.40	68.8%	-	13.2%	33.3%	0.6	3.0	1,514,999	1,381,249	1,029,124
August 19, 2022	11.07	7.39	67.2%	-	13.6%	100.0%	-	1.0	4,900,000	4,824,333	4,824,333
August 19, 2022	11.07	11.54	74.6%	-	12.7%	20.0%	2.6	5.0	8,900,000	8,900,000	-
July 7, 2023	15.60	10.80	75.4%	-	10.5%	25.0%	2.5	4.0	1,800,000	1,737,289	439,630
October 23, 2024	4.04	3.25	73.0%	-	12.9%	25.0%	3.8	4.0	2,200,000	2,200,000	-
December 14, 2024	4.17	2.16	72.8%	-	14.8%	25.0%	4.0	4.0	2,000,000	2,000,000	-
									34,647,866	24,624,503	9,039,376

33.3.2 RSU

During the fourth quarter the 2024, the Company granted two programs with the following conditions:

Date of grant	Exercise rate per tranche	Fair value of share (in R\$)	Remaining term of the vesting period (in years)	Purchasing period up to (years)	Total granted	Total not exercised
July 7, 2021	25.0%	42.67	0.5	4.0	300,000	55,017
July 7, 2022	25.0%	11.72	1.5	4.0	335,593	143,243
July 7, 2022	25.0%	11.72	1.5	4.0	671,186	270,095
July 7, 2023	25.0%	19.32	2.5	4.0	500,000	365,414
October 23, 2024	25.0%	5.48	3.8	4.0	671,502	671,502
December 13, 2024	25.0%	4.17	4.0	4.0	335,751	335,751
					2,814,032	1,841,022

33.3.3 Phantom shares

Date of grant	Option exercise price (in reais)	Average fair value of option	Historical volatility	Average risk-free rate of return	Exercise rate per tranche	Remaining term of the vesting period (in years)	Purchasing period up to (years)	Total options granted	Total outstanding	Total options available for exercise
August 7, 2018	20.43	0.04	75.8%	15.4%	25.0%	-	4.0	707,400	53,520	53,520
April 30, 2020	10.35	0.22	75.8%	15.4%	25.0%	-	4.0	3,250,000	99,761	99,761
April 30, 2020	10.35	0.47	75.7%	15.7%	25.0%	-	4.0	1,600,000	26,300	26,300
August 17, 2021	33.99	0.16	75.0%	15.7%	25.0%	-	4.0	580,000	1,430	1,430
								6,137,400	181,011	181,011



34. SALES REVENUE

34.1 Accounting policies

34.1.1 Revenue from passenger transport and loyalty program

Revenue from passenger transport is recognized when air transportation is actually provided. Tickets sold, but not yet used are recorded as "Air traffic liability and loyalty program" account, net of breakage revenue estimate (note 26).

Other revenues that include charter flights, rescheduling fees, baggage dispatch and other additional services are recognized along with the primary passenger transport obligation passengers.

In the loyalty program, customers accumulate points based on the amount spent on air transportation and in accordance with the partners' rules. The number of points depends on the customer's category in the loyalty program, market, fare class and other factors including promotional campaigns.

After the sale of a ticket, the Company recognizes a portion of ticket sales as revenue when the transportation service occurs and defers the portion corresponding to loyalty program points in accordance with CPC 47 - Customer Contract Revenue, equivalent to IFRS 15.

The Company determines the estimated selling price of the air transportation and points as if each element had been sold on a separate basis and was therefore based on the stand-alone selling price.

The Company also sells loyalty program points to customers and partners, including credit card companies, financial institutions and retail companies. The related revenue is deferred and recognized when points are redeemed, based on the weighted average price of points sold.

Points not used are recorded under "Air traffic liability and loyalty program", until their effective use or expiration.

Other revenues

Other revenues mainly include the transportation of cargo and travel packages and are recognized when performance obligations are met.



34.2 Breakdown of sales revenue

	Parent co	mpany	Consolidated				
	Years ended						
	December 31,	December	December 31,	December 31,			
Description	2024	31, 2023	2024	2023			
Passenger revenue	17,865,112	17,021,829	18,125,685	17,229,732			
Other revenues	1,325,650	1,352,575	1,506,303	1,487,286			
Total	19,190,762	18,374,404	19,631,988	18,717,018			
Taxes levied							
Passenger revenue (a)	(2,550)	(2,004)	(2,550)	(2,004)			
Other revenues	(94,194)	(153,283)	(103,230)	(160,589)			
Total taxes	(96,744)	(155,287)	(105,780)	(162,593)			
Total revenue	19,094,018	18,219,117	19,526,208	18,554,425			

⁽a) As of January 1, 2023, the PIS and COFINS rates on revenues arising from regular passenger air transport activities were reduced to zero, in accordance with Law 14,592/2023.

Revenues by geographical location are as follows:

	Parent	company	Consolidated				
		Years ended					
	December 31,	December 31, Decem					
Description	2024	2023	2024	2023			
Domestic revenue	15,651,982	14,340,667	16,084,172	14,675,974			
Foreign revenue	3,442,036	3,878,450	3,442,036	3,878,451			
Total revenue	19,094,018	18,219,117	19,526,208	18,554,425			



35. COSTS AND EXPENSES BY NATURE

	Parent o	company	Consolidated		
		Years	ended		
	December 31,	December 31,	December 31,	December 31,	
Description	2024	2023	2024	2023	
Cost of service					
Aircraft fuel	(F FF2 07F)	(F 0F0 074)	(F F02 F02)	(F 900 49F)	
Salaries and benefits	(5,553,075)	(5,859,974)	(5,583,503)	(5,890,485)	
	(2,489,676)	(2,229,527)	(2,538,629)	(2,274,180)	
Airport taxes and fees	(1,068,450)	(1,053,579)	(1,074,818)	(1,059,258)	
Auxiliary services for air transport	(861,774)	(797,511)	(872,481)	(807,563)	
Maintenance	(775,616)	(882,757)	(789,222)	(898,282)	
Depreciation and amortization (a)	(2,512,103)	(2,349,611)	(2,552,173)	(2,393,864)	
Impairment	143,790	245,636	143,790	245,636	
Insurance	(71,427)	(76,271)	(72,323)	(77,247)	
Rental (b)	(264,900)	222,502	(268,060)	(225,051)	
Other (b)	(654,376)	(2,214,799)	(703,015)	(1,797,724)	
	(14,107,607)	(14,995,891)	(14,310,434)	(15,178,018)	
Selling expenses					
Salaries and benefits	(44,921)	(40,765)	(44,921)	(40,765)	
Advertising and publicity	(837,747)	(735,202)	(889,224)	(779,264)	
5 ,	(882,668)	(775,967)	(934,145)	(820,029)	
Administrativo expenses					
Administrative expenses Salaries and benefits	(89,612)	(48,744)	(113,092)	(62,548)	
	, ,	,	, ,		
Depreciation and amortization (a)	(11,762)	(10,299)	(11,809)	(10,359)	
Others	(368,532)	(364,331)			
	(469,906)	(423,374)	(496,053)	(439,762)	
Other operating expenses					
Others	(323,033)	(527,043)	(324,459)	(466,496)	
	(323,033)	(527,043)	(324,459)	(466,496)	
Total	(15,783,214)	(16,722,275)	(16,065,091)	(16,904,305)	

⁽a) Net of PIS and COFINS credits in the amount of R\$1,501 and R\$1,513 in the parent company and consolidated, respectively, as of December 31, 2024 (R\$1,690 and R\$1,723 in the parent company and consolidated, respectively, as of December 31, 2023).

⁽b) Such balances refer to the "Others" line disclosed on December 31, 2023.



36. FINANCIAL RESULT

36.1 Accounting policies

The financial result income and expenses include interest income, leases, loans and financing, exchange differences, changes in the fair value of financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss, gains and losses on derivative instruments, commissions and bank charges, among others. Interest income and expenses are recognized in the statement of profit or loss using the effective interest method.

36.2 Breakdown of financial result

	Parent c	lidated				
		Years ended				
	December	December	December	December		
Description	31, 2024	31, 2023	31, 2024	31, 2023		
Financial income						
Interest on short-term investments	144,806	78,809	148,066	91,081		
Sublease receivables	1,754	13,314	1,754	13,314		
TAP Bond fair value	37,610	66,053	37,610	66,053		
Others	39,343	41,872	59,057	45,869		
	223,513	200,048	246,487	216,317		
Financial expenses						
Interest on loans and financing (a)	(144,722)	(242,161)	(1,358,419)	(865,107)		
Interest on reverse factoring	(10,224)	(17,010)	(10,224)	(17,010)		
Interest on lease	(2,445,152)	(2,405,355)	(2,460,514)	(2,420,557)		
Interest accounts payable and airport taxes and fees	(328,782)	(418,065)	(328,901)	(418,066)		
Interest on provisions	(77,282)	(257,893)	(77,559)	(258,300)		
Interest on advances on credit card receivables	(249,349)	(290,598)	(327,771)	(334,896)		
Amortized cost of loans and financing	(33,662)	(17,260)	(109,462)	(44,894)		
Cost of financial operations	(51,167)	(39,780)	(129,266)	(83,872)		
TAP Bond fair value	(14,842)	(25,736)	(14,842)	(25,736)		
Debt restructuring	-	-	-	(199,635)		
Others (b)	(135,794)	(327,753)	(130,189)	(335,530)		
	(3,490,976)	(4,041,611)	(4,947,147)	(5,003,603)		
Derivative financial instruments, net	(119,306)	(168,249)	(119,306)	(213,209)		
Foreign currency exchange, net	(6,832,076)	1,508,660	(7,494,802)	1,545,243		
Financial result, net	(10,218,845)	(2,501,152)	(12,314,768)	(3,455,252)		

⁽a) Net of PIS and COFINS credits in the amount of R\$19,534.

⁽b) These balances refer to the "Guarantee commissions" and "Others" disclosed on December 31, 2023.



37. RISK MANAGEMENT

37.1 Accounting policies

Operating activities expose the Company and its subsidiaries to the following financial risks: (i) market risk, related to interest rate, fuel price and exchange rate, (ii) credit risk and (iii) liquidity risk. The risks are monitored by the Company's management and can be mitigated through the use of swaps, terms and options.

All activities with derivative financial instruments for risk management are carried out by specialists with experience and adequate supervision. It is the Company's policy not to operate transactions for speculative purposes.

37.2 Fair value hierarchy of financial instruments

The following hierarchy is used to determine the fair value of financial instruments:

Level 1: quoted prices, without adjustment, in active markets for identical assets and liabilities;

Level 2: other techniques for which all inputs that have a significant effect on the fair value recorded are directly or indirectly observable; and

Level 3: techniques that use data that have a significant effect on the fair value recorded that are not based on observable market data.

The fair value hierarchy of the Company's consolidated financial instruments, as well as the comparison between book value and fair value, are identified below:

			Parent company				
			Carrying	amount	Fair v	/alue	
Description	Note	Level	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	
Assets							
Long-term investments – TAP Bond	7	2	1,004,505	780,312	1,004,505	780,312	
Derivative financial instruments	24	2	-	21,909	-	21,909	
Liabilities							
Loans and financing	20	2	(1,598,096)	(1,261,561)	(2,156,236)	(1,087,974)	
Derivative financial instruments	24	2	(65,375)	(69,745)	(65,375)	(69,745)	
				Consol	lidated		
			Carrying	amount	Fair value		
			December	December	December	December	
Description	Note	Level	31, 2024	31, 2023	31, 2024	31, 2023	
Assets							
Long-term investments – TAP Bond	7	2	1,004,505	780,312	1,004,505	780,312	
Derivative financial instruments	24	2	-	21,909	-	21,909	
Liabilities							
Loans and financing	20	-	(14,981,417)	(9,698,912)	(12,870,813)	(9,083,772)	
Derivative financial instruments	24	2	(65,375)	(69,745)	(65,375)	(69,745)	



Financial instruments whose fair value approximates their carrying value, based on established conditions, mainly due to the short maturity period, were not disclosed.

37.3 Market risks

37.3.1 Interest rate risk

37.3.1.1 Sensitivity analysis

As of December 31, 2024, the Company held assets and liabilities linked to different types of interest rates. In the sensitivity analysis of non-derivative financial instruments, the impact was considered only on positions with values exposed to such fluctuations:

		Parent co	mpany			
	Exposure	to CDI	Exposure to SOFR			
		December 31,		December 31,		
Description	Rate (p.a.)	2024	Rate (p.a.)	2024		
Exposed assets (liabilities), net	12.2%	(441,705)	4.4%	(408,711)		
Effect on profit or loss						
Interest rate devaluation by -10%	10.9%	6,228	4.%	1,755		
Interest rate devaluation by -25%	9.1%	15,571	3.3%	4,387		
Interest rate appreciation by 10%	13.4%	(6,228)	4.8%	(1,755)		
Interest rate appreciation by 25%	15.2%	(15,571)	5.5%	(4,387)		
		Consol	idated			
	Exposure	to CDI	Exposure	to SOFR		
		December 31,		December 31,		
Description	Rate (p.a.)	2024	Rate (p.a.)	2024		
				()		

	Exposure t	o CDI	Exposure to SOFR			
	D	ecember 31,		December 31,		
Description	Rate (p.a.)	2024	Rate (p.a.)	2024		
Exposed assets (liabilities), net	12.2%	(430,492)	4.4%	(2,233,707)		
Effect on profit or loss						
Interest rate devaluation by -10%	10.9%	6,102	4.%	10,016		
Interest rate devaluation by -25%	9.1%	15,254	3.3%	25,041		
Interest rate appreciation by 10%	13.4%	(6,102)	4.8%	(10,016)		
Interest rate appreciation by 25%	15.2%	(15,254)	5.5%	(25,041)		

37.3.2 Aircraft fuel price risk ("QAV")

The price of fuel may vary depending on the volatility of the price of crude oil and its derivatives. To mitigate losses linked to variations in the fuel market, the Company had, as of December 31, 2024, forward transactions on fuel (note 24).

37.3.2.1 Sensitivity analysis

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity analysis of the price fluctuation of QAV liter:



(In thousands of Brazilian reais – R\$, unless otherwise indicated)

	De	December 31, 2024							
	E	xposure to pric	e						
Description	Average price per liter (in reais)	Parent company	Consolidated						
Aircraft fuel	4.4	(5,553,075)	(5,583,503)						
Effect on profit or loss									
Devaluation by -10%	4.0	555,308	558,350						
Devaluation by -25%	3.3	1,388,269	1,395,876						
Appreciation by 10%	4.8	(555,308)	(558,350)						
Appreciation by 25%	5.5	(1,388,269)	(1,395,876)						

37.3.3 Foreign exchange risk

The foreign exchange risk arises from the possibility of unfavorable exchange differences to which the Company's cash flows are exposed.

The equity exposure to the main variations in exchange rates is shown below:

		Parent c	ompany	
	Exposur	e to US\$	Exposi	ıre to €
		December 31,		
Description	2024	2023	2024	2023
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	70,689	43,843	5,956	3,704
Long-term investments	-	-	1,004,505	780,312
Accounts receivable	687,396	•	2,927	2,876
Aircraft sublease	-	30,802	-	-
Deposits	3,245,670	2,179,328	11,070	-
Related parties	92,829	59,322		-
Other assets	61,833	18,218	5,535	-
Total assets	4,158,417	2,446,537	1,029,993	786,892
Liabilities				
Loans and financing	(166,314)	(285,773)	-	-
Leases	(17,109,652)	(12,286,406)	-	-
Accounts payable	(2,658,135)	(1,514,337)	-	-
Airport taxes and fees	(3,373)	(21,994)	-	-
Related parties	(14,063,988)	(9,275,327)	-	-
Provisions (a)	(3,941,490)	(2,568,067)	-	-
Other liabilities (a)	(31,055)	(113,790)	-	-
Total liabilities	(37,974,007)	(26,065,694)	-	-
Net exposure	(33,815,590)	(23,619,157)	1,029,993	786,892
Net exposure in foreign currency	(5,460,910)	(4,878,681)	160,029	147,039

⁽a) Such balances refer to the "Provisions and other liabilities" line disclosed on December 31, 2023.

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(In thousands of Brazilian reais – R\$, unless otherwise indicated)

	Consolidated							
	Exposur	e to US\$	Exposi	ure to €				
Description	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023				
	2024	2020	LULT	2023				
Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	75,764	82,269	5,956	3,704				
Long-term investments	-	-	1,004,505	780,312				
Accounts receivable	687,396	115,024	2,927	2,876				
Aircraft sublease	-	30,802	-	-				
Deposits	3,257,360	2,188,672	11,581	-				
Related parties	12,524,355	649,232	-	-				
Other assets	72,360	26,207	5,535	<u>-</u>				
Total assets	16,617,235	3,092,206	1,030,504	786,892				
Liabilities								
Loans and financing	(13,720,427)	(8,889,048)	-	-				
Leases	(18,567,296)	(12,383,362)	-	-				
Accounts payable	(3,182,795)	(1,920,658)	-	-				
Airport taxes and fees	(3,373)	(21,994)	-	-				
Related parties	(14,578,533)	(1,578,332)	-	-				
Provisions (a)	(3,947,439)	(2,568,067)	-	-				
Other liabilities (a)	(31,055)	(113,790)	(15)					
Total liabilities	(54,030,918)	(27,475,251)	(15)	-				
Net exposure	(37,413,683)	(24,383,045)	1,030,489	786,892				
Net exposure in foreign currency	(6,041,969)	(5,036,466)	160,106	147,039				

⁽a) Such balances refer to the "Provisions and other liabilities" line disclosed on December 31, 2023.

37.3.3.1 Sensitivity analysis

	Parent company									
	Exposure	to US\$	Exposure to €							
Description	Closing rate	December 31, 2024	Closing rate	December 31, 2024						
Exposed assets (liabilities), net	6.2	(33,815,590)	6.4	1,029,993						
Effect on profit or loss										
Foreign currency devaluation by -10%	5.6	3,381,562	5.8	(103,001)						
Foreign currency devaluation by -25%	4.6	8,453,901	4.8	(257,500)						
Foreign currency appreciation by 10%	6.8	(3,381,562)	7.1	103,001						
Foreign currency appreciation by 25%	7.7	(8,453,901)	8.0	257,500						

(In thousands of Brazilian reais – R\$, unless otherwise indicated)

	Consolidated									
	Exposure	to US\$	Exposure to €							
Description	Closing rate	December 31, 2024	Closing rate	December 31, 2024						
Exposed assets (liabilities), net	6.2	(37,413,683)	6.4	1,030,489						
Effect on profit or loss										
Foreign currency devaluation by -10%	5.6	3,741,370	5.8	(103,050)						
Foreign currency devaluation by -25%	4.6	9,353,423	4.8	(257,624)						
Foreign currency appreciation by 10%	6.8	(3,741,370)	7.1	103,050						
Foreign currency appreciation by 25%	7.7	(9,353,423)	8.0	257,624						

37.4 Credit risk

Credit risk is inherent to the Company's operating and financial activities, mainly disclosed in cash and cash equivalents, long-term investments, accounts receivable, security deposits and maintenance reserves. The TAP Bond is guaranteed by intellectual property rights and credits related to the TAP mileage program.

Credit limits are established for all customers based on internal classification criteria and the carrying amounts represent the maximum credit risk exposure. Outstanding receivables from customers are frequently monitored by the Company and, when necessary, allowances for expected credit losses are recognized.

Derivative financial instruments are contracted on the over the counter (OTC) market with counterparties that maintain a relationship and can be contracted on commodity and futures exchanges (B3 and NYMEX), which mitigate and contributes to credit risk.

The Company assesses the risks of counterparties in financial instruments and diversifies exposure periodically.

37.5 Liquidity risk

The maturity schedules of the Company's consolidated financial liabilities as of December 31, 2024 are as follows:

	Parent company									
	Carrying	Contractual		From 2 to 5						
Description	amount	cash flow	Until 1 year	years	After 5 years					
Loans and financing	1,598,096	1,900,212	1,179,634	720,578	-					
Leases	17,215,786	28,902,843	5,184,478	16,157,193	7,561,172					
Accounts payable	4,475,677	4,554,447	3,968,561	585,886	-					
Airport fees and fees	1,376,685	1,394,964	585,924	369,287	439,753					
	24,666,244	36,752,466	10,918,597	17,832,944	8,000,925					



(In thousands of Brazilian reais – R\$, unless otherwise indicated)

		Consolited										
	Carrying	Contractual		From 2 to 5								
Description	amount	cash flow	Until 1 year	years	After 5 years							
Loans and financing	14,981,417	21,073,217	3,660,524	13,601,921	3,810,772							
Leases	18,695,682	31,609,340	5,375,290	18,663,514	7,570,536							
Accounts payable	5,129,531	5,442,605	4,154,927	759,276	528,402							
Airport fees and fees	1,377,419	1,395,699	586,659	369,287	439,753							
	40,184,049	59,520,861	13,777,400	33,393,998	12,349,463							

37.6 Capital management

The Company seeks capital alternatives in order to satisfy its operational needs, aiming for a capital structure that it considers adequate for the financial costs and the maturity terms of the funding and its guarantees. The Company's Management continually monitors its net debt.



38. NON-CASH TRANSACTIONS

		Parent company Parent company														
Description	Acquisition of property and equipment	Acquisition of capitalized maintenance	Acquisition of intangible	Maintenance reserves	Reverse factoring	Loans and financing	Compensation of lease	Compensation of accounts payable	Acquisition of leases	Addition the ARO	Modification	Transfers	Others	Total		
Accounts receivable	-	-	_	-	231,799		(92,703)	(600,978)	-		-	-	-	(461,882)		
Aircraft sublease	-	-	_	-	· -	-	(0.10=)				-	(27,086)	-	(36,553)		
Inventories	-	-	-	-	-				-		-	(2,261)	(9,878)	(12,139)		
Deposits	-	-	-	-	(72,153)				-		-	-	-	(72,153)		
Advances to suppliers	-	-	-	-	-				-	-	-	-	-	-		
Property and equipment	453,006	-	-	-	-				-	-	-	(8,533)	(53,137)	391,336		
Right-of-use assets	-	229,091	-	-	-				2,765,174	713,649	234,143	66,248	-	4,008,305		
Intangible assets	-	-	64,768	-	-				-		-	-	-	64,768		
Other assets	-	-	-	230,222	-				-		-	(28,368)	-	201,854		
Leases	-	-	-	-	-		102,170	-	(2,771,846)	-	(230,742)	1,349,564	-	(1,550,854)		
Accounts payable	(453,006)	(229,091)	(64,768)	(230,222)	(159,646)	208,804		600,978	2,769	-	-	-	63,015	(261,167)		
Reverse factoring	-	-	-	-	-	(208,804)	-		-		-	-	-	(208,804)		
Provisions	-	-	-	-	-				-	(713,649)	(3,401)	-	-	(717,050)		
Related parties	-	-	-	-	-				-		-	(1,349,564)	-	(1,349,564)		
Other assets and liabilities		-	-	-	-	-	-	. <u>-</u>	3,903	-	-		-	3,903		
As of december 31, 2024	-	-	-	-	-				-		-	-	-	-		

							Parent company								
Description	Acquisition of property and equipment	Acquisition of capitalized maintenance	Acquisition of intangible	Maintenance reserves	Reverse factoring	Loans and financing	Sale and leaseback	Compensation of sublease	Compensation of lease	Acquisition of leases	Addition the ARO	Modification	Transfers	Total	
Accounts receivable	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(401,267)	-	-	-	569,348	168,081	
Aircraft sublease	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(39,505)	-	-	-	-	-	(39,505)	
Deposits	-	-	-	116,173	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(569,348)	(453,175)	
Inventories	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	22,110	22,110	
Advances to suppliers	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(2,671,934)	(2,671,934)	
Property and equipment	93,899	-	-	-	-	-	(3,845)	-	(641)	5,052	-	-	73,502	167,967	
Right-of-use assets	-	229,884	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,082,891	501,864	986,321	(18,792)	2,782,168	
Intangible assets	-	-	68,432	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	68,432	
Loans and financing	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,067	1,067	
Leases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	39,505	239,000	(1,135,034)	-	(1,237,322)	2,666,379	572,528	
Accounts payable	(93,899)	(229,884)	(68,432)	(116,173)	391,676	-	3,845	-	38,950	10,785	-	-	2,561,148	2,498,016	
Reverse factoring	-	-		-	(391,676		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(391,676)	
Provisions	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	(501,864)	251,001	97,819	(153,044)	
Related parties	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(2,690,586)		
Other assets and liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	123,958	36,306	-	-	(40,713)		
As of December 31, 2023	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		

Azul Linhas Aéreas Brasileiras S.A. Notes December 31, 2024 (In thousands of Brazilian reais – R\$, unless otherwise indicated)

							Consolidated							
Description	Acquisition of property and equipment	Acquisition of capitalized maintenance	Acquisition of intangible	Maintenance reserves	Reverse factoring	Loans and financing	Compensation of lease	Compensation of accounts payable	Acquisition of leases	Addition the ARO	Modification	Transfers	Others	Total
Accounts receivable	-	-	-	-	232,059		(92,703)	(600,978)	-	_	-	-	-	(461,622)
Aircraft sublease	-	-	-	-			(9,467)		-	-	-	(27,086)	-	(36,553)
Inventories	-	-	-	-	-			-	-	-	-	(2,261)	(9,878)	(12,139)
Deposits	-	-	-	-	(72,413)			-	-	-	-	-	-	(72,413)
Advances to suppliers	-	-	-	-	-			-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Property and equipment	875,504	-	-	-	-			-	-	-	-	(8,496)	(53,137)	813,871
Right-of-use assets	-	229,091	-	-	-			-	2,765,174	713,649	234,860	66,248	-	4,009,022
Intangible assets	-	-	65,659	-	-			-	-	-	-	(37)	-	65,622
Other assets	-	-	-	230,222	-			-	-	-	-	(28,368)	-	201,854
Loans and financing	-	-	-	-	-			(654,854)	-	-	-	-	-	(654,854)
Leases	-	-	-	-	-		102,170	-	(2,771,846)	-	(231,459)	1,023,426	-	(1,877,709)
Accounts payable	(875,504)	(229,091)	(65,659)	(230,222)	(159,646)	208,804		1,255,832	2,769	-	-	-	63,015	(29,702)
Reverse factoring	-	-	-	-	-	(208,804)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(208,804)
Provisions	-	-	-	-	-			-	-	(713,649)	(3,401)	-	-	(717,050)
Related parties	-	-	-	-	-			-	-	-	-	(1,023,426)	-	(1,023,426)
Other assets and liabilities		-	-	-	-		-	-	3,903	-	-	-	-	3,903
As of december 31, 2024	-	-	-	-	-			-	-	-	-	-	-	-

	Consolidated													
Description	Acquisition of property and equipment	Acquisition of capitalized maintenance	Acquisition of intangible	Maintenance reserves	Reverse factoring	Loans and financing	Sale and leaseback	Compensation of sublease	Compensation of lease	Acquisition of leases	Addition the ARO	Modification	Transfers	Total
Accounts receivable	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(401,267)	-	-	-	586,937	185,670
Aircraft sublease	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(39,505)	-	-	-	-	-	(39,505)
Deposits	-	-	-	116,173	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(586,937)	(470,764)
Inventories	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	22,110	22,110
Advances to suppliers	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(2,783,489)	(2,783,489)
Property and equipment	208,154	-	-	-	-	79,222	(3,845)	-	(641)	5,052	-	-	73,310	361,252
Right-of-use assets	-	229,884	-	-	-	-	-	-		1,084,930	501,864	987,188	(18,792)	2,785,074
Intangible assets	-	-	82,712	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	192	82,904
Loans and financing	-	-	-	-	-	(79,222)	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,067	(78,155)
Leases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	39,505	239,000	(1,137,073)	-	(1,237,322)	1,635,532	(460,358)
Accounts payable	(208,154)	(229,884)	(82,712)	(116,173)	391,676	-	3,845	-	38,950	10,785	-	-	2,672,703	2,481,036
Reverse factoring	-	-	-	-	(391,676)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(391,676)
Provisions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(501,864)	250,134	97,819	(153,911)
Related parties	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,659,739)	(1,659,739)
Other assets and liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	123,958	36,306	-	-	(40,713)	119,551
As of December 31, 2023		-	-		_	_	_		_	_	-	_	_	



39. COMMITMENTS

39.1 Aircraft acquisition

Through contracts with manufacturers and lessors, the Company committed to acquiring certain aircraft, as follows:

	Parent company and Consolited				
Description	December 31 2024	, December 31, 2023			
Lessors		17 31			
Manufacturers		94 96			
	1	11 127			

The amounts shown below are brought to present value using the weighted discount rate for lease operations, equivalent to 15.8% (15.8% on December 31, 2023) and do not necessarily represent a cash outflow, as the Company is evaluating the acquisition of financing to meet these commitments.

	Parent company	arent company and Consolited		
	December 31,	December 31,		
Description	2024	2023		
2024	-	916,053		
2025	1,960,910	1,290,764		
2026	2,517,365	4,991,454		
2027	5,910,751	4,359,775		
2028 ^(a)	5,284,514	2,595,179		
After 2028 (a)	4,779,614	2,294,727		
	20,453,154	16,447,952		

⁽a) Such balances refer to the "After 2027" line disclosed on December 31, 2023.

39.2 Letters of credit

The position of the letters of credit in use by the Company is followed for the following purposes:

	Parent company e Consolited					
	December 3	31, 2024	December 31, 2023			
Description	R\$	US\$	R\$	US\$		
Security deposits and maintenance reserve	2,379,135	384,209	1,979,883	408,957		
Bank guarantees	7,005	-	9,161			
	2,386,140	384,209	1,989,044	408,957		



40. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

40.1 Non-binding Memorandum of Understanding

In January 2025, the Company signed a non-binding memorandum of understanding ("MoU") with Abra Group Limited ("Abra") aligning the terms and conditions for the potential business combination between Azul and Gol Linhas Aéreas Inteligentes S.A. ("Gol").

The MoU understandings about the governance of the combined entity and reinforces their interest in continuing negotiations on a proposed share exchange ratio and other conditions. If the transaction is implemented, Azul and Gol will keep their operating certificates segregated under a single listed entity.

The closing of the transaction is subject to Abra and Azul agreeing on economic terms of the transaction, the satisfactory completion of due diligence, entering into definitive agreements, obtaining corporate and regulatory approvals (including from the Brazilian antitrust authorities), satisfaction of customary closing conditions the consummation of Gol's Chapter 11 plan of reorganization and receipt by Abra of consideration thereunder.

40.2 Restructuring

In January 2025, the Company completed the restructuring of its obligations with substantially all bondholders, lessors and OEMs, and the closing of offering of Superpriority Notes ("Superpriority Notes") issued by Azul Secured Finance LLP, together with exchange offers.

The comprehensive restructuring and recapitalization included a structured financing plan, focused on improving liquidity and cash generation, and reducing leverage, with almost US\$1.6 billion in debt, with an additional US\$525 million principal amount of capital raised, as summarized below:

40.2.1 Restructuring with Lessors, OEMs and Other Suppliers

The restructuring with lessors and OEMs contemplated:

- Elimination of equity issuance obligations owed to lessors and OEMs totaling approximately US\$557 million, in exchange for 94 million new preferred shares in a one-time issuance to be completed in the first quarter of 2025;
- Extinguishment of US\$243.6 million aggregate principal amount of existing notes held by certain lessors and OEMs (the "2030 Lessor/OEM Notes") in exchange for other commercial considerations;
- Exchange of the remaining 2030 Lessor/OEM Notes for new unsecured notes due in 2032 and an option to pay interest in kind; and
- Binding definitive agreements with lessors, OEMs and other suppliers, enhancing additional cash flow improvements of over US\$300 million across 2025, 2026 and 2027.

By achieving these results, Azul was able to access the full gross proceeds of the Superpriority Notes, including the additional US\$100 million that had been reserved upon satisfaction of certain conditions.



40.2.2 Restructuring and recapitalization of debt holders

40.2.2.1 Superpriority Notes

The Superiority Notes were issued on a private placement basis to a group of noteholders and holders of convertible debentures, as well as certain other existing noteholders, in the principal amount of US\$525 million, with a variable rate and maturity in 2030, guaranteed by the Azul S.A., Company and substantially all of Azul's other subsidiaries.

The Superpriority Notes are secured on a superpriority basis by a shared collateral package prior to payments on the New Exchange Notes and certain other debt and obligations of Azul pursuant to priorities established under an intercreditor agreement.

40.2.2.2 New Exchange Notes

In exchange for the existing notes subject to the Exchange Offer ("Existing Notes"), the subsidiary Azul Secured issued "New Notes" with the following terms:

- (i) US\$1,048,839 in principal amount of 11.9% Senior Secured First Out Notes due 2028 ("New 2028 Notes")
- (ii) US\$238,015 in principal amount of 11.5% Senior Secured Second Out Notes due 2029 ("New 2029 Notes"), and
- (iii) US\$546,620 in principal amount of 10.9% Senior Secured Second Out Notes due 2030 ("New 2030 Notes").

The New 2028 Notes are secured on a "first out" basis after payments on the Superpriority Notes but prior to payments on the New 2029 Notes or the New 2030 Notes, among other debt and other obligations, pursuant to priorities established under an intercreditor agreement.

In addition, Azul has today entered into supplemental indentures to amend the terms of the Existing Notes pursuant to its solicitation of consents to eliminate substantially all of the restrictive covenants, events of default and related provisions in the Existing Notes and to release the collateral securing the Existing Notes.

The restructuring and recapitalization with the bondholders contemplated:

- Initial financing: US\$150 million funded in October 2024, which was fully repaid in January 2025;
- 2030 Senior Notes: US\$525 million principal amount, with interest on the principal amount can be paid in kind or in cash at Azul's election; and
- Equitization into preferred shares (including represented by ADRs) of US\$784.6 million of the new exchanged 2029 and 2030 notes ("New Exchange Notes"), as follows:
 - 35.0% of the principal amount of the New Exchange Notes shall be equitized no later than April 30, 2025; and
 - 12.5% of the principal amount of the New Exchange Notes shall be equitized upon completion of an equity offering that raises net proceeds of at least US\$200 million.



The remaining 52.5% of the principal amount of the New Exchange Notes shall be exchanged no later than April 30, 2025 into new exchangeable with interest at a rate of 4.0% cash plus 6.0% PIK.

> Elton Flavio Ribeiro CRC 1SP 253891/O-0 Controllership, tax and internal control director