

Azul Reports Record 1Q Results with EBITDA margin of 30.3%

São Paulo, May 13, 2024 – Azul S.A., "Azul" (B3:AZUL4, NYSE:AZUL), the largest airline in Brazil by number of cities and departures, announces today its results for the first quarter of 2024 ("1Q24"). The following financial information, unless stated otherwise, is presented in Brazilian reais and in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS).

Financial and Operating Highlights

- EBITDA reached an all-time record for a first quarter, increasing 37.4% to R\$1.4 billion, with a margin of 30.3%. This represents an increase of R\$385.2 million compared to 1Q23.
- Operating income was also at record levels for a first quarter, increasing an impressive 73.2% to R\$800.7 million, representing a margin of 17.1%, 6.8 percentage points higher than in 1Q23.
- Operating revenue also reached a first quarter record, increasing 4.5% to R\$4.7 billion, driven by a healthy
 demand environment, robust ancillary revenues, and growth in our other business units.
- PRASK and RASK were also at record levels for a first quarter at R\$39.33 cents and R\$42.23 cents, respectively, an increase of 1.9% and 1.8% versus 1Q23, while at the same time capacity increased 2.6%.
- Yield reached a record for a first quarter at R\$49.84 cents, an increase of 2.8% compared to 1Q23.
- Passenger traffic (RPK) increased 1.7% over a capacity increase of 2.6%, resulting in a load factor of 79%.

1Q24 Highlights	1Q24	1Q23 ¹	Change
Total operating revenue (R\$ million)	4,678.4	4,478.3	4.5%
Operating income (R\$ million)	800.7	462.4	338.3
Operating margin (%)	17.1%	10.3%	+6.8 p.p.
EBITDA (R\$ million)	1,415.2	1,030.1	385.2
EBITDA margin (%)	30.3%	23.0%	+7.2 p.p.
ASK (million)	11,077	10,799	2.6%
RASK (R\$ cents)	42.23	41.47	1.8%
PRASK (R\$ cents)	39.33	38.61	1.9%
Yield (R\$ cents)	49.84	48.50	2.8%
CASK (R\$ cents)	35.01	37.19	-5.9%
Fuel cost per liter (R\$)	4.25	5.25	-19.1%

¹ 1Q23 operating results were adjusted for non-recurring items.

- CASK in 1Q24 was R\$35.01 cents, a reduction of 5.9% compared to 1Q23, mainly driven by a 19.1% reduction in fuel prices, partially offset by the 3.9% inflation over the last 12 months and investments to support our upcoming growth and maximize fleet availability.
- Fuel consumption per ASK dropped 2.6% in 1Q24 versus 1Q23, as a result of the higher number of nextgeneration aircraft in our fleet.
- Immediate liquidity was R\$2.7 billion, 50.8% higher compared to 1Q23, representing 14.4% of the last twelve months' revenues. In the quarter, we continued to deleverage and paid down over R\$1.8 billion in debt amortization, interest, and deferrals.
- Leverage, measured as net debt to LTM EBITDA, reached 3.7x, a remarkable reduction of 1.4x compared to 1Q23. Azul expects to continue reducing leverage, reaching approximately 3.0x at the end of 2024, below pre-pandemic levels.



Management Comments

First, I wish to express solidarity with the people of Rio Grande do Sul during this very difficult time. We are deeply saddened by the loss of lives, the displacement of people, and the widespread destruction caused by severe flooding in that region. At this moment, we have already collected more than 1,000 tons of items and are working on distributing them. Thousands of Crewmembers from all over the country have donated time, money, and supplies to the relief effort, while continuing to offer the Azul experience with excellence every day. I have always stated that we have the best Crewmembers in the world, and they are once again proving it. I cannot thank them enough for their passion and dedication.

Focusing now on our 1Q24 results, I am happy to report that we had another record quarter. Our operating revenue increased 4.5% to R\$4.7 billion, driven by a healthy domestic and international demand environment, robust ancillary revenues, and growth in our business units. RASK and PRASK stood at record levels for a first quarter at R\$42.23 cents and R\$39.33 cents, respectively, demonstrating the strength of our business model. Capacity for the quarter grew 2.6%, supported by 6% growth in the domestic market offset by a temporary reduction in our international network due to a transition in our widebody fleet. We are especially encouraged by the progress we are making in aircraft utilization, reaching 11.5 hours, a 17% increase over 1Q23, and with room for further improvement.

Our business units continued their growth trajectories. Our loyalty program Azul Fidelidade is now at 17 million members, with active users also at all-time highs. Gross billings for the program increased 31% versus 1Q23, with a 32% increase in the fair value of our points. Our vacations business Azul Viagens increased gross bookings 75% year-over-year thanks to the strong demand in leisure markets supported by our dedicated vacations network. Finally, our cargo business remained strong, in the opposite direction of global trends, and together with other revenues increased 4.2% versus last year.

EBITDA reached R\$1.4 billion, a historical record for a first quarter and an increase of 37.4% compared to 1Q23. Our EBITDA margin of 30.3% was also a first quarter record and one of the highest in the world. This clearly confirms our ability to grow and expand margins at the same time.

During the quarter, CASK decreased 5.9% year-over-year. One of the drivers of this improvement was a 2.6% decrease in fuel consumption per ASK, as a result of the higher number of next-generation aircraft in our fleet. We have the lowest CASK among our competitors, even with a smaller average aircraft size.

We ended the quarter with a solid liquidity position of R\$2.7 billion, representing 14% of our last twelve months' revenue. Including long-term investments and receivables, security deposits and reserves, our total liquidity was R\$6.0 billion. Our leverage reached 3.7x in 1Q24, an impressive reduction of 1.4x in one year, and we expect to continue our deleveraging process, reaching approximately 3.0x at the end of 2024, below prepandemic levels. This reflects our solid capital structure, in addition to our continued focus on cost efficiency and productivity.

We continue to be 100% focused on increasing the profitability of our business, and with our continued fleet transformation, increased aircraft utilization and other initiatives, we will end this year as a much larger and more profitable airline. Between now and 1Q25, we will receive 13 new Embraer E2s, which deliver 18% lower fuel burn compared to the E1 with 18 more seats, leading to a 26% lower cost per seat. Combining these economics with our unique network strategy, we will generate significant EBITDA, free cash flow and margin expansion in the second half of 2024 and in the years to come.

I would like to thank you all for your support and look forward to continuing this journey together.

John Rodgerson, CEO of Azul S.A.



Consolidated Financial Results

The following income statement and operating data should be read in conjunction with the quarterly results comments presented below:

Income statement (R\$ million)	1Q24	1Q231	%Δ
Operating Revenue			
Passenger revenue	4,357.0	4,169.9	4.5%
Cargo revenue and other	321.4	308.5	4.2%
Total operating revenue	4,678.4	4,478.3	4.5%
Operating Expenses			
Aircraft fuel	(1,353.3)	(1,673.4)	-19.1%
Salaries and benefits	(674.7)	(537.5)	25.5%
Depreciation and amortization	(614.5)	(567.7)	8.3%
Airport fees	(242.2)	(262.4)	-7.7%
Traffic and customer servicing	(207.5)	(195.6)	6.1%
Sales and marketing	(202.0)	(174.0)	16.1%
Maintenance and repairs	(197.7)	(157.9)	25.2%
Other	(385.8)	(447.5)	-13.8%
Total Operating Expenses	(3,877.7)	(4,015.9)	-3.4%
Operating Result	800.7	462.4	73.2%
Operating margin	17.1%	10.3%	+6.8 p.p.
EBITDA	1,415.2	1,030.1	37.4%
EBITDA margin	30.3%	23.0%	+7.2 p.p.
Financial Result			
Financial income	44.9	53.5	-16.0%
Financial expenses ²	(1,161.9)	(1,195.7)	-2.8%
Derivative financial instruments, net ²	38.4	(193.9)	n.a.
Foreign currency exchange, net	(847.3)	551.5	n.a.
Result Before Income Taxes	(1,125.2)	(322.2)	249.2%
Income tax and social contribution	-	-	n.a.
Deferred income tax and social contribution	6.8	-	n.a.
Net Result ²	(1,118.4)	(322.2)	247.1%
Net margin	-23.9%	-7.2%	-16.7 p.p.
Adjusted Net Result ^{2 3}	(324.2)	(727.6)	-55.4%
Adjusted net margin ^{2 3}	-6.9%	-16.2%	+9.3 p.p.
Shares outstanding⁴	347.5	347.4	0.0%
EPS	(3.22)	(0.93)	247.0%
EPS (US\$)	(0.65)	(0.18)	264.1%
EPADR (US\$)	(1.95)	(0.54)	264.1%
Adjusted EPS ³	(0.93)	(2.09)	-55.5%
Adjusted EPS ³ (US\$)	(0.19)	(0.40)	-53.3%
Adjusted EPADR ³ (US\$)	(0.57)	(1.21)	-53.3%

¹ 1Q23 operating results were adjusted for non-recurring items.

² Excludes conversion rights related to convertible debentures.
 ³ Adjusted for unrealized derivative results and foreign currency. One ADR equals three preferred shares (PNs).
 ⁴ Shares outstanding do not include dilution related to convertible and equity instruments.



Operating Data	1Q24	1Q23 ¹	%Δ
ASK (million)	11,077	10,799	2.6%
Domestic	9,019	8,505	6.0%
International	2,058	2,294	-10.39
RPK (million)	8,742	8,598	1.79
Domestic	7,028	6,703	4.80
International	1,714	1,895	-9.69
Load factor (%)	78.9%	79.6%	-0.7 p.j
Domestic	77.9%	78.8%	-0.9 p.
International	83.3%	82.6%	+0.7 p.
Average fare (R\$)	604.4	590.8	2.3
Passengers (thousands)	7,209	7,058	2.1
Block hours	137,457	137,703	-0.2
Aircraft utilization (hours per day) ²	11.5	9.9	16.8
Departures	78,535	78,739	-0.3
Average stage length (km)	1,161	1,160	0.0
End of period operating passenger aircraft	181	182	-0.5
Fuel consumption (thousands of liters)	318,301	318,462	-0.1
Fuel consumption per ASK	28.7	29.5	-2.6
Full-time-equivalent employees	15,568	13,651	14.0
End of period FTE per aircraft	86	75	14.7
Yield (R\$ cents)	49.84	48.50	2.8
RASK (R\$ cents)	42.23	41.47	1.8
PRASK (R\$ cents)	39.33	38.61	1.9
CASK (R\$ cents)	35.01	37.19	-5.9
CASK ex-fuel (R\$ cents)	22.79	21.69	5.1
Fuel cost per liter (R\$)	4.25	5.25	-19.1
Break-even load factor (%)	65.4%	71.4%	-6.0 p.
Average exchange rate (R\$ per US\$)	4.95	5.20	-4.7
End of period exchange rate	4.98	5.08	-2.0
Inflation (IPCA/LTM)	3.93%	5.96%	-2.0 p.
WTI (average per barrel, US\$)	79.09	77.20	2.5
Heating oil (US\$ per gallon)	2.71	2.92	-7.3

¹ 1Q23 operating results were adjusted for non-recurring items.

² Excludes Cessna aircraft and freighters.

Operating Revenue

In 1Q24, Azul's total operating revenue increased R\$200.1 million or 4.5%, reaching a first quarter record of R\$4.7 billion. Passenger revenue increased 4.5% on 2.6% more capacity compared to the same period last year, boosted by healthy domestic and international demand environments and robust ancillary revenues.

Cargo revenue and other reached R\$321.4 million in 1Q24, 4.2% higher than 1Q23, mainly due to the solid performance of our cargo and vacation businesses.

Total RASK and PRASK reached all-time records for a first quarter of R\$42.23 cents and R\$39.33 cents, respectively, enabled by our rational capacity deployment and the competitive advantages of our business model. Compared to 1Q23, RASK and PRASK increased 1.8% and 1.9%, respectively.



R\$ cents	1Q24	1Q23 ¹	% Δ
Operating revenue per ASK			
Passenger revenue	39.33	38.61	1.9%
Cargo revenue and other	2.90	2.86	1.6%
Operating revenue (RASK)	42.23	41.47	1.8%
Operating expenses per ASK			
Aircraft fuel	(12.22)	(15.50)	-21.2%
Salaries and benefits	(6.09)	(4.98)	22.4%
Depreciation and amortization	(5.55)	(5.26)	5.5%
Airport fees	(2.19)	(2.43)	-10.0%
Traffic and customer servicing	(1.87)	(1.81)	3.4%
Sales and marketing	(1.82)	(1.61)	13.1%
Maintenance and repairs	(1.78)	(1.46)	22.0%
Other operating expenses	(3.48)	(4.14)	-16.0%
Total operating expenses (CASK)	(35.01)	(37.19)	-5.9%
Operating income per ASK (RASK-CASK)	7.23	4.28	68.8%

¹ 1Q23 operating results were adjusted for non-recurring items.

Operating Expenses

In 1Q24, operating expenses were R\$3.9 billion, 3.4% lower than 1Q23 mainly explained by a 19.1% reduction in fuel price partially offset by the 2.6% increase in passenger capacity, the 3.9% inflation in the period, and investments to support our growth strategy and maximize fleet availability.

The breakdown of our main operating expenses compared to 1Q23 is as follows:

- Aircraft fuel decreased 19.1% to R\$1,353.3 million even with a 2.6% increase in total capacity, mostly due to a 19.1% reduction in fuel price per liter (excluding hedges) and a 2.6% reduction in fuel burn per ASK as a result of our more efficient next-generation fleet.
- Salaries and benefits increased R\$137.2 million compared to 1Q23, mainly driven by our capacity increase of 2.6%, a 5.5% union increase in salaries as a result of collective bargaining agreements with labor unions applicable to all airline employees in Brazil, insourcing of certain activities to reduce total costs, and hirings made in 4Q23 to reduce ground time and support our upcoming growth.
- **Depreciation and amortization** increased 8.3% or R\$46.8 million, driven by the increase in the rightof-use asset as a result of lease contract renegotiations with lessors.
- **Airport fees** reduced 7.7% or R\$20.1 million, mostly driven by a 10.3% reduction in international capacity, which drives higher fees, partially offset by 6.0% increase in our domestic capacity.
- Traffic and customer servicing increased 6.1% or R\$11.9 million, primarily due to the 2.1% growth in
 passengers and the 3.9% inflation in the period.
- Sales and marketing increased R\$28.0 million, mostly driven by the 4.5% growth in our passenger revenue, leading to an increase in credit card fees and commissions.
- Maintenance and repairs increased R\$39.8 million compared to 1Q23, mainly due to a higher number of maintenance events to maximize aircraft availability, partially offset by the 4.7% appreciation of the Brazilian real against the US dollar and savings from insourcing of maintenance events.
- Other reduced 13.8%, or R\$61.7 million, mainly due to lower judicial claims in the period, insurance cost reductions and the 4.7% appreciation of the Brazilian real against the US dollar.



Non-Operating Results

Net financial results (R\$ million) ¹	1Q24	1Q23	% Δ
Net financial expenses	(1,117.0)	(1,142.2)	-2.2%
Derivative financial instruments, net	38.4	(193.9)	n.a.
Foreign currency exchange, net	(847.3)	551.5	n.a.
Net financial results	(1,925.9)	(784.6)	145.5%

¹ Excludes the conversion right related to the convertible debentures.

Net financial expenses were R\$1,117.0 million in the quarter, with R\$540.3 million in leases recognized as interest expense and R\$292.4 million in interest on loans and financing in 1Q24.

Derivative financial instruments resulted in net gain of R\$38.4 million in 1Q24 mostly due to fuel hedge gains recorded during the period. As of March 31, 2024, Azul had hedged approximately 14.9% of its expected fuel consumption for the next twelve months by using forward contracts and options.

Foreign currency exchange, net registered a net loss of R\$847.3 million in 1Q24 due to the 1.6% end of period depreciation of the Brazilian real against the US dollar, resulting in an increase in lease liabilities and loans denominated in foreign currency.

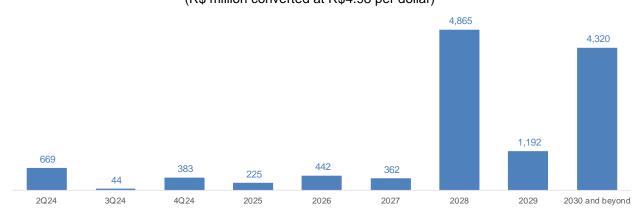
Liquidity and Financing

Azul ended the first quarter with total liquidity of R\$6.0 billion including long-term investments and receivables, security deposits, and maintenance reserves. Immediate liquidity as of March 31, 2024 was R\$2.7 billion, 50.8% higher compared to 1Q23 and representing 14.4% of our LTM revenues, even with unfavorable cash seasonality, and after we paid down over R\$1.8 billion in debt amortization, interest, and deferrals.

Liquidity (R\$ million)	1Q24	4Q23	%Δ	1Q23	% Δ
Cash, cash equivalents and short-term investments	1,337.6	1,897.3	-29.5%	466.4	186.8%
Accounts receivable	1,376.3	1,124.0	22.4%	1,332.9	3.3%
Immediate liquidity	2,713.9	3,021.3	-10.2%	1,799.2	50.8%
Cash as % of LTM revenue	14.4%	16.2%	-1.8 p.p.	10.4%	+3.9 p.p.
Long-term investments and receivables	805.1	796.5	1.1%	843.7	-4.6%
Security deposits and maintenance reserves	2,470.0	2,293.5	7.7%	2,563.7	-3.7%
Total Liquidity	5,989.0	6,111.4	-2.0%	5,206.6	15.0%

Azul's debt amortization schedule as of March 31, 2024 is presented below. The chart converts our dollardenominated debt to reais using the quarter-end foreign exchange rate of R\$4.98.





Loans and financial debt amortization as of March 31, 2024¹ (R\$ million converted at R\$4.98 per dollar)

¹ Excludes convertible debentures, equity instruments and OEMs' notes.

Compared to 4Q23, gross debt increased R\$1,198.5 million to R\$24,384.1 million, mostly due to the 1.6% end of period depreciation of the Brazilian real against the US dollar in the quarter, resulting in an increase in lease liabilities and loans denominated in foreign currency, in addition to the issuance of local debentures and the retap of Senior Secured Notes due 2028 in 1Q24, partially offset by our continued deleveraging process with R\$1.7 billion in payments of loans, interest and leases during the quarter.

As of March 31, 2024, Azul's average debt maturity excluding lease liabilities and convertible debentures was 4.4 years, with an average interest rate of 11.1%. Average interest rate on local and dollar-denominated obligations were equivalent to CDI + 4% and 10.6%, respectively.

Loans and financing (R\$ million) ¹	1Q24	4Q23	%Δ	1Q23	%Δ
Lease liabilities	11,537.0	11,805.1	-2.3%	13,765.5	-16.2%
Lease notes	1,072.6	1,030.8	4.1%	-	n.a.
Finance lease liabilities	644.7	650.7	-0.9%	734.6	-12.2%
Other aircraft loans and financing	347.7	399.4	-13.0%	793.8	-56.2%
Loans and financing	10,782.1	9,299.5	15.9%	6,327.1	70.4%
% of non-aircraft debt in local currency	13%	10%	+2.8 p.p.	19%	-5.7 p.p.
% of total debt in local currency	6%	4%	+1.7 p.p.	6%	+0.4 p.p.
Gross debt	24,384.1	23,185.6	5.2%	21,621.0	12.8%

¹ Considers the effect of hedges on debt. Excludes convertible debentures, equity instruments and OEM notes. Consistently, shares outstanding should be adjusted to 504.5 million.

Azul's leverage ratio measured as net debt to LTM EBITDA decreased 1.4 point year-over-year, from 5.2x to 3.7x. We are confident in our ability to continue reducing leverage organically and reaffirm our guidance to end 2024 with leverage of approximately 3.0x, below pre-pandemic levels.

Key financial ratios (R\$ million)	1Q24	4Q23	%Δ	1Q23	%Δ
Cash ¹	3,519.0	3,817.9	-7.8%	2,642.9	33.1%
Gross debt ²	24,384.1	23,185.6	5.2%	21,621.0	12.8%
Net debt	20,865.1	19,367.7	7.7%	18,978.1	9.9%
Net debt / EBITDA (LTM)	3.7x	3.7x	0.0x	5.2x	-1.4x

¹ Includes cash, cash equivalents, receivables, short and long-term investments.

² Excludes convertible debentures, equity instruments and OEM notes.



Fleet and Capex Expenditures

As of March 31, 2024, Azul had a passenger operating fleet of 181 aircraft and a passenger contractual fleet of 183 aircraft, with an average aircraft age of 7.4 years excluding Cessna aircraft. At the end of 1Q24, the 2 aircraft not included in our operating passenger fleet consisted of Embraer E1s subleased to Breeze.

Azul ended 1Q24 with approximately 83% of its capacity coming from next-generation aircraft, considerably higher than any competitor in the region.

Passenger Contractual Fleet ¹	1Q24	4Q23	%Δ	1Q23	% Δ
Airbus widebody	9	11	-18.2%	14	-35.7%
Airbus narrowbody	55	55	-	53	3.8%
Embraer E2	20	20	-	15	33.3%
Embraer E1	39	42	-7.1%	47	-17.0%
ATR	36	37	-2.7%	41	-12.2%
Cessna	24	24	-	24	-
Total ¹	183	189	-3.2%	194	-5.7%
Aircraft under operating leases	157	164	-4.3%	168	-6.5%

¹ Includes 2 subleased aircraft.

Passenger Operating Fleet	1Q24	4Q23	%Δ	1Q23	%Δ
Airbus widebody	9	11	-18.2%	11	-18.2%
Airbus narrowbody	55	55	-	53	3.8%
Embraer E2	20	20	-	15	33.3%
Embraer E1	37	37	-	42	-11.9%
ATR	36	36	-	37	-2.7%
Cessna	24	24	-	24	-
Total	181	183	-1.1%	182	-0.5%

Capex

Capital expenditures totaled R\$446.2 million in 1Q24, mostly due to the capitalization of engine overhaul events, the acquisition of spare parts and pre-delivery payments in the quarter.

Capex (R\$ million)	1Q24	4Q23	%Δ
Aircraft and maintenance and checks	280.1	337.3	-17.0%
Intangible assets	28.8	39.6	-27.1%
Pre-delivery payments	121.7	84.1	44.8%
Other	15.6	38.1	-59.1%
Сарех	446.2	499.1	-10.6%
Sale and leaseback	- 10.3	- 91.7	-88.7%
Net capex from sales and leaseback	435.9	407.4	7.0%



Environmental, Social and Governance ("ESG") Responsibility

The table below presents Azul's key ESG information according to the Sustainability Accounting Standards Board (SASB) standard for the airline industry:

ESG Key Indicators	1Q24	4Q23	%Δ
Environmental			
Fuel			
Total fuel consumed per ASK (GJ / ASK)	1,079	1,098	-1.7%
Total fuel consumed (GJ x 1000)	11,957	12,193	-1.9%
Fleet			
Average age of operating fleet ¹ (years)	7.4	7.4	-
Social			
Labor Relations			
Employee gender: male (%)	59.2%	59.4%	-0.2 p.p.
Employee gender: female (%)	40.8%	40.6%	0.2 p.p.
Employee monthly turnover (%)	0.9%	0.7%	0.2 p.p.
Employee covered under collective bargaining agreements (%)	100%	100%	-
Volunteers (#)	6,385	6,012	6.2%
Governance			
Management			
Independent directors (%)	92%	92%	-
Percent of Board members that are women (%)	25%	25%	-
Board of Directors' average age (years)	58	58	0.4%
Director meeting attendance (%)	100%	100%	-
Board size (#)	12	12	-
Participation of women in leadership positions (%)	38%	38%	-

¹ Excludes Cessna aircraft.



Conference Call Details

Monday, May 13, 2024

11:00 a.m. (EDT) | 12:00 p.m. (Brasília time) USA: +1 253 205-0468 Brazil: +55 11 4632-2237 or +55 21 3958-7888 Code: 899 3234 4545 Webcast: <u>ri.voeazul.com.br/en/</u>

About Azul

Azul S.A. (B3: AZUL4, NYSE: AZUL), the largest airline in Brazil by number of flight departures and cities served, offers 1,000 daily flights to over 160 destinations. With an operating fleet of over 180 aircraft and more than 16,000 Crewmembers, the Company has a network of 300 non-stop routes. Azul was named by Cirium (leading aviation data analysis company) as the most on-time airline in the world in 2022, being the first Brazilian airline to obtain this honor. In 2020 Azul was awarded best airline in the world by TripAdvisor, the first time a Brazilian flag carrier earned the number one ranking in the Traveler's Choice Awards. For more information visit ri.voeazul.com.br/en/.

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Balance Sheet – IFRS

(R\$ million)	March 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	March 31, 2023
Assets	20,895.9	20,532.9	17,402.2
Current assets	4,863.2	5,044.1	3,949.7
Cash and cash equivalents	1,337.6	1,897.3	466.4
Accounts receivable	1,361.2	1,109.4	1,267.1
Sublease receivables	15.1	14.6	65.8
Inventories	943.3	799.2	718.9
Security deposits and maintenance reserves	503.2	515.7	941.0
Taxes recoverable	205.3	219.4	234.7
Derivative financial instruments	20.8	21.9	21.2
Prepaid expenses	203.5 273.2	221.1	228.1
Other current assets Non-current assets		245.5	6.6
Long-term investments	16,032.7 791.5	15,488.8 780.3	13,452.5 753.8
Sublease receivables	13.6	16.2	89.9
Security deposits and maintenance reserves	1,966.8	1,777.8	1,622.8
Derivative financial instruments	0.1	-	-
Prepaid expenses	-	-	194.0
Other non-current assets	311.2	143.8	8.8
Right of use – leased aircraft and other assets	7,933.9	8,075.9	6,629.6
Right of use – maintenance of leased aircraft	1,007.1	935.7	764.5
Property and equipment	2,529.3	2,295.8	1,925.5
Intangible assets	1,479.1	1,463.2	1,463.7
Liabilities and equity	20,895.9	20,532.9	17,402.2
Current liabilities	14,411.9	14,748.9	15,884.4
Loans and financing	1,245.7	1,100.1	1,400.8
Convertible instruments	63.2	25.8	41.0
Leases	3,108.4	3,349.1	4,578.7
Lease notes	125.2	121.9	-
Lease equity	428.5	216.4	-
Accounts payable	2,338.6	2,202.0	2,715.6
Factoring	117.3	290.8	-
Air traffic liability	5,168.7	5,205.9	4,091.9
Salaries and benefits	490.3	474.8	491.7
Insurance payable	1.1	75.9	62.8
Taxes payable	132.7	142.2	135.4
Derivative financial instruments	15.6	68.9	139.9
Provisions	399.1	736.4	1,079.1
Airport fees	628.5	588.4	1,033.7
Other	148.8	150.4	113.7
Non-current liabilities Loans and financing	28,852.5 9,884.1	27,111.9 8,598.9	21,244.5 5,720.1
Convertible instruments	1,070.3	1,175.8	1,482.7
Leases	9,073.3	9,106.8	9,921.4
Lease notes	947.4	908.9	5,521.4
Lease equity	1,634.2	1,443.4	-
Accounts payable	1,296.4	1,320.9	403.2
Derivative financial instruments	0.1	0.8	-
Provision	2,846.8	2,404.4	2,140.4
Airport fees	1,140.3	1,171.7	504.9
Other non-current liabilities	959.6	980.3	1,071.8
Equity	(22,368.4)	(21,327.8)	(19,726.8)
Issued capital	2,315.6	2,314.8	2,314.0
Advance for future capital increase	0.0	0.8	
Capital reserve	2,041.8	2,029.6	1,990.4
Treasury shares	(11.6)	(9.0)	(13.1)
Accumulated other comprehensive result	3.1	3.1	5.3
Accumulated losses	(26,717.4)	(25,667.1)	(24,023.3)



Cash Flow Statement – IFRS

First Quarter Results 2024

(R\$ million)	1Q24	1Q23	%Δ
Cash flows from operating activities			
Net profit (loss) for the period	(1.050.2)	(736.6)	42.6%
Total non-cash adjustments	(1,050.3)	(730.0)	42.0 /0
Depreciation and amortization	614.5	567.7	8.3%
Unrealized derivatives	(189.9)	275.0	
Exchange gain and (losses) in foreign currency	844.6	(583.3)	n.a. n.a.
Financial income and expenses, net	1,164.4	975.9	19.3%
Provisions	68.9	97.5	-29.5%
Result from modification of lease and provision	(27.7)	(22.4)	23.7%
Other		(22.4)	
Changes in operating assets and liabilities	(223.9)	214.7	n.a.
Trade and other receivables	(206 5)	420.2	
Sublease receivables	(206.5)	439.3 11.2	n.a.
Sublease receivables Security deposits and maintenance reserves	-	9.4	n.a.
Advances to suppliers	(57.6)		n.a.
Other assets	(523.5)	(496.2)	5.5%
Derivatives	(110.0)	(46.5)	136.7%
Accounts payable	(14.7) 427.6	(47.8)	-69.3%
Salaries and benefits		349.4	22.4%
Air traffic liability	16.3	53.8	-69.6%
Provisions	(95.6)	(93.7)	2.0%
Other liabilities	(61.9)	(49.9)	24.0%
	(149.7)	246.5	n.a.
Interest paid	(488.1)	(120.9)	303.6%
Net cash generated (used) by operating activities	(63.2)	1,043.1	n.a.
Cash flows from investing activities			
Cash flows from investing activities	(0.0		
Sales and leaseback	10.3	-	n.a.
Acquisition of intangible	(28.8)	(40.2)	-28.2%
Acquisition of property and equipment	(417.4)	(41.6)	903.4%
Net cash generated (used) in investing activities	(435.9)	(81.8)	433.0%
Cook flows from financing optivities			
Cash flows from financing activities			
Loans and financing			
Proceeds	1,440.6	302.3	376.6%
Repayment	(396.5)	(327.1)	21.2%
Lease repayment	(813.5)	(407.7)	99.5%
Factoring	(287.5)	(727.4)	-60.5%
Capital increase	0.0	-	n.a.
Treasury shares	(2.5)	(2.9)	-11.7%
Net cash generated (used) in financing activities	(59.4)	(1,162.8)	-94.9%
Exchange gain (loss) on cash and cash equivalents	(1.2)	(0.6)	116.2%
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(559.7)	(202.0)	177.1%
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period	1,897.3	668.3	183.9%
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	1,337.6	466.4	186.8%
and each equilations at the end of the period	1,557.0	-00.4	100.0 /0



Glossary

Aircraft Utilization Average number of block hours per day per aircraft operated.

Available Seat Kilometers (ASK)

Number of aircraft seats multiplied by the number of kilometers flown.

Completion Factor

Percentage of scheduled flights that were executed.

Cost per ASK (CASK)

Operating expenses divided by available seat kilometers.

Cost per ASK ex-fuel (CASK ex-fuel)

Operating expenses divided by available seat kilometers excluding fuel expenses.

EBITDA

Earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation, and amortization. Adjusted EBITDA excludes non-recurring items.

FTE (Full-Time Equivalent)

Equivalent number of employees assuming all work full-time.

Immediate Liquidity

Cash, cash equivalents, short-term investments, and receivables.

Load Factor

Number of passengers as a percentage of number of seats flown (calculated by dividing RPK by ASK).

LTM

Last twelve months ended on the last day of the quarter presented.

Revenue Passenger Kilometers (RPK)

One-fare paying passenger transported one kilometer. RPK is calculated by multiplying the number of revenue passengers by the number of kilometers flown.

Passenger Revenue per Available Seat Kilometer (PRASK)

Passenger revenue divided by available seat kilometers (also equal to load factor multiplied by yield).

Revenue per ASK (RASK)

Operating revenue divided by available seat kilometers.

Stage Length

The average number of kilometers flown per flight.

Trip Cost

Average cost of each flight calculated by dividing total operating expenses by total number of departures.

Yield

Average amount paid per passenger to fly one kilometer. Usually, yield is calculated as average revenue per revenue passenger kilometer.



This press release includes estimates and forward-looking statements within the meaning of the U.S. federal securities laws. These estimates and forward-looking statements are based mainly on our current expectations and estimates of future events and trends that affect or may affect our business, financial condition, results of operations, cash flow, liquidity, prospects, and the trading price of our preferred shares, including in the form of ADSs. Although we believe that these estimates and forward-looking statements are based upon reasonable assumptions, they are subject to many significant risks, uncertainties and assumptions and are made in light of information currently available to us. In addition, in this release, the words "may," "will," "estimate," "anticipate," "intend," "expect," "should" and similar words are intended to identify forward-looking statements. You should not place undue reliance on such statements, which speak only as of the date they were made. Azul is not under the obligation to update publicly or to revise any forward-looking statements after we distribute this press release because of new information, future events, or other factors. Our independent public auditors have neither examined nor compiled the forward-looking statements and, accordingly, do not provide any assurance with respect to such statements. In light of the risks and uncertainties described above, the future events and circumstances discussed in this release might not occur and are not guarantees of future performance. Because of these uncertainties, you should not make any investment decision based upon these estimates and forward-looking statements.

In this press release, we present EBITDA and EBITDA margin, which are non-IFRS performance measures and are not financial performance measures determined in accordance with IFRS and should not be considered in isolation or as alternatives to operating income or net income or loss, or as indications of operating performance, or as alternatives to operating cash flows, or as indicators of liquidity, or as the basis for the distribution of dividends. Accordingly, you are cautioned not to place undue reliance on this information.